

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2004

With

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Prepared by

Department of Management Services Rocky J. Fluhart, Chief Administrative Officer Gordon Hoskins, Finance Director

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	<u>Page</u>
Title Page	i
Table of Contents	ii
Transmittal Letter	v
Organizational Chart	X
Certificate of Achievement	xi
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis4	
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets.	14
Statement of Activities.	16
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet.	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Assets	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	26
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	27
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets.	30
Reconciliation of Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	
to the Government-wide Financial Statement business-type activities	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Asset	36
Reconciliation of Proprietary Fund Financial Statements Changes	
in Net Assets to the Government-wide Financial Statement	
business-type activities Changes in Net Assets	38
Statement of Cash Flows	40
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	46
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	47
Notes to the Financial Statements	50
Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	
Note 3 - Loans Receivable	
Note 4 - Restricted Assets	
Note 5 - Capital Assets	
Note 6 - Long-term Obligations	
Note 7 - Reserved Fund Equity	
Note 8 - Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets, Expenditures and Other Uses	
that Exceed Appropriations in Individual Funds	
Note 9 - General Fund Interfund Service Charges	
Note 10 - Transfers	
Note 11 - Risk Management	
Note 12 - Pension Plans	
Note 13 - Post-Employment Benefits	
Note 14 - Deferred Compensation Plans	
Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies	
Note 16 - Segments of Information	

TABLE OF CONTENTS	<u>Page</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)	
Note 17 - Related Party Transactions	
Note 18 - Interfund Receivables and Payables Including Component Units	
Note 19 - Joint Venture	
Note 20 - Subsequent Events	
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	82
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Housing Fund	83
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary – GAAP Reporting Reconciliation	85
Supplementary Information – Combining Statements and Individual Fund Statements And Schedules	
Governmental Funds	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	SI- 4
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	SI- 5
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	SI- 6
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	SI- 8
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Arts Council	SI-10
Downtown Economic Development	SI-11
Community Development Operating Fund	SI-12
Grants Operating Fund	SI-13
Street Lighting	SI-14
Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture	SI-15
Emergency 911 Dispatch	SI-16
Salt Lake City Donation Fund	SI-17
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	SI-18
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance	SI-19
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Special Improvement Fund	SI-20
Other Improvement Fund	SI-21
Enterprise Funds	
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	CT O4
Combining Statement of Net Assets	SI-24
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	GI 20
Fund Net Assets	SI-28
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	SI-30
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	CI 24
Intermodal Hub	SI-34
Sewer Utility Fund	SI-35
Storm Water Utility Fund	SI-36 SI-37
Golf Fund	SI-37
OUI 1 UIIQ	21-20

TABLE OF CONTENTS	Page
Supplementary Information – Combining Statements and Individual Fund Statements And Schedules (continued)	
Major Proprietary Funds	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Water Utility Fund	SI-40
Department of Airports	SI-4
Redevelopment Agency Fund	SI-42
Capital Projects Fund	SI-43
Internal Service Funds	~~ .
Combining Statement of Net Assets	SI-4
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Assets	SI-48
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	SI-5
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Fleet Management Fund	SI-52
Information Management Services Fund	SI-5
Risk Management Fund	SI-5
Governmental Immunity Fund	SI-5
Municipal Building Authority Fund	SI-5
Copy Center Fund	SI-5
Project Expenditure Schedules	
Capital Projects Fund	SI-6
Community Development Operating Fund	SI-6
Grants Operating Fund	SI-6
STATISTICAL SECTION: (unaudited)	
General Fund Expenditures by Function - Budgetary Basis -	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-
General Fund Revenues by Source - Budgetary Basis - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-
General Fund Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-
Property Value and Construction - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-
Principal Property Taxpayers	S-
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	
and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	S-
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	S-1
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt	
to Total General Fund Expenditures -Budgetary Basis - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-1
Revenue Bond Coverage - Enterprise Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-1
Special Improvement Debt Service Billings and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-1
Demographic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-1
Miscellaneous Statistics	S-1
General Fund Revenue, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
and Beginning and Ending Fund Balance	S-1

S-16

ROCKY J. FLUHART

SALT LAKE GITY CORPORATION

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT SERVICES

ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

ROSS C. "ROCKY" ANDERSON

December 10, 2004 The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Salt Lake City Corporation

Overview

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Salt Lake City Corporation ("the City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, is submitted herewith.

These financial statements have been prepared by the Salt Lake City Department of Management Services in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentations, including all disclosures, are the responsibility of the management of the City.

We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner that fairly sets forth the following aspects of the City: (1) the financial position of the governmental activities; (2) the business-type activities; (3) the discretely presented component unit; (4) each major fund; (5) the aggregate remaining fund information; (6) the respective changes in financial position and (7) applicable cash flows. In order to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of Salt Lake City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Salt Lake City Corporation's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Salt Lake City Corporation's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather then absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent firm of Certified Public Accountants, has audited these basic financial statements and related notes. Their report is included herein. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Salt Lake City Corporation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 are free of material misstatements. This independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used, and significant estimates made by management.

Additionally, Deloitte & Touche LLP audited the compliance requirements of the City's federal and state grant programs for the year ended June 30, 2004 as part of the federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. That report is available under a separate cover.

This annual report consists of three parts. The **Introductory Section** includes an organizational chart and this transmittal letter. The **Financial Section** includes the report of independent auditors, management's discussion and analysis, the financial statements and related notes. The management's discussion and analysis is designed to provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. Also contained in the financial section are the Required Supplementary Information and the Supplementary Information. The Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary information for the City's major governmental funds. The Supplementary Information includes balance sheets and income

451 SOUTH STATE STREET, ROOM 248, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84111
TELEPHONE: 801-535-7676 FAX: 801-535-7682

statements and budgetary information for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor proprietary funds, internal service funds, as well as all other budgetary information for major proprietary funds and project schedules. The **Statistical Section** includes several tables of unaudited data depicting the financial history of the City as well as miscellaneous statistics.

Profile of Salt Lake City

Salt Lake City lies between the Wasatch Mountains and the Great Salt Lake at an altitude of 4,200 feet. Permanent settlement of the City began on July 24, 1847, when Brigham Young with a party of 148 Mormon pioneers entered the Salt Lake Valley after a 1,500-mile trek westward. Salt Lake City was incorporated on January 6, 1851 and soon became a major center for trade and commerce with the wagon trains carrying settlers and miners westward. Within a few years of the pioneers' arrival, other communities were settled throughout the Salt Lake Valley. Due to continuous economic and population growth, most of these cities in the valley survived and prospered, and have grown into a single large metropolitan area of over 700,000 people. Salt Lake City is the commercial center of this metropolis.

Salt Lake City is also the center of the scenic intermountain west. Within a day's drive of the City, travelers can visit 70% of the officially designated national parks and monuments of America. The Wasatch Mountains, east of the City, are well known for their ski resorts, which are within a 45-minute drive from downtown Salt Lake City. Approximately 200,000 out-of-state skiers come to these resorts each year. The scenic Wasatch Front provided an excellent backdrop, as the City hosted the 2002 Winter Olympics.

Salt Lake City, in 2004, was chosen by the State of Utah as a Quality Growth Community. This designation shows that the community has completed a comprehensive planning process covering economic development, housing, conservation, and infrastructure efficiency. This further shows that Salt Lake City is a leader in the region.

Salt Lake City is the international headquarters of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, or "Mormon" Church. At Temple Square in downtown Salt Lake City, 2-1/2 million visitors see the famous Salt Lake Temple, Tabernacle, and visitor centers each year.

The Salt Palace Convention Center (located in downtown Salt Lake City) plays host to many different activities. This facility has a 36,000 square foot ballroom, 256,000 square feet of exhibit space, and 54,000 square feet of meeting space. It is wired with miles of wire and fiber optic cable for up-to-date computer and communications, including satellite uplink capability.

Several universities and colleges are located in or near Salt Lake City. The University of Utah is located on the east bench of Salt Lake City. This university was founded in 1850 and is the oldest mainland university west of the Missouri River. Approximately 27,000 full and part-time students are enrolled. The Utah Museum of Fine Arts and the Utah Museum of Natural History are located on the University of Utah campus. The University includes a medical school and hospital.

Westminster College of Salt Lake City, Salt Lake Community College, and LDS Business College are also located in Salt Lake City. Three other universities—Utah State University, Weber State University, and Brigham Young University—as well as Utah Valley State College are all located within a two-hour drive from Salt Lake City. These institutions reflect the community's emphasis and dedication to higher education and job skill development.

Salt Lake City also has many opportunities for recreational and cultural activities. The Delta Center, located three blocks directly west of Temple Square, is the home of the Utah Jazz, the 1997 and 1998 Western Conference Champions of the National Basketball Association. Franklin Covey Field, just south of downtown, is the home field of the Salt Lake Stingers, a minor league baseball team.

Also downtown, directly north of the Salt Palace, is Symphony Hall, home of the Utah Symphony Orchestra. The Salt Lake Art Center with its gallery and art school facilities is located adjacent to Symphony Hall. A few blocks south of Symphony Hall, Salt Lake's historic Capitol Theater serves as the home of Ballet West, Repertory Dance Theater, Ririe-Woodbury Dance Company, and the Utah Opera Company. The John W. Gallivan Utah Center, in downtown Salt Lake, is a gathering place for the business and commercial community. The Center's plaza includes an aviary, a 1,000-seat amphitheater, many unique art pieces, and an outdoor pond, which becomes an ice skating rink during the winter. The City also hosts Theater 138, Pioneer Memorial Theater, Utah Civic Opera Company, Hansen Planetarium, and the Utah Heritage Foundation.

Salt Lake City is a major transportation crossroads in the intermountain west. Three major railroads, nine major airlines, two bus lines and many truck lines serve the area. The City is located at the convergence of four major highways and two interstate highway systems. The Salt Lake International Airport is a major intermountain air transportation hub and a principal hub and reservation center for Delta Air Lines. The Utah Transit Authority operates an outstanding commuter bus and light rail system in Salt Lake City and throughout neighboring counties. The Utah Transit Authority has been awarded the Outstanding System Achievement Award for being the top transit operation of its size in the country and the John A. Volpe Safety Award for being the safest system in the country.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including police, fire, recreational activities including eight municipal golf courses, libraries, water, sewer, storm water, airports, public improvements, highways and streets, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Summary of Local Economy

Salt Lake City is the capital city and commercial and industrial center for the State of Utah. The Department of Community and Economic Development aggressively promotes the City as a location for new businesses. The Salt Lake City-Ogden metropolitan area has been named the number one area for a woman running a business. The National Association of Women Business Owners ranked the Salt Lake metropolitan area first nationally in the percentage of growth of women-owned businesses and for their employment levels and sales over the past five years (*Deseret News*, June 24, 2002).

In addition, Utah has been ranked ninth in a state-by-state comparison study highlighting the states that are best positioned to succeed in the technology-led information age. The study, released by the Milken Institute, concluded that investments in science and technology, from higher education to industry research and development, are crucial factors in deciding the fate of regional economies. Individual measurements include everything from the percentage of state's population with PhD's to research and development expenditures per capita (Milken Institute, August 2002). Utah was also named one of the top ten U.S. regions for medical technology industry expansion in 2003 (*MX magazine*, November/December 2002). The University of Utah, the state's largest public university, and its high technology Research Park are both located in Salt Lake City.

Showing it's leadership in preserving the environment, Salt Lake City was chosen as a Green Power Purchaser of the Year by the Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Energy in 2004. This designation was designed to recognize partner's efforts in purchasing renewable energy.

Salt Lake City's workforce is widely known as being "overwhelmingly enthusiastic" and "the model for high productivity". This praise is well earned—Salt Lake City workers have one of the highest literacy rates in the country, and, additionally, many are fluent in multiple languages—a skill increasingly crucial to successful international trade. Metropolitan Salt Lake City is ranked tenth among the most competitive areas in the world in the global knowledge economy (*The World Knowledge Competitiveness Index 2002* by United

Kingdom's Robert Huggins Associates). The Salt Lake City-Ogden metropolitan area is ranked number 28 among today's hottest cities for business expansion (*Expansion Management magazine*, January 2003).

Salt Lake City—as a business, cultural, educational, and religious center—faces a number of challenges common to capital cities nationally. While Salt Lake City continues to be a vibrant city, it has felt the effects of the struggling national economy.

Employment Activity

Salt Lake City is the central city to 1.7 million inhabitants residing in four counties within an hour's drive from downtown. The majority of Utah's 2.2 million people live in the Wasatch Front urban corridor stretching from Ogden to Provo. The City's daytime population increases from 182,000 residents to over 375,000 as 20% of the state's total work force commutes to jobs located within the city limits.

Following national trends, Salt Lake City experienced declining employment in the first years of the millennium. While the loss of some jobs can be accounted for the by the completion of preparations for the Winter Olympics and the layoffs that occurred after the Olympics, employment also declined in the important sectors of manufacturing, transportation, communications, utilities, finance, insurance, real estate, and professional business service es between 2001 and 2002. However, 2003 brought a slight rebound, with an increase in employment of about 0.3 %. This rebound appears to be gaining strength in the early part of 2004.

Taxable Sales Activity

The softening of the national and regional economy is reflected in Salt Lake City's total taxable sales. From 2001 to 2002, taxable sales in Salt Lake City declined 1.6%, a definite slow down from the robust growth of the mid 1990's. In 2003, taxable retail sales in Salt Lake City grew by 1.9%. This modest growth slowed to 1.4% in 2004.

Other Economic Indicators

Beginning in calendar year 1992, the local construction industry rebounded significantly from the doldrums of the mid 1980's. License and permit revenue increases reflect a general improvement in the City's construction industry and the continuing strength of the City's business community. As with other economic activity in the City, the construction industry has slowed considerably. In 2002 permit authorized construction declined by 10% and in 2003, permit authorized construction fell by almost 26%.

Summary Outlook

As with other metropolitan areas, the national, state, and regional economies play an increasing role in economic activity in Salt Lake City. Salt Lake City's slowing economy occurred against a backdrop of a soft international economy, a declining national economy, and slowing regional and state economies. The City's economy performed relatively well in early 2002, but with the end of the 2002 Winter Olympics, an expected economic slowdown occurred. As the national and regional economies begin to rebound, state and local economies will follow.

Internal Control Structure

The City utilizes a computerized financial accounting system, which includes a system of internal accounting controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. The

City adheres to the above framework for internal controls. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Control

The City Council approves all City budgets at a departmental level. The City Council then may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The Mayor may approve transfers of funds from one object or purpose to another within the same department.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level where expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. Budgetary control is also maintained in governmental funds by the encumbrance of estimated purchase and construction contract amounts prior to the release of purchase orders or contracts to vendors. Purchase orders which result in an overrun of department appropriations cannot be released until additional appropriations are made available. For purposes of budgetary control, all funds except for the General Fund are considered a department. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance at year-end for only the General Fund.

Cash Management

The City's investment of its temporarily idle funds has as its major objectives: safety of principal, need for liquidity, and maximization of the City's investment income opportunities. Investment earnings strengthen the City's overall financial standing and add annually to its revenues. Cash of the various funds is pooled in order to obtain the best interest rates and ensure that all temporarily idle cash is invested.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA), awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Salt Lake City Corporation for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The City has now received this, or an equivalent award for over 20 years.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Department of Management Services. We appreciate Deloitte & Touche LLP, Certified Public Accountants, for the assistance and guidance they have given us. We also thank the members of the City Council and the Mayor for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

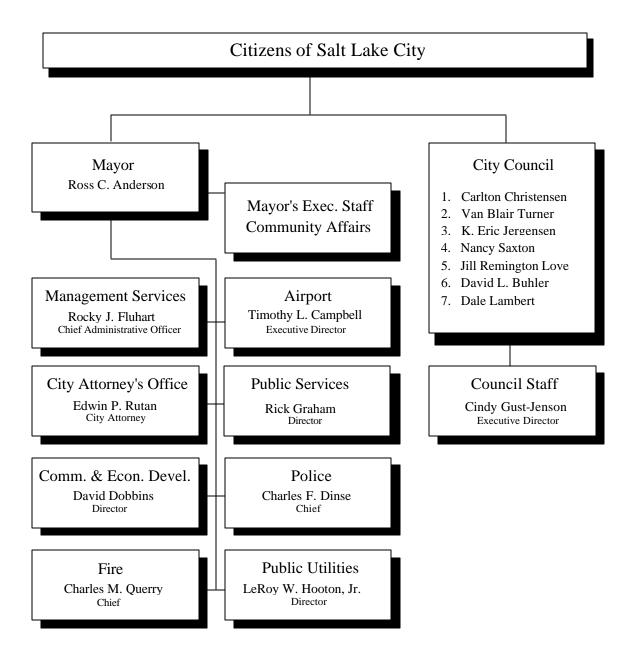
Sincerely,

Gordon Hoskins Finance Director

Jordan Salan

Salt Lake City Corporation

Organizational Structure Fiscal Year 2003-2004



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Salt Lake City Corporation, Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2003

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

STATE OF THE STATE

Descident

Executive Director

This page intentionally left blank.

Financial Section

Deloitte.

Deloitte & Touche LLP Suite 1800 50 South Main St. Salt Lake City, UT 84144 USA

Tel: +1 801 328 4706 Fax: +1 801 355 7515 www.deloitte.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Salt Lake City Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Salt Lake City Corporation (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the foregoing table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, such basic financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Budgetary Comparison Information listed in the foregoing table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This information is the responsibility of the City's management. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary combining and individual fund statements and schedules described in the foregoing table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This additional information is the responsibility of the City's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. Such additional information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2004, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

December 10, 2004

elotte & Touche LLP

Salt Lake City Corporation's management presents to the readers of its financial statements this narrative information. It contains an overview and analysis of the financial position and results of operations as of and for the twelve months ended June 30, 2004. As management of the City, we encourage readers to consider information contained in this discussion along with the transmittal letter on pages v-ix.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of Salt Lake City (the City) exceeded its liabilities at the end of the current fiscal year by \$1,663,038,531 (net assets). Of this amount, \$367,913,088 (unrestricted net assets) is available to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Net assets increased by \$85,150,342. Of this amount, 75 percent is a result of business-type activities

The City's Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$117,022,260, an increase of \$18,539,434 compared to the prior years' ending amount. Of the combined total fund balance, \$44,108,171 is available for spending at the discretion of the City (unreserved and undesignated fund balance).

The unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund at June 30, 2004 totaled \$19,968,823, is 12 percent of the General Fund total revenues for the year and 45 percent of governmental unreserved and undesignated fund balance. The General Fund, also has approximately \$1,445,000 of fund balance reserved for encumbrances that will be expended in the following fiscal year.

During the year, total bonded debt for Salt Lake City decreased by approximately \$6,372,674. The City did issue new bonds, but with the exception of the general obligation bond for Hogle Zoo and Tracy Aviary construction improvements, they were issued overwhelmingly to replace then currently outstanding debt. At the same time, the City continued to make the regularly scheduled interest and principal payments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to Salt Lake City's basic financial statements: (1) Government-wide financial statements, (2) Fund financial statements and (3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains information in addition to the basic financial statements that will help the reader to gain a more indepth understanding of the City.

Government-wide financial statements give readers a broad overview of the entire City's financial position and changes in financial position, similar to consolidated financial statements in a private sector business. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets shows Salt Lake City's entire assets and liabilities with the difference shown as net assets. Increases or decreases over time in net assets gives an indicator as to whether the financial condition of Salt Lake City is improving or declining.

The Statement of Activities shows the changes to net assets that occurred during the most recent fiscal year. These changes are recorded on an accrual basis when the underlying event that causes the change occurs, regardless of when the cash transaction takes place. One example is the next debt interest payment when the fiscal year ends in between interest payments. The Statement of Activities shows an additional interest expense for the time period between the last interest payment and the end of the fiscal year.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between activities that are largely supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and those whose operations are entirely or largely financed by user charges and fees (business type-activities). The governmental activities for Salt Lake City include general governmental; (Council, Mayor, Attorney, Management Services and Non-departmental); public safety (Police and Fire), streets and recreation (Public Services); and housing and other development (Community and Economic

Development). The business-type activities include water, sewer, storm-water, airport, intermodal hub, refuse collection, golf and redevelopment.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Salt Lake City itself (the primary government), but also those of the legally separate Salt Lake City Library. This entity (a component unit) is financially accountable to the City and is presented separately from the primary government itself. Two other entities, the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City and the Municipal Building Authority are also legally separate from the City, but for all practical purposes function as a part of the City and are therefore blended as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements are found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a set of closely related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or purposes. Salt Lake City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be categorized into one of three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same activities as the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, but with a narrower focus. Governmental funds concentrate on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balances of spendable resources available to the government at the end of the fiscal year. This information can be useful in evaluating the government's short term financing requirements.

Comparing similar information presented in the government-wide statements for the governmental activities with that presented in governmental funds statements can provide useful information because of the different focus of the two approaches. With the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reader may be able to better understand the long-term effects of the near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance show reconciliation between the governmental funds statements to the governmental activities in the government-wide statements to aid in the comparison.

Salt Lake City uses eleven different individual governmental funds. Of this number, information is shown separately for the General, Housing Loans and Capital Projects Funds, all of which are deemed major funds. Information from the other eight funds is presented in a single combined column. Individual presentations for these non-major funds are contained in combining information shown after the notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Within the Proprietary funds are two types that Salt Lake City utilizes; enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report the same functions as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Enterprise funds maintained by Salt Lake City are: the water, sewer and storm-water utilities; the transportation Intermodal Hub; the Salt Lake City International Airport; refuse collection; golf and redevelopment activities. Internal service funds are used as an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs among the City's various governmental and enterprise activities. Salt Lake City uses internal service funds to account for its vehicle fleet, information technology, risk management and employee benefits, tort liability and central printing activities. Because all of these activities support primarily governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds present the same information as in the government-wide statements, except in more detail. The fund statements for proprietary funds provide separate information for the Department of Airports, Water Utility and Redevelopment Agency, all of which are considered to be major funds of Salt Lake City. Individual presentations for the remaining enterprise funds are contained in the combining information elsewhere in this report. All internal service funds are shown in one single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund

information can be found in the combining information elsewhere in this report. The City also adopts annual appropriated budgets for all of its proprietary funds. As with the governmental funds, budgetary comparison statements are included to show compliance with these budgets.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the City for the benefit of entities outside of the government. Since these resources cannot be used to support the operations of Salt Lake City, they are not shown in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting for fiduciary funds is similar to that of proprietary funds.

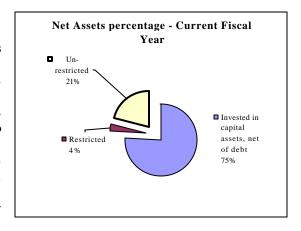
The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Notes to the financial statements contain additional information important to a complete understanding of the information contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements are located after the statements for major funds as listed in the table of contents.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION'S NET ASSETS (thousands)							
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	
Current and other assets	\$ 233,60	4 \$ 211,229	\$ 409,282	\$ 402,831	\$ 642,886	\$ 614,060	
Capital assets	523,98	2 503,371	1,037,963	1,001,860	1,561,945	\$ 1,505,231	
Total assets	\$ 757,58	6 \$ 714,600	\$ 1,447,245	\$ 1,404,691	\$ 2,204,831	\$ 2,119,291	
Current and other liabilities	\$ 103,12	1 \$ 100,738	\$ 56,170	\$ 48,921	\$ 159,291	\$ 149,659	
Long term liabilities	202,12	2 182,479	180,380	209,266	382,502	391,745	
Total liabilities	\$ 305,24	3 \$ 283,217	\$ 236,550	\$ 258,187	\$ 541,793	\$ 541,404	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	\$ 323,86	9 \$ 335,869	\$ 907,775	\$ 820,939	\$ 1,231,644	\$ 1,156,808	
Restricted	9,19	3 7,720	54,288	61,146	63,481	68,866	
Unrestricted	119,28	1 87,794	248,632	264,419	367,913	352,213	
Total net assets	\$ 452,34	3 \$ 431,383	\$ 1,210,695	\$ 1,146,504	\$ 1,663,038	\$ 1,577,887	

By far the largest component of Salt Lake City's net assets is its investment in capital assets. The 75 percent of total net assets represents the City's investment in land and land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, roads, streetlights, signals and bridges, less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire these assets. Salt Lake City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens who live, work, pass through or benefit in other ways from the City. By their nature, these assets are not available for future spending. Further, even though these capital assets are reported net of any related debt, resources needed to repay the debt must come from other sources, as the assets themselves cannot be used to satisfy the related obligations.



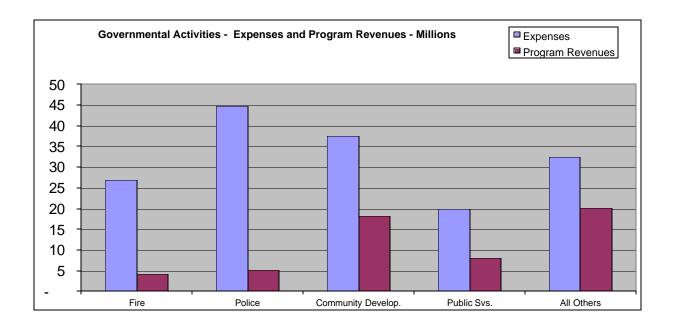
An additional part of net assets (4 percent) is assets that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be expended (debt reserve funds or unexpended debt proceeds). The remaining 21 percent of net assets (\$367,913,088) can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its creditors and to citizens.

Revenues Program revenues Charges for Services Operating grants and contributions	Governi Activ 2004 38,367,707		Busine Activ	= -	T	otal	
Program revenues Charges for Services Sperating grants and	2004				T	otal	
Program revenues Charges for Services \$ Operating grants and		2003	2004	2002			
Program revenues Charges for Services Sperating grants and	38,367,707			2003	2004		2003
Charges for Services \$ Operating grants and	38,367,707						
Operating grants and	38,367,707						
1 00		\$ 36,704,342	\$ 221,033,852	\$ 227,332,775	\$ 259,401,559	\$	264,037,117
contributions							-
•	17,491,656	10,740,811	28,928,408	18,975,868	46,420,064		29,716,679
Capital grants and							
contributions	7,723,645	8,075,067	-	-	7,723,645		8,075,067
General Revenues							
Property taxes	63,243,320	59,723,506	-	-	63,243,320		59,723,506
Other taxes	62,629,624	62,567,632	-	-	62,629,624		62,567,632
Other	3,704,805	4,399,998	4,575,799	5,546,109	8,280,604		9,946,107
Total revenues	193,160,757	182,211,356	254,538,059	251,854,752	447,698,816		434,066,108
Expenses	_	_					
General Government	2,013,133	1,105,291			2,013,133		1,105,291
Council	1,337,504	1,563,494	-	-	1,337,504		1,563,494
Mayor	1,407,769	1,523,810	-	-	1,407,769		1,523,810
City Attorney	3,440,932	3,712,632	-	-	3,440,932		3,712,632
Management Services	11,019,982	12,997,198	-	-	11,019,982		12,997,198
Fire	27,505,927	26,929,828	-	-	27,505,927		26,929,828
Police	46,482,467	44,768,492	-	-	46,482,467		44,768,492
Community and Economic							
Development	17,909,743	19,989,439	-	-	17,909,743		19,989,439
Public Services	33,500,359	37,621,964	-	-	33,500,359		37,621,964
Nondepartmental	10,503,850	11,451,375	-	-	10,503,850		11,451,375
Infrastructure depreciation	6,461,379	5,609,948	-	-	6,461,379		5,609,948
Interest on long-term debt	10,617,868	8,953,123	-	-	10,617,868		8,953,123
Water	-	-	35,574,187	34,829,834	35,574,187		34,829,834
Department of Airports	-	-	110,013,250	104,468,258	110,013,250		104,468,258
Redevelopment Agency	-		13,402,799	18,340,311	13,402,799		18,340,311
Other business-type activities	-		31,357,325	32,537,353	31,357,325		32,537,353
Total Expenses	172,200,913	176,226,594	190,347,561	190,175,756	362,548,474		366,402,350
Increase in net assets	20,959,844	5,984,762	64,190,498	61,678,996	85,150,342		67,663,758
	431,383,570	425,398,808	1,146,504,619	1,084,825,623	1,577,888,189	1	1,510,224,431
	452,343,414	\$ 431,383,570	\$ 1,210,695,117	\$1,146,504,619	\$ 1,663,038,531	-	1,577,888,189

ACTIVITIES, GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE

Governmental Activities net assets increased by \$20,959,844 for the year ended June 30, 2004, which is 25% of the total increase in net assets for Salt Lake City Corporation as a whole. The major reasons for the increase are:

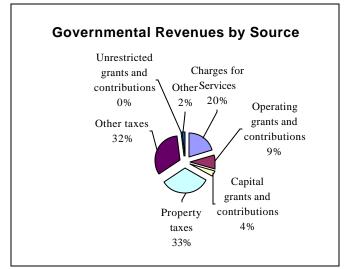
- (1) The City Council's commitment to contribute approximately 9 percent of general fund revenues to infrastructure capital assets and the use of intergovernmental funds for infrastructure has exceeded the depreciation on the City's infrastructure;
- (2) The City has in recent years used federal revenue to fund loans rather than grants in the Housing Loans Fund. Over time, this approach will significantly increase net assets as loan portfolios are built up and both principal and interest received on these loans are "recycled" into new loans;
- (3) A portion of governmental activities resources is dedicated to making debt principal payments, the payment of which does not reduce net assets.
- (4) The Main Street Plaza right of way was sold resulting in additional one time contribution revenue in the donation fund



Business-type activities contributed increased net assets in the amount of \$64,190,498 or 75% of the total increase to net assets. The most significant reason for this increase is the Department of Airports' and the Water's revenues and capital contributions exceeding their expenses. Both entities continue to invest heavily in capital assets. The Airport is continuing its program of expanded and improved facilities while the Water Utility is aggressively replacing the water distribution infrastructure.

Financial Analysis of Salt Lake City's Funds

Salt Lake City's governmental funds provide information on the short-term resource



inflows and outflows and account balances at the end of the fiscal year. The total fund balance is a measure of total available resources and the unreserved portion of this total fund balance is a measure of the available spendable resources at June 30, 2004.

For the period ended June 30, 2004, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance amount of \$117,022,260 with an increase of \$18,539,439 compared to the prior fiscal year. Of the total balance at year-end, \$44,108,171 is unreserved and undesignated. There is also an amount of \$29,641.826 designated for capital projects which is not considered restricted. The remaining \$43,272.263 combined fund balance total is reserved for the following purposes:

(1) encumbrances; (2) loans receivable; (3) restricted assets, including an amount for the guarantee of special assessment debt and (4) land and buildings held for resale.

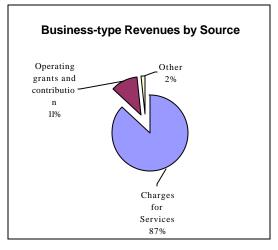
The General Fund is the main operating fund for Salt Lake City Corporation. At June 30, 2004, the General Fund's unreserved fund balance was \$19,971,823 while total fund balance equaled \$21,414,441. A useful measure of liquidity is to compare the unreserved fund balance and the total fund balance to expenditures (including operating transfers out) for the year. Unreserved fund balance was 12 percent of total expenditures and transfers while total fund balance equaled 13 percent.

Business type Activies - Expenses and Program Revenues -Millions 160 Expenses ■ Program Revenues 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 Water Department of Redevelopment Other Airports Agency

The fund balance of the General Fund for Salt Lake City

decreased by \$1,692,540. Although the initial expectation was that fund balance for the 2004 fiscal year would decrease by nearly 2.6 million due to a continued sluggish economy, actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenue. The actual decrease was one million less than expected.

The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$41,877,669 at June 30, 2004, all of which is either reserved for restricted assets or designated for unfinished projects. The net increase in fund balance for the year amounted to \$13,014,455. The major factor of the increase is the receipt of bond proceeds from general obligation bonds for construction at Tracey Aviary and Hogle Zoo The bonds were sold in fiscal year 2004, while the majority of expenditures for the construction will occur in subsequent years.



The Housing Loans Fund has a total fund balance of \$19,289,997. Most of the total fund balance is reserved for either land and buildings held for resale or for loans receivable net of related debt. The related debt is used to leverage other resources this fund uses to provide financing for loans to low and moderate-income individuals and families. Fund balance decreased by \$135,380 during the current fiscal year.

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the City's Major proprietary funds totaled \$124,274,468 for the Department of Airports, \$12,987,765 for the Water Fund and \$61,064,719 for the Redevelopment Agency Fund. Discussions about the finances of these three funds are addressed in the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and final amended budgets amounted to a total increase in appropriations of \$2,337,649. By department, the changes are:

- \$262,211 increase for City Council
- \$107,346 increase for Mayor
- \$6,440 increase for City Attorney
- \$197,302 increase for Management Services
- \$114.688 increase for Fire
- \$94,640 increase for Police
- \$262,007 increase for Community and Economic Development
- \$193,051 increase for Public Services
- \$1,099,964 increase for Nondepartmental (including transfers out)

Of the total increase in expenditure budgets, \$80,000 in Community and Economic development was funded by an increase in plan review fees, \$100,000 in Management services was funded by an increase in parking ticket revenue, and \$229,000 in Nondepartmental was an increase in Impact fees. The remaining were all funded from fund balance. By far the largest increase occurred in Nondepartmental (including transfers out). The majority of these expenditures increases were for encumbrance carryovers

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Salt Lake City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities combined totaled \$1,561,944,959 (net of \$749,841,344 accumulated depreciation) at June 30, 2004. Types of assets included in this category are land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, park and other recreation facilities, roads (including curb and gutter), street lights, traffic signals, parking facilities, water and waste water distribution and collection systems, airport runways and taxiways and bridges. The City's investment in capital assets equals more than 94 percent of total net assets. In comparing capital assets to net assets, the percentages for Governmental activities and Business type activities were 116 percent and 86 percent, respectively.

Major capital asset activities that occurred during the past fiscal year include: (1) the Department of Airports placed into service approximately \$16,600,000 of constructed assets related to its development master plan; (2) Water main replacement is a continuing program with the Water Utility Fund as many of the existing main lines near the end of their useful lives; (3) The Water utility is also continuing a five year meter replacement program and major modifications to the City Creek Treatment Plant. (4) The Sewer Utility is in the second year of a six-year capital improvement program with a major investment at the Water Reclamation Plant;

Salt Lake City Corporation's Capital Assets										
	Govern	mental		Busine	ss-ty	/pe				
	Activ	vities		Activ	vitie	S		To	tal	
	2004	2003		2004	2003		2004			2003
Land and water rights	\$ 165,009,373	\$ 160,610,144	\$	84,216,020	\$	79,146,163	\$	249,225,393	\$	239,756,307
Infrastructure	215,433,480	198,079,283		-		-		215,433,480		198,079,283
Buildings	205,801,758	176,086,604		394,194,978		392,493,080		599,996,736		568,579,684
Improvements other than										-
buildings	29,735,954	55,519,682		931,813,472		892,512,823		961,549,426		948,032,505
Machinery and equipment	68,338,526	65,770,126		124,485,964		116,116,443		192,824,490		181,886,569
Construction in										
progress	18,674,415	16,405,778		74,082,363		45,539,690		92,756,778		61,945,468
Accumulated Depreciation	(179,011,236)	(169,100,549)		(570,830,108)		(523,948,506)		(749,841,344)		(693,049,055)
Net book value	\$ 523,982,270	\$ 503,371,068	\$ 1	1,037,962,689	\$	1,001,859,693	\$	1,561,944,959	\$	1,505,230,761

At June 30, 2004, Salt Lake City's bonded debt amounted to \$345,204,503. The portion that is backed by the full faith and credit of the City amounted to \$97,560,974, and the portion for which the City is liable in case of default by assessed property owners amounted to \$1,217,000. The portion for which the city is not liable is \$17,350.000. All other bonded debt is known as revenue bonds and is secured by specific revenue sources.

In April 2004, the City issued \$11,300,000 in General Obligation Bonds. The proceeds are to be used for improvement construction for Hogle Zoo and Tracey Aviary.

Salt Lake City's general obligation bonded debt has the following ratings from Moody's Investors Service and Fitch IBCA Inc.; Aaa / AAA, respectively.

General obligation debt of the City is limited by statute to 8 percent of the reasonable fair cash value of property. The debt limit for FY 2004 calculates to nearly \$1.5 billion, which is well in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. Additional information on Salt Lake City's capital assets and debt can be found in Notes 5 and 6.

Salt Lake City Corporation's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds							
	Government	tal Activities		ess-type vities	To	otal	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	
General obligation bonds Special assessment debt with	\$ 97,560,974	\$ 91,355,339	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 97,560,974	\$ 91,355,339	
governmental commitment	1,704,000	808,000	-	-	1,704,000	808,000	
Special assessment debt without governmental commitment	17,350,000	-	-	-	17,350,000	-	
Revenue bonds	66,985,450	69,783,893	161,604,079	189,629,945	228,589,529	259,413,838	
Total	\$ 183,600,424	\$ 161,947,232	\$ 161,604,079	\$ 189,629,945	\$ 345,204,503	\$ 351,577,177	

Economic factors and next year's budgets and rates

The unemployment rate for the most recent fiscal year available (2003) is 6.7 percent, down from 7.3 percent for the previous year. Total employment with the City has increased slightly although taxable sales declined 2 percent. Revenue appears to be stable and the economic factors indicate some slight improvement in the economy. These static economic factors were considered in preparing and amending the fiscal year 2005 budget.

During the just completed fiscal year fund balance in the General Fund decreased by approximately \$1,700,000. The decrease was \$1,000,000 less than originally budgeted. To date for FY 2005, the City has avoided appropriating any unreserved fund balance. Currently, Salt Lake City is experiencing only minimal economic change

The rates and fees for most services remained constant for FY 2005 compared with the fiscal year just ended.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to give its readers a general overview of the city of Salt Lake City's finances. Questions regarding any information contained in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 451 South State Street Room 248, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111.

Basic Financial Statements

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2004

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit Library	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)					
Unrestricted	\$ 92,073,250	\$ 204,075,223	\$ 296,148,473	\$ 693,964	
Restricted (Note 2 &4)	21,337,271	2,128,468	23,465,739	-	
Investments (Note 2)	-	2,207,592	2,207,592	2,882,018	
Receivables:					
Property, franchise and excise taxes	72,298,287	-	72,298,287	11,706,948	
Assessments, including \$275,361 of delinquent assessments	3,659,740	-	3,659,740	-	
Loans and other receivables, less allowance for					
doubtful accounts of \$4,040,726. (Note 3)	38,063,959	934,406	38,998,365	109,717	
Accounts, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$112,040	-	24,388,513	24,388,513	-	
Due from other governments	1,844,788	1,605,480	3,450,268	-	
Other, principally accrued interest	1,141,726	-	1,141,726	-	
Prepaid Expenses	420,470	-	420,470	120,332	
Inventories	464,506	2,617,787	3,082,293	-	
Internal balances	(183,851)	183,851			
Total current assets	231,120,146	238,141,320	469,261,466	15,512,979	
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)		88,255,846	88,255,846	7,179	
Description of a section of the section					
Property and equipment, at cost: Land and water rights (Note 5)	165,009,373	84,216,020	249,225,393	590,554	
Infrastructure (Note 5)	215,433,480	84,210,020	249,225,393	390,334	
Buildings (Note 5)	205,801,758	394,194,978	599,996,736	8,127,288	
Improvements other than buildings (Note 5)	29,735,954	931,813,472	961,549,426	317,116	
Machinery and equipment (Note 5)	68,338,526	124,485,964	192,824,490	18,690,520	
Construction in progress (Note 5)	18,674,415	73,987,825	92,662,240	10,070,520	
Work in Progress (Note 5)	10,074,413	94,538	94,538	_	
Accumulated depreciation (Note 5)	(179,011,236)	(570,830,108)	(749,841,344)	(10,928,136)	
Net property and equipment	523,982,270	1,037,962,689	1,561,944,959	16,797,342	
Pand issue agets less assumulated amortization of \$2,022,500	1 700 651	2 422 916	4 122 467		
Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$2,623,599	1,700,651	2,422,816	4,123,467	-	
Loans and other long-term receivables	702 226	21,156,590	21,156,590	-	
Land and buildings held for resale Investment in joint venture (Note 19)	783,226	14,490,894 25,554,372	15,274,120 25,554,372	-	
Deferred charges	-	25,554,372 15,173,354	25,554,572 15,173,354	-	
Other	-	4,086,907	4,086,907	-	
Total noncurrent assets	526,466,147	1,120,847,622	1,647,313,769	16,797,342	
Total assets	\$ 757,586,293	\$ 1,447,244,788	\$ 2,204,831,081	\$ 32,317,500	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2004

Primary Government Component Governmental Business-type Unit Activities Activities Total Library **LIABILITIES** Current liabilities: \$ 4.820,620 \$ 17,499,383 \$ 22,320,003 1,051,848 Accounts payable Accrued liabilities including current portion of compensated absences in Governmental Activities (\$1,793,425) and Businesstype Activities (1,068,653) 17,444,733 16,959,210 34,403,943 Current portion of long-term debt: Payable from unrestricted assets (Note 6) 12,586,315 4,739,668 17,325,983 47,299 10,823,964 10,823,964 Payable from restricted assets (Note 6) Special assessment debt with governmental commitment (Note 6) 825,000 825,000 Deferred revenue 65,787,397 65,787,397 13,254,206 107,832 1,787,831 Accrued interest, payable from restricted assets 1,787,831 410,627 Other liabilities payable from restricted assets 410,627 Current deposits and advance rentals 1,246,605 4,360,302 5,606,907 159,291,655 Total current liabilities 103,121,297 56,170,358 14,461,185 Noncurrent liabilities: 24,766,810 Deposits, advance rentals and long term accruals 24,766,810 Long-term compensation liability 13,718,805 6,657,492 20,376,297 284,954 Bonds payable 174,040,424 174,040,424 14,212,913 148,955,011 Notes payable 163,167,924 Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 149,439 180,379,313 382,500,894 284,954 Total noncurrent liabilities 202,121,581 Total liabilities 305,242,879 236,549,671 541,792,550 14,746,139 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of 323,868,830 907,775,056 16,797,342 related debt 1,231,643,886 Restricted for: Capital projects 7,201,928 7,201,928 54,288,114 Debt service 1,991,515 56,279,629 Unrestricted 119,281,141 248,631,947 367,913,088 774,019 Total net assets 452,343,414 1,210,695,117 1,663,038,531 17,571,361 Total liabilities and net assets 757,586,293 1,447,244,788 2,204,831,081 32,317,500

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2004

			Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General Government	\$ 2,013,133		\$ -	\$ 7,723,645			
City Council	1,337,504	,	-	-			
Mayor	1,407,769		-	-			
City Attorney	3,440,932	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-			
Management Services	11,019,982	10,517,516	-	-			
Fire	27,505,927	4,198,059	166,754	-			
Police	46,482,467	4,791,845	1,587,358	-			
Community and Economic Development	17,909,743	10,189,368	6,208,588	-			
Public Services	33,500,359	5,814,871	9,528,956	-			
Nondepartmental	10,503,850	529,990	-	-			
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation	6,461,379	-	-	-			
Interest on long-term debt	10,617,868	<u>-</u>					
Total governmental activities	172,200,913	38,367,707	17,491,656	7,723,645			
Business-type activities:							
Water	35,574,187	46,136,480	3,576,411	-			
Airport Authority	110,013,250	115,954,298	14,073,292	-			
Redevelopment Agency	13,402,799	24,093,365	-	-			
Other activities	31,357,325	34,849,709	11,278,705	-			
Total business-type activities	190,347,561	221,033,852	28,928,408				
Total primary government	\$ 362,548,474	\$ 259,401,559	\$ 46,420,064	\$ 7,723,645			
Component unit Library	\$ 13,443,794	\$ 567,528	\$ 157,367	\$ 301,857			
Liotary	φ 15,445,794	φ 501,526	Ψ 157,307	Ψ 501,057			

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Franchise taxes

Sales tax

Investment earnings

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net Assets July 1, 2003

Net Assets June 30, 2004

Net (Expense)	Revenue and	Changes	in Net	Assets

		Primary	Government				
G	overnmental	Busi	ness-type		Con	ponent	
Activities		Ac	tivities	 Total	Units		
\$	7,294,836	\$	-	\$ 7,294,836	\$	-	
	(1,290,778)		-	(1,290,778)		-	
	(1,128,305)		-	(1,128,305)		-	
	(3,025,388)		-	(3,025,388)		-	
	(502,466)		-	(502,466) (23,141,114)		-	
	(23,141,114) (40,103,264)		-	(40,103,264)		-	
	(1,511,787)		-	(1,511,787)		_	
	(18,156,532)		_	(18,156,532)		_	
	(9,973,860)		_	(9,973,860)		_	
	(6,461,379)		_	(6,461,379)		_	
	(10,617,868)		-	(10,617,868)		_	
	(==,==,,===)			 (20,021,000)			
	(108,617,905)			 (108,617,905)		-	
	-		14,138,704	14,138,704		_	
	_		20,014,340	20,014,340		_	
	-		10,690,566	10,690,566		-	
	-		14,771,089	 14,771,089		-	
			50 614 600	50 614 600			
			59,614,699	 59,614,699			
	(108,617,905)		59,614,699	 (49,003,206)		-	
					(1		
					(1	2,417,042	
	63,243,320		-	63,243,320	1	0,442,587	
	21,532,492		-	21,532,492		-	
	41,097,132		-	41,097,132		-	
	3,607,927		4,672,677	8,280,604		50,127	
	96,878		(96,878)	 -		-	
	129,577,749		4,575,799	 134,153,548	1	0,492,714	
	20,959,844		64,190,498	85,150,342	(1,924,328	
	431,383,570	1,	146,504,619	 1,577,888,189	1	9,495,689	
\$	452,343,414	\$ 1,2	210,695,117	\$ 1,663,038,531	\$ 1	7,571,361	

This page intentionally left blank.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal fund of the City and is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund accounts for the normal activities of the City, (i.e. police, fire, public works, parks, community and economic development, general government, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits.

Capital Projects Fund - The City's Capital Projects Fund is used to account for resources designated to construct general fixed assets which, by their nature, may require more than one budgetary cycle for completion. Project budgets are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund.

Housing Loans Fund - To account for the loan servicing activities of the City's Governmental Fund Types, except for the Urban Development Action Grant loans.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2004

	General
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 23,602,536
Receivables:	
Property, franchise and excise taxes	72,298,287
Assessments, including \$275,361 of delinquent assessments	-
Loans and other receivables, less allowance for	
doubtful loans of \$4,040,726 (Note 3)	-
Due from other funds for cash overdraft (Notes 2 & 19)	-
Due from other funds for other than cash overdraft (Note 18)	-
Due from other governments	-
Other, principally accrued interest	613,273
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2 & 4)	-
Land and buildings held for resale	
Total assets	\$ 96,514,096

			Other			Total	
Capital		Housing		Governmental		Governmental	
Projects		Loans		Funds		Funds	
\$	30,014,918	\$ 3,045,981	\$	21,036,309	\$	77,699,744	
	-	-		-		72,298,287	
	-	-		3,659,740		3,659,740	
	76,774	27,073,720		10,681,834		37,832,328	
	635,295	-		-		635,295	
	-	_		671,105		671,105	
	-	178,725		1,416,727		1,595,452	
	=	-		528,453		1,141,726	
	12,159,069	99,649		2,302,493		14,561,211	
	-	 783,226		-		783,226	
\$	42,886,056	\$ 31,181,301	\$	40,296,661	\$	210,878,114	

(continued)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued) June 30, 2004

		General
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		_
Liabilities:		
Due to other funds for cash overdraft (Notes 2 and 19)	\$	-
Due to other funds for other than cash overdraft (Note 18)		-
Accounts payable		1,813,933
Accrued liabilities		10,923,794
Current deposits and advance rentals		1,246,605
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		-
Loan financing notes payable		-
Deferred revenue		61,115,323
Total liabilities		75,099,655
Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for loans receivable and advances Reserved for restricted assets Reserved for land and buildings held for resale Unreserved - designated for capital improvements Unreserved and undesignated Unreserved, reported in nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		1,442,618 - - - - 19,971,823
Debt Service Funds		-
Total fund balances	_	21,414,441
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	96,514,096

Capital Projects		Housing Loans		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
		-					
\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,243	\$	19,243
	_		671,105		· -		671,105
	1,008,387		139,492		932,372		3,894,184
	-		-		61,487		10,985,281
	-		-		· –		1,246,605
	-		99,649		310,978		410,627
	-		10,981,058		-		10,981,058
	=		-		4,532,428		65,647,751
	1,008,387		11,891,304		5,856,508		93,855,854
	-		-		-		1,442,618
	76,774		16,092,662		10,726,399		26,895,835
	12,159,069		-		1,991,515		14,150,584
	-		783,226		-		783,226
	29,641,826		-		-		29,641,826
	-		2,414,109		-		22,385,932
	-		-		21,381,295		21,381,295
	-		-		340,944		340,944
	41,877,669		19,289,997		34,440,153		117,022,260
\$	42,886,056	\$	31,181,301	\$	40,296,661	\$	210,878,114

This page intentionally left blank.

Salt Lake City Corporation Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statements of Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2004

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 117,022,260
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: (see Note 5) Land Infrastructure Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	165,009,373 215,433,480 205,801,758 29,735,954 68,338,526 18,674,415 (179,011,236)	523,982,270
Other assets are reported for governmental activities as they are not considered collectible until after year end. These include other receivables that are long-term in nature and bond issue costs less amortization Other receivables Bond issue costs	249,336 966,985	1,216,321
Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services.		21,317,704
Some of the internal service net income is allocable to business-type activities. These amounts are shown in the internal balances in the governmental activities statement.		(183,851)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather as an expenditure when due. Obligation for compensation liabilities due within one year are included in the governmental fund statements in accrued liabilities. All liabilities -both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net assets. (See Note 6.)	(6.450.452)	
Accrued liabilities Obligation for compensation liabilities due after one year Current portion of long-term debt Bonds payable Note payable Total liabilities	(6,459,452) (13,718,805) (2,430,257) (174,040,424) (14,362,352)	(211,011,290)
Total net assets of governmental activities		\$ 452,343,414

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2004

	Comment	Capital Projects	Housing	Other Governmental	Tetale
Revenues:	General	Projects	Loans	Funds	Totals
General property taxes	\$ 63,243,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,243,320
Sales, use, and excise taxes	39,583,618	φ - -	. -	1,513,514	41,097,132
Franchise taxes	21,532,492	_	_	1,515,514	21,532,492
Licenses	5,539,637	_	_	_	5,539,637
Permits	4,052,493	407,257	_	_	4,459,750
Fines and forfeitures	5,525,401	=	-	218,622	5,744,023
Assessments	-	241,692	-	1,858,165	2,099,857
Interest	1,327,124	190,512	887,955	890,150	3,295,741
Intergovernmental	4,254,847	7,723,645	575,453	7,772,263	20,326,208
Interfund service charges	8,158,136	-	-	-	8,158,136
Parking meter	1,196,843	-	-	-	1,196,843
Parking ticket	3,913,024	-	-	-	3,913,024
Charges for services	3,653,699	-	19,391	37,077	3,710,167
Contributions	89,638	-	-	5,641,933	5,731,571
Miscellaneous	476,019	560,653	831,098	493,630	2,361,400
Total revenues	162,546,291	9,123,759	2,313,897	18,425,354	192,409,301
Expenditures: Current:					
City Council	1,328,064	-	-	-	1,328,064
Mayor	1,414,374	-	-	-	1,414,374
City Attorney	2,757,278	-	-	-	2,757,278
Management Services	8,902,320	-	-	16,402	8,918,722
Fire	27,526,476	-	-	-	27,526,476
Police	43,321,171	-	-	734,092	44,055,263
Community and Economic					
Development	8,324,187	-	1,129,029	7,647,785	17,101,001
Public Services	33,633,592	-	-	976,590	34,610,182
Arts Council	-	-	-	840,376	840,376
Nondepartmental	10,508,625	-	-	-	10,508,625
Capital outlay	-	32,858,125	-	-	32,858,125
Debt service:				6 212 000	6 212 000
Principal	-	-	- 654 500	6,313,000 5,947,511	6,313,000
Interest and other fiscal charges			654,509	3,947,311	6,602,020
Total expenditures	137,716,087	32,858,125	1,783,538	22,475,756	194,833,506
Revenues over (under) expenditures	24,830,204	(23,734,366)	530,359	(4,050,402)	(2,424,205)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Issuance of debt	_	28,164,474	_	2,014,526	30,179,000
Premiums from issuance of debt	_	98,956	_	2,011,520	98,956
Proceeds from sale of property	418,166	143,187	_	_	561,353
Transfers in	1,484,541	22,467,634	739,045	11,925,042	36,616,262
Transfers out	(28,425,451)	(14,125,430)	(1,404,784)	(2,536,267)	(46,491,932)
Total other financing sources (uses):	(26,522,744)	36,748,821	(665,739)	11,403,301	20,963,639
Revenues and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other uses	(1,692,540)	13,014,455	(135,380)	7,352,899	18,539,434
Fund balance July 1, 2003	23,106,981	28,863,214	19,425,377	27,087,254	98,482,826
	25,100,701	20,000,214		2.,507,254	, 5, 102,020
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 21,414,441	\$ 41,877,669	\$ 19,289,997	\$ 34,440,153	\$ 117,022,260

Salt Lake City Corporation

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2004

The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful fives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$34,261,592) exceeded depreciation expense (\$12,771,859). (see Note 5) Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets. (See Note 6.) In governmental funds the proceeds from the bonds and notes are considered a source of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the obligation is reported as a liability. (see Note 6.) Governmental funds do not report infrastructure. Contributions of Infrastructure are reported as contributions in kind in Statement of Activities Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income (1,616,867) Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premium, discounts and deferred gain or loss Accrued interest Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrued interest Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets The net revenue of interest compensation, general liability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocop	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 18,539,434
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$34,261,592) exceeded depreciation expense (\$12,771,859). (see Note 5) Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets. (See Note 6.) Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets. (See Note 6.) Repayment of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the obligation is reported as ource of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the obligation is reported as a liability. (see Note 6.) Governmental funds do not report infrastructure. Contributions of Infrastructure are reported as contributions in kind in Statement of Activities Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premium, discounts and deferred gain or loss Ascrual for landfill income Capitalization of bond issue costs Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability c			
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets. (See Note 6.) In governmental funds the proceeds from the bonds and notes are considered a source of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the obligation is reported as a liability. (see Note 6.) Governmental funds do not report infrastructure. Contributions of Infrastructure are reported as contributions in kind in Statement of Activities Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income (1,616.867) Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issue costs Accrued interest Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets (64,629) Cain (loss) on sale of capital assets Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services. The net revenue of internal service funds is allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Internal services fund net revenue of \$3,162,426 less amount allocated to business-type activities. Internal services fund net revenue of \$3,162,426 less amount allocated to business-type activities. Internal service fund net revenue of \$	statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
the liability in the statement of net assets. (See Note 6.) In governmental funds the proceeds from the bonds and notes are considered a source of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the obligation is reported as a liability. (see Note 6.) Governmental funds do not report infrastructure. Contributions of Infrastructure are reported as contributions in kind in Statement of Activities 1,397,909 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premium, discounts and deferred gain or loss Accrued interest (64,629) Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services. The net revenue of internal service funds is allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Internal service fund net revenue of \$3,162,426 less amount allocated to business-type activities \$(216,628)			21,489,730
Source of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the obligation is reported as a liability. (see Note 6.) Governmental funds do not report infrastructure. Contributions of Infrastructure are reported as contributions in kind in Statement of Activities 1,397,909 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income (1,616,867) Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premium, discounts and deferred gain or loss Accrued interest Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services. The net revenue of internal service funds is allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Internal service fund net revenue of \$3,162,426 less amount allocated to business-type activities \$(216,628) 2,945,798			6,313,000
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income (1,616,867) Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premium, discounts and deferred gain or loss Accrued interest (64,629) Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services. The net revenue of internal service funds is allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Internal service fund net revenue of \$3,162,426 less amount allocated to business-type activities S(216,628) 1,397,909	source of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the obligation is reported		(30,277,956)
expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income (1,616,867) Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premium, discounts and deferred gain or loss Accrued interest (64,629) Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services. The net revenue of internal service funds is allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Internal service fund net revenue of \$3,162,426 less amount allocated to business-type activities \$(216,628) 2,945,798	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,397,909
management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services. The net revenue of internal service funds is allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Internal service fund net revenue of \$3,162,426 less amount allocated to business-type activities \$(216,628) 2,945,798	expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premium, discounts and deferred gain or loss Accrued interest	(1,616,867) 705,743 (78,901) 58,324 (64,629)	551,929
	management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services. The net revenue of internal service funds is allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Internal service fund net revenue of		2,945,798
	•		\$

This page intentionally left blank.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Water Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities related to providing water service to the residents of the City and certain residents of Salt Lake County.

Airport Authority Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities related to the operation of City airports.

Redevelopment Agency Fund - This fund is used to account for urban redevelopment activities such as acquisition of land sites and sale of such land for development, and loans provided for improvements in existing housing and the repayment of loans and related interest.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2004

	Business-typ Enterpri	ne Activities- se Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	Water Utility	Department of Airports
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Unrestricted Restricted Investments (Note 2) Receivables: Accounts, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$141,138 Current portion of loans receivable	\$ 9,627,037 - - 5,868,110 -	\$ 115,373,781 2,128,468 - 15,757,709
Other Prepaid expenses	163,851	1,305,497
Inventory of supplies	1,515,437	
Total current assets	17,174,435	134,565,455
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2 & 4)	21,992,201	6,195,685
Property and equipment, at cost: Land and water rights (Note 5) Buildings (Note 5) Improvements other than buildings (Note 5) Machinery and equipment (Note 5) Construction in progress (Note 5) Work in Progress (Note 5) Accumulated depreciation (Note 5)	16,394,465 27,822,650 195,706,357 18,659,538 7,559,966 - (68,627,539)	41,258,876 316,844,151 544,776,860 62,603,045 32,274,175 - (397,079,402)
Net property and equipment	197,515,437	600,677,705
Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$2,623,599 Loans and other long-term receivables Land and buildings held for resale Investment in joint venture (Note 19) Deferred Charges Other	272,498 - - - - - 1,489,131	1,289,152 - - - - 15,173,354
Total noncurrent assets	221,269,267	623,335,896
Total assets	\$ 238,443,702	\$ 757,901,351

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

		Ei	iterprise Funds				
Redevelopment Agency			Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		Total		Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
¢.	52 092 012	¢	25 000 402	¢	204 075 222	¢	14 272 506
\$	53,983,913	\$	25,090,492	\$	204,075,223	\$	14,373,506
	2,207,592		-		2,128,468 2,207,592		-
	2,207,392		-		2,201,392		-
	-		2,762,694		24,388,513		-
	934,406		-		934,406		-
	-		136,132		1,605,480		231,631
	-		-		-		420,470
	-		1,102,350		2,617,787		464,506
	57,125,911		29,091,668		237,957,469		15,490,113
	9,802,402		50,265,558		88,255,846		6,776,060
	9,802,402		30,203,336		66,233,640	-	0,770,000
	16,436,520		10,126,159		84,216,020		7,467,587
	-		49,528,177		394,194,978		62,415,245
	40,845,458		150,484,797		931,813,472		13,057,014
	78,943		43,144,438		124,485,964		49,347,053
	-		34,153,684		73,987,825		-
	-		94,538		94,538		7,399,789
	(17,372,681)		(87,750,486)		(570,830,108)		(48,920,977)
	39,988,240		199,781,307		1,037,962,689		90,765,711
	467,835		393,331		2,422,816		733,666
	21,156,590		-		21,156,590		-
	14,490,894		-		14,490,894		-
	-		25,554,372		25,554,372		-
	-		-		15,173,354		-
	-		2,597,776		4,086,907		-
	85,905,961		278,592,344		1,209,103,468		98,275,437
\$	143,031,872	\$	307,684,012	\$	1,447,060,937	\$	113,765,550

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2004

	-	pe Activities- ise Funds
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	Water Utility	Department of Airports
Current liabilities:		
Due to other funds for cash overdraft (Notes 2 & 18)	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	4,000,748	7,004,781
Accrued liabilities	499,637	14,911,468
Current portion of long-term compensation liability (Note 6)	236,631	527,692
Current portion of long-term debt:		
Payable from unrestricted assets (Note 6)	1,967,259	942,266
Payable from restricted assets (Note 6)	1,415,141	2,107,734
Deferred revenue	-	-
Accrued interest, payable from restricted assets	558,061	20,734
Current deposits and advance rentals	465,287	3,677,781
Total current liabilities	9,142,764	29,192,456
Noncurrent liabilties:		
Deposits, advance rentals and long-term accruals	210,210	137,471
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets	· -	-
Bonds, mortgages, and notes payable	22,308,664	51,812,862
Long-term compensation liability	2,143,716	3,366,234
Total noncurrent liabilities	24,662,590	55,316,567
Total liabilities	33,805,354	84,509,023
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	172,096,871	542,922,175
Restricted for debt service	19,553,712	6,195,685
Unrestricted (deficit)	12,987,765	124,274,468
Total net assets		673,392,328
i otal net assets	204,638,348	013,392,328
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 238,443,702	\$ 757,901,351

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds		
Redevelopment	Nonmajor Proprietary	_	Governmental Activities- Internal
Agency	Funds	Total	Service Funds
<u> </u>			
-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 616,052
188,659	6,305,195	17,499,383	926,437
14,863	464,589	15,890,557	5,976,800
2,219	302,111	1,068,653	98,080
-	1,830,143	4,739,668	5,538,054
6,705,000	596,089	10,823,964	-
-	-	-	139,646
565,502	643,534	1,787,831	-
68,072	149,162	4,360,302	-
7,544,315	10,290,823	56,170,358	13,295,069
24,275,235	143,894	24,766,810	-
-	-	-	149,439
40,275,909	34,557,576	148,955,011	65,105,072
69,292	1,078,250	6,657,492	994,071
64,620,436	35,779,720	180,379,313	66,248,582
72,164,751	46,070,543	236,549,671	79,543,651
-	192,756,010	907,775,056	19,973,146
9,802,402	18,736,315	54,288,114	-
61,064,719	50,121,144	248,448,096	14,248,753
70,867,121	261,613,469	1,210,511,266	34,221,899
143,031,872	\$ 307,684,012	\$ 1,447,060,937	\$ 113,765,550

Salt Lake City Corporation Reconciliation of the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets to the Primary Government business-type Statement of Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2004

Total assets for Proprietary Funds	\$ 1,447,060,937
Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds - prior year Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds - current year	(32,777) 216,628
Total assets for Primary government business-type activities	\$ 1,447,244,788
Total net assets for Proprietary Funds	\$ 1,210,511,266
Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds - prior year Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds - current year	(32,777) 216,628
Total net assets for Primary government business-type activities	\$ 1,210,695,117

This page intentionally left blank.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2004

i ear ended June 30,	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds			
	Water Utility	Department of Airports		
Operating revenue:				
Sales and charges for services	\$ 43,532,183	\$ 80,143,929		
Rental and other	1,614,519	1,728,707		
Total operating revenue	45,146,702	81,872,636		
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	13,377,007	32,762,743		
Operating and maintenance	2,004,710	6,611,173		
Charges and services	13,749,865	19,725,245		
Depreciation and amortization	5,225,620	38,777,109		
Participating airline rebate		2,164,051		
Total operating expenses	34,357,202	100,040,321		
Operating income (loss)	10,789,500	(18,167,685)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Interest income	604,279	2,253,612		
Interest expense (net of amount	,	, , -		
capitalized of \$516,972)	(1,468,046)	(12,007,083)		
Property taxes	-	-		
Equity in joint venture income	-	-		
Gain on disposition of property and equipment	989,778	2,013,255		
Loss on writedown of land/buildings held for resale	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	126,011	(7,740,216)		
Capital Contributions				
Grants and other contributions	3,576,411	14,073,292		
Passenger facility charges	<u> </u>	34,081,662		
Total capital contributions	3,576,411	48,154,954		
Income before transfers Transfers in	14,491,922	22,247,053		
Transfers out	(22,698)	(39,910)		
Increase in net assets	14,469,224	22,207,143		
Net Assets July 1, 2003	190,169,124	651,185,185		
Net Assets July 1, 2003	190,169,124	651,185,18		

\$ 204,638,348

673,392,328

Net Assets June 30, 2004

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

		Enterprise Funds		
Red	development Agency	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
	_		_	
\$	1,175,773	\$ 34,544,895 265,433	\$ 158,221,007 4,784,432	\$ 43,049,197
	1,175,773	34,810,328	163,005,439	43,049,197
	515,779 2,716,124	12,174,758 2,133,955	58,830,287 13,465,962	8,206,560 3,464,039
	3,630,659 1,731,556	10,489,167 6,780,346	47,594,936 52,514,631 2,164,051	27,550,884 7,334,352
	8,594,118	31,578,226	174,569,867	46,555,835
	(7,418,345)	3,232,102	(11,564,428)	(3,506,638)
	1,398,868	415,918	4,672,677	312,186
	(4,588,527) 22,917,592	(308,918)	(18,372,574) 22,917,592	(3,903,669)
	- - (214,366)	579,363 39,381	579,363 3,042,414 (214,366)	- 287,999
	19,513,567	725,744	12,625,106	(3,303,484)
		11,278,705	28,928,408	
	<u>-</u>	-	34,081,662	
		11,278,705	63,010,070	
	12,095,222	15,236,551	64,070,748 -	(6,810,122) 9,994,176
	(3,890)	(30,380)	(96,878)	(21,628)
	12,091,332	15,206,171	63,973,870	3,162,426
	58,775,789	246,407,298	1,146,537,396	31,059,473
\$	70,867,121	\$ 261,613,469	\$ 1,210,511,266	\$ 34,221,899

Salt Lake City Corporation Reconciliation of the Proprietary Funds Change in Net Assets to the Primary Government business-type Changes in Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2004

Change in net assets for Proprietary Funds	\$ 63,973,870
Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds	 216,628
Change in net assets for Primary government business-type activities	\$ 64,190,498

This page intentionally left blank.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2004

Teal chiece Julie 30, 2004		_	_
		I	Department
	Water		of
	 Utility		Airports
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 45,166,974	\$	88,587,322
Payments to suppliers	(15,477,931)		(28,768,889)
Payments to employees	(13,417,172)		(32,501,704)
Loans made	-		-
Principal received on loans	_		-
Other receipts	 		33,908,850
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 16,271,871		61,225,579
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities:			
Property taxes received	_		_
Payments received on interfund receivables	_		_
Payments made on interfund payables	(5,867,584)		-
Cash received on deposit - related parties	-		-
Transfers in	-		-
Transfers out	 (22,698)		(39,910)
	 (5,890,282)		(39,910)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of debt			
(net of discount and issuance costs)	-		-
Proceeds from sale of equipment	1,024,379		2,487,299
Contributions for aid in construction	1,620,800		13,731,931
Payments on long-term obligations, net of capitalized interest	(4,726,888)		(64,530,808)
Payments for purchase and construction of capital assets,			
including capitalized interest	(13,456,393)		(46,229,266)
Other receipts	 		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	 (15,538,102)		(94,540,844)

			Governmental
	Total Nonmajor		Activities-
Redevelopment	Proprietary		Internal
Agency	Funds	Total	Service Funds
\$ 1,175,773	\$ 35,179,527	\$ 170,109,596	\$ 42,820,422
(6,285,829)	(11,859,062)	(62,391,711)	(37,804,246)
(516,079)	(12,256,387)	(58,691,342)	(9,022,880)
(7,604,397)	-	(7,604,397)	-
1,120,823	-	1,120,823	-
		33,908,850	
(12,109,709)	11,064,078	76,451,819	(4,006,704)
22,917,592	-	22,917,592	-
-	5,867,586	5,867,586	-
-	-	(5,867,584)	-
114,058	-	114,058	-
-	-	-	9,994,176
(3,890)	(30,380)	(96,878)	(21,628)
23,027,760	5,837,206	22,934,774	9,972,548
	22 074 740	22.224.74	
-	33,851,768	33,851,768	3,265,625
-	39,907	3,551,585	804,618
(0.252.120)	5,646,449	20,999,180	(0.425.226)
(8,353,138)	(1,597,649)	(79,208,483)	(9,435,236)
(5,196,914)	(17,541,082)	(82,423,655)	(6,774,928)
	8,651	8,651	
(13,550,052)	20,408,044	(103,220,954)	(12,139,921)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2004

	 Water Utility	Departmen of Airports	ıt
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from investments	-	-	-
Interest received on investments and loans	604,279	2,355,4	159
Purchases of water stock	 (103,290)		
Net cash provided by investing activities	 500,989	2,355,4	159
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(4,655,524)	(30,999,7	716)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 36,274,762	154,697,6	550
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 31,619,238	\$ 123,697,9	934
Cash and cash equivalent components:			
Unrestricted	\$ 9,627,037	\$ 115,373,7	781
Restricted	 21,992,201	8,324,1	153
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 31,619,238	\$ 123,697,9	934
Cash flows from operating activities -			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 10,789,500	\$ (18,167,6	585)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided			
by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	5,225,620	38,777,1	09
Increase (decrease) due to changes in:			
Accounts receivable	56,485	971,4	101
Inventory	95,174	-	-
Other current assets	(36,213)	34,777,8	365
Due to other funds for cash overdraft	-	-	-
Accounts payable	119,194	4,859,4	184
Accrued liabilities affecting operating activities	22,111	-	-
Deferred revenue	-	-	-
Other liabilities	-	7,4	105
Long-term compensation liability	 -		<u>- </u>
Total adjustments	 5,482,371	79,393,2	264_
Loans made to residents	-	-	-
Principal collected on loans	 -		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 16,271,871	\$ 61,225,5	579
Noncash transactions affecting financial position:			
Contributions of fixed assets from other entities	\$ 1,955,612	\$ -	-

Re	development Agency	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds			Total			rernmental Activities- Internal ervice Funds				
	444,214 1,572,144		- 415,917 -			444,214 4,947,799 (103,290)			- 312,186 -			
	2,016,358		415,917			5,288,723			312,186			
	(615,643)		37,725,245			1,454,362			(5,861,891)			
	64,401,958		37,630,805		293,005,175		293,005,175			27,011,457		
\$	63,786,315	\$	75,356,050		\$	294,459,537		\$	21,149,566			
\$	53,983,913	\$	25,090,492		\$	204,075,223		\$	14,373,506			
	9,802,402		50,265,558		\$	90,384,314		\$	6,776,060			
\$	63,786,315	\$	75,356,050		\$ 294,459,537			\$	21,149,566			
\$	(7,418,345)	\$	3,232,102		\$	(11,564,428)		\$	(3,506,638)			
	1,731,556		6,780,346			52,514,631			7,334,352			
	-		303,555			1,331,441			-			
	-		-			95,174			71,056			
	-		(74,734)			34,666,918			(439,356)			
	-		-			-			(4,665,169)			
	60,954		845,505			5,885,137			(1,967,659)			
	-		56,485			78,596			(589,605)			
	_		-			_			(2,101)			
	1,806		30,230			39,441			-			
	(2,106)		(109,411)			(111,517)			(241,584)			
	1,792,210		7,831,976			94,499,821			(500,066)			
	(7,604,397)		_			(7,604,397)			_			
	1,120,823		-			1,120,823			-			
	1,120,020					1,120,020						
\$	(12,109,709)	\$	11,064,078		\$	76,451,819		\$	(4,006,704)			
\$	-	\$	5,632,255		\$	1,955,612		\$	-			

This page intentionally left blank.

Fiduciary Funds

Deferred Compensation Fund - This fund is used to account for amounts deferred under the City's employee deferred compensation plan for which the City acts in a fiduciary capacity as trustee.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2004

ASSETS Deferred Compensation
Trust

Restricted investments:
Utah State Treasurer's Pool \$ 1,132,490

NET ASSETS

Held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes

\$ 1,132,490

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2004

	Deferred Compensation Trust
Additions:	
Investment income	\$ 17,200
Total additions	17,200
Deductions: Investment expenses Benefits	- 24,000
Total deductions	24,000
Changes in Net Assets	(6,800)
Net Assets July 1, 2003	1,139,290
Net Assets June 30, 2004	\$ 1,132,490

This page intentionally left blank.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Salt Lake City Corporation (the City) was incorporated January 6, 1851. The City operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides services to residents and businesses in many areas including police and fire protection, street maintenance, refuse collection, planning and zoning, building construction inspection, parks and recreation, prosecution, water, sewer, storm water, airports, and general administrative services.

Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the reporting entity includes all funds, agencies and authorities for which the City holds corporate powers and all component units for which the City is financially accountable. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, has established criteria to consider in determining financial accountability. The criteria are: appointment of a majority of the voting members of an organization's governing board, and either (1) the City has the ability to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City.

As required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the City, the primary government, and its component units. The component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. The following funds, all with fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, have separately issued financial statements that can be obtained from their respective administrative offices: (1) The Arts Council (a special revenue fund), (2) the Water, Sewer and Storm Water Utility Funds (enterprise funds) and (3) the Department of Airports (an enterprise fund).

Blended Component Units

The Municipal Building Authority and the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City are legally separate entities from the City, but are part of the City and are blended into the internal service and enterprise funds, respectively. The Redevelopment Agency has separately issued financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2004, which are available at the Agency's administrative office. The sole purpose of the Municipal Building Authority is to serve the City as a financing agency for debt financed projects. The sole purpose of the Redevelopment Agency is the elimination of blight through the process of redevelopment in designated project areas within the boundaries of the City. The Salt Lake City Council serves as the Board of Directors of both the Municipal Building Authority and the Redevelopment Agency.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The discrete component unit is the Salt Lake City Library. It is legally separate from, but financially accountable to the City, as the City can impose its will on the Library. It provides services to residents rather than to the City and therefore meets the criteria of a discretely presented component unit. The Salt Lake City Library is a governmental fund and has separately issued financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2004, which are available at the administrative offices of the Library.

Joint Venture

The City is a fifty percent partner with Salt Lake County in a joint venture known as the City/County Landfill. The purpose of this joint venture is to provide solid waste management and disposal services (see note 19).

Related Organizations

The City also has activities with three other related organizations, the Metropolitan Water District, the Housing Authority of Salt Lake City and the Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement District. City officials appoint members of these three boards, but the City's accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments.

June 30, 2004

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-wide statements are comprised of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. They contain information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units except for fiduciary activities. Most effects of inter-fund activities have been eliminated from these statements. The exceptions are (1) payments-in-lieu-of-taxes the General Fund charges enterprise funds; (2) charges for water, sewer, storm-water and refuse that all customers pay to these enterprise funds and (3) charges for centrally provided services of the General Fund that benefit the receiving fund. Examples are payroll, purchasing, human resources and legal services. The government-wide statements for the primary government are separated based on the predominance of the type of revenues that support them. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, while business-type activities receive a significant portion of revenues from fees and charges for services. Certain entities that are legally separate, but financially accountable to the primary government are reported separately on the government-wide statements. The City currently has one of these entities, its discretely presented component unit.

The statement of activities is presented to show the extent that program revenues of a given activity support direct expenses. Direct expenses are those that can clearly be associated with a particular activity or program. Program revenues are: (1) charges to customers or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the services or goods provided by a given activity or segment or (2) grants or other contributions that are restricted to operating or capital needs of a specific activity or segment. General revenues are those revenues like taxes and other items that are not properly reported as program revenues.

Separate financial statements are included for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds, however, are not included in the totals for the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the governmental funds statements, as are major individual proprietary funds in the proprietary funds statements.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Measurement focus refers to the types of assets that appear on the statement of net assets and changes to those same assets that appear on the statement of activities. The flow of financial resources measurement focus shows current assets and liabilities on the statement of net assets and changes to net current assets in the statement of activities. The flow of economic resources measurement focus shows total assets and liabilities on the statement of net assets and changes to net assets on the statement of activities. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Unbilled fees for proprietary funds are recorded as receivables at year end. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar other contributions are recognized as revenue as soon as the eligibility requirements of the provider have been met.

The City's major enterprise funds are: (1) Water Utility Fund, (2) The Department of Airports and (3) Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City, whose purpose is described previously in the section titled "Blended Component Units". The Water Utility collects or purchases fresh water, treats it and delivers potable water to nearly all residents and business located in the City and many residents and business located geographically outside the boundaries of the City. The Department of Airports operates the Salt Lake City International Airport, Airport II and the Tooele Valley Airport, the latter two of which are located outside the boundaries of The City.

In addition to the major enterprise funds, The City also operates five non-major enterprise funds and six internal service funds. The non-major enterprise funds are the Intermodal Hub, Sewer Utility, Storm Water Utility, Golf and Refuse. The Intermodal Hub is a fund whose purpose is to provide a central connecting point between the City's inter-state passenger bus and rail lines to the commuter bus and light rail systems. The Sewer and Storm Water Utilities provide treatment and disposition services for waste water and storm runoff. The Golf Fund operates all City owned golf courses, while the Refuse Fund provides refuse collection and recycling services for residences and businesses of The City. Internal service funds provide services to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost

June 30, 2004

reimbursement basis. The internal service funds are Fleet Management, Information Management, Risk Management, Governmental Immunity, Municipal Building Authority and the Copy Center. The Fleet Management fund owns and services all vehicles of the governmental funds and services vehicles owned by many of the enterprise funds. Information Management maintains the infrastructure for the hard-wired telephone system, centralized computer services and the network of personal computers. Risk Management provides centralized services for the employee benefits of health, life, accident, dental, long-term disability as well as unemployment, workers' compensation and property insurance needs. The Governmental Immunity Fund manages the City's general liability activities. The Municipal Building Authority's purpose is discussed previously in the section titled "Blended Component Units", while the Copy Center provides centralized copying, printing and interdepartmental mail services.

The fiduciary fund is the Executive Deferred Compensation Fund. The City is the trustee for this fund and manages it in accordance with provisions of the Utah State Money Management Act and the City's own ordinances, policies and procedures. In the past, city executives could elect to have some or all of their deferred compensation contributed to this fund, but it is now closed to further contributions.

Proprietary funds separate operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses normally arise from providing goods and services in connection with the fund's normal ongoing operations. The principal source of operating revenues for the proprietary funds and the internal service funds are charges to customers for goods and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative overhead expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues or expenses are recorded as non-operating.

The City has adopted GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Accordingly, the City has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Consequently, the City does not apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

Governmental fund statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. "Available" means that amounts are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. As a practical matter, The City uses 60 days as a cutoff for meeting the available criterion. Property taxes are considered "measurable" when levied and available when collected and held by Salt Lake County (the County). Any amounts not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Franchise taxes are considered "measurable" when collected and held by the utility company, and are recognized as revenue at that time. Other revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual include grants-in-aid earned and other intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, interest, assessments, inter-fund service charges, permits, fines, forfeitures, parking ticket and meter fees, and sale of property. Property taxes and assessments are recorded as receivables when levied or assessed; however, they are reported as deferred revenue until the "available" criterion has been met. Sales and use taxes collected by the state and remitted to the City within the "available" time period are recognized as revenue. Revenues collected in advance are deferred and recognized in the period to which they apply.

Revenues that are determined to not be susceptible to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days) or are not objectively measurable include licenses, contributions, and miscellaneous revenues. Revenue is recognized when cash is received.

Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for long-term obligations (debt service payments and long term compensated absences) and related interest which are recognized as expenditures when due. Inventories of supplies are expended when purchased.

The City has three major governmental funds, the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and the Housing Loans Fund. The General Fund is the main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for resources dedicated to the construction or improvement of capital assets, which may take more than one budgetary cycle

June 30, 2004

to complete. These constructed or improved capital assets are for the benefit of any or all governmental funds. The Housing Loans Fund provides loans to low and moderate-income families and individuals. Resources for these loans are received from a variety of sources including federal government, state government, financial institutions and internally generated sources. The Housing Loans Fund also services these same loans. In addition to the listed major governmental funds, the City also has a total of ten non-major governmental funds: (1) the Arts Council, (2) Downtown Economic Development, (3) Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Operating, (4) Other Grants Operating, (5) Street Lighting, (6) Demolition, Weed & Forfeiture, (7) Emergency 911 Dispatch, (8) Salt Lake City Donation, (9) Special Improvement Debt Service and (10) Other Improvements Debt Service. As their name implies, the last two are debt service funds while the first eight are special revenue funds.

Budgets and budgetary accounting

Budgets are legally required for governmental funds. The City has a policy of budgeting for proprietary funds. Annual budgets are prepared and adopted by the City Council on or before June 15 for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1, in accordance with Utah State law. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed sources of financing for such expenditures. Prior to June 15, a public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer input. Budgets are adopted by ordinance in total for each department. Expenditures cannot exceed appropriations at the department level. For budgetary purposes, the City considers each enterprise fund to be a department. Management can move budgeted amounts from one line item to another within a department or decrease appropriations. The City Council can increase appropriations after holding a public hearing. During the year ended June 30, 2004, the City Council passed several supplementary appropriations.

The General Fund budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting adjusted for encumbrances and changes in compensated absences. Encumbrance accounting is used by the City to assure effective budgetary control and accountability, and to comply with State law. However, only the General Fund budget is prepared under the assumption that actual expenditures will be adjusted for encumbrances. Unencumbered General Fund appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered amounts carry over to the subsequent year and are shown as a reservation of fund balance. Generally accepted accounting principles require that open encumbrances not be reported with expenditures. However, in the General Fund budget to actual financial statement, the actual amounts are adjusted to include encumbrances. Compensated absences are budgeted on a cash basis. Non-cash changes in the balances of compensated absences are therefore eliminated for budgetary purposes. Capital lease purchases are budgeted in the year payments are due rather than in the year purchased.

Budgets for the Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and the Capital Projects Fund are also prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting and are adopted on an annual basis. The budget for the Community Development Operating, Grants Operating (special revenue funds), and the Capital Projects Fund are prepared annually for a specific set of projects. The Debt Service Funds' budgets are not prepared by project. By state law only budgets in the Capital Projects Fund do not lapse at year-end. Therefore, any remaining budget in the Grants Operating Fund and the Community Development Operating Fund are re-appropriated by Council action in the following year. State law also requires a budget comparison for all funds for which an annual budget is adopted. In these three funds, the Council adopts the entire amount of the project, even though the project may not be completed in the first year. As a result, the budget comparisons on an annual basis may show large amounts of unexpended appropriations. Budgets for the Downtown Economic Development Fund, Street Lighting Fund, Demolition, Weed Abatement & Forfeiture Fund, Emergency 911 Fund, and Housing Loans Fund (special revenue funds) lapse at year end. Encumbrances are not reported as expenditures, but where necessary, are re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

Budgets for the proprietary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for depreciation, lease amortization, and the change in compensated absences, which are not budgeted. Budgets are adopted for the entire amount of estimated proceeds from the sale of property and equipment rather than on the gain or loss from the sale as is reported in the financial statements. Budgets are also adopted for the entire amount of any debt issued to finance multi-year acquisition and construction projects. Budget comparisons in the proprietary funds may therefore show large amounts of unexpended appropriations for construction projects. These unexpended amounts are reappropriated the following year.

June 30, 2004

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City complies with GASB Statement No. 31 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. The statement requires certain investments to be reported at fair value and the change in fair value to be included in revenues or expenses. The City's policy is to report all investments at fair value except for money market investments and interest-earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity at time of purchase of ninety days or less. These are reported at amortized cost. The City's investment in the State Treasurer's Pool has a fair value equivalent to the value of the pool shares. This pool is administered by the State of Utah and is regulated by the Money Management Council under provisions of the Utah State Money Management Act. In all statements, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) that mature within ninety days or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Interest rate swap

The City entered into an interest rate swap (the "SID Swap) on December 3, 2003 in conjunction with the issuance of its \$17,600,000 Adjustable Rate Demand Assessment Bonds (Gateway Project) Series 2003. The Series 2003 Bonds and SID Swap payments will be paid entirely from assessments on assessed properties within the Railyard Special Improvement District. The City has not pledged any assets or revenues for payments due under the Bonds or the SID Swap other than special assessment revenues collected from the Railyard SID. The Series 2003 Bonds are further secured by a letter of credit issued by Citibank, N.A. The Citibank letter of credit terminates on December 6, 2013. The City entered into the SID Swap at par and did not receive or pay any additional amounts for executing the SID Swap. The scheduled reductions in the notional amount of the SID Swap match the amortization schedule of the Series 2003 Bonds.

Objective: The City entered into the SID Swap to create a synthetic fixed rate assessment obligation for the assessment payers during the first 10 years of the Series 2003 Bond financing.

Terms: The Series 2003 Bonds were issued on December 4, 2003 which is the same day the SID Swap became effective. The Series 2003 Bonds amortize over a 20 year period ending December 1, 2023 while the SID Swap terminates on December 1, 2013. Under terms of the SID Swap, the City pays the counterparty (Citibank, N.A., New York) a fixed rate of 3.94% on the first day of the calendar month commencing January 1, 2004. The City receives a floating rate on the same date equal to the actual weighted average Series 2003 Bond rate applicable for the same monthly calculation period.

Basis Risk: The floating rate paid to the City under the SID Swap is the actual weighted average interest rate on the Series 2003 Bond. There is no mismatch between the amortization schedule for the Series 2003 Bond and the Notional Amount Reduction schedule for the SID Swap, either in amount or timing of payments.

Fair Value: Because interest rates have declined since execution of the SID Swap, the SID Swap had a negative fair value of \$127,709 as of June 30, 2004.

Early Termination Risk: The City has the option to terminate the SID Swap upon 30 days notice. The amount due with respect to an early termination shall be determined as though the counterparty is the sole affected party and "Market Quotation and Second Method" shall apply. Either party may terminate only upon an "Event of Default" caused by a "Failure to Pay or Deliver" as specified in Section 5 of the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement. Any amounts due to the counterparty upon termination are payable solely from assessments on the assessed properties.

Swap Management: the Series 2003 Bond trustee is charged with determining the amounts due from the assessed property owners under the Bonds and the SID Swap, notifying the property owners of the monthly assessment amount, collecting said amounts and remitting them properly. The City is not directly involved in the administration of the SID Swap or the assessments.

June 30, 2004

<u>Inventories of supplies</u>

Inventories of supplies for the proprietary fund types are stated at the lower of cost (using the first-in first-out method) or market. In the proprietary funds, inventory items are considered expenses when used (consumption method).

Depreciable capital assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The City has a capitalization threshold of \$100,000 for infrastructure in the public right of way and \$3,000 for all other assets. The City follows GAAP by capitalizing a portion of its interest costs (net of any interest earned on related interest bearing investments acquired with proceeds of related tax-exempt borrowings) as a cost of constructed property and equipment in enterprise funds. Net interest capitalized for the year ended June 30, 2004, was \$516,972. Depreciation of capital assets, is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	35-60 years
Building improvements	5-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25-35 years

Machinery and equipment, including leased

property under capital leases 3-20 years

Infrastructure in public way; Roads,

signals, lights and bridges 20-50 years Water and sewer lines 13-100 years

Construction in Progress is not depreciated until the asset is placed into service

Bond Issuance Costs and Amortization

Amortization of bond issue costs and bond premiums or discounts are computed on the effective interest or straight-line method over the life of the related bonds. When the straight-line method is used, it approximates the effective interest method.

Property taxes

Ad valorem (based on value) property taxes constitute a major source of General Fund revenue. Taxes are levied through the passage of an ordinance in June of each year. The levy is applicable to only one year. All taxable property is required to be assessed and taxed at a uniform and equal rate on the basis of its fair market value. The State Tax Commission is required to assess certain statutorily specified types of property including public utilities and mining property. The county assessor is required to assess all other taxable property, and both entities are required to assess the respective types of property as of January 1, the assessment date. The County is then required to complete the tax rolls by May 15. By July 21, the county treasurer is to mail assessed value and tax notices to property owners. Then a taxpayer may petition the county board of equalization between August 1 and August 15 for a revision of the assessed value. Approved changes in assessed value are made by the county auditor by November 1 and on this same date the auditor is to deliver the completed assessment rolls to the county treasurer. Tax notices are mailed with a due date of November 30, and delinquent taxes are subject to a penalty. Unless the delinquent taxes and penalties are paid before January 15, a lien is attached to the property, and the amount of taxes and penalties bear interest from January 1 until paid. If after five years delinquent taxes have not been paid, the County sells the property at a tax sale. Tax collections are remitted to the City from the County on a monthly basis. With the July 1, 2000 adoption of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (SGAS) No. 33, more fully described below, The City changed its accounting for property taxes.

June 30, 2004

SGAS No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, defines a nonexchange transaction as one in which "a government either gives value to another party without directly receiving equal value in exchange or receives value from another party without directly giving equal value in exchange." For property taxes, at January 1 of each year (the assessment date), The City has the legal right to collect the taxes, and in accordance with the provisions of the new statement, has now recorded a receivable and a corresponding deferred revenue for the assessed amount of those property taxes as of January 1, 2004.

<u>Interfund transactions</u>

In the normal course of its operations, the City has various transactions between funds. Various City funds provide a number of services such as administrative, fleet maintenance, and information processing to certain other City funds. Charges are treated as revenues in the fund providing the service and as operating expenses in the fund receiving the service (see note 9). Transfers are recognized as transfers in and out, respectively, by the funds receiving and providing the transfer. Short-term payables are shown as advances to/from other funds.

Long-term liabilities

Long-term liabilities that will be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the governmental activities portion of the government-wide statements, while those of proprietary funds are accounted for in their respective funds.

Use of Fund Balance

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available to use for expenditure appropriation, The City's policy is to use restricted fund balance first.

Net Assets

The City's net assets are classified as follows: (1) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, which consists of the total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding debt obligations related to those assets. To the extent debt has been incurred, but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.; (2) Restricted for capital projects are amounts that are restricted by debt covenants to be expended for capital assets; (3) Restricted for debt service consists of that portion of net assets that is restricted by debt covenants for debt service; (4) Unrestricted net assets consist of everything else that does not meet the criteria above.

Land and buildings held for resale

The cost of land and buildings held for resale in the Housing Loans Fund (special revenue fund), and Redevelopment Agency (enterprise fund), are capitalized until the related property is subsequently sold. Land and buildings held for resale are carried at the lower of cost, market, or committed sales price. Costs of buildings and improvements that management determines are not recoverable are expensed. Gains and losses on dispositions of land and buildings held for resale are included in the operating statement.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the management of the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimate use also requires the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

June 30, 2004

Total columns

The total columns shown on the accompanying fund financial statements are mathematical totals only and do not eliminate inter-fund transactions or include other entries required to present consolidated financial statements. The government-wide financial statements do, however, eliminate most inter-fund transactions and the double counting of revenues and expenses. They are therefore much closer to the consolidated financial statements presented in private sector accounting.

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City maintains a cash pool and an investment pool that are available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of these pools is included in the combined balance sheet as "Cash and cash equivalents" and "Investments". Also included are investments separately held by several of the City's funds.

It is the policy of Salt Lake City Corporation to invest public funds in accordance with the principles of sound treasury management and in compliance with state and local laws, regulations, and other policies governing the investment of public funds, specifically, according to the terms and conditions of the Utah State Money Management Act of 1974 and Rules of the State Money Management Council as currently amended (the "Act"), and the City's own written investment policy.

Broker/dealers and agents who desire to become certified dealers must be certified by the Director of Securities Division of the State of Utah's Department of Commerce and meet the requirements of the Utah Money Management Council. (Rule 16 of the Act.) Only qualified depositories as certified by Utah's Commissioner of Financial Institutions are eligible to receive and hold deposits of public funds. (Rule 12 of the Act.) The Utah Money Management Council quarterly issues a list of certified dealers, and a list of qualified depositories authorized by state statute to conduct transactions with public treasurers. Transactions involving authorized deposits or investments of public funds may be conducted only through Issuers of securities authorized by Section 51-7-11(3), qualified depositories included in the current state list, or certified dealers included in the current state list. All securities purchased from a certified dealer are required to be delivered to the custody of the City Treasurer or to the City's safekeeping bank.

The City may place public money in investments/deposits authorized by the Money Management Act (U.C.A. 51-7-11). The Treasurer shall ensure that all purchases and sales of securities are settled within 15 days of the trade date. In general these investments can be any of the following subject to restrictions specified in the Act: (1) Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and most Government-Sponsored Agencies; (2) Commercial paper; (3) Bankers Acceptances; (4) Publicly traded fixed rate corporate obligations; (5) Certain variable rate securities and deposits; (6) Deposits with the State Public Treasurer's Investment Pool; (7) Certain fixed rate negotiable deposits with a qualified depository or through a certified dealer; (8) Qualifying repurchase agreements; (9) Open-end managed money market mutual funds; (10) Utah State Treasurer's Investment Pool; (11) Investments with deferred compensation plan administrators.

The City did not enter into any reverse repurchase agreements during the year ended June 30, 2004.

City policy provides that not more than 25% of total City funds or 25% of the qualified depository's allotment, whichever is less, can be invested in any one qualified depository. Not more than 20% of total City funds may be invested in any one certified out-of-state depository institution. However, there shall be no limitation placed on the amount invested with the Utah State Treasurer's Investment Pool (State Treasurer's Pool) and other money market mutual funds, provided that the overall standards of investments achieve the City's policy objectives.

The City's deposits are categorized in the following table to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at year-end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 are deposits which are uninsured and uncollateralized.

	Category							Bank	Carrying		
	1		2 3			Balance	Amount				
Primary Government - Bank accounts	\$ 329,	306	\$	775,364	\$	-	\$	1,104,670	\$	696,418	
Component units- Bank accounts	\$ 47,	952	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,952	\$	(57,901)	

<u>Investments</u> - The City Treasurer may take physical delivery of securities or may use a qualified depository bank for safekeeping securities. An account with a money center bank may be maintained for the purpose of settling investment transactions, safekeeping and collecting those investments. A safekeeping receipt issued by a qualified depository supports repurchase agreements with qualified depositories; otherwise, the securities are held in the custody of the City Treasurer or the City's safekeeping bank or trust company. Deposit receipts issued by the State Treasurer's Office support investments in the State Treasurer's Pool. All funds pledged or otherwise dedicated to the payment of interest and principal of bonds issued by the City are invested in accordance with the terms and borrowing instruments applicable to such bonds. City policy also provides that the remaining term to maturity of an investment may not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested. The investment of City funds cannot be of a speculative nature.

The City's investments are categorized in the following table to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counter party's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counter party, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

	Category								Fair		
	1		2		3		Cost		Value		
Primary government:											
U.S. government securities	\$	-	\$ 1	4,475,899	\$	-	\$	13,351,287	\$	14,475,899	
Guaranteed investment contract		-		1,395,000				1,395,000		1,395,000	
Repurchase agreements		-		7,947,043		-		7,947,043		7,947,043	
	\$	-	\$ 2	3,817,942	\$	-	:	22,693,330		23,817,942	
Money market mutual funds								65,720,465		65,720,465	
Investment in State Treasurer's Pool							320,845,427		320,875,747		
Total investments, primary governments	ent						\$ 4	09,259,222	\$ 4	10,414,154	
Component units:											
Commercial paper	\$	-	\$	5,265	\$	-	\$	5,265	\$	5,265	
Repurchase agreements		-		750,490		-		750,490		750,490	
	\$	-	\$	755,755	\$	-	:	755,755	•	755,755	
Leader of Control Tours and Deal								2 002 022		2 002 022	
Investment in State Treasurer's Pool								2,883,932		2,883,932	
Total investments, component units							\$	3,639,687	\$	3,639,687	

The degree of risk associated with the investments held by the State Treasurer's Pool depends on the underlying portfolio. Therefore, these amounts are not categorized according to risk. The money market mutual funds shown above as investments are not subject to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation coverage. The City has elected to report essentially all investments at fair value.

A summary of restricted and unrestricted cash, cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2004 is as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Units		
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 296,148,473	\$	693,964	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	111,721,585		7,179	
Unrestricted investments	2,207,592		2,882,018	
Restricted investments	1,132,490			
Total	\$ 411,210,140	\$	3,583,161	
Deposits	\$ 696,418	\$	(57,901)	
Investments	410,414,154		3,639,687	
Cash on hand	99,568		1,375	
Total	\$ 411,210,140	\$	3,583,161	

Included in both deposits and investments are cash equivalents with an original maturity of ninety days or less. For statement of cash flows and balance sheet purposes, only those items with maturities of ninety days or less when purchased are considered cash and cash equivalents. The balance sheet amount for unrestricted cash and cash equivalents has been reduced by a total \$635,295 in pooled cash overdraft. The funds with cash overdrafts were Community Development Operating special revenue fund (\$19,243) and Information Management Services internal service fund (\$616,052).

3. Loans Receivable

The Housing Loans Fund (a special revenue fund) provides loans to residents for improvements in existing housing within designated project areas. Some loans are payable in monthly installments, others are due on sale or transfer of ownership of the related property, and other loan payments are deferred. These loans have interest rates ranging from 0% to 7% and are collateralized by property or a letter of credit. Housing loans receivable as of June 30, 2004 were \$27.073.720, net of \$40.726 estimated as uncollectible.

The Grants Operating Fund (a special revenue fund) provides loans for commercial construction. The loans receivable at June 30, 2004 were \$10,681,834 net of an allowance for uncollectible loans of \$4,000,000. Most of these loans are payable in monthly or quarterly installments. One loan has no payment due until the related housing project realizes an operating profit, though interest continues to accrue. These loans have interest rates ranging from 0% to 8.5% and are collateralized by trust deeds on property with the City as a second mortgage holder or by equipment and other assets.

The Redevelopment Agency (RDA - an enterprise fund) provides housing loans to homeowners and construction loans to contractors within a designated area of the City. These loans total \$22,090,996 at June 30, 2004, are payable in monthly installments, bear interest from 0% to 7.0% and are collateralized by property, letters of credit or restricted cash accounts.

4. Restricted Assets

The bond resolutions require all bond proceeds and revenue earned on bond proceeds to be restricted to the payment of bond construction projects specified within the resolutions, the payment of bond principal and interest, and the renewal and replacement of specified property and equipment. Certain Water Utility certificates of deposit are also restricted for consumer deposits and for contributions for reservoir and supply line construction.

Restricted assets in the Department of Airports (an enterprise fund) are restricted under the revenue bond resolution for the purpose of paying bond principal and interest and for construction of specific Airport facilities.

Also, certain assets are restricted for operating and maintenance costs, and for renewal and replacement of property and equipment.

Restricted assets in the Redevelopment Agency (an enterprise fund) are restricted by provision of bond resolutions.

Restricted assets in the Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture special revenue fund are restricted while awaiting the adjudication of Police Department asset seizures related to criminal cases.

Restricted assets in the Housing Loans Fund (a special revenue fund) are restricted for use in accordance with grant or financing provisions.

Restricted assets in the Capital Projects Fund are restricted debt proceeds to be used for capital construction.

Restricted assets in the Water, Sewer and Storm Water Utilities (enterprise funds) are restricted by bond resolution or contractual agreement for debt service.

Restricted assets in the Refuse Collection enterprise fund are assets held by a trustee and are restricted for the purchase of capital equipment funded by debt proceeds.

Restricted assets in the Other Improvement debt service funds are restricted for debt service.

5. Capital Assets

The following two tables summarize the changes in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities during the year ended June 30, 2004:

Primary Government	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:					 		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 160,610		\$	4,399,609	\$ (380)	\$	165,009,373
Construction in progress	16,405			7,135,352	 (4,866,713)		18,674,415
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	177,015	,920		11,534,961	 (4,867,093)		183,683,788
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings	176,086	,604		29,737,603	(22,449)		205,801,758
Improvements other than buildings	55,519	,682		3,570,374	(29,354,102)		29,735,954
Machinery and equipment	65,770	,126		6,728,700	(4,160,300)		68,338,526
Infrastructure	198,079	,283		23,137,170	 (5,782,973)		215,433,480
Total capital assets being depreciated	495,455	,695		63,173,847	(39,319,824)		519,309,718
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	26,444	,489		4,981,308	(18,159)		31,407,638
Improvements other than buildings	11,437	,147		1,057,026	(29,476)		12,464,697
Machinery and equipment	41,715	,534		7,509,649	(4,268,068)		44,957,115
Infrastructure	89,503	,375		6,461,383	 (5,782,972)		90,181,786
Total accumulated depreciation	169,100	,545		20,009,366	(10,098,675)		179,011,236
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	326,355	,150		43,164,481	 (29,221,149)		340,298,482
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 503,371	,070	\$	54,699,442	\$ (34,088,242)	\$	523,982,270
Business-type activities	Beginning						Ending
	Balance			Increases	Decreases		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 79,146	,163	\$	5,076,606	\$ (6,749)		84,216,020
Construction in progress	45,539	,690		36,528,882	(7,986,209)		74,082,363
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	124,685	,853		41,605,488	 (7,992,958)		158,298,383
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings	392,493	,081		2,248,685	(546,788)		394,194,978
Improvements other than buildings	892,512			41,850,688	(2,550,038)		931,813,472
Machinery and equipment	116,116	,443		11,509,057	(3,139,536)		124,485,964
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,401,122	,346		55,608,430	(6,236,362)		1,450,494,414
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	147,256	440		13,428,260	(322,723)		160,361,977
Improvements other than buildings	297,123			39,919,937	(2,516,749)		334,526,876
Machinery and equipment	79,568			10,240,134	(13,867,257)		75,941,255
Total accumulated depreciation	523,948			63,588,331	(16,706,729)		570,830,108
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	877,173	,840		(7,979,901)	 10,470,367		879,664,306
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,001,859	,693	\$	33,625,587	\$ 2,477,409	\$	1,037,962,689

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2004 for governmental and business type activities is shown in the table on the following page.

5. Capital Assets - Continued

		Depreciation Expense
Governmental activities:		
City Council	\$	8,810
Mayor		2,350
City Attorney		13,964
Management Services		3,180,873
Fire		348,876
Police		1,374,093
Community and Economic Development		56,694
Public Services		1,324,820
Infrastructructure Depreciation		6,461,379
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are		
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets		7,237,507
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	20,009,366
Business-type activities:	-	
Water	\$	5,225,620
Airport Authority		38,777,110
Redevelopment Agency		1,731,556
Other activities		6,752,999
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	52,487,285

Capital asset information for the City's component unit, the Salt Lake City Library shows as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated -				mercuses		ocreuses		Duluite
Land	\$ 5	90,554	\$	<u> </u>			\$	590,554
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings	9,9	00,067		445,600		(2,218,379)		8,127,288
Improvements other than buildings	3	17,116		-		-		317,116
Machinery and equipment	18,5	82,443		1,332,538		(1,224,461)		18,690,520
Total capital assets being depreciated	28,7	99,626		1,778,138		(3,442,840)		27,134,924
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	3,9	47,991		365,184		(2,079,431)		2,233,744
Improvements other than buildings	2	04,330		23,036		-		227,366
Machinery and equipment	6,4	90,474		3,201,013		(1,224,461)		8,467,026
Total accumulated depreciation	10,6	42,795		3,589,233		(3,303,892)		10,928,136
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	18,1	56,831		(1,811,095)		(138,948)		16,206,788
Component unit capital assets, net	\$ 18,7	47,385	\$	(1,811,095)	\$	(138,948)	\$	16,797,342

6. Long-term obligations

Changes in long-term obligations

Revenue bonds and other long-term liabilities directly related to and intended to be paid from proprietary funds are included in the accounts of such funds. All other long-term obligations of the City are accounted

June 30, 2004

for in the Governmental Activities of the government-wide statements. The following table summarizes changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2004.

	Amount of Original Issue		Balance June 30,			Balance June 30,	Due Within
Long Term Debt	(bonds only)		2003	Additions	Retirements	2004	One Year
Governmental Activities							
General obligation bonds	\$ 81,000,000	\$	24,075,000 \$	- \$	2,965,000 \$	21,110,000 \$	3,095,000
General obligation bonds	22,650,000		19,130,000	-	2,020,000	17,110,000	2,135,000
General obligation bonds	48,855,000		48,150,339	-	201,229	47,949,110	150,000
General obligation bonds	11,300,000		-	11,398,956	7,092	11,391,864	370,000
Special improvement bonds	21,453,000		808,000	18,879,000	633,000	19,054,000	825,000
Motor Fuel Excise tax revenue bonds	5,155,000		3,695,000	-	545,000	3,150,000	570,000
General GE Capital Finance Note			1,363,654	-	1,088,160	275,494	275,494
General Long-term compensation liability			14,107,172	5,040,833	4,727,926	14,420,079	1,695,345
Municipal Building Authority - 1993A	29,610,000		17,807,060	-	1,470,049	16,337,011	1,570,000
Municipal Building Authority - 1999A	13,595,000		11,891,832	-	578,638	11,313,194	610,000
Municipal Building Authority - 1999B	24,935,000		24,662,394	-	(15,975) *	24,678,369	-
Municipal Building Authority - 2001	11,855,000		11,727,607	-	220,731	11,506,876	235,000
Loan financing notes			10,549,256	1,449,117	1,017,315	10,981,058	452,767
Internal Service Fund Debt:							
ISF GE Capital Finance Note			6,944,451	3,265,625	3,252,961	6,957,115	3,123,054
ISF Long-term compensation liability			1,292,118	220,155	420,122	1,092,151	98,080
Total Governmental long-term debt		\$	196,203,883 \$	40,253,686 \$	19,131,248 \$	217,326,321 \$	15,204,740
Business-type Activities							
Water 1993 series	\$ 11,110,130	\$	5,541,898 \$	- \$	2,195,028 \$	3,346,870 \$	2,307,400
Water 1994 series	14,000,000		621,759	-	621,759	-	-
Water 1997 Series	24,515,000		22,673,400	-	329,206	22,344,194	1,075,000
Sewer 1993 series	2,389,870		1,174,348	-	449,584	724,764	472,600
Sewer 2004 series	23,525,800		-	25,380,443	38,638	25,341,805	725,800
Storm 2004 Series	7,429,200		-	8,014,877	12,202	8,002,675	229,200
Airport 1993,1993A,1993B,1993C series	115,645,000		69,528,602	-	69,528,602	-	-
Airport 2000A series	19,145,000		18,215,085	-	18,215,085	-	-
Airport 2001 series	19,200,000		18,400,000	-	18,400,000	-	-
Airport 2004A series	35,000,000		-	30,708,493	(47,584) *	30,756,077	1,725,000
Airport 2004B series	26,875,000		-	23,976,769	(130,016) *	24,106,785	1,325,000
Redevelopment Agency 1990 tax increment	24,268,008		13,533,008	-	-	13,533,008	-
Redevelopment Agency 1997A tax increment	16,505,000		9,764,761	-	1,541,658	8,223,103	1,510,000
Redevelopment Agency 1998A tax increment	24,600,000		16,129,019	-	2,405,823	13,723,196	2,485,000
Redevelopment Agency 2002a tax increment	16,190,000		14,048,065	-	2,546,463	11,501,602	2,710,000
Enterprise GE Capital Finance Note			1,893,075	837,681	756,084	1,974,672	777,469
Enterprise Notes Payable			1,152,443	-	212,551	939,892	221,163
Ent. Long-term compensation liability		-	7,843,208	3,467,498	3,584,561	7,726,145	1,068,653
Total Business-type long-term debt		_	200,518,671	92,385,761	120,659,644	172,244,788	16,632,285
Total long-term debt		\$	396,722,554 \$	132,639,447 \$	139,790,892 \$	389,571,109 \$	31,837,025

^{* (}amortization of discount/deferred loss)

(Continued)

6. <u>Long-term obligations – (continued)</u>

	Amount of	Balance			Balance	
	Original Issue	June 30,			June 30,	Due Within
Long Term Debt	(bonds only)	2003	Additions	Retirements	2004	One Year
Component Units						
Lib Long-term compensation liability	-	428,558		96,305	332,253	47,299
Total component unit long-term debt	\$_	428,558 \$		96,305	\$ 332,253 \$	47,299

The annual debt requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, as of June 30, 2004 are listed in the following tables for debt with regularly scheduled payments:

Year	Revenue Bonds								General Obligation Bonds			
Ending	Governmental Activities				Business Activities				Governmental Activities			
June 30	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2005	\$ 2,985,000	\$	3,597,509	\$	14,565,000	\$	5,112,818	\$	5,750,000	\$	5,044,788	
2006	3,140,000		3,443,357		11,877,586		6,095,149		6,045,000		4,700,531	
2007	3,300,000		3,278,188		10,764,482		5,758,509		6,315,000		4,410,081	
2008	3,470,000		3,101,853		10,789,414		5,407,933		6,620,000		4,086,344	
2009	3,650,000		2,917,194		13,789,776		7,853,040		6,875,000		3,770,257	
2010-2014	17,335,000		11,772,580		48,167,942		41,780,875		30,485,000		13,767,938	
2015-2019	22,705,000		6,245,288		41,358,808		11,981,666		31,860,000		5,966,993	
2020-2024	10,955,000		587,172		15,875,000		1,359,393		3,670,000		524,628	
Subtotal	67,540,000		34,943,141		167,188,008		85,349,383		97,620,000		42,271,560	
Less discount and												
deferred loss	554,550		-		5,583,929		-		59,026		-	
Net debt	\$ 66,985,450	\$	34,943,141	\$	161,604,079	\$	85,349,383	\$	97,560,974	\$	42,271,560	

Year		Special Assessment Bonds			Other Debt								
Ending		Government	tal Ac	tivities		Governmental Activities				Business Activities			
June 30	P	rincipal		Interest		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		
2005	\$	825,000	\$	238,463	\$	3,851,315	\$	899,189	\$	998,632	\$	104,465	
2006		861,000		221,873		2,235,050		736,078		806,630		65,003	
2007		836,000		205,235		2,003,344		641,965		640,683		37,050	
2008		843,000		190,282		1,137,698		564,046		468,619		15,559	
2009		770,000		177,725		574,387		517,806		-		-	
2010-2014		4,344,000		711,064		3,124,388		2,047,518		-		-	
2015-2019		4,925,000		444,283		3,633,899		1,007,058		-		-	
2020-2024		5,650,000		153,301		1,586,737		168,598		-		-	
2025-2029		-		-		66,849		5,088		-		-	
Total	\$	19,054,000	\$	2,342,226	\$	18,213,667	\$	6,587,346	\$	2,914,564	\$	222,077	

Swap payments and associated debt

Using rates as of June 30, 2004, debt service requirements of the Adjustable Rate Demand Assessment Bonds (more fully described later in this note) and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, are shown in the table on the following page. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

Variable-Rate Bonds

Year								_	
Ending					In	terest rate			
June 30	F	Principal		Interest		Swaps, Net		Total	
2005	\$	525,000	\$	180,863	\$	497,803	\$	1,203,666	
2006		550,000		175,219		482,269		1,207,488	
2007		600,000		169,312		466,013		1,235,325	
2008		625,000		163,013		448,673		1,236,686	
2009		650,000		156,318		430,249		1,236,567	
2010-2014		3,825,000		669,635		1,684,148		6,178,783	
2015-2019		4,925,000		444,283		-		5,369,283	
2020-2024		5,650,000		153,301		-		5,803,301	
Total	\$ 1	7,350,000	\$ 2	2,111,944	\$ 4	4,009,155	\$	23,471,099	

Compensation Liabilities (Compensated Absences)

Vacation leave, compensatory leave, and the portion of sick leave that will eventually be paid are recognized as liabilities as they are earned. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed for unused accumulated vacation. Employees participating in Plan A are reimbursed for 25% of unused accumulated sick leave upon retirement, while those employees participating in Plan B are reimbursed for 50% of the earned balance of personal leave upon separation or retirement. Upon retirement any unused severance account balance is reimbursed at 100%. The liability for accumulated compensated absences at June 30, 2004 is reported in the individual funds except for the long-term portion relating to the governmental funds, which is recorded in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statements. Compensated absences have traditionally been liquidated by the fund to which the employee's salary is charged.

General Obligation Bonds

On March 1, 2001, The City issued \$22,650,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2001 with a final maturity in fiscal year 2011 and interest rates of 4.00 to 5.50 percent. The bonds were issued to fully pay all 1986 General Obligation bonds, including accrued interest, with maturity dates after June 15, 2001. The balance of the 1991 bonds with maturity dates after June 15, 2001 totaled \$22,935,000 and the bond proceeds, including premium and accrued interest totaled \$23,770,390. The Series 2001 bonds are not subject to call and redemption prior to maturity.

On October 1, 1999, The City issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$81,000,000 at interest rates of 5.00 to 5.75 percent and a final maturity date in fiscal 2019. The bonds were issued to demolish vacant courts and jail complexes, construct a new 200,000 square foot main library building, an adjacent plaza and an underground parking garage, make related improvements on the same block and replace a boiler system that serves current and future buildings on the block and on the block directly east. Part of the proceeds were used to defease a portion of the MBA Series 1993A bonds that were used to improve part of the demolished facilities (see below for a more detailed description of the defeasance). The bonds maturing on or prior to June 15, 2010 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity, while those maturing on or after June 15, 2011 are subject to redemption at the election of the City on June 15, 2010 and on any date thereafter, prior to maturity. The redemption price is equal to 100% of the principal

June 30, 2004

amount plus accrued interest on the bonds redeemed. As noted below a portion of the 1999 bonds were defeased on August 7, 2002. The remaining balance of the defeased bonds at June 30, 2004 was \$45,355,000

On August 7, 2002, The City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002 with a par amount of \$48,855,000, an original issue premium amount of \$5,236,688 and issuance cost of \$312,670, netting to \$53,779,018. The proceeds of this bond were used for: (1) \$3,106,376 for city construction and (2) \$50,672,642 deposited in an irrevocable escrow account with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the affected \$45,355,000 portion of the 1999 bonds. As a result, \$45,355,000 is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the balance sheet. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$5,317,642. This difference, reported as a reduction in bonds payable is charged as interest expense through June 30, 2019 using the effective interest method. The Series 2002 General Obligation Bonds maturing on or prior to June 15, 2017, are not subject to call and redemption prior to maturity. Those maturing on or after June 15, 2018 are subject to redemption at the option of the City on or any date after June 15, 2012. The redemption price is 100% plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

On April 22, 2004, the City issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2004A (Series 2004A) with a par amount of \$11,300,000. The bonds were is sued with a premium of \$98,956 and the City paid \$169,463 in issue costs, resulting in net proceeds of \$11,229,493. The purpose of the bonds is to make improvements at Hogle Zoo and Tracey Aviary. The improvements at the zoo include an expansion of the dephant and rhinoceros exhibit along with the expansion and renovation of the feline building. The Tracey Aviary project consists of the acquisition and construction of an outdoor exhibit that includes yards, an enclosed walk-through flight cage, holding spaces and viewing areas. Bonds maturing on or prior to June 15, 2014 are not subject to call and redemption prior to maturity. Bonds maturing on or after June 15, 2015 are subject to redemption at the option of the City on June 15, 2014 or on any date thereafter, in whole or in part, as selected by the City at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus any accrued interest to the redemption date.

Special Improvement Bonds with Governmental Commitment

Principal and interest on special improvement bonds are paid from special assessment collections. A separate fund, the Special Improvement Debt Service Fund, has been established to contain the receipts derived by the City from the special assessments levied upon the property included in the special improvement districts together with interest on the assessments and if necessary additional funds transferred by the City to the debt service fund. Under the terms of the special improvement bond resolutions and state law, the City has agreed to maintain a special improvement guaranty account for the benefit of the bondholders. This account is to receive a tax levy of .0002, unless the account is equal to or greater than 10% of all outstanding special improvement bonds issued after April 1, 1990. The special improvement guaranty account is \$472,589 at June 30, 2004. The City is legally obligated to transfer funds from the guaranty account if sufficient debt service funds are not available. The City is also committed to assume responsibility for the debt in the event of default. These bonds bear rates between 1.75 and 5.40 percent and have a final maturity in fiscal year 2013.

Special Improvement bonds without Governmental Commitment

On December 3, 2003 the City issued \$17,600,000 in Adjustable Rate Demand Assessment Bonds (Gateway Project), Series 2003. These bonds were issued to finance construction of a roadway with sidewalk, curb and gutter in the Gateway development area and are secured only by assessments levied by the City on the property with the assessment district. The bonds have a final maturity in Fiscal 2024 and initially carry a weekly variable interest rate with a maximum annual rate of 10 percent. The weekly rate is determined by the Remarketing Agent at a rate that will permit the bonds to be remarketed on the first day of the respective interest period at par, plus accrued interest. Any bond in this series can be converted by the City to a fixed rate on any Fixed Rate Conversion Date, which is the Weekly Rate Interest Payment Date. Once converted, the affected bonds will remain at a fixed rate until maturity or redemption. In conjunction with the issuance of these 2003 Bonds, the City entered into an interest rate swap agreement (more fully described in note 1) with a financial institution. For the period of the swap agreement, the City will pay a fixed rate of 3.94 percent on the notional amount (which matches the outstanding bond amount) of the swap.

Motor Fuel Bonds

On December 1, 1999, the City issued \$5,155,000 Motor Fuel Excise Tax Revenue Bonds that bear interest at 4.45 to 5.15 percent and have a final maturity in fiscal year 2009. The 1999 series bonds, which are not subject to redemption, were issued to finance the construction or repair of streets located within the corporate boundaries of Salt Lake City, Utah. The City has pledged motor and special fuel excise taxes (Class C road funds) as collateral for these revenue bonds.

Water and Sewer Utility Bonds and Debt

The bond resolution approved in conjunction with the issuance of the Salt Lake City Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds provides, among other things, that certain funds be established and that certain accounting procedures be followed. Under the terms of the resolution, the City irrevocably pledged the net revenues of the Water and Sewer Utilities to the payment of the bonds and covenanted that rates will be established to yield net revenues, as defined, equal to at least 1.25 times the debt service to become due in the next fiscal year.

The Series 1993 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds' (rates from 2.90 to 5.70 percent and final maturity in fiscal 2013) principle purpose was to refund a portion of the Series 1986 Bonds in the amount of \$9,635,000, maturing on or after February 1, 2001 through February 1, 2005, with an average interest rate of 7.5%.

On July 19, 1994, the Utilities issued \$14,000,000 in Water, Sewer, and Storm Water Improvement Revenue Bonds with interest rates from 3.50% to 3.65 percent and a final maturity in fis al 2015. The principle purpose of these bonds is to finance construction of Water Utility capital improvement projects. The bonds were discounted by \$134,399 and incurred bond issue costs of \$235,634 resulting in net proceeds of \$13,629,967. A portion of the 1994 bonds was defeased on November 1, 1997. The defeased amount of \$8,620,000 was outstanding on June 30, 2004.

On November 1, 1997, the Water Utility issued \$24,515,000 in Revenue Bonds. The principal purpose of the Series 1997 bonds was to defease a portion of the 1991 and 1994 Series Bonds and to finance the acquisition of certain improvements to the water, sewer, and storm water system The bonds have rates from 4.00 to 5.25 percent and a final maturity during fiscal 2017. Net proceeds (net of discount of \$135,465 and payment of bond issue costs of \$267,188) amounted to \$24,112,347. As noted above, \$8,620,000 of the 1994 bonds, was defeased through the establishment of an irrevocable trust escrow consisting of cash and noncallable direct obligations of the United States Government.

On February 1, 2004, the Sewer and Stormwater Utilities issued \$30,955,000 in Revenue Bonds. The principle purpose of the Series 2004 bonds is to finance a major upgrade at the Sewer Treatment Plant and a new storm system trunk line. Net proceeds (after payment of bond issue costs of \$381,233) was \$33,344,480, including a \$2,389,480 premium.

Department of Airports Bonds

The bond resolution approved in conjunction with the issuance of the Airport revenue bonds provides, among other things, that certain funds be established and certain accounting procedures be followed. Under the terms of this resolution, the City irrevocably pledged the net revenues of the City airports to the payment of the bonds and covenanted that rates will be established to yield net revenues, as defined, equal to at least 1.25 times the debt service to become due in the next fiscal year.

During the year ended June 30, 1999, the Airport entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a major financial institution in order to reduce the fixed interest rate on the 1990, 1993 and 1993A series bonds. Under this interest rate swap agreement, (Swap Agreement), the Airport agreed to pay a fixed interest rate above the current market rate, but less than the stated rate on the Bonds. As a result, the financial institution made a non-refundable \$4,606,950 payment to the Airport, which was recorded as a deferred gain. The deferred gain was to be amortized over the life of the related bonds using the effective interest method. See below for detail on the redemption or refinancing of the bonds listed in this swap agreement.

June 30, 2004

The 1993 Series Revenue Refunding Bonds with rates of 7.4% to 7.5% were subject to redemption as defined in the Swap Agreement after June 1, 2003, in such order of maturities as shall be directed under the terms of the Swap Agreement at redemption prices equal to the principal amount plus a premium ranging up to 2% of the principal amount. On May 30, 2003, the Airport terminated the Swap Agreement on the 1993 series bond (the "Swap Termination") with a financial institution. Under the Swap Termination, the financial institution agreed to accept a lump sum payment to release the Airport from its fixed-interest rate swap obligation. The Airport made a payment of \$1,847,000 to the financial institution. Because the bonds were redeemed during Fiscal 2004, the remaining deferred loss was charged to interest expense. The Airport also paid a \$218,600 redemption premium.

The 1993A Series Revenue Bonds with rates of 4.15% to 5.65% were subject to redemption as defined in the Swap Agreement after December 1, 2003, in such order of maturities as shall be directed under the terms of the Swap Agreement at redemption prices equal to the principal amount plus a premium ranging up to 2% of the principal amount. The 1993A bonds were redeemed during Fiscal 2004 and the Airport paid a \$648,900 redemption premium.

The 1993B Series Revenue Refunding Bonds with rates of 2.5% to 5.5% were subject to redemption at the election of the City after December 1, 2003, in such order of maturities as shall be directed by the City at redemption prices equal to the principal amount plus a premium ranging up to 2% of the principal amount. The 1993B bonds were refinanced during Fiscal 2004 with the 2004B bonds (see below for more details).

On June 29, 2000, the Airport issued \$19,145,000 in Adjustable Rate Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2000A (Series 2000A Bonds) pursuant to the Swap Agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the Airport will pay a fixed interest rate of 6.63% on the Series 2000A Bonds. The principal purpose of the Series 2000A bonds was to refund all outstanding Series 1990 Revenue Bonds with maturity dates on or after July 1, 2000. The amount subject to refunding was \$18,570,000, with and interest rate of 7.25%. Proceeds were also used to pay certain costs of issuance of the Series 2000A Bonds. In addition, the Airport paid a premium of \$371,400 to redeem the Series 1990 Bonds. The 2000A bonds were refinanced by the 2004A bonds during Fiscal 2004 (see below for more details).

On December 19, 2001, the Airport issued \$19,200,000 in Adjustable Rate Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. The net proceeds, after paying certain issuance costs, were issued to finance the costs of facilities at the Airport for use by SkyWest Airlines. The 2001 bonds were refinanced with the 2004A bonds (see below for more details).

Initially, both issues (2000 and 2001) of bonds bore interest at a weekly rate, but could have born interest at a daily rate, a flexible time period rate between one and 270 days or a long-term rate, which would normally be at least six months. The rates were set by their respective remarketing agent for each bond issue, Goldman Sachs for the 2000 bonds and Salomon Smith Barney Inc. for the 2001 bonds. The rate for both issues had a maximum of 12 percent and will be set as the minimum rate necessary to have been priced under the then prevailing market conditions at their principal amount.

On February 20, 2004, The Airport terminated the Swap Agreement on the 2000A Bond ("the Second Swap Termination") with a financial institution. Under the Second Swap Termination, the financial institution agreed to accept a lump sum payment to release the Airport from its fixed-interest rate swap obligation. As a result, the Airport made a payment of \$4,545,000 to the financial institution, which is included as part of the deferred loss on refunding and defeasance. The deferred loss will be amortized over the life of the Series 2004A Bond, which replaced the Series 2000A Bond.

On February 20, 2004, the Airport issued \$35,000,000 in Adjustable Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A (the Series 2004A Bond) The principal purpose of the Series 2004A Bond was to refund in full the Series 2000A and 2001 bonds. The refunding created a deferred loss of \$1,237,397 due to unamortized issue and discount costs as well as unamortized interest income and expense generated by the terminated interest rate swap arrangement. The deferred loss and the swap income and expense will be amortized using the effective interest rate method over the life of the 2004A Bond. The capitalized issuance costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2004A bonds were \$492,482 and are being amortized over the life of the bond. There was no premium or discount associated with the issuance of the Series 2004A Bond.

June 30, 2004

On February 20, 2004, the Airport issued \$26,875,000 in Adjustable Rate Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004B (the "Series 2004B Bonds"). The principal purpose of the 2004B Bonds was to refund in full the Series 1993B Revenue Refunding Bonds. This refunding created a deferred loss of \$2,763,856 that will be amortized using the effective interest rate method over the life of the 2004B bonds. The capitalized issuance costs associated with the issuance of the 2004B bonds were \$877,453 and are being amortized over the life of the bonds.

Municipal Building Authority Bonds

In June 1993, the Municipal Building Authority issued \$29,610,000 in Lease Revenue Bonds (1993A) at rates from 2.75 to 6.00 percent with a final maturity date in fiscal 2015. Of the total proceeds, \$6,084,376 was used to partially defease the February 1988 and April 1990 issues. The defeased February 1988 bonds had a maturity date of October 15, 2002 and were paid at that time. The defeased April 1990 bonds had a maturity date of October 15, 2000, and were redeemed at that time. The original bonds were issued to purchase streetlights, garbage trucks and cans, telephone equipment, purchase and renovate a building and parking structures, and construct the Steiner Aquatic Center.

A portion (\$410,000) of the 1993A bonds was defeased with part of the proceeds of the \$81,000,000 1999 General Obligation Bonds. One of the purposes for the issuance of the 1993A bonds was to renovate a parking structure. That parking structure was demolished to make way for a new building and therefore necessitated the defeasance of the affected portion of the 1993A bonds.

On July 1, 1999 the Municipal Building Authority issued \$13,595,000 in Lease Revenue and Refunding Bonds (Series 1999A). The Authority issued the bonds to (1) defease and refund all of the \$4,095,000 outstanding Series 1991A bonds, (2) purchase a City office building, the land on which the building is located, and finance improvements to the building, (3) prepay a lease relating to golf course equipment used at a City golf course and (4) pay costs related to the issuance of the 1999A bonds. They have interest rates from 3.75 to 5.40 percent and a final maturity during fiscal year 2020

On November 1, 1999 the Municipal Building Authority issued \$24,935,000 in Lease Revenue Bonds Series 1999B (Series 1999B) at rates from 5.00 to 5.75 and a final maturity during fiscal year 2020. The principal purpose for issuing these bonds is (1) construct and equip an ice arena facility, the Steiner Ice Sheet, (2) add to and improve an existing fire training facility and (3) acquire and improve the land and facilities of a public park.

On July 1, 2001, The Municipal Building Authority issued \$11,855,000 in Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. The proceeds of the bonds, net of a original issue discount in the amount of \$133,107 are being used to: (1) Purchase and renovate a building to be used as the City's Justice Court Complex; (2) Remodel and refurnish an existing building that will be used as a police precinct; and (3) pay certain costs of issuance, fund a reserve, and make initial debt payments. These bonds were issued at rates from 4.00 to 5.20 percent and have a final maturity in fiscal 2021.

Redevelopment Agency Bonds

The master indenture approved in conjunction with the issuance of Tax Increment Revenue Bonds provides, among other things, that certain funds are established and certain accounting procedures be followed. Under the terms of this indenture, the Redevelopment Agency irrevocably pledged the incremental property tax revenues and investment income of the Agency to the payment of the bonds and covenanted that the estimated annual tax increment revenues will be equal to at least 1.25 times the debt service to become due in the next fiscal year.

In December of 1990, the Redevelopment Agency as a participating member, remarketed \$24,268,008 of Utah Municipal Finance Cooperative Local Government Revenue Bonds (Senior Lien Obligation) at rates from 6.10 to 7.35 percent. The bonds were remarketed as \$10,735,000 current interest serial bonds due between March 1, 1994 and March 1, 2005 and \$13,533,008 capital appreciation bonds due March 1, 2006 to March 1, 2015. The bonds are collateralized by and will be repaid with incremental property taxes received by the Redevelopment Agency. The serial bonds are subject to redemption on interest dates beginning March 1, 2001 in inverse order of maturity at 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to redemption. On June 3, 2002, the outstanding balance of the serial bonds was fully refunded. The capital appreciation bonds have imputed interest as there is no payment of interest on any of the maturities until March 1, 2006. The amount accreted in Fiscal 2004 was \$2,474,598.

June 30, 2004

On August 1, 1997, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$16,505,000 of Neighborhood Redevelopment Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1997A with interest rates of 4.15 to 5.5 percent and a final maturity during fiscal year 2008. The net proceeds along with available reserve funds from the Series 89A Tax Increment bonds were used to fully pay the outstanding \$17,625,000 balance of the Series 89A Tax Increment bonds.

On March 1, 1998, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$24,600,000 of Neighborhood Redevelopment Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 1998A with interest rates of 3.8 to 4.65 and final maturity during fiscal year 2008. The Series 1998A Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing all or a portion of the costs of improvements related to the implementation of light rail service to downtown Salt Lake City, street lighting, plaza improvements, and other related costs in the Redevelopment Project Area.

On April 1, 2002 the Redevelopment Agency issued \$16,190,000 principal amount Central Business District Neighborhood Redevelopment Junior Lien Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002A at rates of 3.75 to 5.25 percent and a final maturity during fiscal year 2015. The agency received net proceeds of \$16,513,371, including accrued interest, original issue premium and issuance costs. The bonds were issued solely to fully refund the serial portion of the series 1990 bonds and fully refund the remaining outstanding balance of the series 1992 bonds.

Other

The various financing notes payable bear interest at 2.74 to 8.27 percent. Tax anticipation notes totaling \$21,000,000 were issued and repaid during fiscal 2004.

7. Reserved Fund Equity

Amounts reserved for restricted assets represent that portion of fund balance or net assets that is legally restricted for the payment of debt service, operations and maintenance, renewal and replacement of property and equipment.

Amounts reserved for encumbrances represent that portion of fund balance that has been segregated pending vendor performance on purchase commitments or contracts outstanding at June 30, 2004.

Amounts reserved for guarantee of special improvement bonds represent that portion of fund balance restricted by state law to guarantee the payment of special improvement bond principal and interest.

Amounts reserved for the retirement of debt represent that portion of fund balance restricted by bond agreements for the payment of debt service requirements.

Amounts reserved for loans receivable represent the unpaid portion of the loan principal that is not related to offsetting obligations.

Amounts reserved for land and buildings held for resale represent the acquisition costs of real property purchased with the intent of reselling rather than holding for use as a capital asset.

8. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets, Expenditures and Other Uses that Exceed Appropriations in Individual Funds

Expenditures in the E911 special revenue fund exceeded budget by \$43,885. Needed purchases of replacement equipment was higher than anticipated.

Expenses (including transfers out) in the Fleet Management internal service fund exceeded budget by \$2,370,730. A large percentage (55%) of the vehicle purchases were financed under a master agreement with a financial institution. Those acquisitions did not initially flow through the City's financial system and were not charged as a budgetary item until after the fiscal year closed.

June 30, 2004

Transfers out exceeded budget in the following funds by the following amounts, The CDBG Operating (\$412,372), Grants Operating (\$377,762), Donations (\$54,181) special revenue funds, Water Utility (\$22,698), Sewer Utility (\$17,600), Storm Water Utility (\$311), Refuse (\$49) Golf (\$46) enterprise funds, Information Management Services (\$471) and Risk Management (\$5,834) internal services funds. These over budget conditions arose because of misclassifications in the budget between expenditures and transfers out.

9. General Fund Interfund Service Charges

The General Fund charges certain proprietary and special revenue funds, the Capital Projects Fund and the Library component unit for various services. These transactions have been recorded as revenue and expenses or expenditures to the funds as if they involved organizations external to the City, which are generally eliminated for the government wide statements. The amounts of the charges to those funds for the year ended June 30, 2004, are as shown on the following table:

	General Fund charges for:								
		Fire	Police	Engineering					
	Administrative	protection	protection	and other					
	services	services	services	services	Total				
Enterprise funds:									
Intermodal Hub	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,297	\$ 89,297				
Water Utility	602,565	-	-	-	602,565				
Sewer Utility	134,745	-	-	-	134,745				
Storm Water Utility	35,318	-	-	-	35,318				
Airport	1,150,280	3,302,434	97,000	-	4,549,714				
Refuse Collection	136,405	-	-	107,179	243,584				
Golf	135,870	-	-	174,303	310,173				
Redevelopment Agency	125,140	-	-	17,513	142,653				
Internal service funds:									
Fleet Management	136,243	-	-	97,040	233,283				
Information Management	111,553	-	-	-	111,553				
Municipal Building Auth.	-	-	-	11,958	11,958				
Governmental Immunity	48,267	-	-	-	48,267				
Risk Management	335,808	-	-	-	335,808				
Special revenue funds									
CDBG Operating Fund	-	-	-	9,143	9,143				
Grants Operating Fund	-	-	-	5,159	5,159				
E 911 Dispatch	7,957	-	-	-	7,957				
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	1,235,801	1,235,801				
Subtotal, primary									
government	2,960,151	3,302,434	97,000	1,747,393	8,106,978				
Component unit -									
Library				51,158	51,158				
Total reporting entity	\$ 2,960,151	\$ 3,302,434	\$ 97,000	\$ 1,798,551	\$ 8,158,136				

10. Transfers

Transfers were made to and from several funds during the course of the year ended June 30, 2004. The principal reason for operating transfers is to provide the receiving fund resources to carry out the activities for which the receiving fund was created. The more significant examples are transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund, to Fleet Management for the purchase of governmental fund vehicles, and to Governmental Immunity to pay general liability claims. Also, transfers from the Capital Projects Fund to Debt Service Funds provide resources to make scheduled principal and interest payments. The following tables show the detail of transfers.

		Transfers in to:	
		Capital	Housing
	General	Projects	Loans
Transfers out from:			
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 21,846,751	\$ -
Capital Projects	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	570,883	-
Water	-	-	-
Airport	-	-	-
Redevelopment	-	-	-
Nonmajor Governmental	1,484,541	50,000	739,045
Nonmajor Proprietary	-	-	-
Internal Service			
	\$ 1,484,541	\$ 22,467,634	\$ 739,045
		Transfers in to:	
	Nonmaior	Internal	
	Nonmajor		T-4-1
T	Governmental	Service	Total
<u>Transfers out from:</u> General Fund	\$ 450,344	\$ 6.128.356	¢ 20 425 451
	'	, -,	\$ 28,425,451
Capital Projects	10,636,616	3,488,814	14,125,430
Housing Loans	833,901	22.600	1,404,784
Water	-	22,698	22,698
Airport	-	39,910	39,910
Redevelopment	-	3,890	3,890
Nonmajor Governmental	4,181	258,500	2,536,267
Nonmajor Proprietary	-	30,380	30,380
Internal Service		21,628	21,628
	\$ 11.925.042	\$ 9,994,176	\$ 46.610.438

11. Risk Management

The City is self-insured for general liability claims, except for liability incurred at the Airport. The Airport liability policy has a limit of \$500,000,000 with no deductible. The Governmental Immunity Fund (an internal service fund) has been established to pay liability claims other than those at the Airport along with certain City Attorney expenses. The City has an all risk property insurance policy that has a limit of \$500,000,000 with a \$100,000 deductible. The Policy includes: (1) earthquake coverage of \$100,000,000 at the airport and \$50,000,000 at other locations, (2) \$100,000,000 in flood coverage for facilities that are located outside the standard report zone, (3) boiler and machine coverage to policy limit with a \$25,000 deductible, (4) fine art coverage of \$10,000,000 with a \$25,000 deductible. The City is self insured for property loss above the limits and below the deductibles. The Treasurer is covered under a \$10,000,000 bond with no deductible.

The City also has: (1) public employee dishonesty insurance (an employee blanket bond) with a \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence and a \$50,000 deductible (2) a forgery or alteration policy with a \$25,000 limit and a deductible of \$250 and (3) a theft, disappearance and destruction policy with a limit of \$25,000 and a \$250 deductible. The City also has excess workers' compensation insurance with statutory limits and a \$1,500,000 self-insured retention. The City is self insured for loss above the limits and below the deductibles. The operating departments of the General Fund or proprietary funds assume financial responsibility for risk retained by the City for property damage. Further, the City is self-insured for employee long-term disability, unemployment and \$1,500,000 retention for workers' compensation. The Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund) has been established to pay these claims along

with health insurance premiums and certain administrative expenses. During the past three fiscal years, there have been no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage.

Changes in the estimated claims payable liability carried in the accrued liabilities of the Risk Management Fund since July 1, 2002 shows in the table below:

A liability is recorded for any claims or judgments when information available prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Incurred but not reported events, if any, are included in the statements

	Beginning of fiscal year liability	Current year claims and changes in estimates	Claim payments	Balance at fiscal year end
2002-2003				
Long term disability	\$ 1,012,000	\$ 286,619	\$ (320,619)	\$ 978,000
Workers' compensation	2,168,000	1,170,027	(1,026,027)	2,312,000
Unemployment compensation	17,859	318,411	(313,270)	23,000
	\$ 3,197,859	\$ 1,775,057	\$ (1,659,916)	\$ 3,313,000
2003-2004				
Long term disability	\$ 978,000	\$ 548,404	\$ (502,828)	\$ 1,023,576
Workers' compensation	2,312,000	640,404	(1,187,404)	1,765,000
Unemployment compensation	23,000	284,029	(251,587)	55,442
	\$ 3,313,000	\$ 1,472,837	\$ (1,941,819)	\$ 2,844,018

12. Pension Plans

<u>Identification</u> - The City participates in three cost-sharing multiple-employer public retirement systems (PERS) and one multiple-employer agent PERS. These are defined benefit retirement plans covering public employees of the State of Utah and employees of participating local governmental entities. The systems are administered under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the governor of Utah.

Plan provisions - City police officers are covered by the Public Safety Contributory and Noncontributory System (Public Safety System), the one multiple employer-agent system. Firefighters are covered by the Firemen's System and substantially all other permanent City employees are covered by either the Contributory System or the Noncontributory System. The Noncontributory System was implemented in 1986 as a result of legislation by the State of Utah. The Noncontributory System is mandatory for all new full time employees other than police and firefighters. Current employees were given the opportunity to remain with their present retirement plan or to convert membership to the new Noncontributory system that provides a benefit formula using a three-year rather than a five-year average salary. Other legislation enhanced death benefits for public employees, removed time limitations on re-deposits in the Firemen's System, amended the laws on disability within the Public Safety System, and tightened the laws governing refunds. The systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1951 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board). The systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System, and Firefighters Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772. A brief summary of eligibility and benefits is presented on the next page.

June 30, 2004

			Public Safety Contributory						
	Contributory	Noncontributory	and Noncontributory and						
	System	System	Firefighters' Systems						
Highest average salary	Highest 5 years	Highest 3 years	Highest 3 years						
Years of service	30 years any age	30 years any age	20 years any age						
required and/or age	20 years age 60 - 61	25 years any age	10 years age 60						
eligible for benefit									
	10 years age 62 - 64	20 years age 60 - 61	4 years age 65						
	4 years age 65	10 years age 62 - 64							
		4 years age 65							
Benefit percent	1.15% per year to June 196	7	2.5% per year up to 20 years						
per year of	1.25% per year July 1967 to	June 1975	2.0% per year over 20 years						
service	2.00% per year July 1975 to	2.00% per year July 1975 to present							
		Beginning July 1, 1990 all new re	etirees						
	in the Noncontributory system								
		are paid 2% per year.							

<u>Cost sharing multiple employer funding policy</u> - The contribution rates, which are actuarially determined at June 30, 2004 are:

	Employee	
	contributions	City's
	paid by City	contribution
	(100% vested)	(vested upon retirement)
Contributory	6.00 %	5.61 %
Noncontributory	-	9.62 %
Firefighters' System	7.83 %	- %

The contributions for the current fiscal year and for that of the two previous fiscal years were equal to the required contributions and are presented on the following page:

System	June 30, 2004	 June 30, 2003	 June 30, 2002
Local Government Contributory System:			
Employer paid for employee contributions	\$ 551,763	\$ 565,935	\$ 618,058
Employer contributions	515,894	441,422	431,600
Local Government Noncontributory System	7,220,681	6,277,380	6,264,424
Firefighters' system:			
Employer paid for employee contributions	1,389,061	1,324,652	1,465,489

<u>Salt Lake City Public Safety Retirement System</u> - The percent of salary contribution rates for the Contributory system were 4.34% (employee contribution), 9.40% (employer for employee), and 17.61% (employer). The rate for the Noncontributory was 30.05%. The rates are the actuarial determined rates, and are authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board. The combined annual pension cost for the City's contributory and noncontributory public safety systems of \$6,082,305 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

June 30, 2004

The required contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2003 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions include: (a) an 8% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases at 4.50% (3.50% from inflation, 1.00% from membership growth), and (c) 2.50% cost of living adjustment. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 3.50%. The actuarial value of the Salt Lake City Public Safety Retirement System assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the fair value of investments over a 5-year period. The Salt Lake City Public Safety Retirement System unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over 30 years from January 1990 (16 years from January 1, 2004) and is a closed period. Amortization payments are designed to remain level as a percent of payroll.

Trend information and the Schedule of Funding progress over a three-year period for the Salt Lake City Public Safety Retirement System are presented as follows:

	Year ending	Annual Pension Percentage APC Cost (APC) contributed		Net pension obligation	_	
•	June 30, 2004 June 30, 2003 June 30, 2002	\$ 6,082,30 5,484,00 5,987,62	01	100% 100% 100%	\$ - - -	
Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) entry age	Unfunded		Covered payroll	UAAL as a % of covered payroll
December 31, 2003 January 1, 2003 January 1, 2002	\$ 138,148,000 129,690,000 135,031,000	\$ 177,287,000 168,084,000 158,626,000	\$ 39,139,00 38,394,00 23,595,00	00 77%	\$ 20,380,000 19,305,000 18,579,000	192% 199% 127%

<u>Historical trend information</u> - Historical trend information for the past 10 years is available in a separately issued financial report issued by the Utah Retirement Systems. These statistical trends provide information about progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

13. Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides health care and life insurance benefits for retired City employees. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. Although not statutorily required nor contractually obligated, the City has for many years provided health and life insurance coverage for retired employees. These benefits are expensed when incurred and are financed on a pay as you go basis. There were 601 participants that received benefits during the year ended June 30, 2004.

Depending on the plan, the retired employee contributes 51% to 74% of the cost of the insurance premiums and the City contributes 26% to 49%. Employees can prepay their contribution for a portion of the time or have amounts withheld from their retirement checks by the state retirement system and sent to the City. Any prepaid contribution is recorded as deferred revenue in the Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund). The cost of retiree health care and life insurance benefits for the year ended June 30, 2004 was approximately \$3,216,000, of which the City's expense was \$895,000.

The City also provides health, dental and employee assistance benefits to terminated employees under the federal Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). Substantially all employees are eligible for

June 30, 2004

these benefits upon termination of employment with the City. Depending upon the qualifying event, former employees are eligible for either 18 or 36 months of benefits under this act. The premiums for this coverage plus a 2% administrative charge are paid 100% by the former employee.

14. Deferred Compensation Plans

457 Deferred Compensation Plan - The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employees are eligible to voluntarily participate from the date of employment and are vested immediately upon participating. The City is not obligated and does not contribute to the Plan. The City's total payroll was \$132,116,282 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Employees contributed \$2,154,193 to the plan during the fiscal year. All amounts were transferred to the state or administering insurance companies by the due dates.

The 457 deferred monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. The 457 resources for which the City has custody and performs all administrative duties, including investment activities, under the Plan are accounted for in a fiduciary fund. Amounts held by entities other than the City do not appear in these financial statements.

401(k) Deferred Compensation Plan - The City also sponsors a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) for City employees covered by any of the state retirement plans. The Utah State Retirement Board administers this Plan. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 was \$132,116,282. Of that amount, payroll of \$122,234,443 was eligible to participate in this Plan. The City participates at a rate of 2.65% or 1.45% of base payroll only for those current employees who changed from the contributory state retirement plan to the noncontributory retirement plan. The 2.65% applies to current employees who changed at the first opportunity in 1986 and the 1.45% applies to current employees who changed at the second opportunity in 1990. The rate of City participation was established and can be changed by City Council action. During the year ended June 30, 2004, employees contributed \$2,780,793 and the City contributed \$512,037. All contributions were made by the due dates. The 401(k) deferred compensation monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. Therefore, no assets or liabilities of the 401(k) deferred compensation plan are reflected in these financial statements.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments for major construction, capital improvement and other projects at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

Capital Projects Fund	\$ 4,898,000
Enterprise funds	 94,362,000
Total	\$ 99,260,000

The City is lessee under a number of operating lease agreements, one of which is noncancelable, involving land, buildings and equipment. Rent expense during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 approximated \$1,568,000 of which \$1,014,000 was related to proprietary funds. The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under non-cancellable operating leases as of June 30, 2004:

	General			
	Fund			
2005	\$	41,926		
2006		41,926		
2007		41,926		
2008		41,926		
2009		41,926		
2010-2014		209,630		
2015-2019		209,630		
2020-2024	209,630			
2025-2029		209,630		
2030-2034		209,630		
Thereafter	1,635,114			
Total	\$	2,892,894		

There are sundry claims or lawsuits that have been filed against the City or its employees involving tort and civil rights matters. The City has evaluated those claims and based upon the advice of counsel, has recorded an estimated claims payable liability in the Governmental Immunity Fund (an internal service fund) to cover any expected losses.

Changes in the reported liability carried in the Governmental Immunity Fund since July 1, 2002 resulted in the changes shown in the following table:

	Beginning of fiscal year liability	Current year claims and changes in estimates	Claim payments	Balance at fiscal year end
2002-2003	2,036,242	906,652	(721,035)	2,221,859
2004-2004	2,221,859	438,900	(635,759)	2,025,000

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various Federal Agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement that may arise as the result of audits of grant funds is not believed to be material.

16. Segment information

The two enterprise funds that contain debt funded by operating revenues and are not major proprietary funds are the Sewer Utility and Stormwater Utility funds. The key financial data for the year ended June 30, 2004 for the two funds are on the following page.

	Sewer Utility	Stormwater Utility
Operating revenue	\$ 14,624,905	\$ 5,247,375
Operating expenses:		
Depreciation and amortization	3,598,833	1,640,895
Other	8,367,288	2,672,777
Total operating expenses	11,966,121	4,313,672
Operating income	\$ 2,658,784	\$ 933,703
Net transfers out	\$ (17,600)	\$ (17.600)
- 100 -	+ (,)	+ (,)
Net asset increase	5,141,548	2,228,143
Grants and contributions	2,416,532	1,274,984
Total assets	151,059,686	87,091,056
Long term liabilities	25,393,514	7,924,091
Net Assets	119,403,163	78,015,205
Acquisitions of property		
and equipment	10,910,996	2,673,311
Disposal proceeds of		
property and equipment	3,373	-
Net working capital	6,684,842	5,287,085

Condensed statements of cash flows for the segments of enterprise funds are as follows:

	Sewer <u>Utility</u>	Stormwater Utility
Cash flows from:	•	-
Operating activities	\$ 6,915,276	\$ 3,233,011
Non-capital and related		
financing activities	4,207,061	1,641,814
Capital and related		
financing activities	16,114,718	6,507,401
Investing activities	155,583	142,155
Net increase in cash		
and cash equivalents	27,392,638	11,524,381
Cash and cash equivalents-begin	16,599,654	10,480,888
Cash and cash equivalents-end	\$ 43,992,292	\$22,005,269

17. Related Party Transactions

During the year ended June 30, 2004, the Water Utility Fund (an enterprise fund) paid \$7,478,362 for water purchased from the Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake City and Sandy, which is a related entity of the City.

18. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The \$671,105 due from other funds for other than cash overdraft in the non-major governmental special revenue Grants fund consists of amounts due from the Housing Loans Fund, a major governmental fund. The borrowed funds were used to purchase houses for the First Time Home Buyers Program and will be repaid when the

June 30, 2004

houses are sold to qualifying residents.

19. Joint Venture

The City is a member of a joint venture known as the City/County landfill in which the City and Salt Lake County (through its Municipal Affairs Fund and the remainder of the County) each have fifty percent interest. The joint venture was created to provide solid waste management and disposal services. The City's equity in the net resources of the landfill at June 30, 2004, was \$25,554,372. This equity interest is shown in the City's Refuse Collection Fund (an enterprise fund).

The interlocal cooperation agreement created the joint venture and established the Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Council (the Council). The Council consists of five members: one of the County Commissioners, the Mayor of the City, an elected official designated by the Salt Lake County Council of Governments, a member of the Salt Lake City/County Board of Health and one member with technical expertise in solid waste disposal. The Council's responsibilities are to: (1) appoint or remove, as needed, a landfill manager who reports to the Council; (2) plan, establish and approve all construction projects for solid waste operations; and (3) prepare an annual operating budget that includes expenditures and the means of financing them.

All actions by the Council are recommendations to the City Council and the County Commission, which have equal power to review, ratify, modify, or veto any action submitted by the Council.

The Council has developed a master plan designed to comply with environmental standards established by the federal government and to meet accounting and financial reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs. In compliance with this standard, the Council has established user fees sufficient to cover all operating costs, including postclosure costs that have been mandated by the federal government. For the year ended June 30, 2004, the City paid the landfill approximately \$1,657,000 in user fees. Separately compiled financial statements for the City/County landfill may be obtained from Salt Lake County Public Works, 2001 S. State, Room N3300, Salt Lake City, Utah 84190.

20. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to June 30, 2004 the following commitments for major projects were made:

General Fund	\$ 20,000
Special revenue funds	296,000
Capital Projects Fund	4,375,000
Proprietary funds	10,657,000
Total	\$ 15,348,000

The following events occurred subsequent to June 30, 2004:

The City issued \$25,000,000 of tax anticipation notes maturing June 30, 2005. These notes bear interest at 3.00%.

On September 2, 2004, the City issued \$17,300,000 in Adjustable Rate Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 (Series 2004 Bonds). These bonds were issued to refinance all of the Municipal Building Authority's Series 1993A Lease Revenue Bonds and to pay the costs incurred in connection with the issuance and sale of the Series 2004 Bonds

This page intentionally left blank

Required Supplementary Information

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

General	

	Actual (GAAP basis)	Adjustment to budgetary basis (Note to RSI 1)	Actual on budgetary basis (non-GAAP)	Budgete Original Budget	d Amounts Final Budget	Variance
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 63,243,320	\$ -	\$ 63,243,320	\$ 61,434,547	\$ 61,434,548	\$ 1,808,772
Sales, use and excise taxes	39,583,618	-	39,583,618	40,104,446	40,104,446	(520,828)
Franchise taxes	21,532,492	-	21,532,492	21,758,139	21,758,135	(225,643)
Licenses	5,539,637	-	5,539,637	5,398,000	5,398,001	141,636
Permits	4,052,493	-	4,052,493	3,627,001	3,939,560	112,933
Fines and forfeitures	5,525,401	-	5,525,401	5,471,514	5,471,516	53,885
Interest	1,327,124	-	1,327,124	1,900,000	1,900,000	(572,876)
Intergovernmental	4,254,847	-	4,254,847	4,028,084	4,028,082	226,765
Interfund service charges	8,158,136	-	8,158,136	8,008,582	8,008,584	149,552
Parking meter	1,196,843	-	1,196,843	1,503,000	1,502,999	(306,156)
Parking ticket	3,913,024	-	3,913,024	3,500,000	3,599,999	313,025
Charges for services	3,653,699	-	3,653,699	3,358,575	3,358,581	295,118
Contributions	89,638	-	89,638	111,000	111,000	(21,362)
Miscellaneous	476,019	-	476,019	488,254	488,255	(12,236)
Total revenues	162,546,291	-	162,546,291	160,691,142	161,103,706	1,442,585
Expenditures: Current:						
City Council	1,328,064	500,278	1,828,342	1,580,051	1,842,262	13,920
Mayor	1,414,374	8,271	1,422,645	1,343,022	1,450,368	27,723
City Attorney	2,757,278	11,454	2,768,732	2,813,768	2,820,208	51,476
Management Services	8,902,320	134,429	9,036,749	8,840,374	9,037,676	927
Fire	27,526,476	(486,538)	27,039,938	26,947,801	27,062,489	22,551
Police	43,321,171	(106,705)	43,214,466	43,189,399	43,284,039	69,573
Community and Economic						
Development	8,324,187	291,071	8,615,258	8,489,630	8,751,637	136,379
Public Services	33,633,592	274,508	33,908,100	33,984,834	34,177,885	269,785
Nondepartmental	10,508,625	63,775	10,572,400	10,511,613	10,572,533	133
Total expenditures	137,716,087	690,543	138,406,630	137,700,492	138,999,097	592,467
Revenues over (under) expenditures	24,830,204	(690,543)	24,139,661	22,990,650	22,104,609	2,035,052
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of property	418,166	_	418,166	317,452	317,445	100,721
Transfers in	1,484,541	_	1,484,541	1,451,089	1,451,089	33,452
Transfers out	(28,425,451)	_	(28,425,451)	(27,386,589)	(28,425,633)	182
Total other financing sources (uses):	(26,522,744)	-	(26,522,744)	(25,618,048)	(26,657,099)	134,355
Revenues and other sources under	/4 *0 5 * · · · ·	/ e o o · e / = :	(2.202.0==	/a /am a	// === /:	2.440.477
expenditures and other uses	(1,692,540)	(690,543)	(2,383,083)	(2,627,398)	(4,552,490)	2,169,407
Fund balance July 1, 2003	23,106,981	441,877	23,548,858	23,548,858	23,548,858	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated						
in current year		1,093,738	1,093,738	1,093,738	1,093,738	
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 21,414,441	\$ 845,072	\$ 22,259,513	\$ 22,015,198	\$ 20,090,106	\$ 2,169,407

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING FUND

Year ended June 30, 2004

Housing Fund

		Budgeted Amounts						
		Actual	- 6		Final Budget			
	((GAAP basis)					Variance	
Revenues:								
Interest	\$	887,955	\$	694,000	\$	694,000	\$	193,955
Intergovernmental		575,453		-		3,072,564		(2,497,111)
Charges for services		19,391		-		-		19,391
Miscellaneous		831,098		-		-		831,098
Total revenues		2,313,897		694,000		3,766,564		(1,452,667)
Expenditures:								
Community and Economic								
Development		1,129,029		1,478,724		4,453,904		3,324,875
Debt Service: Interest		654,509		694,000		694,000		39,491
Total expenditures		1,783,538		2,172,724		5,147,904		3,364,366
Revenues over (under) expenditures		530,359		(1,478,724)		(1,381,340)		1,911,699
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of property		-		845,000		845,000		(845,000)
Transfers in		739,045		633,724		638,803		100,242
Transfers out		(1,404,784)		_		(1,911,299)		506,515
Total other financing sources (uses):		(665,739)		1,478,724		(427,496)		(238,243)
Revenues and other sources								
under expenditures and other uses		(135,380)		-		(1,808,836)		1,673,456
Fund balance July 1, 2003		19,425,377		19,425,377		19,425,377		=
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$	19,289,997	\$	19,425,377	\$	17,616,541	\$	1,673,456

Note to Required Supplementary Information

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2004

1. Budgetary-GAAP Reporting Reconciliation

The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed revenues and appropriated fund balance. During the year ended June 30, 2004, General Fund appropriations increased by \$2,338,000. The increases are the results of additional amounts for prior year outstanding encumbrances, and added transfers to the Capital Projects Fund for new projects. The Housing Fund increased appropriations (including transfers out) by \$4,886,000. The increase was split nearly evenly between re-appropriations of prior year projects and recognizing and budgeting program income.

The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual include comparisons of the legally adopted budget (more fully described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements) with actual data on a budgetary basis for the General Fund and proprietary funds that have a budgetary basis that differs from GAAP. Accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The difference in expenditures between GAAP and budgetary basis for the General Fund is reconciled in the following table.

	General Fund Expenditures									
		Actual on reporting basis		Plus umbrances as of e 30, 2004	co	Change in mpensated absences liability	Actual on budgetary basis			
City Council	\$	1,328,064	\$	515,630	\$	(15,352)	\$	1,828,342		
Mayor		1,414,374		7,368		903		1,422,645		
City Attorney		2,757,278		24,224		(12,770)		2,768,732		
Management Services		8,902,320		144,678		(10,249)		9,036,749		
Fire		27,526,476		20,405		(506,943)		27,039,938		
Police		43,321,171		77,508	(184,213)			43,214,466		
Community and										
Economic Development		8,324,187		301,790		(10,719)		8,615,258		
Public Services		33,633,592		287,240		(12,732)		33,908,100		
Nondepartmental		10,508,625		63,775				10,572,400		
Total expenditures		137,716,087		1,442,618	•	(752,075)	-	138,406,630		
Transfers out		28,425,451						28,425,451		
Total	\$	166,141,538	\$	1,442,618	\$	(752,075)	\$	166,832,081		

This page intentionally left blank.

Supplementary Information

This page intentionally left blank.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Arts Council Fund - To account for activities of the Arts Council and the purchase or construction of art in City owned facilities.

Downtown Economic Development Fund - To account for special assessments which are restricted for downtown projects or improvements.

Community Development Operating Fund - To account for monies received by the City as grantee participant in the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program, except for CDBG monies to be used for capital improvements which are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund.

Grants Operating Fund - To account for monies received by the City under the Comprehensive Community Program, Community Oriected Policing Services, Home Program, Emergency Medical Services, Emergency Shelter Grants, Local Law Enforcement Block Grants, Salt Lake Area Gang Projects, Historic Resourse Grants, and other studies and grants.

Street Lighting Fund - To account for the operation of additional street lights, the cost of which is paid by the City and by property owners who benefit from these improvements.

Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture Fund - To account for City mandated demolition, weed abatement activities and certain police forfeiture activities.

Emergency 911 Dispatch Fund - To account for the City's portion of the County-wide emergency dispatch system.

Salt Lake Donation Fund - This fund was established to account for individual private and intergovernmental contributions held in trust by the City for the Tracy Aviary, Late Night Basketball, Bicycle Advisory Committee, Freedom Trail, Indigent Services, and other contributions received to be held for a specific purpose

Special Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for the cost of servicing the debt created by financing the construction of public improvements deemed to benefit the properties against which special assessments are levied.

Other Improvements Fund - This fund is used to account for the cost of servicing the debt created by financing projects other than Special Improvements.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2004

<u>ASSETS</u>	 Special Revenue Funds	 Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,692,186	\$ 344,123	\$	21,036,309	
Assessments receivable	2,077,474	1,582,266		3,659,740	
Loans and notes receivable, less allowance					
for doubtful accounts of \$4,000,000	10,681,834	-		10,681,834	
Due from other funds for other than					
cash overdraft	671,105	-		671,105	
Due from other governments	1,416,727	-		1,416,727	
Other receivables	120,961	407,492		528,453	
Restricted assets:	210.070	1.001.515		2 202 402	
Cash and cash equivalents	 310,978	 1,991,515		2,302,493	
Total assets	\$ 35,971,265	\$ 4,325,396	\$	40,296,661	
Liabilities: Due to other funds for cash overdraft Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Other liabilities payable from restricted assets Deferred revenue	\$ 19,243 932,372 58,308 310,978 2,542,670	\$ - 3,179 - 1,989,758	\$	19,243 932,372 61,487 310,978 4,532,428	
Total liabilities	 3,863,571	 1,992,937		5,856,508	
Fund balances:					
Reserved for loans and advances	10,726,399	-		10,726,399	
Reserved for restricted assets	· · · · -	1,991,515		1,991,515	
Unreserved and undesignated	 21,381,295	 340,944		21,722,239	
Total fund balances	 32,107,694	 2,332,459		34,440,153	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 35,971,265	\$ 4,325,396	\$	40,296,661	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2004

	 Special Revenue Funds	 Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues: Sales, use and excise taxes Fines and forfeitures Assessments Interest Intergovernmental Charges for services Contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 1,513,514 218,622 1,032,606 727,948 7,772,263 37,077 5,641,933 487,217	\$ 825,559 162,202 - - - 6,413 994,174	\$	1,513,514 218,622 1,858,165 890,150 7,772,263 37,077 5,641,933 493,630	
Expenditures: Management Services Police Community and Economic Development Public Services Arts Council Services Debt Service: Principal Interest and other fiscal charges	734,092 7,647,785 976,590 840,376	16,402 - - - - - 6,313,000 5,947,511		16,402 734,092 7,647,785 976,590 840,376 6,313,000 5,947,511	
Total expenditures	10,198,843	 12,276,913		22,475,756	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 7,232,337	 (11,282,739)		(4,050,402)	
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from debt issuance Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses):	 1,288,426 (2,536,267) (1,247,841)	 2,014,526 10,636,616 - 12,651,142		2,014,526 11,925,042 (2,536,267) 11,403,301	
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	5,984,496	1,368,403		7,352,899	
Fund balance July 1, 2003	26,123,198	 964,056		27,087,254	
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 32,107,694	\$ 2,332,459	\$	34,440,153	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2004

<u>ASSETS</u>	Arts Council		E	owntown conomic velopment	De	Community evelopment Operating
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	119,834	\$	187,171	\$	-
Assessments receivable		-		1,411,939		-
Loans and notes receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$4,000,000		-		-		-
Due from other funds for other than cash overdraft		-		-		_
Due from other governments		_		-		926,245
Other receivables		118,295		-		-
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		<u> </u>				
Total assets	\$	238,129	\$	1,599,110	\$	926,245
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Due to other funds for cash overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,243
Accounts payable		5,169		175,000		107,004
Accrued liabilities		53,298		-		-
Other liabilities payable from						
restricted assets		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		35,449		1,411,939		
Total liabilities		93,916		1,586,939		126,247
Fund balances:						
Reserved for loans and advances		44,565		-		_
Unreserved and undesignated		99,648		12,171		799,998
Total fund balances		144,213		12,171		799,998
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	238,129	\$	1,599,110	\$	926,245

Grants Operating	Street Lighting	Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture	Emergency 911 Dispatch	Salt Lake City Donations Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Total
\$ 8,999,896 -	\$ 2,445,100 202,252	\$ 1,018,234	\$ 2,343,512 463,283	\$ 5,578,439	\$ 20,692,186 2,077,474
10,681,834	-	-	-	-	10,681,834
671,105 490,482	- - -	- - 2,666	- - -	- - -	671,105 1,416,727 120,961
		310,978			310,978
\$ 20,843,317	\$ 2,647,352	\$ 1,331,878	\$ 2,806,795	\$ 5,578,439	\$ 35,971,265
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	19,243
517,654 870	15,397	17,804 1,925	83,244	11,100 2,215	932,372 58,308
870	-	1,923	-	2,213	36,306
-	-	310,978	-	-	310,978
893,030	202,252				2,542,670
1,411,554	217,649	330,707	83,244	13,315	3,863,571
10,681,834	-	-	-	-	10,726,399
8,749,929	2,429,703	1,001,171	2,723,551	5,565,124	21,381,295
19,431,763	2,429,703	1,001,171	2,723,551	5,565,124	32,107,694
\$ 20,843,317	\$ 2,647,352	\$ 1,331,878	\$ 2,806,795	\$ 5,578,439	\$ 35,971,265

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2004

	(Arts Council	Ec	wntown onomic elopment	Community Development Operating		
Revenues: Sales, use and excise taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Fines and forteitures	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	
Assessments Interest		2,600		667,719 133		-	
Interest Intergovernmental		2,000		-		2,911,710	
Charges for services		-		-		-	
Contributions Miscellaneous		848,314		<u>-</u>		- -	
Total revenues		850,914		667,852		2,911,710	
Expenditures: Police Community and Economic Development Public Services Arts Council Services		- - - 840,376		- 667,881 - -		2,918,748 - -	
Total expenditures		840,376		667,881		2,918,748	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		10,538		(29)		(7,038)	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out		- -		- -		833,901 (811,255)	
Total other financing sources (uses):						22,646	
Revenues and other sources over							
(under) expenditures and other uses		10,538		(29)		15,608	
Fund balance July 1, 2003		133,675		12,200		784,390	
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$	144,213	\$	12,171	\$	799,998	

Grants Operating		Street Lighting		Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture		Emergency 911 Dispatch		Salt Lake City Donation Fund		Nonmajor Special Revenue Total	
\$	- -	\$	- - 354,138		- 18,622 10,749	\$ 1,513,514	\$	-	\$	1,513,514 218,622 1,032,606	
	502,490 4,860,553		61,099		13,704	39,423		108,499		727,948 7,772,263	
	- - 444,576		- - -		35,926	 - - -		1,151 4,793,619 42,641		37,077 5,641,933 487,217	
	5,807,619	07,619 415,237		415,237 279,001		 1,552,937		4,945,910		17,431,180	
	_		_		_	734,092		_		734,092	
	3,939,756		413,142	1	21,400	 		563,448		7,647,785 976,590 840,376	
	3,939,756		413,142	1	21,400	 734,092		563,448		10,198,843	
	1,867,863		2,095	1	57,601	 818,845		4,382,462		7,232,337	
	23,545 (378,195)		125,856	2	26,070	 (1,292,636)		79,054 (54,181)		1,288,426 (2,536,267)	
	(354,650)		125,856	2	26,070	 (1,292,636)		24,873		(1,247,841)	
	1,513,213		127,951	3	83,671	(473,791)		4,407,335		5,984,496	
	17,918,550		2,301,752	6	17,500	3,197,342		1,157,789		26,123,198	
\$	19,431,763	\$	2,429,703	\$ 1,0	01,171	\$ 2,723,551	\$	5,565,124	\$	32,107,694	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ARTS COUNCIL

		Budgeted	nts			
	Actual AAP basis)	 Original Fin		Final	nal Variance	
Revenues:						
Interest	\$ 2,600	\$ 4,500		3,225	\$	(625)
Contributions	848,314	762,400		865,116		(16,802)
Total revenues	850,914	766,900		868,341		(17,427)
Expenditures: Arts Council	840,376	802,305		850,239		9,863
Total expenditures	 840,376	 802,305		850,239		9,863
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 10,538	 (35,405)		18,102		(7,564)
Fund balance July 1, 2003	 133,675	 133,675		133,675		
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 144,213	\$ 98,270	\$	151,777	\$	(7,564)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Year ended June 30, 2004

			Budgeted	unts			
		Actual AP basis)	 Original	Final			Variance
Revenues: Assessments Interest	\$	667,719 133	\$ 583,428	\$	966,760	\$	(299,041) 133
Total revenues		667,852	 583,428		966,760		(298,908)
Expenditures: Community and Economic							
Development	-	667,881	 670,660		1,053,992		386,111
Total expenditures		667,881	670,660		1,053,992		386,111
Revenues under expenditures		(29)	 (87,232)		(87,232)	-	87,203
Revenues and other sources under expenditures and other uses		(29)	(87,232)		(87,232)		87,203
Fund balance July 1, 2003		12,200	 12,200		12,200		
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$	12,171	\$ (75,032)	\$	(75,032)	\$	87,203

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OPERATING FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgeted	Amounts	
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,911,710	\$ 3,116,826	\$ 5,389,562	\$ (2,477,852)
Total revenues	2,911,710	3,116,826	5,389,562	(2,477,852)
Expenditures: Community and Economic				
Development	2,918,748	3,116,826	6,794,347	3,875,599
Total expenditures	2,918,748	3,116,826	6,794,347	3,875,599
Revenues under expenditures	(7,038)		(1,404,785)	1,397,747
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	833,901 (811,255)	<u>-</u>	1,803,668 (398,883)	(969,767) (412,372)
Total other financing sources:	22,646		1,404,785	(1,382,139)
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	15,608	-	-	15,608
Fund balance July 1, 2003	784,390	784,390	784,390	-
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 799,998	\$ 784,390	\$ 784,390	\$ 15,608

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GRANTS OPERATING FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

		Amounts		
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:				
Interest	502,490	-	30,000	472,490
Intergovernmental	4,860,553	2,032,859	12,739,715	(7,879,162)
Contributions	=	-	41,000	(41,000)
Miscellaneous	444,576		-	444,576
Total revenues	5,807,619	2,032,859	12,810,715	(7,003,096)
Expenditures:				
Community and Economic				
Development	3,939,756	2,032,859	23,506,995	19,567,239
Total expenditures	3,939,756	2,032,859	23,506,995	19,567,239
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,867,863		(10,696,280)	12,564,143
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	23,545	-	23,545	-
Transfers out	(378,195)		(433)	(377,762)
Total other financing sources (uses):	(354,650)		23,112	(377,762)
Revenues and other sources over				
(under) expenditures and other uses	1,513,213	-	(10,673,168)	12,186,381
Fund balance July 1, 2003	17,918,550	17,918,550	17,918,550	
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 19,431,763	\$ 17,918,550	\$ 7,245,382	\$ 12,186,381

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET LIGHTING

		Amounts		
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	<u>Final</u>	Variance
Revenues:				
Assessments	354,138	377,472	377,472	(23,334)
Interest	61,099			61,099
Total revenues	415,237	377,472	377,472	37,765
Expenditures:				
Public Services	413,142	1,384,000	1,384,000	970,858
Total expenditures	413,142	1,384,000	1,384,000	970,858
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,095	(1,006,528)	(1,006,528)	1,008,623
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	125,856	125,856	125,856	
Total other financing sources:	125,856	125,856	125,856	
Revenues and other sources over				
(under) expenditures and other uses	127,951	(880,672)	(880,672)	1,008,623
Fund balance July 1, 2003	2,301,752	2,301,752	2,301,752	
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 2,429,703	\$ 1,421,080	\$ 1,421,080	\$ 1,008,623

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEMOLITION, WEED AND FORFEITURE Year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgeted	Amounts	
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:				
Fines and forfeitures	218,622	70,000	70,000	148,622
Assessments	10,749	-	-	10,749
Interest	13,704	-	-	13,704
Charges for services	35,926	26,500	26,500	9,426
Total revenues	279,001	96,500	96,500	182,501
Expenditures: Community and Economic				
Development	121,400	96,500	1,182,193	1,060,793
Total expenditures	121,400	96,500	1,182,193	1,060,793
Revenues over (under) expenditures	157,601		(1,085,693)	1,243,294
Other financing sources: Transfers in	226,070		199,570	26,500
Total other financing sources:	226,070		199,570	26,500
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other use	383,671	-	(886,123)	1,269,794
Fund balance July 1, 2003	617,500	617,500	617,500	
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 1,001,171	\$ 617,500	\$ (268,623)	\$ 1,269,794

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE EMERGENCY 911 DISPATCH Year ended June 30, 2004

			 Budgeted	nts			
	(G	Actual AAP basis)	 Original		Final	,	Variance
Revenues: Sales, use and excise taxes Franchise taxes	\$	1,513,514	\$ 1,829,000 79,000	\$	1,829,000 79,000	\$ \$	(315,486) (79,000)
Interest		39,423	 60,000		60,000		(20,577)
Total revenues		1,552,937	 1,968,000		1,968,000		(415,063)
Expenditures:		724.002	205 500		<00.20 7		(42.005)
Police		734,092	 395,500		690,207		(43,885)
Total expenditures		734,092	 395,500		690,207		(43,885)
Revenues over expenditures		818,845	 1,572,500		1,277,793		(458,948)
Other financing uses							
Transfers out		(1,292,636)	(1,334,000)		(1,334,000)		41,364
Total other financing uses		(1,292,636)	 (1,334,000)		(1,334,000)		41,364
Revenues and other sources over (und	er)						= ==
expenditures and other uses		(473,791)	238,500		(56,207)		(417,584)
Fund balance July 1, 2003		3,197,342	 3,197,342		3,197,342		
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$	2,723,551	\$ 3,435,842	\$	3,141,135	\$	(417,584)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SALT LAKE CITY DONATION FUND

			 Budgeted	ints			
	(G	Actual AAP basis)	 Original		Final	-	Variance
Revenues:							
Interest	\$	108,499	\$ -	\$	-	\$	108,499
Charges for services		1,151	-		-		1,151
Contributions		4,793,619	-		344,295		4,449,324
Miscellaneous		42,641	 				42,641
Total revenues		4,945,910	 		344,295		4,601,615
Expenditures:							
Public Services		563,448	 		2,159,525		1,596,077
Total expenditures		563,448	 		2,159,525		1,596,077
Revenues over (under) expenditures		4,382,462	-		(1,815,230)		6,197,692
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		79,054	-		-		(79,054)
Transfers out		(54,181)	 <u> </u>		=		(54,181)
Total other financing sources:		24,873	 				(133,235)
Revenues and other sources over (und	ler)						
expenditures and other uses	,	4,407,335	-		(1,815,230)		6,064,457
Fund balance July 1, 2003		1,157,789	 1,157,789		1,157,789		
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$	5,565,124	\$ 1,157,789	\$	(657,441)	\$	6,064,457

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2004

	Debt Service Funds							
<u>ASSETS</u>	Special Improvement			Other rovement		Debt Service Total		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	251,348	\$	92,775	\$	344,123		
Assessments receivable Other receivables Restricted assets:		1,582,266 407,492		-		1,582,266 407,492		
Cash and cash equivalents		1,472,156		519,359		1,991,515		
Total assets	\$	3,713,262	\$	612,134	\$	4,325,396		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accrued liabilities Deformed revenue	\$	3,179	\$	-	\$	3,179		
Deferred revenue Total liabilities		1,989,758 1,992,937				1,989,758 1,992,937		
Fund balances: Reserved for restricted assets		1,472,156		519,359		1,991,515		
Unreserved and undesignated		248,169		92,775		340,944		
Total fund balances		1,720,325		612,134		2,332,459		

Total liabilities and fund balance

\$ 3,713,262

\$

612,134

\$

4,325,396

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2004

	Im	Special provement	Im	Other provement	Debt Service Total		
Revenues: Assessments Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	825,559 154,334 6,413 986,306	\$	7,868 - 7,868	\$	825,559 162,202 6,413 994,174	
Expenditures: Management Services Debt Service: Principal Interest and other fiscal charges		9,457 633,000 987,187		6,945 5,680,000 4,960,324		16,402 6,313,000 5,947,511	
Total expenditures		1,629,644		10,647,269		12,276,913	
Expenditures under revenues		(643,338)		(10,639,401)		(11,282,739)	
Other financing sources: Proceeds from debt issuance Transfers in		2,014,526		10,636,616		2,014,526 10,636,616	
Total other financing sources:		2,014,526		10,636,616		12,651,142	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		1,371,188		(2,785)		1,368,403	
Fund balance July 1, 2003 Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$	349,137 1,720,325	\$	614,919	\$	964,056 2,332,459	
1 und balance June 30, 2004	Ψ	1,140,343	Ψ	014,134	Ψ	4,334,439	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

			Budgeted Amounts					
		Actual						
	(G.	AAP basis)		Original		Final	Variance	
Revenues:								
Assessments	\$	825,559	\$	450,000	\$	1,143,761	\$	(318,202)
Interest		154,334		150,000		181,747		(27,413)
Miscellaneous		6,413						6,413
Total revenues		986,306		600,000		1,325,508		(339,202)
Expenditures:								
Management Services		9,457		60,500		61,991		52,534
Debt service:								
Principal		633,000		241,000		633,000		-
Interest		987,187		35,682		987,225		38
Total expenditures		1,629,644		337,182		1,682,216		52,572
Other financing sources:								
Proceeds from debt issuance		2,014,526				619,526		1,395,000
Other financing sources:		2,014,526				619,526		1,395,000
Revenues over expenditures								
and other uses		1,371,188		262,818		262,818		1,003,226
Fund balance July 1, 2003		349,137		349,137		349,137		
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$	1,720,325	\$	611,955	\$	611,955	\$	1,003,226

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OTHER IMPROVEMENT FUND

			 Budgeted	unts			
		Actual AP basis)	Original		Final	Variance	
Revenues:							
Interest	\$	7,868	\$ 	\$		\$	7,868
Total revenues		7,868	 -		-		7,868
Expenditures:							
Management Services Debt service:		6,945	6,085		7,585		640
Principal		5,680,000	5,680,000		5,680,000		-
Interest		4,960,324	 4,960,675		4,960,675		351
Total expenditures		10,647,269	 10,646,760	-	10,648,260	-	991
Revenues under expenditures	(10,639,401)	(10,646,760)		(10,648,260)		6,877
Other financing sources: Transfers in		10,636,616	10,646,760		10,646,759		(10,143)
					10,010,739		(10,113)
Total other financing sources:		10,636,616	 10,646,760		10,646,759		(10,143)
Revenues and other sources under expenditures and other uses		(2,785)	-		(1,501)		(3,266)
Fund balance July 1, 2003		614,919	 614,919		614,919		
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$	612,134	\$ 614,919	\$	613,418	\$	(3,266)

This page intentionally left blank.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Intermodal Hub Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities related to providing transportation facilities for the light rail, bus system (other than the commuter system), passenger light rail and passenger heavy rail.

Sewer Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities related to providing sewer service to the residents of the City.

Storm Water Utility - This fund is used to account for the activities associated with the collection and disposition of storm water runoff.

Refuse Collection Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations and activities related to garbage collection and disposal.

Golf Fund - This fund is used to account for the operation of golf courses for use by the general public.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2004

<u>ASSETS</u>	 Intermodal Hub	 Sewer Utility
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Unrestricted	\$ 2,744,943	\$ 10,580,422
Receivables:		
Accounts, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$19,088	-	1,612,447
Other	-	131,190
Inventory of supplies	 	 623,792
Total current assets	 2,744,943	 12,947,851
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		 33,411,870
Property and equipment, at cost: Land and water rights	-	4,187,449
Buildings	-	42,359,442
Improvements other than buildings	-	64,203,219
Machinery and equipment	-	27,211,313
Construction in progress	17,089,018	15,459,204
Work in Progress	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	 	 (51,622,179)
Net property and equipment	 17,089,018	 101,798,448
Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$22,545	-	303,741
Investment in joint venture	-	-
Other	 	 2,597,776
Total noncurrent assets	 17,089,018	 138,111,835
Total assets	\$ 19,833,961	\$ 151,059,686

S	torm Water		Refuse				
	Utility		Collection		Golf		Total
\$	5,876,021	\$	4,424,105	\$	1,465,001	\$	25,090,492
Ψ	3,070,021	Ψ	1,121,103	Ψ	1,103,001	Ψ	23,070,172
	557,882		581,665		10,700		2,762,694
	4,942		-		-		136,132
			-		478,558		1,102,350
	6,438,845		5,005,770		1,954,259		29,091,668
	16,129,248		724,440		<u>-</u>		50,265,558
	961,601		-		4,977,109		10,126,159
	4,668,800		-		2,499,935		49,528,177
	80,392,524		-		5,889,054		150,484,797
	2,468,488		8,581,552		4,883,085		43,144,438
	1,605,462		-				34,153,684
	-		80,286		14,252		94,538
	(25,663,502)		(4,174,152)		(6,290,653)		(87,750,486)
	64,433,373		4,487,686		11,972,782		199,781,307
	89,590		_		-		393,331
	- -		25,554,372		-		25,554,372
	-		<u> </u>				2,597,776
	80,652,211		30,766,498		11,972,782		278,592,344
\$	87,091,056	\$	35,772,268	\$	13,927,041	\$	307,684,012

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2004

<u>LIABILITIES</u>	In	ntermodal Hub	 Sewer Utility
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	785,222	\$ 4,324,312
Accrued liabilities		2,368	188,819
Current portion of long-term compensation liability		-	58,598
Current portion of long-term debt:			
Payable from unrestricted assets		-	697,811
Payable from restricted assets		-	500,589
Accrued interest, payable from restricted assets		-	492,880
Current deposits and advance rentals		-	 -
Total current liabilities		787,590	6,263,009
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Deposits, advance rentals and long term accruals		-	103,960
Bonds, mortgages, and notes payable		-	24,868,169
Long-term compensation liability			 421,385
Total noncurrent liabilities			25,393,514
Total liabilities		787,590	 31,656,523
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital asssets, net of related debt		17,089,018	98,235,718
Restricted for debt service		-	10,218,303
Unrestricted		1,957,353	 10,949,142
Total net assets		19,046,371	 119,403,163
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	19,833,961	\$ 151,059,686

S	Storm Water	Refuse		
	Utility	 Collection	 Golf	 Total
\$	709,079	\$ 291,123	\$ 195,459	\$ 6,305,195
	49,772	78,283	145,347	464,589
	13,055	21,830	208,628	302,111
	133,700	558,090	440,542	1,830,143
	95,500	-	-	596,089
	150,654	-	-	643,534
	-	 	 149,162	 149,162
	1,151,760	949,326	1,139,138	10,290,823
	39,934	_	_	143,894
	7,773,475	1,197,203	718,729	34,557,576
	110,682	 169,518	 376,665	 1,078,250
	7,924,091	 1,366,721	 1,095,394	 35,779,720
	9,075,851	 2,316,047	 2,234,532	 46,070,543
	63,885,370	2,732,393	10,813,511	192,756,010
	8,518,012	-	-	18,736,315
	5,611,823	 30,723,828	 878,998	 50,121,144
	78,015,205	 33,456,221	 11,692,509	 261,613,469
\$	87,091,056	\$ 35,772,268	\$ 13,927,041	\$ 307,684,012

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Intermodal Hub	Sewer Utility
Operating revenue: Sales and charges for services Rental and other	\$ - 8,400	\$ 14,414,196 210,709
Total operating revenue	8,400	14,624,905
Operating expenses: Personal services Operating and maintenance Charges and services Depreciation and amortization	99,315 870 177,019	5,569,390 905,019 1,892,879 3,598,833
Total operating expenses	277,204	11,966,121
Operating income (loss)	(268,804)	2,658,784
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest income	-	155,584
Interest expense (net of amount capitalized of \$442,749 Equity in joint venture income	- -	(67,145) -
Gain (loss) on disposition of property, equipment and investments	<u>-</u>	(4,607)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		83,832
Capital Contributions Grants and other contributions	3,978,039	2,416,532
Income before transfers and change Transfers out	3,709,235	5,159,148 (17,600)
Net income	3,709,235	5,141,548
Net Assets July 1, 2003	15,337,136	114,261,615
Net Assets June 30, 2004	\$ 19,046,371	\$ 119,403,163

St	torm Water Utility	Refuse Collection	Golf	Total
-	<u> </u>			
\$	5,241,200 6,175	\$ 7,348,365 17,906	\$ 7,541,134 22,243	\$ 34,544,895 265,433
	5,247,375	7,366,271	7,563,377	34,810,328
	1,365,769 70,155 1,236,853 1,640,895	1,769,317 53,094 4,472,572 900,783	3,370,967 1,104,817 2,709,844 639,835	12,174,758 2,133,955 10,489,167 6,780,346
	4,313,672	7,195,766	7,825,463	31,578,226
	933,703	170,505	(262,086)	3,232,102
	142,155	84,960	33,219	415,918
	(129,046) -	(49,860) 579,363	(62,867)	(308,918) 579,363
	7,458	36,535	(5)	39,381
	20,567	650,998	(29,653)	725,744
	1,274,984		3,609,150	11,278,705
	2,229,254 (1,111)	821,503 (2,223)	3,317,411 (9,446)	15,236,551 (30,380)
	2,228,143	819,280	3,307,965	15,206,171
	75,787,062	32,636,941	8,384,544	246,407,298
\$	78,015,205	\$ 33,456,221	\$ 11,692,509	\$ 261,613,469

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPIETARY FUNDS

		ntermodal Hub	Sewer Utility	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	8,400	\$	14,768,277
Payments to suppliers		(176,892)		(2,235,588)
Payments to employees		(102,939)		(5,617,413)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(271,431)		6,915,276
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities				
Payments received on interfund receivables		-		4,224,661
Transfers out				(17,600)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital and related financing activities				4,207,061
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Proceeds from issuance of debt				
(net of discount and issuance costs)		-		25,115,815
Proceeds from sale of equipment		-		3,373
Contributions for aid in construction		3,978,039		1,411,540
Payment on long-term obligations, net of capitalized interest		-		(511,200)
Payments for purchase and construction of fixed assets,				
including capitalized interest		(4,893,062)		(9,906,005)
Other receipts		-		1,195
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(915,023)	-	16,114,718

Storm Water	Refuse		
<u>Utility</u>	Collection	Golf	Total
\$ 5,309,154	\$ 7,468,894	\$ 7,624,802	\$ 35,179,527
(740,972)	(4,503,067)	(4,202,543)	(11,859,062)
(1,335,171)	(1,791,061)	(3,409,803)	(12,256,387)
3,233,011	1,174,766	12,456	11,064,078
1,642,925	-	-	5,867,586
(1,111)	(2,223)	(9,446)	(30,380)
1,641,814	(2,223)	(9,446)	5,837,206
7,898,272	837,681	-	33,851,768
-	36,534	-	39,907
256,870	-	-	5,646,449
-	(594,974)	(491,475)	(1,597,649)
(1,655,197)	(1,043,929)	(42,889)	(17,541,082)
7,456			8,651
6,507,401	(764,688)	(534,364)	20,408,044

-(continued)-

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPIETARY FUNDS

	I	ntermodal Hub	Sewer Utility	
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on investments and loans				155,583
Net cash provided by investing activities				155,583
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,186,454)		27,392,638
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,931,397		16,599,654
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,744,943	\$	43,992,292
Cash and cash equivalent components: Unrestricted Restricted	\$	2,744,943	\$	10,580,422 33,411,870
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,744,943	\$	43,992,292
Cash flows from operating activities - Operating income (loss)	\$	(268,804)	\$	2,658,784
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Increase (decrease) due to changes in: Accounts receivable Other current assets Accounts payable Accrued liabilities affecting operating activities Other liabilities Long-term compensation liability Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	- - - 997 (3,624) - - (2,627) (271,431)	\$	3,598,833 111,732 (85,869) 588,924 42,872 - - 4,256,492 6,915,276
Noncash transactions affecting financial position: Contributions of fixed assets from other entities	\$	-	\$	1,004,991

S	torm Water Utility	(Refuse Collection		Golf	_		Total
	142,155		84,960		33,219			415,917
	,		,			_		
	142,155		84,960		33,219	_		415,917
	11,524,381		492,815		(498,135)			37,725,245
	10,480,888		4,655,730		1,963,136			37,630,805
						_		
\$	22,005,269	\$	5,148,545	\$	1,465,001	=	\$	75,356,050
\$	5,876,021	\$	4,424,105	\$	1,465,001		\$	25,090,492
	16,129,248		724,440		-			50,265,558
						_		
\$	22,005,269	\$	5,148,545	\$	1,465,001	=	\$	75,356,050
\$	933,703	\$	170,505	\$	(262,086)		\$	3,232,102
Ψ	755,705	Ψ	170,303	Ψ	(202,000)	-	Ψ	3,232,102
\$	1,640,895	\$	000 782	\$	620 925		\$	6 790 246
Ф	1,040,693	φ	900,783	Φ	639,835		Ф	6,780,346
	58,005		138,783		(4,965)			303,555
	3,773		-		7,362			(74,734)
	628,229		22,599		(395,244)			845,505
	(31,594)		2,629		46,202			56,485
	-		(36,160)		66,390			30,230
			(24,373)		(85,038)	_		(109,411)
	2,299,308		1,004,261		274,542	_		7,831,976
\$	3,233,011	\$	1,174,766	\$	12,456	=	\$	11,064,078
\$	1,018,114	\$	-	\$	3,609,150		\$	5,632,255

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE INTERMODAL HUB FUND

			Budgetary	Basis	
	Actual on GAAP	Actual on budgetary	Budgeted		
	basis	basis	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues and other sources:					
Grants and other contributions	3,978,039	\$ 3,978,039	\$ 5,951,765	\$ 5,951,765	\$ (1,973,726)
Debt Proceeds	-	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	(2,500,000)
Donations	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	(1,500,000)
Other	8,400	8,400	8,400	8,400	
Total revenues and other sources	3,986,439	3,986,439	9,960,165	9,960,165	(5,973,726)
Expenses and other uses:					
Personal services	99,315	99,315	-	-	(99,315)
Operating and Maintenance	870	870	11,000	11,000	10,130
Charges and services	177,019	177,019	1,794,691	1,794,691	1,617,672
Total expenses before capital outlay	277,204	277,204	1,805,691	1,805,691	1,528,487
Capital outlay - Construction					
and purchase of property		11,278,141	12,000,000	12,000,000	721,859
Total expenses and other uses	277,204	11,555,345	13,805,691	13,805,691	2,250,346
Change in net assets	\$ 3,709,235	\$ (7,568,906)	\$ (3,845,526)	\$(3,845,526)	\$ (3,723,380)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEWER UTILITY FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted	Amounts			
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Operating revenue - sales and charges							
for current services	\$ 14,624,905	\$ 14,624,905	\$ 15,995,160	\$ 15,995,160	\$ (1,370,255)		
Equipment disposition proceeds	-	4,568	10,000	10,000	(5,432)		
Loss on sale of assets	(4,607)	· -	-	-	-		
Interest income	155,584	155,584	450,000	450,000	(294,416)		
Impact fees	487,310	487,310	600,000	600,000	(112,690)		
Bond proceeds	-	25,115,815	25,000,000	25,000,000	115,815		
Contributions and non-operating grants	1,929,222	1,929,222	500,000	500,000	1,429,222		
Total revenues and other sources	17,192,414	42,317,404	42,555,160	42,555,160	(237,756)		
Expenses and other uses:							
Personal services	5,573,895	5,573,895	5,675,520	5,675,520	101,625		
Accrued compensated absences	(4,505)	3,373,693	3,073,320	3,073,320	101,023		
Operating and maintenance	905,019	905,019	1,320,352	1,320,352	415,333		
Charges and services	1,892,879	1,892,879	2,603,828	2,603,828	710,949		
	3,598,833	1,892,879	2,003,828	2,003,828	/10,949		
Depreciation and amortization Transfers out	17,600	17,600			(17,600)		
Expenses before debt service							
and capital outlay	11,983,721	8,389,393	9,599,700	9,599,700	1,210,307		
Debt service:							
Principal	-	449,651	695,000	695,000	245,349		
Interest	473,473	473,473	2,085,000	2,085,000	1,611,527		
Capitalized interest	(406,328)	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay:							
Land	-	-	-	-	-		
Buildings	-	6,549,173	29,667,000	34,417,000	27,867,827		
Improvements other than buildings	-	4,014,127	4,126,500	5,240,244	1,226,117		
Equipment		291,804	959,500	959,500	667,696		
Total expenses and other uses	12,050,866	20,167,621	47,132,700	52,996,444	32,828,823		
Change in net assets	\$ 5,141,548	\$ 22,149,783	\$ (4,577,540)	\$ (10,441,284)	\$ 32,591,067		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STORM WATER UTILITY FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgetary Basis				
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted Amounts			
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance	
Revenues and other sources:						
Operating revenue - sales and charges						
for current services	\$ 5,247,375	\$ 5,247,375	\$ 5,388,151	\$ 5,388,151	\$ (140,776)	
Gain on sale of assets	7,458	-	-	-	-	
Equipment disposition proceeds	· -	7,456	16,000	16,000	(8,544)	
Interest income	142,155	142,155	270,000	270,000	(127,845)	
Bond proceeds	-	7,898,272	8,000,000	8,000,000	(101,728)	
Impact fees	200,655	200,655	250,000	250,000	(49,345)	
Contributions and nonoperating grants	1,074,329	1,074,329	700,000	700,000	374,329	
Total revenues and other sources	6,671,972	14,570,242	14,624,151	14,624,151	(53,909)	
Expenses and other uses:						
Personal services	1,403,960	1,403,960	1,480,151	1,480,151	76,191	
Accrued compensated absences	(38,191)	-	-	-	-	
Operating and maintenance	70,155	70,155	119,650	119,650	49,495	
Charges and services	1,236,853	1,236,853	1,350,016	1,350,016	113,163	
Depreciation and amortization	1,640,895	-	· -	-	-	
Transfers out	1,111	1,111	800	800	(311)	
Expenses before debt service and capital outlay	4,314,783	2,712,079	2,950,617	2,950,617	238,538	
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	200,000	200,000	200,000	
Interest	165,467	165,467	600,000	600,000	434,533	
Capitalized interest	(36,421)	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay:						
Buildings	-	206,276	220,000	340,000	133,724	
Improvements other than buildings	-	2,472,530	11,355,000	12,182,000	9,709,470	
Equipment		41,308	140,000	140,000	98,692	
Total expenses and other uses	4,443,829	5,597,660	15,465,617	16,412,617	10,814,957	
Change in net assets	\$ 2,228,143	\$ 8,972,582	\$ (841,466)	\$ (1,788,466)	\$ 10,761,048	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE REFUSE COLLECTION FUND

		Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on	Budgeted Amounts				
		budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Refuse collection fees	\$7,348,365	\$7,348,365	\$ 7,418,778	\$ 7,418,778	\$ (70,413)		
Fixed asset disposition proceeds	-	36,535	151,000	151,000	(114,465)		
Gain on fixed asset disposition	36,535	-	-	-	-		
Rental and other	17,906	17,906	-	-	17,906		
Proceeds from debt	-	837,681	-	-	837,681		
Interest income	84,960	84,960	92,000	92,000	(7,040)		
Equity in joint venture income	579,363				-		
Total revenues and other sources	8,067,129	8,325,447	7,661,778	7,661,778	663,669		
Expenses and other uses:	1 904 074	1 204 074	2.017.027	2.017.097	212.012		
Personal services	1,804,074	1,804,074	2,017,087	2,017,087	213,013		
Accrued compensated absences	(34,757)	53.094	74755	75 202	-		
Operating and maintenance Charges and services	53,094	,	74,755	75,292	22,198		
	4,472,572	4,472,572	4,804,653	4,807,268	334,696		
Depreciation Transfers out	900,783 2,223	2,223	2,174	2,174			
Transfers out	2,223	2,223	2,174	2,174	(49)		
Total expenses before debt service							
and capital outlay	7,197,989	6,331,963	6,898,669	6,901,821	569,858		
Debt service:							
Principal	-	545,114	701,714	701,714	156,600		
Interest	49,860	49,860	85,551	85,551	35,691		
Capital outlay - purchase of equipment		1,043,929	283,919	301,774	(742,155)		
Total expenses and other uses	7,247,849	7,970,866	7,969,853	7,990,860	19,994		
Change in net assets	\$ 819,280	\$ 354,581	\$ (308,075)	\$ (329,082)	\$ 683,663		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GOLF FUND

		Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Admissions and fees	\$ 4,973,586	\$ 4,973,586	\$ 5,482,390	\$ 5,482,390	\$ (508,804)		
Equipment and facility rental	1,807,571	1,807,571	2,034,531	2,034,531	(226,960)		
Retail sales and concessions	778,814	778,814	784,230	784,230	(5,416)		
Interest income	33,219	33,219	41,200	41,200	(7,981)		
Loss on sale of assets	(5)	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	-	386,642	386,642	(386,642)		
Public Donations	3,609,150	3,609,150	-	-	3,609,150		
Other revenue	3,406	3,406			3,406		
Total revenues and other sources	11,205,741	11,205,746	8,728,993	8,728,993	2,476,753		
Expenses and other uses:							
Personal services	3,436,980	3,436,980	3,679,674	3,679,674	242,694		
Accrued compensated absences	(66,013)	-	-	-	-		
Operating and maintenance	1,104,817	1,104,817	1,218,624	1,224,540	119,723		
Charges and services	2,709,844	2,709,844	2,926,038	2,943,485	233,641		
Depreciation	639,835	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out	9,446	9,446	9,400	9,400	(46)		
Total expenses before debt service							
and capital outlay	7,834,909	7,261,087	7,833,736	7,857,099	596,012		
Debt Service:							
Principal	-	428,608	422,792	422,792	(5,816)		
Interest	62,867	62,867	68,724	68,724	5,857		
Capital outlay-purchase of equipment		491,475	399,999	599,020	107,545		
Total expenses and other uses	7,897,776	8,244,037	8,725,251	8,947,635	703,598		
Change in net assets	\$ 3,307,965	\$ 2,961,709	\$ 3,742	\$ (218,642)	\$ 3,180,351		

Major Enterprise Funds and Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE WATER UTILITY FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgetary Basis				
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on budgetary basis	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Variance	
Revenues and other sources:						
Operating revenue - sales and charges						
for current services	\$ 45,146,702	\$ 45,146,702	\$ 43,539,923	\$ 43,539,923	\$ 1,606,779	
Equipment disposition proceeds	-	1,019,647	50,000	50,000	969,647	
Gain on sale of assets	989,778	4,732	-	-	4,732	
Interest income	604,279	604,279	800,000	800,000	(195,721)	
Contributions and nonoperating grants	2,674,140	2,674,140	855,000	855,000	1,819,140	
Impact fees	902,271	902,271	500,000	500,000	402,271	
Total revenues and other sources	50,317,170	50,351,771	45,744,923	45,744,923	4,606,848	
Expenses and other uses:						
Personal services	13,449,590	13,449,590	13,616,812	13,616,812	167,222	
Accrued compensated absences	(72,583)	-	-			
Operating and maintenance	2,004,710	2,004,710	2,394,399	2,394,399	389,689	
Charges and services	13,749,865	13,749,865	16,076,026	16,136,026	2,386,161	
Depreciation and amortization	5,225,620	-		,,	_,,,,,,,,,	
Transfers out	22,698	22,698			(22,698)	
Expenses before debt service						
and capital outlay	34,379,900	29,226,863	32,087,237	32,147,237	2,920,374	
Debt service:						
Principal	_	3,220,351	3,557,028	3,557,028	336,677	
Interest	1,542,269	1,542,269	1,185,676	1,185,676	(356,593)	
Capitalized interest	(74,223)	1,0 .2,20>	-	-	-	
Capital outlay:	(, ,,223)					
Land and water rights	_	445,505	340,000	340,000	(105,505)	
Buildings	_	2,999,960	13,461,000	13,461,000	10,461,040	
Improvements other than buildings	_	10,892,988	8,206,831	9,907,148	(985,840)	
Equipment		1,102,766	1,447,500	1,636,411	533,645	
Total expenses and other uses	35,847,946	49,430,702	60,285,272	62,234,500	12,803,798	
Change in net assets	\$ 14,469,224	\$ 921,069	\$ (14,540,349)	\$ (16,489,577)	\$ 17,410,646	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS Year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgetary Basis				
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted Amounts			
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance	
Revenues and other sources:						
Airfields	\$ 14,949,270	\$ 14,949,270	\$16,696,239	\$16,696,239	\$ (1,746,969)	
Terminals	28,466,432	28,466,432	34,476,119	34,476,119	(6,009,687)	
Landside	28,622,719	28,622,719	24,355,500	24,355,500	4,267,219	
Auxiliary airports	412,564	412,564	370,363	370,363	42,201	
General aviation	1,465,394	1,465,394	1,446,912	1,446,912	18,482	
Support areas	6,227,550	6,227,550	6,088,527	6,088,527	139,023	
Other revenue	1,728,707	1,728,707	1,580,740	1,580,740	147,967	
Gain on equipment disposition	2,013,255	· · · · · -	· · · · -	· · · · -	-	
Equipment disposition proceeds	-	2,579,562	_	_	2,579,562	
Interest income	2,253,612	2,253,612	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,253,612	
Passenger facility charges	34,081,662	34,081,662	109,259,000	113,599,000	(79,517,338)	
Contributions for aid in construction	14,073,292	14,073,292	56,076,700	70,226,700	(56,153,408)	
controlled for the in construction	11,070,272	11,075,272			(00,100,100)	
Total revenues and other sources	134,294,457	134,860,764	251,350,100	269,840,100	(134,979,336)	
Expenses and other uses:						
Personal services	34,754,378	34,754,378	34,004,400	34,023,359	(731,019)	
Accrued compensated absences	98,874	54,754,576	54,004,400	54,025,557	(731,017)	
Capitalized personal services	(2,090,509)		_	_		
Operating and maintenance	6,611,173	6,611,173	6,012,600	6,084,850	(526,323)	
Charges and services	19,725,245	19,725,245	24,400,100	24,308,750	4,583,505	
Depreciation and amortization	38,777,109	19,723,243	24,400,100	24,300,730	4,363,303	
Participating airline rebate	2,164,051	2,164,051	1,164,500	1,164,500	(999,551)	
Transfers out	39,910	39,910	800,000	800,000	760,090	
	39,910	39,910	800,000	800,000	760,090	
Total expenses before debt service						
and capital outlay	100,080,231	63,294,757	66,381,600	66,381,459	3,086,702	
Debt service:						
Principal	_	46,965,000	46,799,200	46,965,000	_	
Interest	12,160,751	12,160,751	9,727,800	9,562,000	(2,598,751)	
Capitalized interest	(153,668)	-	-	-	(2,370,731)	
Capital outlay	(133,000)					
Land	_	1,413,869	4,844,000	4,826,000	3,412,131	
Equipment	_	8,825,247	5,821,200	5,821,200	(3,004,047)	
Construction, including multi-		0,023,217	3,021,200	3,021,200	(5,001,017)	
year projects		38,172,700	117,314,400	135,822,400	97,649,700	
Total expenses and other uses	112,087,314	170,832,324	250,888,200	269,378,059	98,545,735	
Change in net assets	\$ 22,207,143	\$ (35,971,560)	\$ 461,900	\$ 462,041	\$ (36,433,601)	
	. , . ,	. (,,)			. (,,)	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

	_	Budgetary Basis			
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted Amounts		
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues and other sources:					
Operating income - rental and other Property taxes	\$ 1,175,773 22,917,592	\$ 1,175,773 22,917,592	\$ 1,243,976 29,212,167	\$ 1,243,976 22,917,592	\$ (68,203)
Interest income	1,398,868	1,398,868	600,136	925,175	473,693
Property disposition proceeds	-	-	1,018,402	1,018,402	(1,018,402)
Principal received on loans		1,120,823	250,000	450,000	670,823
Total revenues and other sources	25,492,233	26,613,056	32,324,681	26,555,145	57,911
Expenses and other uses:					
Personal services Accrued compensated absences	518,169 (2,390)	518,169	561,050	561,050	42,881
Operating and maintenance	2,716,124	2,716,124	12,192,807	13,626,190	10,910,066
Charges and services	3,630,659	3,630,659	31,549,555	25,035,218	21,404,559
Property tax refund designation	-	-	161,500	211,509	211,509
Loans made to residents and		7.604.207	10 242 222	11 407 220	2 001 021
businesses Depreciation and amortization	1,731,556	7,604,397	10,343,223	11,486,328	3,881,931
Loss on writedown of land/buildings	1,751,550				
held for resale	214,366	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	3,890	3,890	3,890	3,890	
Total expenses before debt service	8,812,374	14,473,239	54,812,025	50,924,185	36,450,946
Debt service:					
Principal Principal	-	6,515,000	10,510,888	10,510,888	3,995,888
Interest and fiscal charges	2,113,929	1,838,138	2,457,325	2,457,325	619,187
Accrued interest on capital appreciation bonds	2,474,598	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay-	2,474,370	_	_	_	_
Land purchases		5,196,914	8,082,197	7,215,634	2,018,720
Total expenses and other uses	13,400,901	28,023,291	75,862,435	71,108,032	43,084,741
Change in net assets	\$ 12,091,332	\$ (1,410,235)	\$ (43,537,754)	\$ (44,552,887)	\$ 43,142,652

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		Budgete	Budgeted Amounts			
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Variance		
Revenues:						
Permits	\$ 407,257	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 407,257		
Assessments	241,692	1,636,000	1,766,000	(1,524,308)		
Interest	190,512	-	195	190,317		
Intergovernmental	7,723,645	3,931,003	6,143,419	1,580,226		
Contributions	-	-	302,000	(302,000)		
Miscellaneous	560,653	<u> </u>	11,300,000	(10,739,347)		
Total revenues	9,123,759	5,567,003	19,511,614	(10,387,855)		
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay	32,858,125	13,449,405	85,727,766	52,869,641		
Total expenditures	32,858,125	13,449,405	85,727,766	52,869,641		
Revenues under expenditures	(23,734,366)	(7,882,402)	(66,216,152)	42,481,786		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from bond issuance	28,263,430	-	15,638,817	12,624,613		
Proceeds from sale of property	143,187	-	-	143,187		
Transfers in	22,467,634	20,816,245	23,235,972	(768,338)		
Transfers out	(14,125,430)	(14,137,003)	(14,137,003)	11,573		
Total other financing sources (uses):	36,748,821	6,679,242	24,737,786	12,011,035		
Revenues and other sources over						
(under) expenditures and other uses	13,014,455	(1,203,160)	(41,478,366)	54,492,821		
Fund balance July 1, 2003	28,863,214	28,863,214	28,863,214	-		
Fund balance June 30, 2004	\$ 41,877,669	\$ 27,660,054	\$ (12,615,152)	\$ 54,492,821		

This page intentionally left blank

Internal Service Funds

Fleet Management Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs of the fleet management system which provides vehicles for use by City departments, and which provides vehicle maintenance on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Information Management Services Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs of providing data processing services to City departments. Costs are recovered by charges to user departments.

Risk Management Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs of providing insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation. It also accounts for costs of the City's property damage insurance.

Governmental Immunity Fund - This fund is used to account for payment of general liability claims against the City.

Municipal Building Authority Fund - This fund is used to account for the acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment. This fund accounts for the bonds which were issued to purchase or construct the property and equipment and also accounts for the retirement of those bonds.

Copy Center Fund - This fund is used to account for centralized photocopying and printing activities.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2004

Current assets: \$ 4,493,855 \$ - Receivables: 219,716 1,637 Other receivables 219,716 1,637 Other receivables 403,370 1,037 Other assets 403,394 55,629 Prepaid expenses 5,116,965 462,636 Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents 149,439 - Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents 149,439 - Property and equipment, at cost: - - Land - - Buildings 5,302 60,411 Improvements other than buildings 5,302 60,411 Improvements other than buildings - - Machinery and equipment 39,871,389 5,234,972 Leased property under capital leases 58,000 - Work in progress 240,859 1,761,381 Accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$753,454 - - Total assets \$ 21,922,699 \$ 2,224,017 LABILITIES AND NET ASSETS S 1,002 <t< th=""><th><u>ASSETS</u></th><th>Fleet Management</th><th>Information Management Services</th></t<>	<u>ASSETS</u>	Fleet Management	Information Management Services
Receivables: \$ 4,493,855 \$ - 6 Other receivables 219,716 1,637 Other assets - 405,370 1 Prepaid expenses - 3 405,370 Inventories of supplies, at cost 5,116,965 462,636 Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents 149,439 - Property and equipment, at cost: - Land 5,302 60,411 60,411 Improvements other than buildings 5,302 60,411 Improvements other than buildings 5,234,972 60,411 Improvements other than buildings 5,234,972 60,411 Improvements other than buildings 5,234,972 60,411 Improvencents other than buildings 1,23,192,597 (3,534,002) Net property and equipment 16,656,295 1,761,381 Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454 5<	Current assets:		
Other receivables 219,716 1,637 Other assets 405,370 Inventories of supplies, at cost 403,394 55,629 Total current assets 5,116,965 462,636 Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents 149,439 - Property and equipment, at cost:		\$ 4,493,855	\$ -
Other assets 405,370 Prepaid expenses Inventories of supplies, at cost 403,394 55,629 Total current assets 5,116,965 462,636 Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents 149,439 - Property and equipment, at cost: 3,302 60,411 Improvements other than buildings 5,302 60,411 Improvements other than buildings 5,800 5,234,972 Leased property under capital leases 58,800 5,800 Work in progress 240,859 - Accumulated depreciation and amortization (23,519,255) (3,534,002) Net property and equipment 16,656,295 1,761,381 Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454 - - Total assets \$21,922,699 \$2,224,017 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities: Due to other funds for cash overdraft \$ - \$616,052 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term			
Prepaid expenses		219,716	1,637
Total current assets		_	405.370
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents 149,439 - Property and equipment, at cost: - - Land - - Buildings 5,302 60,411 Improvements other than buildings 39,871,389 5,234,972 Leased property under capital leases 58,000 - Work in progress 240,859 - Accumulated depreciation and amortization (23,519,255) (3,534,002) Net property and equipment 16,656,295 1,761,381 Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454 - - Total assets \$ 21,922,699 \$ 2,224,017 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS ** ** Current liabilities: ** ** ** ** Due to other funds for cash overdraft \$ - **		403,394	
Property and equipment, at cost: Land	Total current assets	5,116,965	462,636
Description of the property and equipment Part of the property and equipment Pa	Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	149,439	
Buildings 5,302 60,411 Improvements other than buildings - - Machinery and equipment 39,871,388 5,234,972 Leased property under capital leases 58,000 - Work in progress 240,859 - Accumulated depreciation and amortization (23,519,255) (3,534,002) Net property and equipment 16,656,295 1,761,381 Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454 - - Total assets \$ 21,922,699 \$ 2,224,017 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities \$ 5 \$ 616,052 Due to other funds for cash overdraft \$ - \$ 616,052 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities 3,884,622 - Bonds payable - - Notes payable from restricted assets 14,49,439 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			
Improvements other than buildings 39,871,389 5,234,972 Machinery and equipment 58,000 - Work in progress 240,859 - Accumulated depreciation and amortization (23,519,255) (3,534,002) Net property and equipment 16,656,295 1,761,381 Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454 - - Total assets \$ 21,922,699 \$ 2,224,017 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities: \$ 527,484 279,693 Due to other funds for cash overdraft \$ 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 1111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities 3,684,622 - Notes payable - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439		5 202	-
Machinery and equipment 39,871,389 5,234,972 Leased property under capital leases 58,000 - Work in progress 240,859 - Accumulated depreciation and amortization (23,519,255) (3,534,002) Net property and equipment 16,656,295 1,761,381 Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454 - - Total assets \$ 21,922,699 \$ 2,224,017 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS ** \$ 616,052 Current liabilities: ** ** 279,693 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: 3,684,622 - Notes payable 3,684,622 - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligat		5,302	60,411
Leased property under capital leases	Machinery and equipment	39 871 389	5 234 972
Work in progress 240,859 - Accumulated depreciation and amortization (23,519,255) (3,534,002) Net property and equipment 16,656,295 1,761,381 Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454 - - Total assets \$ 21,922,699 \$ 2,224,017 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities: S - \$ 616,052 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities 3,884,622 - Notes payable 3,684,622 - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabil			-
Net property and equipment 16,656,295 1,761,381 Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454 - - Total assets \$ 21,922,699 \$ 2,224,017 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities: - \$ 616,052 Due to other funds for cash overdraft \$ - \$ 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities: 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: 3,684,622 - Bonds payable - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Work in progress	240,859	-
Total assets \$21,922,699 \$2,224,017	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(23,519,255)	(3,534,002)
Total assets \$ 21,922,699 \$ 2,224,017 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities: \$ - \$ 616,052 Due to other funds for cash overdraft \$ - \$ 616,052 Accounts payable \$ 27,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: - - Bonds payable - - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 1 1,761,381 Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (def	Net property and equipment	16,656,295	1,761,381
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities: S - \$ 616,052 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: S - - Bonds payable - - - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$753,454		
Current liabilities: 5 \$ 616,052 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: - - Bonds payable - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 1 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Total assets	\$ 21,922,699	\$ 2,224,017
Due to other funds for cash overdraft \$ - \$ 616,052 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: - - Bonds payable - - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 1nvested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Due to other funds for cash overdraft \$ - \$ 616,052 Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: - - Bonds payable - - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 1nvested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable 527,484 279,693 Accrued liabilities 174,623 208,061 Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: - - Bonds payable - - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132		\$ -	\$ 616.052
Deferred revenue - 111,640 Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: - - Bonds payable - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132		•	
Current portion of long-term debt 3,123,054 - Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: - - Bonds payable - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 1 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Accrued liabilities	174,623	208,061
Total current liabilities 3,825,161 1,215,446 Long-term liabilities: - - Bonds payable - - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: - - Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132		-	111,640
Long-term liabilities: Bonds payable	Current portion of long-term debt	3,123,054	
Bonds payable - - Notes payable 3,684,622 - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 1,704,381 Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Total current liabilities	3,825,161	1,215,446
Notes payable 3,684,622 - Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 1,704,885 Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Long-term liabilities:		
Notes payable from restricted assets 149,439 - Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132		-	-
Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year 266,040 689,439 Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132			-
Total long-term liabilities 4,100,101 689,439 Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132			-
Total liabilities 7,925,262 1,904,885 Net Assets: 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year	266,040	689,439
Net Assets: 9,699,180 1,761,381 Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Total long-term liabilities	4,100,101	689,439
Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Total liabilities	7,925,262	1,904,885
Invested in capital assets 9,699,180 1,761,381 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132	Net Assets:		
Unrestricted (deficit) 4,298,257 (1,442,249) Total net assets 13,997,437 319,132		9,699,180	1,761,381
		4,298,257	(1,442,249)
Total liabilities and net assets <u>\$ 21,922,699</u> <u>\$ 2,224,017</u>	Total net assets	13,997,437	319,132
	Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 21,922,699	\$ 2,224,017

Risk Management	Governmental Immunity	Municipal Building Authority	Copy Center	Total
\$ 4,866,829	\$ 2,572,932	\$ 2,334,438	\$ 105,452	\$ 14,373,506
10,278	-	-	-	231,631
- -	- -	<u>-</u> -	15,100 5,483	420,470 464,506
4,877,107	2,572,932	2,334,438	126,035	15,490,113
		6,626,621		6,776,060
62,741 127,384 - 21,619 - (47,780) 163,964 - \$ 5,041,071	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	7,404,846 62,222,148 13,057,014 4,130,546 - 7,158,930 (21,800,718) 72,172,766 733,666	30,527 - - (19,222) 11,305 - \$ 137,340	7,467,587 62,415,245 13,057,014 49,289,053 58,000 7,399,789 (48,920,977) 90,765,711 733,666
\$ - 100,395 2,875,248 28,006	\$ - 7,402 2,033,574	\$ - 4,900 783,374 - 2,415,000	\$ - 6,563 - -	\$ 616,052 926,437 6,074,880 139,646 5,538,054
3,003,649	2,040,976	3,203,274	6,563	13,295,069
31,554	7,038	61,420,450	- - - -	61,420,450 3,684,622 149,439 994,071
31,554	7,038	61,420,450		66,248,582
3,035,203	2,048,014	64,623,724	6,563	79,543,651
163,964 1,841,904 2,005,868	524,918 524,918	8,337,316 8,906,451 17,243,767	11,305 119,472 130,777	19,973,146 14,248,753 34,221,899
\$ 5,041,071	\$ 2,572,932	\$ 81,867,491	\$ 137,340	\$ 113,765,550

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	M	Fleet anagement	Information Management Services		
Operating revenue - charges for services	\$	6,654,519	\$	7,306,587	
Operating expenses:					
Personal services		2,360,409		4,918,212	
Operating and maintenance		2,893,952		257,706	
Charges and services including change in reserves		656,548		1,736,786	
Depreciation and amortization		4,517,010		704,970	
Total operating expenses		10,427,919		7,617,674	
Operating income (loss)		(3,773,400)		(311,087)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income		3,544		46,254	
Interest expense		(303,758)		(3,441)	
Gain (loss) on property and equipment dispostion		290,267		(2,268)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(9,947)		40,545	
Income (loss) before operating transfers		(3,783,347)		(270,542)	
Transfers in		4,820,981		183,795	
Transfers out		(15,794)			
Change in net assets		1,021,840		(86,747)	
Net Assets (deficit) July 1, 2003		12,975,597	-	405,879	
Net Assets June 30, 2004	\$	13,997,437	\$	319,132	

	Govern-	-		
Risk	mental	Building	Сору	m . 1
Management	Immunity	Authority	Center	<u>Total</u>
\$ 25,711,834	\$ -	\$ 2,693,258	\$ 682,999	\$ 43,049,197
564,815	363,124	-	-	8,206,560
8,765	24,375	50	279,191	3,464,039
24,253,824	513,444	13,842	376,440	27,550,884
2,716		2,106,426	3,230	7,334,352
24,830,120	900,943	2,120,318	658,861	46,555,835
881,714	(900,943)	572,940	24,138	(3,506,638)
79,097	59,021	124,270	-	312,186
<u>-</u>	· -	(3,596,470)	-	(3,903,669)
<u> </u>				287,999
79,097	59,021	(3,472,200)		(3,303,484)
960,811	(841,922)	(2,899,260)	24,138	(6,810,122)
96,000	1,404,586	3,488,814	-	9,994,176
(5,834)				(21,628)
1,050,977	562,664	589,554	24,138	3,162,426
954,891	(37,746)	16,654,213	106,639	31,059,473
				<u> </u>
\$ 2,005,868	\$ 524,918	\$ 17,243,767	\$ 130,777	\$ 34,221,899

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2004

	Ma	Fleet nagement	M	formation anagement Services
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash flows from operating activities -				
Receipts from customers and users		6,434,803		7,302,575
Payments to suppliers		(3,156,691)		(1,747,831
Payments to employees		(2,354,988)		(4,879,069
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		923,124		675,675
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers in Transfers out		4,820,981 (15,794)		183,795
N		(==,::)		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		4,805,187		183,795
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of debt net of				
discount and issuance costs		3,265,625		-
Proceeds from sale of equipment		796,649		7,969
Payments on long-term obligations		(3,467,443)		(109,089
Payments for purchase of fixed assets		(5,472,971)		(804,604
Net cash used in capital financing activities		(4,878,140)		(905,724
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest received on investments		3,544		46,254
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,544		46,254
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		853,715		-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,789,579		-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	4,643,294	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalent components:				
Unrestricted Restricted	\$	4,493,855 149,439	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	4,643,294	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,773,400)	\$	(311,08
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to				
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Increase (decrease) due to change in:		4,517,010		704,970
Inventories of supplies		35,437		41,102
Other current assets		(219,716)		(201,492
Due to other funds for cash overdraft		-		360,269
Accounts payable		358,372		45,145
Accrued liabilities affecting operating income		36,462		52,970
Deferred revenue		-		(2,375
Long-term compensation liability		(31,041)	-	(13,82
Total adjustments		4,696,524		986,762
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	923,124	\$	675,675

1	Risk Management	 Govern- mental Immunity	Bui	nicipal lding hority	 Copy Center	 Total
	25,706,787 (25,953,741) (1,110,993)	 (550,601) (677,830)		2,693,258 (5,681,383)	 682,999 (713,999)	 42,820,422 (37,804,246) (9,022,880)
	(1,357,947)	 (1,228,431)		(2,988,125)	 (31,000)	 (4,006,704)
	96,000 (5,834)	 1,404,586		3,488,814	 <u> </u>	 9,994,176 (21,628)
	90,166	 1,404,586		3,488,814	 <u>-</u>	 9,972,548
	- - - -	 - - - -		(5,858,704) (497,353)	 - - -	 3,265,625 804,618 (9,435,236) (6,774,928)
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		(6,356,057)	 	 (12,139,921)
	79,097	 59,021		124,270	 	 312,186
	79,097	 59,021		124,270	 -	 312,186
	(1,188,684)	235,176		(5,731,098)	(31,000)	(5,861,891)
	6,055,513	 2,337,756		14,692,157	 136,452	 27,011,457
\$	4,866,829	\$ 2,572,932	\$	8,961,059	\$ 105,452	\$ 21,149,566
\$	4,866,829	\$ 2,572,932	\$	2,334,438 6,626,621	\$ 105,452	\$ 14,373,506 6,776,060
\$	4,866,829	\$ 2,572,932	\$	8,961,059	\$ 105,452	\$ 21,149,566
\$	881,714	\$ (900,943)	\$	572,940	\$ 24,138	\$ (3,506,638)
	2,716	-		2,106,426	3,230	7,334,352
	(5,321) (34,613) (1,656,539) (460,078) 274 (86,100)	 (12,782) (204,090) - (110,616)		(4,990,825) (661,797) (14,869)	 (5,483) (12,827) - (40,058) - -	 71,056 (439,356) (4,665,169) (1,967,659) (589,605) (2,101) (241,584)
	(2,239,661)	 (327,488)		(3,561,065)	 (55,138)	 (500,066)
\$	(1,357,947)	\$ (1,228,431)	\$	(2,988,125)	\$ (31,000)	\$ (4,006,704)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FLEET MANAGEMENT FUND

			Budgeta			
	Actual on	Actual on Budgeted A		Amounts		
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance	
Revenues and other sources:						
Charges for maintenance	\$ 6,654,519	\$ 6,654,519	\$ 6,011,282	\$ 6,011,282	\$ 643,237	
Interest income	3,544	3,544	1,070	1,070	2,474	
Gain on sale of equipment	290,267	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from note	-	3,265,625	-	-	3,265,625	
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-	796,649	474,000	474,000	322,649	
Transfers in	4,820,981	4,820,981	4,568,960	4,568,960	252,021	
Total revenues and other sources	11,769,311	15,541,318	11,055,312	11,055,312	4,486,006	
Expenses and other uses:						
Personal services	2,368,626	2,368,626	2,531,724	2,531,724	163,098	
Accrued compensated absences	(8,217)	-	· · ·	-	-	
Operating and maintenance	2,893,952	2,893,952	3,296,288	3,371,991	478,039	
Charges and services	656,548	656,548	671,367	673,414	16,866	
Depreciation	4,517,010	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	15,794	15,794	16,074	16,074	280	
Total expenses before debt service						
and capital outlay	10,443,713	5,934,920	6,515,453	6,593,203	658,283	
Debt service:						
Principal	-	3,163,685	3,671,627	3,671,627	507,942	
Interest	303,758	303,758	435,082	435,082	131,324	
Capital outlay		5,472,971	1,030,000	1,804,692	(3,668,279)	
Total expenses and other uses	10,747,471	14,875,334	11,652,162	12,504,604	(2,370,730)	
Change in net assets	\$ 1,021,840	\$ 665,984	\$ (596,850)	\$ (1,449,292)	\$ 2,115,276	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SERVICES FUND

			ry Basis		
	Actual on GAAP	Actual on budgetary	Budgeted		
	basis	basis	Original	Final	<u>Variance</u>
Revenue:					
Charges for services	\$ 7,305,240	\$ 7,305,240	\$ 7,351,587	\$ 7,574,577	\$ (269,337)
Interest income	46,254	46,254	91,681	91,681	(45,427)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-	7,969	-	71,001	7,969
Loss on equipment disposition	(2,268)	-	_	_	-
Miscellaneous revenue	1,347	1,347	2,062	2,062	(715)
Transfers in	183,795	183,795	183,795	183,795	
Total revenues and other sources	7,534,368	7,544,605	7,629,125	7,852,115	(307,510)
Expenses and other uses:					
Personal services	4,913,520	4,913,520	4,901,313	5,114,303	200,783
Accrued compensated absences	4,692	-	-	-	-
Operating and maintenance	257,706	257,706	287,916	287,916	30,210
Charges and services	1,736,786	1,736,786	1,907,455	1,907,455	170,669
Depreciation	704,970				
Total expenses before debt service					
and capital outlay	7,617,674	6,908,012	7,096,684	7,309,674	401,662
Debt service:					
Principal	-	105,648	-	-	(105,648)
Interest	3,441	3,441	3,441	3,441	-
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	804,604	529,000	539,000	(265,604)
Total expenses and other uses	7,621,115	7,821,705	7,629,125	7,852,115	30,410
Change in net assets	\$ (86,747)	\$ (277,100)	\$ -	\$	\$ (277,100)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

		Budgetary Basis							
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted	Amounts					
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance				
Revenues and other sources:									
Charges for services	\$ 25,698,834	\$ 25,698,834	\$ 25,850,357	\$ 28,001,757	\$ (2,302,923)				
Interest income	79,097	79,097	-	-	79,097				
Miscellaneous	13,000	13,000	90,000	90,000	(77,000)				
Transfers in	96,000	96,000			96,000				
Total revenues and other sources	25,886,931	25,886,931	25,940,357	28,091,757	(2,204,826)				
Expenses and other uses:									
Personal services	575,502	575,502	540,071	737,471	161,969				
Accrued compensated absences	(10,687)	-	-	-	-				
Operating and maintenance	8,765	8,765	14,052	14,052	5,287				
Premiums and other charges for services	24,722,742	24,722,742	25,334,934	27,500,934	2,778,192				
Change in reserves	(468,918)	-	-	-	-				
Depreciation	2,716	-	-	-	-				
Transfers out	5,834	5,834			(5,834)				
Total expenses before capital outlay	24,835,954	25,312,843	25,312,843 25,889,057 25		2,939,614				
Capital outlay			5,000	5,000	5,000				
Total expenses and other uses	24,835,954	25,312,843	25,894,057	28,257,457	2,944,614				
Change in net assets	\$ 1,050,977	\$ 574,088	\$ 46,300	\$ (165,700)	\$ 739,788				

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY FUND Year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgetary Basis							
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on budgetary basis	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Variance				
Revenues and other sources -									
Interest income	\$ 59,021	\$ 59,021	\$ 142,031	\$ 142,031	\$ (83,010)				
Transfers in	1,404,586	1,404,586	1,332,000	1,436,586	(32,000)				
Total revenues	1,463,607	1,463,607	1,474,031	1,578,617	(115,010)				
Expenses:									
Personal services	478,969	478,969	460,496	460,496	(18,473)				
Accrued compensated absences	(115,845)	-	-	-	-				
Operating and maintenance	24,375	24,375	17,200	17,200	(7,175)				
Claims, charges and services	316,585	316,585	996,335	1,100,921	784,336				
Change in reserves	196,859								
Total expenses	900,943	819,929	1,474,031	1,578,617	758,688				
Change in net assets	\$ 562,664	\$ 643,678	\$	\$	\$ 643,678				

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY FUND

		Budgetary Basis							
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on budgetary basis	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Variance				
	Odolo	Ousis	Originar	1 11141	· ununce				
Revenues and other sources:									
Charges for services	\$ 2,393,258	\$ 2,393,258	\$ 2,393,260	\$ 2,393,260	\$ (2)				
Intergovernmental	300,000	300,000		-	300,000				
Property sale proceeds	-	-	-	500,000	(500,000)				
Interest income	124,270	124,270	-	-	124,270				
Transfers in	3,488,814	3,488,814	3,488,814	3,488,814					
Total revenues and other sources	6,306,342	6,306,342	5,882,074	6,382,074	(75,732)				
Expenses and other uses:									
Operating and maintenance	50	50	-	-	(50)				
Charges and services	13,842	13,842	10,000	10,000	(3,842)				
Depreciation and amortization	2,106,426								
Total expenses before debt service									
and capital outlay	2,120,318	13,892	10,000	10,000	(3,892)				
Debt service:									
Principal	-	2,262,234	2,300,000	2,300,000	37,766				
Interest	3,596,470	3,596,470	3,572,074	3,572,074	(24,396)				
Capital outlay - acquisition & construction	on	497,353		1,496,709	999,356				
Total expenses and other uses	5,716,788	6,369,949	5,882,074	7,378,783	1,008,834				
Change in net assets	\$ 589,554	\$ (63,607)	\$ -	\$ (996,709)	\$ 933,102				

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COPY CENTER FUND

	Budgetary Basis										
	Actual on		A	ctual on	Budget		Amo	unts			
		GAAP basis		budgetary basis		Original		Final		Variance	
Revenue:											
Charges for services	\$	436,785	\$	436,785	\$	462,897	\$	486,897	\$	(50,112)	
Miscellaneous		246,214		246,214		214,500		214,500		31,714	
Total revenues		682,999		682,999		677,397		701,397		(18,398)	
Expenses and other uses:											
Operating and maintenance		279,191		279,191		289,500		313,500		34,309	
Charges and services		376,440		376,440		387,897		387,897		11,457	
Depreciation		3,230		-				-			
Total expenses and other uses		658,861		655,631		677,397		701,397		45,766	
Change in net assets	\$	24,138	\$	27,368	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,368	

This page intentionally left blank.

Project Schedules

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND As of June 30, 2004

		Project budget	Prior years' expenditures and transfers	Current year expenditures and transfers	Total project expenditures		Project balance
1300 East Reconstruction	\$	230,437	\$ 30,437	\$ -	\$ 30,437	\$	200,000
1300 South Reconstruction	Ψ	924,695	253,923	71,853	325,776	Ψ	598,919
2100 South Reconstruction		1,872,404	966,945	738,301	1,705,246		167,158
500 East Reconstruction		90,241	90,241	-	90,241		-
500 West Reconstruction		1,185,300	751,920	82,218	834,138		351,162
5500 West Reconstruction		238,458	233,220	5,238	238,458		-
600 West Reconstruction		320,168	308,943	11,225	320,168		-
700 East Reconstruction		158,590	102,575	(2,010)	100,565		58,025
800 Radio Communication System		1,452,511	850,000	602,511	1,452,511		-
800 South Reconstruction		34,000	4,961	-	4,961		29,039
900 South Reconstruction		4,698,309	41,758	178,310	220,068		4,478,241
ADA Modifications - Parks		1,202,826	490,651	70,796	561,447		641,379
ADA Modifications - Ramp/Corner Repairs		2,153,292	1,286,576	360,521	1,647,097		506,195
Bonneville Boulevard Salt Dome		1,017,404	637,384	-	637,384		380,020
Bridge Rehabilitation		1,653,054	1,313,081	245,292	1,558,373		94,681
City/County Landfill		16,381,292	10,895,058	1,260,239	12,155,297		4,225,995
City Facility Improvements		1,669,598	1,330,872	262,653	1,593,525		76,073
Community Action Program Concrete Replacement		10,828 10,440,428	6,894,654	2,022 1,843,668	2,022 8,738,322		8,806 1,702,106
Contingency		2,356,565	3,000	1,043,000	3,000		2,353,565
Debt Service - City/County Building		11,908,758	8,943,787	2,954,827	11,898,614		10,144
Debt Service - Library GO Bond		20,404,613	13,454,054	6,950,559	20,404,613		10,144
Debt Service - Justice Court		150,693	-	-	20,404,013		150,693
Debt Service - Motor Fuel Excise Tax Bond		3,787,314	_	3,785,884	3,785,884		1,430
Debt Service - Pioneer Precinct		487,503	_	434.160	434,160		53,343
Emigration Canyon Improvements		437,108	94,549	10,584	105,133		331,975
Engineering		100,000	´-	2,005	2,005		97,995
Fire Training Center		2,394,500	1,679,117	-	1,679,117		715,383
FTZ Warehouse		500,000	-	39,615	39,615		460,385
Gateway Reconstruction		25,010,631	8,238,267	15,739,565	23,977,832		1,032,799
Gladiola Street Reconstruction		394,116	333,457	2,641	336,098		58,018
Glendale Area Street Reconstruction		1,108,865	618,977	489,888	1,108,865		-
Guardsman Way Reconstruction		1,894,157	1,435,370	94,080	1,529,450		364,707
Hogle Zoo		10,200,000	160 210	173,316	173,316		10,026,684
Human Resource Information System		185,500	168,319	-	168,319		17,181
IFAS Implementation		2,290,906	1,989,887	-	1,989,887		301,019
Impact Fees		2,522,073 3,077,065	410,000 2,071,861	- 267.066	410,000 2,438,927		2,112,073 638,138
Jordan River Parkway Land Acquisition		3,265,400	2,071,001	367,066	2,430,921		3,265,400
Leonardo		50,000	_	25,000	25,000		25,000
Liberty Park Improvements		11,880,224	7,598,244	1,502,578	9,100,822		2,779,402
Library Block Reconstruction		98,173,379	94,823,178	2,873,426	97,696,604		476,775
Light Rail Corridor Construction		19,066,245	17,293,496	411,693	17,705,189		1,361,056
Local Street Reconstruction		9,691,337	6,916,733	1,495,473	8,412,206		1,279,131
Military Drive		101,500	3,391	94,725	98,116		3,384
Mitigation - Foothills		28,000	-	-	-		28,000
Neighborhood Improvement		436,140	380,603	55,537	436,140		-
Neighborhood Legacy Project		722,500	-	173,353	173,353		549,147
Open Space		295,600	108,324	-	108,324		187,276
Park Improvements		6,069,831	4,129,770	976,581	5,106,351		963,480
Parley's Crossing		1,002,065	227,065	-	227,065		775,000
Path Study/Development		200,001	118,308	26,821	145,129		54,872
Percent for Art		454,459	215,034	79,969	295,003		159,456
Pedestrian Safety Devices		300,000	140,712	69,731	210,443		89,557
Physical Access Ramps		526,987	361,698	164,972	526,670		317
Police Precinct Improvements		155,000	289,767	(134,767)	155,000		-

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (cont.) As of June 30, 2004

	Project		Prior years' expenditures		Current year expenditures		Total project		Project
		budget	an	d transfers	and	transfers	ex	penditures	balance
(continued)									
Property Management	\$	515,915	\$	469,886	\$	5,851	\$	475,737	\$ 40,178
Public Safety Radio Communication System		2,994,760		2,387,160		-		2,387,160	607,600
Quayle Avenue		120,000		-		20,311		20,311	99,689
Quiet Zone		700,000		-		549,640		549,640	150,360
Riverpark Community Garden		20,000		5,747		11,849		17,596	2,404
Riverside Drive		76,568		75,493		1,075		76,568	-
Riverside Park Improvements		359,901		353,692		6,209		359,901	-
Rosewood Park Improvements		911,504		22,404		11,939		34,343	877,161
Rotary Glen Park Improvements		285,000		14,721		1,040		15,761	269,239
Salt Lake City Transit		295,500		295,487		13		295,500	-
Sidewalk Replacement		2,852,356		890,063		449,624		1,339,687	1,512,669
South Temple Reconstruction		1,830,000		1,169,118		423,099		1,592,217	237,783
State Street Reconstruction		895,830		868,386		-		868,386	27,444
Street Lighting Improvements		3,074,222		862,524		146,701		1,009,225	2,064,997
SugarHouse Business District		119,900		23,074		92,700		115,774	4,126
Tracy Aviary		1,100,000		-		104,118		104,118	995,882
Traffic Calming		1,499,893		828,151		78,239		906,390	593,503
Traffic Island Landscaping		19,000		-		8,232		8,232	10,768
Traffic Signal Installation		2,602,172		1,854,202		357,706		2,211,908	390,264
Unity Center		300,000		-		74,240		74,240	225,760
Urban Forestry Program		72,438		72,145		-		72,145	293
Utahna Drive		553,000		30,000		43,604		73,604	479,396
Wasatch Drive Reconstruction		233,447		182,327		-		182,327	51,120
West Temple Park		97,482		92,236		5,246		97,482	=
Total Projects	\$	310,006,582	\$ 2	210,141,807	\$46,	983,555	\$2:	57,125,362	\$ 52,881,220

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OPERATING FUND As of June 30, 2004

	Project budget	Prior years' expenditures and transfers	Current year expenditures and transfers	Total project expenditures	Project balance
Administrative Support - 29th Year	\$ 772,364	\$ -	\$ 652,761	\$ 652,761	\$ 119,603
Boys & Girls Club - Bus Driver	3,896	-	3,684	3,684	212
Capitol Hill Master Plan	70,000	65,838	-	65,838	4,162
Capitol West Boys & Girls Club	50,500	´-	42,896	42,896	7,604
Central Community Development Plan	32,501	23,222	-	23,222	9,279
Centro de la Familia de Utah	20,000	· -	7,246	7,246	12,754
Cleaning/Securing Vacant Property	172,686	94,902	8,133	103,035	69,651
Community Health Center	269,970	169,970	100,000	269,970	-
Contingency	696,600	11,750	7,775	19,525	677,075
Crossroads Urban Center Food Pantry	30,000	14,000	16,000	30,000	-
Emergency Home Repair (ASSIST)	1,380,000	1,004,332	371,474	1,375,806	4,194
Family Support Center Improvements	32,900	22,900	7,500	30,400	2,500
Guadalupe Early Learning Center	164,119	119,119	45,000	164,119	-
Housing Match - Capital Planning	754,585	337,591	84,070	421,661	332,924
Housing Outreach Rental Program	105,000	68,596	36,404	105,000	-
Housing Rehabilitation	5,773,091	3,257,955	1,324,964	4,582,919	1,190,172
Lead-based Paint Training	15,000	-	-	-	15,000
Legal Aid Society of Utah	10,000	-	10,000	10,000	-
Lifecare Home Improvement Project	85,000	30,000	46,959	76,959	8,041
Marrillac House	46,282	11,442	34,840	46,282	-
Mobile Neighborhood Watch	17,292	10,893	6,403	17,296	-
Multi-Ethnic Development Corp	20,000	15,000	-	15,000	5,000
Multi-Family Housing	201,422	-	-	-	201,422
Neighborhood House	140,000	90,000	50,000	140,000	-
Neighborhood Housing Services					
Revolving Loan	575,000	351,347	77,803	429,150	145,850
Neighborhood Self-Help Grants	19,999	17,089	2,226	19,315	684
Northwest Food Bank	73,927	48,927	25,000	73,927	-
Odessey House	107,710	105,376	2,334	107,710	-
People Helping People	51,351	39,616	10,251	49,867	1,484
Prevent Child Abuse	5,107	4,088	1,019	5,107	<u>-</u>
Rape Crisis Center	145,974	108,974	30,984	139,958	6,016
Road Home	126,000	-	126,000	126,000	-
Salt Lake Community Development Corp.	545,000	319,798	174,369	494,167	50,833
Salt Lake Donated Dental Program	95,969	65,969	28,924	94,893	1,076
Sarah Daft House	30,750	-	30,750	30,750	-
St. Vincent DePaul	31,452	3,952	-	3,952	27,500
Sugarhouse Master Plan	86,367	43,612	12,500	56,112	30,255
Tenant Home Maintenance Training	35,000	22,500	12,500	35,000	-
Tenth East Senior Center	93,316	4,860	59,414	64,274	29,042
Utah Alcoholism Foundation	125,340	98,340	27,000	125,340	402.512
Utah Heritage Foundation	820,478	275,124	51,842	326,966	493,512
Utah Issues	4,012	2,537	1,475	4,012	=
Utah Non-Profit Housing	100,000	70,000	30,000	100,000	-
Utah Peace Institute	7,500	72.256	7,500	7,500	=
Volunteers of America - Detox Center	117,875	73,256	44,619	117,875	=
Volunteers of America - Homeless Resource		52,999	17,810	70,809	2.500
Wasatch Fish & Garden	20,000	10,000	7,500	17,500	2,500
Wasatch Homeless Health Care	93,751	86,751	- 46 070	86,751	7,000
Weigand Homeless Day Center	169,991	119,991	46,079	166,070	3,921
Westminster Master Plan	30,000	26,045	10,000	26,045	3,955
YMCA - After School Project	20,600	10,600	10,000	20,600	-
YWCA - Crisis Shelter	16,000 64,707	44707	15,995	15,995	5
Youth with a Voice	64,707	44,707	20,000	64,707	
Total Projects:	\$ 14,547,193	\$ 7,353,968	\$ 3,730,003	\$ 11,074,071	\$ 3,463,226

This page intentionally left blank

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES GRANTS OPERATING FUND

_	Project budget	Prior years' expenditures	Current year expenditures and transfers	Total project expenditures	Project balance
Boarded Transitional Housing	\$ 200,000	\$ 161,608	\$ -	\$ 161,608	\$ 38,392
Citizen Corp Council	14,636	-	2,220	2,220	12,416
Clean Cities Program - Dept. of E	2,000	1,486	435	1,921	79
Clean Cities Program - Dept. of E	60,000	31,139	28,861	60,000	-
Clean Cities Program - Dept. of E	60,000	-	30,828	30,828	29,172
Clean Cities Program - State	79,175	73,884	-	73,884	5,291
Clean Cities Program - State	60,000	18,717	_	18,717	41,283
Clean Cities Program - State	4,000	-	1,876	1,876	2,124
Clean Cities Program - State	2,000	342	-	342	1,658
Community Development Corp	192,500	157,052	30,053	187,105	5,395
Community Development Corp	50,000	39,000	11,000	50,000	-
Community Development Corp	135,000	-	-	-	135,000
Community Development Corp	75,000	_	64,000	64,000	11,000
Community Development Corp	180,000	_	4,917	4,917	175,083
Computer Clubhouse	3,000	-	3,000	3,000	-
COPS Communications	640,000	-	640,000	640,000	-
COPS Demonstration Center					
	996,582	944,941	51,641	996,582	-
COPS Early Intervention	125,000	2,129	122,871	125,000	-
COPS in SHOPS	7,000	-	6,500	6,500	500
COPS in Schools	125,000	100.245	23,642	23,642	101,358
COPS Methamphetamine - Supple	295,103	108,245	148,862	257,107	37,996
COPS School Based Partners	128,631	79,796	-	79,796	48,835
Crime Prevention Project	6,000	-	6,000	6,000	-
Crime Scene Investigations	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	-
Criminal Justice Information	50,000	-	41,245	41,245	8,755
Crisis Intervention	14,000	-	14,000	14,000	-
Dispatch Equipment and Trainin	4,568	-	-	-	4,568
Dispatch Grant from UDOT	45,000	-	-	-	45,000
Drug Free Communities	100,000	-	24,411	24,411	75,589
EDGAR Grant	1,200,000	117,913	296,710	414,623	785,377
EDGAR Grant	57,500	-	1,408	1,408	56,092
Emergency Medical Services	1,183,159	971,831	59,149	1,030,980	152,179
Emergency Medical Services	127,650	35,346	40,771	76,117	51,533
Emergency Medical Services	5,369	-	5,369	5,369	-
Emergency Medical Services - M	91,273	-	-	-	91,273
Emergency Preparedness Grant	3,000	-	-	-	3,000
Emergency Shelter Grant - 29th Y	166,000	-	158,580	158,580	7,420
Emergency Shelter Grant - Holdi	1,814	-	-	-	1,814
Family Support Center	50,000	49,000	-	49,000	1,000
Fire Department Assistance Gran	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
Firefighter Safety Grant	72,709	-	72,709	72,709	-
Gateway Brownsfield Grant	200,000	95,070	4,472	99,542	100,458
Gateway Brownsfield Grant - IP.	99,989	95,542	-	95,542	4,447
Grants to Encourage Arrests	500,000	-	12,745	12,745	487,255
Hazardous Materials Mitigation	20,000	5,750	-	5,750	14,250
Hazardous Materials Mitigation	24,500	-	20,500	20,500	4,000
Hazardous Materials Mitigation	30,000	2,958	27,042	30,000	-
Hazardous Materials Mitigation	24,000	-	-	-	24,000
Hear out Voices	18,000	4,805	11,384	16,189	1,811
Hear out Voices	8,000	-	-	-	8,000
HIDTA Grant	83,172	43,221	39,951	83,172	-
HIDTA Grant	43,744	-	14,259	14,259	29,485
HIDTA Grant	128,027	-	67,885	67,885	60,142
Historic Planning Survey	18,164	1,480	16,600	18,080	84
Historic Preservation - SugarHot	5,000	4,500	-	4,500	500
Historic Preservation - Yalecrest	12,000	-	-	-	12,000
Historic Property PR Campaign	1,483	-	-	-	1,483
. , 1 6	,				•

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES GRANTS OPERATING FUND

			Current year	Total	
	Project	Prior years'	expenditures	project	Project
<u>_</u>	budget	expenditures	and transfers	expenditures	balance
Home Administration - 24th year	\$ 112,200	\$ 109,985	\$ 2,215	\$ 112,200	\$ -
Home Administration - 25th year	120,900	75,720	42,219	117,939	2,961
Home Administration - 26th year	124,201	60,795	70,328	131,123	(6,922)
Home Administration - 27th year	135,400	-	78,669	78,669	56,731
Home Administration - 28th year	135,400	-	-	-	135,400
Home Administration - 29th year	145,302	-	-	-	145,302
Home Contingency	4,010	-	-	-	4,010
Home Program Income	1,499,627	1,363,472	-	1,363,472	136,155
Homeland Security Grant	434,985	-	389,874	389,874	45,111
Homeland Security Grant	32,420	-	27,731	27,731	4,689
Housing Authority	104,765	-	-	-	104,765
Housing and Neigborhood Devel	463,404	-	-	-	463,404
Housing and Neigborhood Devel	570,000	_	_	-	570,000
Housing Opportunities for Perso	417,615	335,782	81,439	417,221	394
Housing Opportunities for Perso	439,150	-	281,424	281,424	157,726
Housing Opportunities for Perso	3,386	-	-	-	3,386
Housing Trust Fund	5,862,578	1,625,102	(63,840)	1,561,262	4,301,316
Housing Trust Fund - RDA grant	3,234,738	966,473	573,091	1,539,564	1,695,174
Intel Computer Clubhouse	60,000	52,917	7,083	60,000	-
Intel Computer Clubhouse	30,000	-	30,000	30,000	_
International Rescue Committee	2,000	-	-	-	2,000
International Rescue Committee	10,960	1,996	_	1,996	8,964
Internet Crimes Against Children	58,000	52,751		52,751	5,249
Inventory Historic Cemeteries	14,730	52,751	3,619	3,619	11,111
Lead Based Paint Program	503,300	-	3,019	5,019	503,300
Local Law Enforcement Block G	402,956	224,594	166,397	390,991	11,965
Local Law Enforcement Block G	303,534	85,028	175,046	260,074	43,460
Local Law Enforcement Block G	250,446	-		62,728	187,718
Metropolitan Medical Response !	,	358,800	62,728	,	,
	400,001	,	38,065	396,865	3,136
Metropolitan Medical Response	200,000	-	1,454	1,454	198,546
Metropolitan Medical Response	280,000	-	-	-	280,000
Neighborhood Housing Service	384,959	257,823	116,658	374,481	10,478
Neighborhood Housing Service -	175,000	76,311	98,689	175,000	-
Neighborhood Housing Service	203,100	-	-	-	203,100
Neighborhood Housing Service	150,000	-	63,275	63,275	86,725
Neighborhood Housing Service -	163,600	-	89,389	89,389	74,211
Neighborhood Housing Service -	217,953	-	-	-	217,953
Parley's Tunnel	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
Pedestrian Crossing Design Com	86,250	14,801	30,828	45,629	40,621
Pioneer Park Use Plan	60,000	-	59,108	59,108	892
Project Safe Neighborhood	56,000	-	2,616	2,616	53,384
Refugee Consortium Grant	200,639	190,720	-	190,720	9,919
Refugee Youth & Family Consor	153,641	153,641	(6,005)	147,636	6,005
Refugee Youth & Family Consor	346,415	333,863	6,005	339,868	6,547
Refugee Youth & Family Consor	344,719	226,195	95,786	321,981	22,738
Renter Rehabilitation	2,509,095	2,508,662	433	2,509,095	-
Revolving Loan Fund - UDAG	7,334,720	2,623,993	(930,043)	1,693,950	5,640,770
River Park Program Income	416,216	11,211	(28,448)	(17,237)	433,453

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES GRANTS OPERATING FUND

	Project budget	Prior years' expenditures	Current year expenditures and transfers	Total project expenditures	Project balance
Safe Street Program	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 48,833	\$ 48,833	\$ 1,167
Solar Roof Partnership	50,000	9,890	15,195	25,085	24,915
Traffic Control Center Operator	90,000	43,272	46,728	90,000	-
Traffic Control Center Operator	90,000	-	46,412	46,412	43,588
Traffic Management Grant - UDO	45,000	-	-	-	45,000
Utah Non-profit Housing	14,000	12,850	-	12,850	1,150
Utah Non-profit Housing	145,990	45,898	100,092	145,990	-
Utah Non-profit Housing	160,000	-	58,975	58,975	101,025
Victim of Crime State grant	55,184	-	45,422	45,422	9,762
Victim of Crime State grant	55,183	21,573	-	21,573	33,610
Violence Against Women	21,854	16,545	21	16,566	5,288
Violence Against Women	26,537	9,640	9,278	18,918	7,619
Violence Against Women	21,854	-	4,785	4,785	17,069
Violence Against Women	19,014	-	8,980	8,980	10,034
Violence Against Women	58,003	-	18,030	18,030	39,973
Weapons of Mass Destruction	51,700	22,986	28,714	51,700	-
Weed & Seed	175,000	168,333	3,656	171,989	3,011
Weed & Seed	274,999	147,273	94,926	242,199	32,800
Weed & Seed	225,000	-	103,825	103,825	121,175
Weed & Seed Enforcement '97-'98	154,000	143,295	7,350	150,645	3,355
Youth City Employment Program	25,000				25,000
Total Projects	\$ 38,905,381	\$ 15,397,945	\$ 4,317,951	\$ 19,715,896	\$ 19,189,485

This page intentionally left blank.

STATISTICAL SECTION

(unaudited)

The Statistical Section presents comparative data for expenditures, revenues, property tax levies and collections, assessed and estimated actual value of taxable property, property tax rates and levies, property value and construction, principal property taxpayers, ratio of net general obligation bonded debt to assessed value and net bonded debt per computation of legal debt margin, capita, computation of direct and overlapping bonded debt, ratio of annual debt service expenditures for general obligation bonded debt to total general fund expenditures, revenue and general obligation bond coverage for the enterprise funds, improvement billings and collections, demographic statistics and miscellaneous statistics.

Salt Lake City Corporation GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION BUDGETARY BASIS

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004
(dollars are expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
City Council	\$ 856	\$ 1,005	\$ 1,451	\$ 1,525	\$ 1,730	\$ 1,588	\$ 1,334	\$ 1,608	\$ 1,778	\$ 1,828
Mayor	1,075	1,178	1,239	1,249	1,290	1,409	1,445	1,557	1,512	1,423
City Attorney	1,524	1,664	1,782	1,902	1,991	2,211	2,144	2,501	2,592	2,769
Management Services	4,866	5,291	5,852	6,417	5,804	6,322	8,777	13,360	8,850	9,037
Fire	18,534	19,085	21,274	22,891	23,393	23,731	25,311	26,570	26,244	27,040
Police	29,737	31,014	34,116	35,624	36,682	39,444	39,811	43,337	41,943	43,215
Community and Economic										
Development (1)	4,749	4,967	5,630	12,822	13,758	14,019	9,501	9,994	9,562	8,615
Public Services (1)	25,300	25,833	27,813	22,808	24,092	24,974	29,157	31,767	31,910	33,908
Internal Audit (2)	228	242	186	257	285	301	281	103	-	-
Nondepartmental and other	7,022	7,817	8,299	8,880	9,663	9,662	9,067	9,853	11,510	10,572
Total	\$ 93,891	\$ 98,096	\$ 107,642	\$ 114,375	\$ 118,688	\$ 123,661	\$ 126,828	\$ 140,650	\$ 135,901	\$ 138,407

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Beginning with fiscal year 2001, the Engineering division moved from Community and Economic Development to Public Services.

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2003, the Internal Audit division was dissolved.

Salt Lake City Corporation GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE BUDGETARY BASIS

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004
(dollars are expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Taxes										
General fund property taxes *	\$ 33,129	\$ 34,695	\$ 38,686	\$ 40,414	\$ 43,042	\$ 53,452	\$ 56,262	\$ 58,584	\$ 59,724	\$ 63,243
General sales, use, and excise taxes	32,228	31,460	33,497	36,640	37,689	38,588	40,686	43,614	39,911	39,584
Franchise taxes	15,380	16,526	16,763	15,465	16,360	16,425	19,432	20,832	20,556	21,532
Total taxes	80,737	82,681	88,946	92,519	97,091	108,465	116,380	123,030	120,191	124,359
Licenses	3,830	4,096	4,564	4,580	4,696	4,943	5,327	5,969	5,430	5,539
Permits	2,295	3,732	3,642	4,551	3,987	4,645	6,347	4,394	3,751	4,053
Parking tickets, fines, and forfeitures	3,670	3,816	4,337	4,582	5,028	5,888	7,021	6,258	8,719	9,438
Interest	1,721	1,783	2,469	2,602	2,544	3,830	2,655	4,324	1,667	1,327
Intergovernmental	3,604	4,142	4,798	4,181	3,628	3,418	3,315	3,600	3,705	4,255
Interfund service charges	5,644	4,949	5,954	6,223	6,531	6,658	6,761	9,053	8,057	8,158
Parking meter	1,204	1,172	1,204	1,092	1,069	1,231	1,257	1,170	1,161	1,197
Charges for services	4,073	3,854	4,811	4,556	3,967	3,735	3,104	6,053	3,941	3,654
Contributions and miscellaneous	282	218	280	281	340	1,963	466	4,258	520	566
Total general fund revenues	\$ 107,060	\$ 110,443	\$ 121,005	\$ 125,167	\$ 128,881	\$ 144,776	\$ 152,633	\$ 168,109	\$ 157,142	\$ 162,546

^{*} Includes interest on tax collections

Source: Department of Management Services

Salt Lake City Corporation GENERAL FUND PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004

(dollars are expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Tax levy and collections:					•					
Property tax levy (1)	\$31,217	\$32,669	\$34,352	\$38,428	\$39,958	\$49,852	\$53,045	\$59,224	\$56,517	\$58,527
Current property tax collections	\$ 31,454	\$ 32,878	\$ 37,204	\$ 38,830	\$ 41,379	\$ 51,680	\$ 54,074	\$ 56,270	\$ 56,713	\$ 59,746
Delinquent property tax collections	1,349	1,174	960	987	1,159	1,216	1,497	1,538	2,139	2,630
Total collections (2)	\$ 32,803	\$ 34,052	\$ 38,164	\$ 39,817	\$ 42,538	\$ 52,896	\$ 55,571	\$ 57,808	\$ 58,852	\$ 62,376
Delinquent property taxes outstanding	\$ 2,418	\$ 1,918	\$ 2,010	\$ 2,282	\$ 1,649	\$ 1,986	\$ 2,356	\$ 2,356	\$ 2,356	\$ 2,448
Ratios:										
Percentage of current levy collected	100.8%	100.6%	108.3%	101.0%	103.6%	103.7%	101.9%	95.0%	100.3%	102.1%
Ratio of total property tax collections to levy	105.1%	104.2%	111.1%	103.6%	106.5%	106.1%	104.8%	97.6%	104.1%	106.6%
Ratio of delinquent taxes outstanding to levy	7.7%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	4.1%	4.0%	4.4%	4.0%	4.2%	4.2%

Notes:

Source: Taken from tax collection summary records of the Salt Lake County Treasurer's office and Management Services Department.

⁽¹⁾ Includes real property, personal property and motor vehicles. Excludes abatements, board letter, pumping plant exemptions and assessor's refunds.

⁽²⁾ Includes interest, sales of real and personal property and miscellaneous delinquent collections.

Salt Lake City Corporation ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last ten fiscal years Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004 (dollars are expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Taxable value *	\$7,574,294	\$8,834,660	\$9,884,430	\$11,058,957	\$11,673,642	\$12,818,430	\$12,130,282	\$12,654,482	\$12,726,186	\$12,561,679
Estimated actual value	8,252,520	9,625,742	10,765,856	13,928,157	16,449,222	15,425,555	17,356,457	18,075,984	18,480,005	17,945,256
Ratio of assessed value to estimated actual value	91.8%	91.8%	91.8%	79.4%	71.0%	83.1%	69.9%	70.0%	68.9%	70.0%

* Note:

All taxable property is assessed and taxed on the basis of its fair market value. Utah law requires that the fair market value of property that is assessed by county assessors using a comparable sales or a cost appraisal method exclude expenses related to property sales transactions. For tax purposes, the fair market value of primary residential property is reduced by 45% under present law. Taxable value is net of Redevelopment Agency value

Salt Lake City Corporation PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004
(per \$1 of assessed/taxable value)
(unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Salt Lake City Corporation	.004454	.003944	.003854	.003627	.003802	.004126	.004131	.004296	.004457	.004681
Salt Lake City Library	.000934	.000827	.000808	.000760	.000749	.000829	.000785	.000773	.000755	.000777
Salt Lake City Schools	.008677	.007029	.006268	.005907	.005907	.005859	.005741	.005585	.005528	.006018
Salt Lake County	.004386	.003831	.003782	.003551	.002805	.003246	.002904	.003025	.002939	.002868
Mosquito Abatement District	.000100	.000088	.000082	.000077	.000080	.000076	.000073	.000072	.000070	.000072
Central Utah Water Conservation	.000396	.000349	.000342	.000400	.000397	.000396	.000377	.000369	.000358	.000358
Metropolitan Water District	.000361	.000319	.000312	.000294	.000289	.000286	.000271	.000267	.000261	.000269
Total	.019308	.016387	.015448	.014616	.014029	.014818	.014282	.014387	.014368	.015043

Source: Salt Lake County Comprenesive Annual Financial Report.

Salt Lake City Corporation PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Commercial construction (1)										
Number of permits	1,177	1,297	1,384	1,286	1,370	1,440	1,161	892	790	1,229
Estimated value	\$256,686	\$263,962	\$224,351	\$379,468	\$261,778	\$337,925	\$315,914	\$191,953	\$130,061	\$216,266
Residential construction (2) Number of units	840	860	318	501	385	381	823	523	209	86
Estimated value	\$50,689	\$72,854	\$34,460	\$56,872	\$49,174	\$59,061	\$75,001	\$75,001	\$75,218	\$44,799
Estimated property value (3)	\$8,252,520	\$9,625,742	\$10,765,856	\$13,928,157	\$16,449,222	\$15,425,555	\$17,356,457	\$18,075,984	\$18,480,005	\$17,945,256

Notes:

- (1) Source: Building permits issued by the City Building Services and Licensing. Includes alterations.
- (2) Number of dwelling units from building permits issued by the City Building Services and Licensing. Does not include alterations.
- (3) Source: Economic and Demographic Resource Center.

Salt Lake City Corporation PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Taxpayer	Type of business	December 31, 2002 taxable valuation	Percentage of total taxable valuation (1)
Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints	Religious	\$ 279,559,660	2.2 %
Sky West Airlines	Air transportation	290,884,916	2.3
Pacificorp	Electric Utility	277,192,652	2.2
Qwest Communications	Communications	254,947,558	2.0
Delta Air Lines	Air transportation	254,450,798	2.0
A T & T (including wireless)	Communications	172,484,311	1.4
Sinclair Oil	Petroleum	110,893,190	0.9
Gateway associates	Real Estate Holding	99,084,000	0.8
Southwest Airlines	Air transportation	87,551,620	0.7
Wasatch Plaza Holdings	Real Estate Holding	 86,317,700	0.7
		\$ 1,065,729,177	8.5 %

(1) Total taxable value \$12,561,679,000

Salt Lake City Corporation RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004
(dollars are expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

		1995		1996		1997		1998	1999		2000		2001		2002	2003	2004
Population estimates (1)		170,782		171,478		172,178		172,880	173,858		181,743		181,509		181,266	181,027	179,894
Taxable value	\$7	,574,294	\$8	,834,660	\$9	,880,179	\$ 1	11,058,957	\$ 11,673,642	\$1	2,818,430	\$ 12	2,130,282	\$ 12	2,654,482	\$ 12,726,186	\$ 12,561,679
Gross general obligation bonded debt	\$	36,640	\$	33,555	\$	30,285	\$	27,685	\$ 26,185	\$	102,260	\$	97,660	\$	93,360	\$ 91,355	\$ 86,169
Debt service monies available for retirement of general obligation debt	\$	1,203	\$	812	\$	988	\$	842	\$ 837	\$	1,600	\$	1,757	\$	1,487	\$ 615	\$ 612
General obligation debt payable from enterprise fund revenues	\$	4,875	\$	3,080	\$	1,170	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Net bonded debt payable from general operations	\$	30,562	\$	29,663	\$	28,127	\$	26,843	\$ 25,348	\$	100,660	\$	95,903	\$	91,873	\$ 90,740	\$ 85,557
Ratio of net bonded debt to assessed / taxable value		0.403%		0.336%		0.285%		0.243%	0.217%		0.785%		0.791%		0.726%	0.713%	0.681%
Net bonded debt per capita	\$	178.95	\$	172.98	\$	163.36	\$	155.27	\$ 145.80	\$	553.86	\$	528.36	\$	506.84	\$ 501.25	\$ 475.60

⁽¹⁾ Estimates are for July 1 of each year. The 2000-2002, 2004 figures are issued by the Census Bureau. The 1995-1999, 2003 figures are estimates prepared by the the City's Economic and Demographic Resource Center.

Salt Lake City Corporation COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2004

(dollars are expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Legal debt margin:	General purposes 4%	Water, sewer, and lighting	Total 8%
General obligation debt limitation	\$ 717,810	\$ 717,810	\$ 1,435,620
Less outstanding general obligation bonds	(97,561)	<u>-</u>	(97,561)
Legal debt margin	\$ 620,249	\$ 717,810	\$ 1,338,059
Fair market value of property			\$ 17,945,256

The general obligation bonded debt of the City is limited by statute to 8% of the "reasonable fair cash value" of property. Of this amount, a maximum of 4% may be used for general purposes. The remaining 4% and any unused portion of the 4% available for general purposes up to the maximum 8% may be utilized for sewer and/or water purposes.

Source: Fair market value of property - Salt Lake City Communication and Information Resource Center

Salt Lake City Corporation COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	Total debt	Applicable to City			Debt ratios	
				To taxable	To fair market	Per capita -
				value of	value of	population of
		Percentage	Amount	\$ 12,561,679,000	\$ 17,945,256,000	179,894 (est.)
Direct general obligation debt	\$ 97,560,974	100.00%	\$ 97,560,974	0.78%	0.54%	\$ 542.32
Overlapping debt:						
Salt Lake County	107,140,000	32.50%	34,820,500			
Salt Lake City School District	112,172,722	100.00%	112,172,722			
Total Overlapping debt	219,312,722		146,993,222			
Total applicable to the City	\$ 316,873,696		\$ 244,554,196	1.95%	1.36%	\$ 1,359.43

Note:

The State of Utah general obligation debt is not included in the debt ratios because the State of Utah currently levies no ad valorem tax for payment of general obligation bonds.

Salt Lake City Corporation RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004
(dollars are expressed in thousands)

(unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 (1)	2004
Principal paid	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,290	\$ 1,360	\$ 1,430	\$ 1,500	\$ 6,131	\$ 3,653	\$ 5,410	\$ 2,560	\$ 5,135
Interest paid	2,080	2,229	1,896	1,821	1,739	5,032	6,231	5,924	4,402	4,775
Total debt service	\$ 3,675	\$ 3,519	\$ 3,256	\$ 3,251	\$ 3,239	\$ 11,163	\$ 9,884	\$ 11,334	\$ 6,962	\$ 9,910
Total general fund expenditures	\$ 93,891	\$ 98,096	\$ 107,642	\$ 114,375	\$ 118,688	\$ 123,661	\$ 126,828	\$ 140,651	\$ 135,901	\$ 138,410
Ratio of debt service to general fund expenditures (percentage)	3.9%	3.6%	3.0%	2.8%	2.7%	9.0%	7.8%	8.1%	5.1%	7.2%

(1) Beginning in Fiscal 2003 Amounts defeased or refunded are excluded

Note:

This schedule includes only debt service for general obligation bonded debt to be paid by general operations of the City rather than from special assessment or enterprise operations.

Salt Lake City Corporation REVENUE BOND COVERAGE - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Last ten fiscal years Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004 (dollars are expressed in thousands)

(unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000 (3)	2001	2002	2003	2004
Gross revenues (1)	\$ 122,080	\$ 143,324	\$ 182,035	\$ 193,056	\$ 200,405	\$ 211,600	\$ 216,997	\$ 226,833	\$ 225,431	\$ 223,047
Less direct operating expenses (2)	(73,387)	(79,765)	(88,923)	(97,335)	(103,059)	(104,046)	(115,398)	31,207	(121,254)	(119,891)
Net revenue available for debt service	\$ 48,693	\$ 63,559	\$ 93,112	\$ 95,721	\$ 97,346	\$ 107,554	\$ 101,599	\$ 258,040	\$ 104,177	\$ 103,156
Principal	\$ 10,145	\$ 19,615	\$ 36,265	\$ 50,272	\$ 34,594	\$ 36,820	\$ 46,926	\$ 36,204	\$ 17,840	\$ 15,445
Interest	18,246	18,331	17,445	17,395	14,940	17,154	14,224	12,440	10,242	9,695
Total debt service requirement	\$ 28,391	\$ 37,946	\$ 53,710	\$ 67,667	\$ 49,534	\$ 53,974	\$ 61,150	\$ 48,644	\$ 28,082	\$ 25,140
Coverage	1.72	1.67	1.73	1.41	1.97	1.99	1.66	5.30	3.71	4.10

⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues include operating revenues, property taxes, and gain on sale of property and equipment. Beginning in fiscal 1997, gross revenues also includes passenger facility charges at the airport.

⁽²⁾ Excludes depreciation and amortization

⁽³⁾ Beginning in fiscal 2000, principal payments are net of any defeased or refinanced amounts.

Salt Lake City Corporation SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT DEBT SERVICE BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004
(dollars are expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004 (1)
Assessments outstanding at beginning of year	\$ 4,218	\$ 3,623	\$ 3,180	\$ 2,855	\$ 2,172	\$ 1,594	\$ 1,239	\$ 1,180	\$ 878	\$ 1,946
Additional assessments made during year	482	383	766	-	-	-	341	-	2,128	1,401
Less assessments collected during year	(1,077)	(826)	(1,091)	(683)	(578)	(355)	(400)	(302)	(1,060)	(1,765)
					•					
Assessments outstanding at end of year	\$ 3,623	\$ 3,180	\$ 2,855	\$ 2,172	\$ 1,594	\$ 1,239	\$ 1,180	\$ 878	\$ 1,946	\$ 1,582
Collections as a percentage of assessments										
outstanding during the year	29.7%	26.0%	38.2%	31.4%	36.3%	28.7%	33.9%	34.4%	54.5%	111.6%

Source: Salt Lake City Management Services Department. Amounts exclude any Special improvement debt issued without governmental commitment

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in 2004, amounts exclude any special improvement debt issued without governmental commitment.

Salt Lake City Corporation DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004 (dollar amounts expressed in millions)

(unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Average daily school membership (1)	25,083	25,309	25,400	25,454	25,011	24,823	24,696	23,976	24,190	23,623
High school graduates (1)	1,540	1,738	1,207	1,164	1,334	1,310	1,277	1,202	1,368	1,176
Unemployment rate (2)	3.6%	3.5%	3.2%	3.9%	4.0%	3.5%	5.0%	7.3%	6.7%	(note 3)
Average monthly non-agricultural wages in Salt Lake City	\$ 2,363	\$ 2,485	\$ 2,627	\$ 2,753	\$ 2,902	\$ 3,067	\$ 3,113	\$ 3,169	\$ 3,216	(note 3)

Notes:

(1) Source: Salt Lake City School District.

(2) Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Information.

(3) Not yet available.

Salt Lake City Corporation MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Date of incorporation	January 6, 1851	Municipal water plants	:	
		Number of service of	connections	92,055
Form of government (adopted January 7, 1980)	Council / Mayor	City	57,492	
		County	34,563	
Census 2000 population	181,743	•		
Number of residents 18 years and older (2000)	138,773	Water supplied to co	onduits (gallons / year)	31,149,640,000
Census Bureau 2002 population estimate	179,894	Water shed manage	d (square miles)	190
Area (square miles)	111	Number of fire hydr	ants	9,044
Lane miles of city owned streets	1,770	City	5,935	,
Number of street lights	12,931	County	3,109	
Fire protection:		Sewer Utility:		
Number of stations	14	Number of sewer co	onnections	48,421
Sworn / fire fighters	322	Miles of sanitary sev	wer lines	636
Non-sworn / civilian employees	37	•		
		Storm Water Utility:		
Police protection:		Miles of storm water	r lines	441
Number of officers with power of arrest	409			
Number of other police employees	158	City employees (full-tin	ne positions)	2,687
Recreation and culture:		Election data:		
Number of municipal parks	80	Registered (active)	voters, November 2003	86,332
Number of municipal playgrounds	59	Number of votes cas	st in 2003 local election	41,844
Number of municipal golf courses	9	Percentage of regist	tered voters voting	48%
Number of municipal swimming pools (1)	4	-	-	
Public libraries	6			
(1) City owns 4 but they are operated by County				

Salt Lake City Corporation

General Fund Revenue, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses) and Beginning and Ending Fund Balance

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1995 through 2004 (dollars are expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 14,365	\$ 12,889	\$ 12,197	\$ 17,465	\$ 17,114	\$ 20,399	\$ 26,698	\$ 25,489	\$ 31,152	\$ 23,107
Revenues	104,478	110,443	121,005	125,207	128,882	144,776	152,633	168,109	157,142	162,546
Expenditures	(93,117)	(97,849)	(107,130)	(113,989)	(115,824)	(121,289)	(122,643)	(139,271)	(134,797)	(137,716)
Other financing uses	(12,837)	(13,286)	(8,355)	(11,569)	(9,773)	(17,188)	(31,199)	(23,175)	(30,390)	(26,523)
Revenues and other sources over (under)										
expenditures and other uses	(1,476)	(692)	5,520	(351)	3,285	6,299	(1,209)	5,663	(8,045)	(1,693)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 12,889	\$ 12,197	\$ 17,717	\$ 17,114	\$ 20,399	\$ 26,698	\$ 25,489	\$ 31,152	\$ 23,107	\$ 21,414