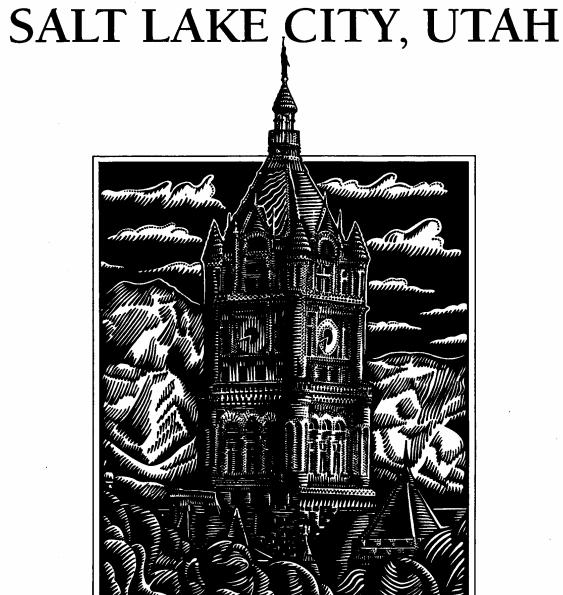
SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

With

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Prepared by

Department of Management Services Rocky J. Fluhart, Chief Administrative Officer Gordon Hoskins, Finance Director

TABLE OF CONTENTS

IN	TRODUCTORY SECTION:
	Title Page
	Table of Contents
	Transmittal Letter
	Organizational Chart
	Certificate of Achievement
FΙ	NANCIAL SECTION:
	eport of Independent Accountants
	anagement's Discussion and Analysis
	asic Financial Statements
	Government-wide Fund Financial Statements
	Statement of Net Assets.
	Statement of Activities.
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements
	Balance Sheet.
	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the
	Statement of Net Assets
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
	In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements
	Statement of Net Assets
	Reconciliation of Proprietary Fund Financial Statements
	to the Government-wide Financial Statement business-type activities
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Asset
	Reconciliation of Proprietary Fund Financial Statements Changes
	in Net Assets to the Government-wide Financial Statement
	business-type activities Changes in Net Assets
	Statement of Cash Flows
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
	Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments
	Note 3 - Loans Receivable
	Note 4 - Restricted Assets
	Note 5 - Capital Assets
	Note 6 - Long-term Obligations
	Note 7 - Reserved Fund Equity
	Note 8 - Deficit Fund Balances/Retained Earnings, Expenditures and Other Uses
	that Exceed Appropriations in Individual Funds
	Note 9 - General Fund Interfund Service Charges
	Note 10 - Operating Transfers
	Note 11 - Risk Management
	Note 12 - Pension Plans
	Note 13 - Post-Employment Benefits
	Note 14 - Deferred Compensation Plans
	Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies
	Note 16 - Segments of Enterprise Fund Activities

TABLE OF CONTENTS	<u>Page</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)	
Note 17 - Related Party Transactions	
Note 18 - Interfund Receivables and Payables Including Component Units	
Note 19 - Joint Venture	
Note 20 - Prior Period Adjustments	
Note 21 - Subsequent Events	
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	86
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Housing Fund	87
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary – GAAP Reporting Reconciliation	89
Supplementary Information – Combining Statements and Individual Fund Statements And Schedules	
Governmental Funds	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	SI- 4
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance	SI- 5
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	SI- 6
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	SI- 8
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Arts Council	SI-10
Downtown Economic Development	SI-11
Community Development Operating Fund	SI-12
Grants Operating Fund	SI-13
Street Lighting	SI-14
Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture	SI-15
Emergency 911 Dispatch	SI-16
Salt Lake City Donation Fund	SI-17
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	SI-18
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	SI-19
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	21 17
Special Improvement Fund	SI-20
Other Improvement Fund	SI-21
Enterprise Funds	
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	SI-24
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Assets	SI-28
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	SI-30
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Intermodal Hub	SI-34
Sewer Utility Fund	SI-35
Storm Water Utility Fund	SI-36
Refuse Collection Fund	SI-37
Golf Fund	SI-38

And Schedules (continued)	
Major Proprietary Funds	
Budgetary Comparison Sche	dules
Water Utility Fund	
Department of Airports	
	Fund
Capital Projects Fund	
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net	Assets
Combining Statement of Rev	venues, Expenses and Changes in
Fund Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Cash	h Flows
Budgetary Comparison Sche	dules
Fleet Management Fund	
Information Management	Services Fund
Risk Management Fund	
Governmental Immunity F	und
Municipal Building Author	ority Fund
Copy Center Fund	
Project Expenditure Schedules	
Capital Projects Fund	
Community Development O	perating Fund
Grants Operating Fund	
ATISTICAL SECTION: (unaudited)	
General Fund Expenditures by Function	- ·
•	dgetary Basis - Last Ten Fiscal Years
- · ·	Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	f Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	ping Governments - Last Ten Fiscal Years
1	Ten Fiscal Years
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded	
	Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Bonded Debt
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditur	
	s -Budgetary Basis - Last Ten Fiscal Years
Revenue Bond Coverage - Enterprise Fu	ınds – Last Ten Fiscal Years
Special Improvement Debt Service Billin	
Special Improvement Debt Service Billin Demographic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal	gs and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years Ye ars

<u>Page</u>

S-16

TABLE OF CONTENTS

and Beginning and Ending Fund Balance....

December 5, 2003 The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Salt Lake City Corporation

Overview

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Salt Lake City Corporation ("the City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, is submitted herewith.

These financial statements have been prepared by the Salt Lake City Department of Management Services in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentations, including all disclosures, are the responsibility of the management of the City.

We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner that fairly sets forth the following aspects of the City: (1) the financial position of the governmental activities; (2) the business-type activities; (3) the discretely presented component unit; (4) each major fund; (5) the aggregate remaining fund information; (6) the respective changes in financial position and (7) applicable cash flows. In order to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of Salt Lake City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Salt Lake City Corporation's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Salt Lake City Corporation's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather then absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent firm of Certified Public Accountants, has audited these basic financial statements and related notes. Their report is included herein. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Salt Lake City Corporation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 are free of material misstatements. This independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used, and significant estimates made by management.

Additionally, Deloitte & Touche LLP audited the compliance requirements of the City's federal and state grant programs for the year ended June 30, 2003 as part of the federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. That report is available under a separate cover.

This annual report consists of three parts. The **Introductory Section** includes an organizational chart and this transmittal letter. The **Financial Section** includes the report of independent auditors, management's discussion and analysis, the financial statements and related notes. The management's discussion and analysis is designed to provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. Also contained in the financial section are the Required Supplementary Information and the Supplementary Information. The Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary information for the City's major governmental funds. The Supplementary Information includes balance sheets and income statements and budgetary information for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor proprietary funds, internal service funds, as well as all other budgetary information for major proprietary funds and project schedules.

The **Statistical Section** includes several tables of unaudited data depicting the financial history of the City as well as miscellaneous statistics.

Profile of Salt Lake City

Salt Lake City lies between the Wasatch Mountains and the Great Salt Lake at an altitude of 4,200 feet. Permanent settlement of the City began on July 24, 1847, when Brigham Young with a party of 148 Mormon pioneers entered the Salt Lake Valley after a 1,500-mile trek westward. Salt Lake City was incorporated on January 6, 1851 and soon became a major center for trade and commerce with the wagon trains carrying settlers and miners westward. Within a few years of the pioneers' arrival, other communities were settled throughout the Salt Lake Valley. Due to continuous economic and population growth, most of these cities in the valley survived and prospered, and have grown into a single large metropolitan area of over 700,000 people. Salt Lake City is the commercial center of this metropolis.

Salt Lake City is also the center of the scenic intermountain west. Within a day's drive of the City, travelers can visit 70% of the officially designated national parks and monuments of America. The Wasatch Mountains, east of the City, are well known for their ski resorts, which are within a 45-minute drive from downtown Salt Lake City. Approximately 200,000 out-of-state skiers come to these resorts each year. The scenic Wasatch Front provided an excellent backdrop, as the City hosted the 2002 Winter Olympics.

Salt Lake City is the international headquarters of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, or "Mormon" Church. At Temple Square in downtown Salt Lake City, 2-1/2 million visitors see the famous Salt Lake Temple, Tabernacle, and visitor centers each year.

The Salt Palace Convention Center (located in downtown Salt Lake City) plays host to many different activities. This facility has a 36,000 square foot ballroom, 256,000 square feet of exhibit space, and 54,000 square feet of meeting space. It is wired with miles of wire and fiber optic cable for up-to-date computer and communications, including satellite uplink capability.

Several universities and colleges are located in or near Salt Lake City. The University of Utah is located on the east bench of Salt Lake City. This university was founded in 1850 and is the oldest mainland university west of the Missouri River. Approximately 27,000 full and part-time students are enrolled. The Utah Museum of Fine Arts and the Utah Museum of Natural History are located on the University of Utah campus. The University includes a medical school and hospital.

Westminster College of Salt Lake City, Salt Lake Community College, and LDS Business College are also located in Salt Lake City. Three other universities—Utah State University, Weber State University, and Brigham Young University—as well as Utah Valley State College are all located within a two-hour drive from Salt Lake City. These institutions reflect the community's emphasis and dedication to higher education and job skill development.

Salt Lake City also has many opportunities for recreational and cultural activities. The Delta Center, located three blocks directly west of Temple Square, is the home of the Utah Jazz, the 1997 and 1998 Western Conference Champions of the National Basketball Association. Franklin Covey Field, just south of downtown, is the home field of the Salt Lake Stingers, a minor league baseball team.

Also downtown, directly north of the Salt Palace, is Symphony Hall, home of the Utah Symphony Orchestra. The Salt Lake Art Center with its gallery and art school facilities is located adjacent to Symphony Hall. A few blocks south of Symphony Hall, Salt Lake's historic Capitol Theater serves as the home of Ballet West, Repertory Dance Theater, Ririe-Woodbury Dance Company, and the Utah Opera Company. The John W. Gallivan Utah Center, in downtown Salt Lake, is a gathering place for the business and commercial community. The Center's plaza includes an aviary, a 1,000-seat amphitheater, many unique art pieces, and an outdoor pond, which becomes an ice skating rink during the winter. The City also hosts Theater 138, Pioneer Memorial Theater, Utah Civic Opera Company, Hansen Planetarium, and the Utah Heritage Foundation.

Salt Lake City is a major transportation crossroads in the intermountain west. Three major railroads, nine major airlines, two bus lines and many truck lines serve the area. The City is located at the convergence of four major highways and two interstate highway systems. The Salt Lake International Airport is a major intermountain air transportation hub and a principal hub and reservation center for Delta Air Lines. The Utah Transit Authority operates an outstanding commuter bus and light rail system in Salt Lake City and throughout neighboring counties. The Utah Transit Authority has been awarded the Outstanding System Achievement Award for being the top transit operation of its size in the country and the John A. Volpe Safety Award for being the safest system in the country.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including police, fire, recreational activities including eight municipal golf courses, libraries, water, sewer, storm water, airports, public improvements, highways and streets, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Summary of Local Economy

Salt Lake City is the capital city and commercial and industrial center for the State of Utah. The Department of Community and Economic Development aggressively promotes the City as a location for new businesses. The Salt Lake City-Ogden metropolitan area has been named the number one area for a woman running a business. The National Association of Women Business Owners ranked the Salt Lake metropolitan area first nationally in the percentage of growth of women-owned businesses and for their employment levels and sales over the past five years (*Deseret News*, June 24, 2002).

In addition, Utah has been ranked ninth in a state-by-state comparison study highlighting the states that are best positioned to succeed in the technology-led information age. The study, released by the Milken Institute, concluded that investments in science and technology, from higher education to industry research and development, are crucial factors in deciding the fate of regional economies. Individual measurements include everything from the percentage of state's population with PhD's to research and development expenditures per capita (Milken Institute, August 2002). Utah was also named one of the top ten U.S. regions for medical technology industry expansion in 2003 (*MX magazine*, November/December 2002). The University of Utah, the state's largest public university, and its high technology Research Park are both located in Salt Lake City.

Salt Lake City's workforce is widely known as being "overwhelmingly enthusiastic" and "the model for high productivity". This praise is well earned—Salt Lake City workers have one of the highest literacy rates in the country, and, additionally, many are fluent in multiple languages—a skill increasingly crucial to successful international trade. Metropolitan Salt Lake City is ranked tenth among the most competitive areas in the world in the global knowledge economy (*The World Knowledge Competitiveness Index 2002* by United Kingdom's Robert Huggins Associates). The Salt Lake City-Ogden metropolitan area is ranked number 28 among today's hottest cities for business expansion (*Expansion Management magazine*, January 2003).

Salt Lake City is also considered an economic center for the multi-state trading region that extends into Eastern Nevada, Southern Idaho, Southwestern Wyoming, and Western Colorado. The region remained relatively strong during the recent economic downturn, showing general economic fluctuations, which are characteristic of a natural resource based economy.

Salt Lake City—as a business, cultural, educational, and religious center—faces a number of challenges common to capital cities nationally. While Salt Lake City continues to be a vibrant city, it has felt the effects of the struggling national economy.

Employment Activity

Salt Lake City is the central city to 1.7 million inhabitants residing in four counties within an hour's drive from downtown. The majority of Utah's 2.2 million people live in the Wasatch Front urban corridor stretching from Ogden to Provo. The City's daytime population increases from 182,000 residents to over 375,000 as 20% of the state's total work force commutes to jobs located within the city limits.

For the second straight year, the total number of people employed in the City decreased. From 2000 to 2001 employment decreased by approximately 1% with a further drop of over 2%, or approximately 5,000 jobs from 2000 to 2002. While the loss of some jobs can be accounted for the by the completion of preparations for the Winter Olympics and the layoffs that occurred after the Olympics, employment also declined in the important sectors of manufacturing, transportation, communications, utilities, finance, insurance, real estate, and professional business service es between 2001 and 2002. From 2001 to 2002, the only employment sectors to show growth were education and health services, leisure and hospitality services, other services, and government employment.

Taxable Sales Activity

The softening of the national and regional economy is reflected in Salt Lake City's total taxable sales. From 1998 to 1999, taxable sales in Salt Lake City grew 1.9%, a definite slow down from the robust growth of the mid 1990's. In 2001, taxable retail sales declined by 1.6% and in 2002, total taxable sales in Salt Lake City declined by another 2%. From 2001 to 2002, taxable retail sales grew by 3%, however, taxable business sales declined by over 15%.

Other Economic Indicators

Beginning in calendar year 1992, the local construction industry rebounded significantly from the doldrums of the mid 1980's. License and permit revenue increases reflect a general improvement in the City's construction industry and the continuing strength of the City's business community. As with other economic activity in the City, the construction industry has slowed considerably. In 2001 permit authorized construction grew by only 1% over 2000 and in 2002, permit authorized construction fell by almost 10%.

Summary Outlook

As with other metropolitan areas, the national, state, and regional economies play an increasing role in economic activity in Salt Lake City. Salt Lake City's slowing economy occurred against a backdrop of a soft international economy, a declining national economy, and slowing regional and state economies. The City's economy performed relatively well in early 2002, but with the end of the 2002 Winter Olympics, an expected economic slowdown occurred. As the national and regional economies begin to rebound, state and local economies will follow. However, in the short-term, any rebound in the Salt Lake City economy will be lackluster, with very slow growth.

Internal Control Structure

The City utilizes a computerized financial accounting system, which includes a system of internal accounting controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. The City adheres to the above framework for internal controls. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Control

The City Council approves all City budgets at a departmental level. The City Council then may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The Mayor may approve transfers of funds from one object or purpose to another within the same department.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level where expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. Budgetary control is also maintained in governmental funds by the encumbrance of estimated purchase and construction contract amounts prior to the release of purchase orders or contracts to vendors. Purchase orders which result in an overrun of department appropriations cannot be released until additional appropriations are made available. For purposes of budgetary control, all funds except for the General Fund are considered a department. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance at year-end for only the General Fund.

Cash Management

The City's investment of its temporarily idle funds has as its major objectives: safety of principal, need for liquidity, and maximization of the City's investment income opportunities. Investment earnings strengthen the City's overall financial standing and add annually to its revenues. Cash of the various funds is pooled in order to obtain the best interest rates and ensure that all temporarily idle cash is invested.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA), awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Salt Lake City Corporation for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. The City has now received this, or an equivalent award for over 20 years.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

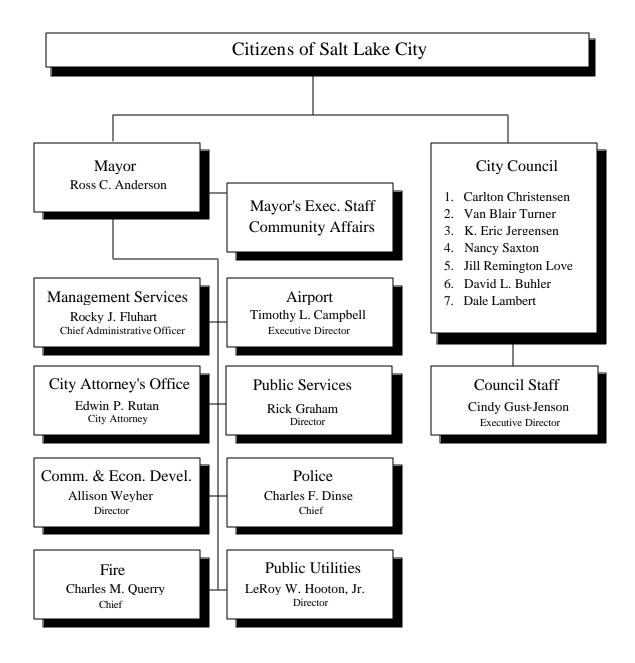
The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Department of Management Services. We appreciate Deloitte & Touche LLP, Certified Public Accountants, for the assistance and guidance they have given us. We also thank the members of the City Council and the Mayor for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Gordon Hoskins Finance Director

Salt Lake City Corporation

Organizational Structure Fiscal Year 2002-2003



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Salt Lake City Corporation, Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

CAMADA

President

Executive Director

This page intentionally left blank.

Financial Section

Deloitte & Touche LLP Suite 1800 50 South Main St. Salt Lake City, Utah 84144-0158

Tel: (801) 328-4706 Fax: (801) 355-7515 www.deloitte.com

Deloitte & Touche

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Salt Lake City Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Salt Lake City Corporation (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the foregoing table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, such basic financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Budgetary Comparison Information listed in the foregoing table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

As described in Note 20 to the basic financial statements, the City restated the beginning net assets to correct the deferral of property tax revenue and to correct the recognition of revenue for impact fees, fines, and operating grants.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary combining and individual fund statements and schedules described in the foregoing table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. Such additional information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2003, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

December 5, 2003

Selvitte & Touche LLP

Salt Lake City Corporation's management presents to the readers of its financial statements this narrative information. It contains an overview and analysis of the financial position and results of operations as of and for the twelve months ended June 30, 2003. As management of the City, we encourage readers to consider information contained in this discussion along with the transmittal letter on pages v-ix.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of Salt Lake City (the City) exceeded its liabilities at the end of the current fiscal year by \$1,577,888,189 (net assets). Of this amount, \$352,213,266 (unrestricted net assets) is available to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Net assets increased by \$67,663,758. Of this amount, 91 percent is a result of business-type activities

The City's Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$98,482,826, a decrease of \$32,163,246 compared to the prior years' ending amount. Of the combined total fund balance, \$42,862,285 is available for spending at the discretion of the City (unreserved and undesignated fund balance).

The unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund at June 30, 2003 totaled \$22,012,170, is 14 percent of the General Fund total revenues for the year and 51 percent of governmental unreserved and undesignated fund balance. Of this amount in the General Fund, approximately \$1,094,000 is related to encumbrances and will be expended in the following fiscal year.

During the year, total bonded debt for Salt Lake City decreased by approximately \$24,253,000. The City did issue new bonds, but they were issued overwhelmingly to replace then currently outstanding debt. At the same time, the City continued to make the regularly scheduled interest and principal payments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to Salt Lake City's basic financial statements: (1) Government-wide financial statements, (2) Fund financial statements and (3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains information in addition to the basic financial statements that will help the reader to gain a more indepth understanding of the City.

Government-wide financial statements give readers a broad overview of the entire City's financial position and changes in financial position, similar to consolidated financial statements in a private sector business. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets shows Salt Lake City's entire assets and liabilities with the difference shown as net assets. Increases or decreases over time in net assets gives an indicator as to whether the financial condition of Salt Lake City is improving or declining.

The Statement of Activities shows the changes to net assets that occurred during the most recent fiscal year. These changes are recorded on an accrual basis when the underlying event that causes the change occurs, regardless of when the cash transaction takes place. One example is the next debt interest payment when the fiscal year ends in between interest payments. The Statement of Activities shows an additional interest expense for the time period between the last interest payment and the end of the fiscal year.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between activities that are largely supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and those whose operations are entirely or largely financed by user charges and fees (business type-activities). The governmental activities for Salt Lake City include general governmental; (Council, Mayor, Attorney, Management Services and Non-departmental); public safety (Police and Fire), streets and recreation (Public Services); and housing and other development (Community and Economic Development). The business-type activities include water, sewer, storm-water, airport, intermodal hub, refuse collection, golf and redevelopment.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Salt Lake City itself (the primary government), but also those of the legally separate Salt Lake City Library. This entity (a component unit) is financially accountable to the City and is presented separately from the primary government itself. Two other entities, the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City and the Municipal Building Authority are also legally separate from the City, but for all practical purposes function as a part of the City and are therefore blended as an integral part of the primary government.

Prior Period Restatement: In 2003, management determined that a portion of property taxes, operating grant revenues and impact fees should have been accounted for differently in FY 2002 than they were handled. Beginning net assets in the governmental activities should have been \$61,164,593 lower and revenues should have been \$3,515,582 lower. Beginning net assets in the business-type activities should have been \$5,770,183 higher and revenues should have been \$1,307,358 higher. Note 20 in the Notes to the Financial Statements contains a more detailed description of these restatements. All FY 2002 amounts in this discussion and analysis have been changed to reflect these restatements.

The government-wide financial statements are found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a set of closely related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or purposes. Salt Lake City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be categorized into one of three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same activities as the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, but with a narrower focus. Governmental funds concentrate on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balances of spendable resources available to the government at the end of the fiscal year. This information can be useful in evaluating the government's short term financing requirements.

Comparing similar information presented in the government-wide statements for the governmental activities with that presented in governmental funds statements can provide useful information because of the different focus of the two approaches. With the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reader may be able to better understand the long-term effects of the near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance show reconciliation between the governmental funds statements to the governmental activities in the government-wide statements to aid in the comparison.

Salt Lake City uses eleven different individual governmental funds. Of this number, information is shown separately for the General, Housing Loans and Capital Projects Funds, all of which are deemed major funds. Information from the other eight funds is presented in a single combined column. Individual presentations for these non-major funds are contained in combining information shown after the notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Within the Proprietary funds are two types that Salt Lake City utilizes; enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report the same functions as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Enterprise funds maintained by Salt Lake City are: the water, sewer and storm-water utilities; the transportation Intermodal Hub; the Salt Lake City International Airport; refuse collection; golf and redevelopment activities. Internal service funds are used as an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs among the City's various governmental and enterprise activities. Salt Lake City uses internal service funds to account for its vehicle fleet, information technology, risk management and employee benefits, tort liability and central printing activities. Because all of these activities support primarily governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds present the same information as in the government-wide statements, except in more detail. The fund statements for proprietary funds provide separate information for the Department of Airports, Water Utility and Redevelopment Agency, all of which are considered to be major funds of Salt Lake City. Individual presentations for the remaining enterprise funds are contained in the combining information elsewhere in this report. All internal service funds are shown in one single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund information can be found in the combining information elsewhere in this report. The City also adopts annual appropriated budgets for all of its proprietary funds. As with the governmental funds, budgetary comparison statements are included to show compliance with these budgets.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the City for the benefit of entities outside of the government. Since these resources cannot be used to support the operations of Salt Lake City, they are not shown in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting for fiduciary is similar to that of proprietary funds.

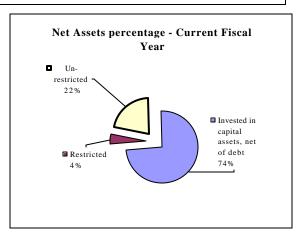
The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Notes to the financial statements contain additional information important to a complete understanding of the information contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements are located after the statements for major funds as listed in the table of contents.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION'S NET ASSETS (thousands)												
		Govern Activ			Business-type Activities			Total				
		2002, as 2003 restated			2003	2002, as restated		2003		2002, as restated		
Current and other assets	\$	211,229	\$	251,490	\$	402,831	\$	327,137	\$	614,060	\$	578,627
Capital assets		503,371		464,212		1,001,860		1,020,734		1,505,231		1,484,946
Total assets	\$	714,600	\$	715,702	\$:	1,404,691	\$	1,347,871	\$	2,119,291	\$	2,063,573
Current and other liabilities	\$	100,738	\$	102,464	\$	48,921	\$	40,538	\$	149,659	\$	143,002
Long term liabilities		182,479		187,840		209,266		222,508		391,745		410,348
Total liabilities	\$	283,217	\$	290,304	\$	258,187	\$	263,046	\$	541,404	\$	553,350
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt	\$	335,869	\$	290,429	\$	820,939	\$	828,735	\$	1,156,808	\$	1,119,164
Restricted		7,720		5,414		61,146		42,862		68,866		48,276
Unrestricted		87,794		129,555		264,419		213,228		352,213		342,783
Total net assets	\$	431,383	\$	425,398	\$ 1	1,146,504	\$	1,084,825	\$	1,577,887	\$	1,510,223

By far the largest component of Salt Lake City's net assets is its investment in capital assets. The 74 percent of total net assets represents the City's investment in land and land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, roads, streetlights & signals and bridges, less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire these assets. Salt Lake City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens who live, work, pass through or benefit in other ways from the City. By their nature, these assets are not available for future spending. Further, even though these capital assets are reported net of any related debt, resources needed to repay the debt must



come from other sources, as the assets themselves cannot be used to satisfy the related obligations.

An additional part of net assets (4 percent) is assets that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be expended (debt reserve funds or unexpended debt proceeds). The remaining 22 percent of net assets (\$352,213,000) can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its creditors and to citizens.

1	SALT LA	AKE CITY COR	PORATION'S Cha	nges in Net Assets			
	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
_	Activities		Activ	vities	Total		
_		2002, as	2002, as			2002, as	
	2003	restated	2003	restated	2003	restated	
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 36,704,342	\$ 44,160,997	\$ 227,332,775	\$ 233,633,331	\$ 264,037,117	\$ 277,794,328	
Operating grants and						-	
contributions	10,740,811	9,945,379	18,975,868	24,156,728	29,716,679	34,102,107	
Capital grants and							
contributions	8,075,067	6,487,144	-	-	8,075,067	6,487,144	
General Revenues							
Property taxes	59,723,506	58,584,337	-	-	59,723,506	58,584,337	
Other taxes	62,567,632	66,434,010	-	-	62,567,632	66,434,010	
Grants and contributions not restricted to							
specific programs	-	3,660,609	-	-	-	3,660,609	
Other	4,399,998	8,587,493	5,546,109	6,958,251	9,946,107	15,545,744	
Total revenues	182,211,356	197,859,969	251,854,752	264,748,310	434,066,108	462,608,279	
Expenses							
General Government	1,105,291	739,647			1,105,291	739,647	
Council	1,563,494	1,310,903	-	-	1,563,494	1,310,903	
Mayor	1,523,810	1,557,256	-	-	1,523,810	1,557,256	
City Attorney	3,712,632	2,749,053	-	-	3,712,632	2,749,053	
Management Services	12,997,198	13,358,473	-	-	12,997,198	13,358,473	
Fire	26,929,828	27,594,069	-	-	26,929,828	27,594,069	
Police	44,768,492	47,058,815	-	-	44,768,492	47,058,815	
Community and Economic							
Development	19,989,439	20,922,501	-	-	19,989,439	20,922,501	
Public Services	37,621,964	36,276,863	-	-	37,621,964	36,276,863	
Nondepartmental	11,451,375	9,784,341	-	-	11,451,375	9,784,341	
Infrastructure depreciation	5,609,948	6,046,936	-	-	5,609,948	6,046,936	
Interest on long-term debt	8,953,123	11,204,096	-	-	8,953,123	11,204,096	
Water	-	-	34,829,834	35,314,324	34,829,834	35,314,324	
Department of Airports	-	-	104,468,258	94,684,060	104,468,258	94,684,060	
Redevelopment Agency	-		18,340,311	16,496,976	18,340,311	16,496,976	
Other business-type activities	-		32,537,353	33,046,790	32,537,353	33,046,790	
Total Expenses	176,226,594	178,602,953	190,175,756	179,542,150	366,402,350	358,145,103	
Increase in net assets	5,984,762	19,257,016	61,678,996	85,206,160	67,663,758	104,463,176	
Net assets beginning, as restated	425,398,808	406,141,792	1,084,825,623	999,619,463	1,510,224,431	1,405,761,255	
Net assets ending	\$ 431,383,570	\$ 425,398,808	\$ 1,146,504,619	\$1,084,825,623	\$ 1,577,888,189	\$ 1,510,224,431	

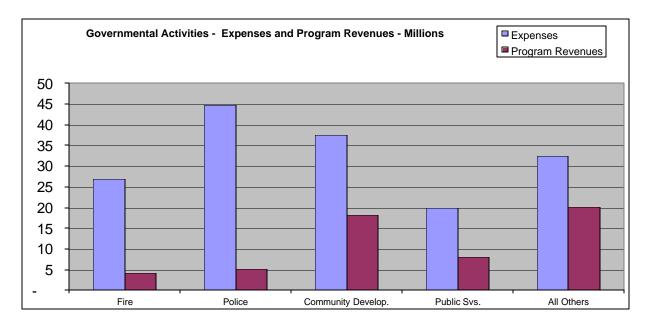
ACTIVITIES, GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE

Governmental Activities net assets increased by \$5,984,762 for the year ended June 30, 2003, which is 9% of the total increase in net assets for Salt Lake City Corporation as a whole. The major reasons for the increase are:

(1) The City Council's commitment to contribute 9 percent of general fund revenues to infrastructure capital assets and the use of intergovernmental funds for infrastructure has exceeded the depreciation on the City's infrastructure;

- (2) The City has in recent years used federal revenue to fund loans rather than grants in the Housing Loans Fund. Over time, this approach will significantly increase net assets as loan portfolios are built up and both principal and interest received on these loans are "recycled" into new loans;
- (3) A portion of governmental activities resources is dedicated to making debt principal payments, the payment of which does not reduce net assets.

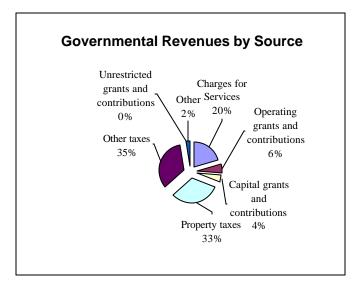
Nearly counteracting the upward movement were the spending down of Olympic surpluses and a general slowdown of the economy.



Business-type activities contributed increased net assets in the amount of \$61,678,996 or 91% of the total increase to net assets. The most significant reason for this increase is the Department of Airports' and the Water's revenues and capital contributions exceeding their expenses. Both entities continue to invest heavily in capital assets. The Airport is continuing its program of expanded and improved facilities while the Water Utility is aggressively replacing the water distribution infrastructure.

Financial Analysis of Salt Lake City's Funds

Salt Lake City's governmental funds provide information on the short-term resource inflows and outflows and account balances at

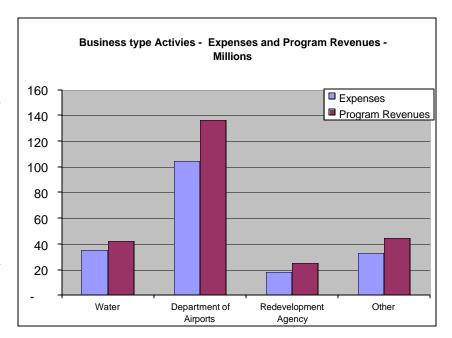


the end of the fiscal year. The total fund balance is a measure of total available resources and the unreserved portion of this total fund balance is a measure of the available spendable resources at June 30, 2003.

For the period ended June 30, 2003, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance amount of \$98,482,826 with a decrease of \$32,163,246 compared to the prior fiscal year. Of the total balance at year-end, \$42,862,285 is unreserved and undesignated. There is also an amount of \$27,842,263 designated for capital projects. The remaining \$27,778,278 combined fund balance total is reserved for the following purposes: (1) encumbrances; (2)

loans receivable; (3) restricted assets, including an amount for the guarantee of special assessment debt and (4) land and buildings held for resale.

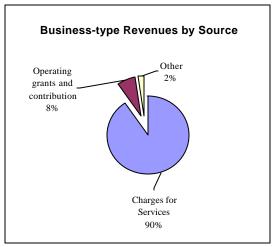
The General Fund is the main operating fund for Salt Lake City Corporation. At June 30, 2003, the General Fund's unreserved fund balance was \$22,012,170 while total fund balance equaled \$23,106,981. A useful measure of liquidity is to compare the unreserved fund balance and the total fund balance to expenditures (including operating transfers out) for the year. Unreserved fund balance was 13 percent of total expenditures and transfers while total fund balance equaled 14 percent.



The fund balance of the General Fund for Salt Lake City

decreased by \$8,045,442. The major factors contributing to this change were: (1) Reimbursements from the organizers of the 2002 Winter Olympic Games were spent down on legacy and other projects; (2) the slowdown in the local economy caused revenues to be lower than initially expected (3) expenditures lower than budget for general fund departments buffered the effects of (1) and (2).

The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$28,863,214 at June 30, 2003, all of which is either reserved for restricted assets or designated for unfinished projects. The net decrease in fund balance for the year amounted to \$24,414,280. The major factor of the large decrease results from the spending of general obligation bond proceeds for the construction of the new city library. The bonds were sold in fiscal year 2000, while the expenditures for the construction have occurred in subsequent years, including the current fiscal year.



The Housing Loans Fund has a total fund balance of \$19,425,377. Most of the total fund balance is reserved for either land and buildings held for resale or for loans receivable net of related debt. The related debt is used to leverage other resources this fund uses to provide financing for loans to low and moderate-income individuals and families. Fund balance increased by \$1,440,836 during the current fiscal year. The majority of the increase results from two factors. First, the Housing Loans Fund has been able to gradually build up resources that are unrelated to either federal grants or financial institutions. Interest received on loans funded by these resources adds permanently to fund balance. Second, federal program income accumulates until periodically transferred back to a grants operating fund for re-appropriation by the City Council. At year-end, the Housing Loans Fund had accumulated program income that will be transferred during the following fiscal year.

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the City's Major proprietary funds totaled \$146,869,334 for the Department of Airports, \$12,298,253 for the Water Fund and \$49,007,862 for the Redevelopment Agency Fund. Discussions about the finances of these three funds are addressed in the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and final amended budgets amounted to a total increase in appropriations of \$8,191,450. By department, the changes are:

- \$290,935 increase for City Council
- \$16,545 increase for Mayor
- \$32,844 decrease for City Attorney
- \$78,559 decrease for Management Services
- \$45.749 increase for Fire
- \$336,173 decrease for Police
- \$429,955 increase for Community and Economic Development
- \$870,363 increase for Public Services
- \$6,985,479 increase for Nondepartmental (including transfers out)

Of the total increase in expenditure budgets, none was funded from increases in revenue estimates. The entire \$8,191,450 was funded from fund balance. By far the largest increase occurred in Nondepartmental (including transfers out). Most of the increase relates to the use of "one-time" money that was generated during the 2002 Winter Olympics, was not appropriated in FY 2002, and therefore increased the FY 2002 General Fund fund balance. Most of this fund balance appropriation during FY 2003 was used for capital improvement projects with a smaller amount dedicated to improving the City's housing stock through the use of grants or low interest loans.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Salt Lake City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities combined totaled \$1,505,230,761 (net of \$693,049,055 accumulated depreciation) at June 30, 2003. Types of assets included in this category are land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, park and other recreation facilities, roads (including curb and gutter), street lights, traffic signals, parking facilities, water and waste water distribution and collection systems, airport runways and taxiways and bridges. The City's investment in capital assets equals more than 95 percent of total net assets. In comparing capital assets to net assets, the percentages for Governmental activities and Business type activities were 117 percent and 87 percent, respectively.

Major capital asset activities that occurred during the past fiscal year include: (1) the Department of Airports placed into service approximately \$17,000,000 of constructed assets related to its development master plan; (2) Water main replacement is a continuing program with the Water Utility Fund as many of the existing main lines near the end of their useful lives; (3) The Water utility is also continuing a five year meter replacement program and major modifications to the City Creek Treatment Plant. (4) The Sewer Utility started the first year of a six-year capital improvement program with a major investment at the Water Reclamation Plant; (5) The construction of the new Salt Lake City Library was completed during this fiscal year.

Salt Lake City Corporation's Capital Assets										
	Govern	mental		Busine	ss-ty	/pe				
	Activ	vities		Activ	vities	S		To	tal	
	2003	2003 2002		2003		2002		2003		2002
Land and water rights	\$ 160,610,144	\$ 157,354,263	\$	79,146,163	\$	78,682,690	\$	239,756,307	\$	236,036,953
Infrastructure	198,079,283	201,255,812		-		-		198,079,283		201,255,812
Buildings	176,086,604	110,222,740		392,493,080		382,258,235		568,579,684		492,480,975
Improvements other than										-
buildings	55,519,682	25,958,245		892,512,823		889,698,120		948,032,505		915,656,365
Machinery and equipment	65,770,126	64,993,421		116,116,443		115,659,725		181,886,569		180,653,146
Construction in										
progress	16,405,778	73,834,701		45,539,690		56,136,479		61,945,468		129,971,180
Accumulated Depreciation	(169,100,549)	(169,407,141)		(523,948,506)		(501,701,159)		(693,049,055)		(671,108,300)
Net book value	\$ 503,371,068	\$ 464,212,041	\$ 1	1,001,859,693	\$ 1	1,020,734,090	\$	1,505,230,761	\$1	1,484,946,131

At June 30, 2003, Salt Lake City's bonded debt amounted to \$351,577,177. The portion that is backed by the full faith and credit of the City amounted to \$91,355,339, and the portion for which the City is liable in case of default by assessed property owners amounted to \$808,000. All other bonded debt is known as revenue bonds and is secured by specific revenue sources.

The past fiscal year was relatively inactive compared to several past years. In August 2002, the City issued \$48,855,000 in General Obligation Bonds. The proceeds were used to defease a portion of the Series 1999 General Obligation Bonds and complete the final construction phase of the new Salt Lake City Library. In May, 2003, the Airport terminated the Swap Agreement on the 1993 series bonds. A financial institution agreed to accept a \$1,847,000 lump sum payment to release the Airport from its fixed-interest rate swap obligation.

Salt Lake City's general obligation bonded debt has the following ratings from Moody's Investors Service and Fitch IBCA Inc.; Aaa / AAA, respectively.

General obligation debt of the City is limited by statute to 8 percent of the reasonable fair cash value of property. The debt limit for FY 2003 calculates to nearly \$1.5 billion, which is well in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. Additional information on Salt Lake City's capital assets and debt can be found in Notes 5 and 6.

Salt Lake City Corporation's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds									
	Governmen	Business-type Governmental Activities Activities							
	2003	2002	2003			2002			
General obligation bonds Special assessment debt with	\$ 91,355,339	\$ 93,360,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,355,339	\$ 93,360,000			
governmental commitment		993,000	-	-	808,000	993,000			
Revenue bonds	69,783,893	74,488,411	189,629,945	206,988,539	259,413,838	281,476,950			
Total	\$ 161,947,232	\$ 168,841,411	\$ 189,629,945	\$ 206,988,539	\$ 351,577,177	\$ 375,829,950			

Economic factors and next year's budgets and rates

The unemployment rate for the most recent fiscal year available (2002) is 7.3 percent, up from 5.0 percent for the previous year. Total employment with the City has decreased slightly and taxable sales declined 2 percent. In addition, construction activity declined from prior years. These slowing economic factors were considered in preparing and amending the fiscal year 2004 budget.

During the just completed fiscal year unreserved fund balance in the General Fund decreased by over \$6,500,000. Much of the decrease is from the appropriation of prior year profits received from the Salt Lake Organizing Committee after the 2002 Winter Olympics ended. To date for FY 2004, the City has appropriated approximately \$2,600,000 of the unreserved fund balance. Currently, Salt Lake City is experiencing an economic slowdown consistent with the rest of the nation.

The rates and fees for most services remained constant for FY 2004 compared with the fiscal year just ended.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to give its readers a general overview of the city of Salt Lake City's finances. Questions regarding any information contained in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 451 South State Street Room 248, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111.

This page intentionally left blank.

Basic Financial Statements

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2003

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit Library
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)				
Unrestricted	\$ 79,602,052	\$ 224,899,825	\$ 304,501,877	\$ 481,362
Restricted (Note 2 &4)	16,916,062	3,620,203	20,536,265	-
Investments (Note 2)	=	2,868,369	2,868,369	4,240,210
Receivables:				
Property, franchise and excise taxes	70,528,496	-	70,528,496	10,205,643
Assessments, including \$318,620 of delinquent assessments	2,679,135	-	2,679,135	-
Loans and other receivables, less allowance for				
doubtful accounts of \$4,038,926. (Note 3)	2,923,970	684,695	3,608,665	89,539
Accounts, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$112,040	-	25,227,620	25,227,620	-
Due from other governments	1,943,636	7,606,249	9,549,885	-
Other, principally accrued interest	2,166,479	-	2,166,479	-
Prepaid Expenses	207,788	-	207,788	147,057
Inventories	535,562	2,723,898	3,259,460	-
Internal balances	(1,835)	1,835		
Total current assets	177,501,345	267,632,694	445,134,039	15,163,811
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)		64,485,147	64,485,147	5,236
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)		04,403,147	04,405,147	3,230
Property and equipment, at cost:				
Land and water rights (Note 5)	160,610,144	79,146,163	239,756,307	590,554
Infrastructure (Note 5)	198,079,283	-	198,079,283	-
Buildings (Note 5)	176,086,604	392,493,080	568,579,684	9,900,067
Improvements other than buildings (Note 5)	55,519,682	892,512,823	948,032,505	317,116
Machinery and equipment (Note 5)	65,770,126	116,116,443	181,886,569	18,582,443
Construction in progress (Note 5)	16,405,778	45,539,690	61,945,468	-
Accumulated depreciation (Note 5)	(169,100,549)	(523,948,506)	(693,049,055)	(10,642,795)
Net property and equipment	503,371,068	1,001,859,693	1,505,230,761	18,747,385
Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$2,455,863	1,123,290	2,763,404	3,886,694	-
Loans and other long-term receivables	31,225,605	14,961,235	46,186,840	-
Land and buildings held for resale	1,379,170	9,508,346	10,887,516	-
Investment in joint venture (Note 19)	-	24,975,009	24,975,009	-
Deferred charges	-	15,819,454	15,819,454	-
Other	-	2,685,840	2,685,840	
Total noncurrent assets	537,099,133	1,072,572,981	1,609,672,114	18,747,385
Total assets	\$ 714,600,478	\$ 1,404,690,822	\$ 2,119,291,300	\$ 33,916,432

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2003

Primary Government Component Governmental Unit Business-type Activities Library Activities Total LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 5,492,900 14,008,634 19,501,534 2,148,594 Accrued liabilities 16,335,598 14,155,360 30,490,958 Current portion of long-term debt: Payable from unrestricted assets (Note 6) 12,494,708 4,262,728 16,757,436 56,088 Payable from restricted assets (Note 6) 11,180,526 11,180,526 241,000 241,000 Special assessment debt with governmental commitment (Note 6) 11,740,534 Deferred revenue 65,071,703 36,160 65,107,863 Accrued interest, payable from restricted assets 1,677,932 1,677,932 103,057 581,673 Other liabilities payable from restricted assets 581,673 Current deposits and advance rentals 520,313 3,599,356 4,119,669 100,737,895 48,920,696 149,658,591 14,048,273 Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Deposits, advance rentals and long term accruals 22,263,899 22,263,899 Other liabilities payable from restricted assets 2,956,673 2,956,673 14,410,128 Long-term compensation liability 6,812,726 21,222,854 372,470 Bonds payable 152,071,072 152,071,072 Special assessment debt with governmental commitment 567,000 567,000 Notes payable 15,332,173 177,232,209 192,564,382 Notes payable from restricted assets 98,640 98,640 Total noncurrent liabilities 182,479,013 209,265,507 391,744,520 372,470 Total liabilities 283,216,908 258,186,203 541,403,111 14,420,743 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 335,869,183 820,939,286 1,156,808,469 18,747,385 Restricted for: Capital projects 7,105,451 7,105,451 61,146,084 Debt service 614,919 61,761,003 87,794,017 Unrestricted 264,419,249 352,213,266 748,304 431,383,570 1,146,504,619 19,495,689 Total net assets 1,577,888,189 Total liabilities and net assets \$ 714,600,478 1,404,690,822 2,119,291,300 33,916,432

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2003

		Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General Government	\$ 1,105,291	\$ 1,422,230	\$ -	\$ 8,075,067				
City Council	1,563,494	81,630	-	-				
Mayor	1,523,810	286,113	-	-				
City Attorney	3,712,632	400,218	-	-				
Management Services	12,997,198	9,162,623	-	-				
Fire	26,929,828	4,161,503	-	-				
Police	44,768,492	5,000,619	70,111	-				
Community and Economic Development	19,989,439	11,451,026	6,727,516	-				
Public Services	37,621,964	4,079,050	3,943,184	-				
Nondepartmental	11,451,375	659,330	-	-				
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation	5,609,948	-	-	-				
Interest on long-term debt	8,953,123		-					
Total governmental activities	176,226,594	36,704,342	10,740,811	8,075,067				
Business-type activities:								
Water	34,829,834	40,221,900	1,692,296	-				
Airport Authority	104,468,258	126,076,331	10,424,858	-				
Redevelopment Agency	18,340,311	24,745,565	-	-				
Other activities	32,537,353	36,288,979	6,858,714					
Total business-type activities	190,175,756	227,332,775	18,975,868					
Total primary government	\$ 366,402,350	\$ 264,037,117	\$ 29,716,679	\$ 8,075,067				
Component unit Library	\$ 13,298,756	\$ 636,406	\$ 107,123	\$ 4,279,666				

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Franchise taxes

Sales tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Beginning Net Assets

Net assets - July 1, 2002 as previously reported

Prior period adjusments (see Note 20)

Net Assets July 1, 2002 as restated (see Note 20)

Net assets - June 30, 2003

1	Net (Expense) Revenue a Primary Government	and Changes in Net Asset	S
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
\$ 8,392,006	\$ -	\$ 8,392,006	\$ -
(1,481,864)	-	(1,481,864)	-
(1,237,697)	-	(1,237,697)	-
(3,312,414) (3,834,575)	-	(3,312,414) (3,834,575)	-
(22,768,325)	- -	(22,768,325)	
(39,697,762)	-	(39,697,762)	_
(1,810,897)	-	(1,810,897)	_
(29,599,730)	-	(29,599,730)	-
(10,792,045)	=	(10,792,045)	-
(5,609,948)	-	(5,609,948)	-
(8,953,123)		(8,953,123)	
(120,706,374)		(120,706,374)	
_	7,084,362	7,084,362	_
-	32,032,931	32,032,931	_
-	6,405,254	6,405,254	_
	10,610,340	10,610,340	-
	56,132,887	56,132,887	
(120,706,374)	56,132,887	(64,573,487)	
			(8,275,561)
59,723,506 20,678,643 41,888,989		59,723,506 20,678,643 41,888,989	9,993,722
4,298,346 101,652	5,647,761 (101,652)	9,946,107 -	147,548
126,691,136	5,546,109	132,237,245	10,141,270
5,984,762	61,678,996	67,663,758	1,865,709
490,078,983	1,077,748,082	1,567,827,065	29,900,281
(64,680,175)	7,077,541	(57,602,634)	(12,270,301)
425,398,808	1,084,825,623	1,510,224,431	17,629,980
\$ 431,383,570	\$ 1,146,504,619	\$ 1,577,888,189	\$ 19,495,689

This page intentionally left blank.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal fund of the City and is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund accounts for the normal activities of the City, (i.e. police, fire, public works, parks, community and economic development, general government, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits.

Capital Projects Fund - The City's Capital Projects Fund is used to account for resources designated to construct general fixed assets which, by their nature, may require more than one budgetary cycle for completion. Project budgets are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund.

Housing Loans Fund - To account for the loan servicing activities of the City's Governmental Fund Types, except for the Urban Development Action Grant loans.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2003

	General
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 22,348,983
Receivables:	
Property, franchise and excise taxes	70,512,783
Assessments, including \$318,620 of delinquent assessments	-
Taxes receivable	-
Loans and other receivables, less allowance for	
doubtful loans of \$4,038,926 (Note 3)	-
Due from other funds for cash overdraft (Notes 2 & 19)	-
Due from other funds for other than cash overdraft (Note 18)	-
Due from other governments	-
Other, principally accrued interest	1,604,373
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2 & 4)	1,073
Land and buildings held for resale	
Total assets	\$ 94,467,212

			Other				Total		
Capital			Housing		Governmental		Governmental		
	Projects		Loans		Funds		Funds		
\$	23,884,656	\$	3,280,132	\$	17,867,621	\$	67,381,392		
	-		-		-		70,512,783		
	-				2,679,135	2,679,135			
	-		-		15,713		15,713		
	-		26,885,832		7,258,786		34,144,618		
	5,246,608		-		_		5,246,608		
	-		-		1,429,793		1,429,793		
	-		-		1,337,672		1,337,672		
	-		-		562,106		2,166,479		
	1,020,951		73,065		1,030,176		2,125,265		
			1,379,170				1,379,170		
\$	30,152,215	\$	31,618,199	\$	32,181,002	\$	188,418,628		

(continued)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued) June 30, 2003

	General
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</u>	
Liabilities:	
Due to other funds for other than cash overdraft (Note 18)	\$ -
Accounts payable	334,938
Accrued liabilities	9,283,369
Current deposits and advance rentals	520,313
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets	=
Loan financing notes payable	=
Deferred revenue	61,221,611
Total liabilities	71,360,231
Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for loans receivable and advances Reserved for restricted assets Reserved for land and buildings held for resale Unreserved - designated for capital improvements Unreserved and undesignated Unreserved, reported in nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	1,093,738 - 1,073 - - 22,012,170
Debt Service Funds	<u> </u>
Total fund balances	23,106,981
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 94,467,212

Capital Projects	Housing Loans	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 1,289,001 - - - - - - - 1,289,001	\$ 1,429,793 140,708 - - 73,065 10,549,256 - - 12,192,822	\$ - 817,785 59,010 - 508,608 - 3,708,345 5,093,748	\$ 1,429,793 2,582,432 9,342,379 520,313 581,673 10,549,256 64,929,956 89,935,802
1,020,951 - 27,842,263 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	16,336,576 73,065 1,379,170 - 1,636,566	7,352,137 521,568 - - - - 18,864,412 349,137 27,087,254	1,093,738 23,688,713 1,616,657 1,379,170 27,842,263 23,648,736 18,864,412 349,137 98,482,826
\$ 30,152,215	\$ 31,618,199	\$ 32,181,002	\$ 188,418,628

This page intentionally left blank.

Salt Lake City Corporation Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statements of Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2003

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 98,482,826
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: (see Note 5)		
Land Infrastructure Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation	160,610,144 198,079,283 176,086,604 55,519,682 65,770,126 16,405,778 (169,100,549)	
Total capital assets	(======================================	503,371,068
Other assets are reported for governmental activities as they are not considered collectible until after year end. These include other receivables that are long-term in nature and bond issue costs less amortization Other receivables Bond issue costs	605,964 292,779	898,743
Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services.		20,256,839
Some of the internal service net income is allocable to business-type activities. These amounts are shown in the internal balances in the governmental activities statement.		32,778
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather as an expenditure when due. Obligation for compensation liabilities due within one year are included in the governmental fund statements in accrued liabilities. All liabilities -both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net assets. (See Note 6.)		
Accrued liabilities Obligation for compensation liabilities due after one year Current portion of long-term debt Bonds payable Note payable	(6,993,219) (14,410,128) (2,186,452) (152,638,072) (15,430,813)	
Total liabilities	(,, -10)	 (191,658,684)
Total net assets of governmental activities		\$ 431,383,570

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2003

		Capital	Housing	Other Governmental	
D	General	Projects	Loans	Funds	Totals
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$ 59,723,506	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,723,506
Sales, use, and excise taxes	39,910,981	-	-	1,978,008	41,888,989
Franchise taxes	20,555,564	-	-	123,079	20,678,643
Licenses	5,430,021	-	-	-	5,430,021
Permits Fines and forfeitures	3,751,273	-	-	200.405	3,751,273
	5,273,989	04.970	-	290,405	5,564,394
Assessments Interest	1 667 460	94,879 452,066	772 150	1,448,558 940,368	1,543,437
Interest	1,667,460 3,705,062	11,243,647	773,158 381,749	6,395,884	3,833,052 21,726,342
Intergovernmental Interfund service charges	8,057,284	11,243,047	361,749	0,393,864	8,057,284
Parking meter	1,160,062	-	-	-	1,160,062
Parking ticket	3,444,720	-	-	-	3,444,720
Charges for services	3,940,894	_	23,699	28,795	3,993,388
Contributions	47,435		23,077	1,213,178	1,260,613
Miscellaneous	473,994	460,618	826,785	521,276	2,282,673
Total revenues	157,142,245	12,251,210	2,005,391	12,939,551	184,338,397
Expenditures: Current:					
City Council	1,513,092	_	_	_	1,513,092
Mayor	1,485,544	_	_	_	1,485,544
City Attorney	2,564,537	_	_	_	2,564,537
Management Services	8,808,214	_	_	11,602	8,819,816
Fire	26,135,965	_	_	-	26,135,965
Police	41,899,906	_	_	701,971	42,601,877
Community and Economic	.1,0>>,>00			,01,,,1	.2,001,077
Development	9,321,982	_	438,716	8,658,498	18,419,196
Public Services	31,618,779	_	-	1,225,215	32,843,994
Arts Council	-	-	-	824,458	824,458
Nondepartmental	11,448,735	-	-	-	11,448,735
Capital outlay	-	52,549,888	-	-	52,549,888
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	58,331,642	58,331,642
Interest and other fiscal charges			683,061	4,738,490	5,421,551
Total expenditures	134,796,754	52,549,888	1,121,777	74,491,876	262,960,295
Revenues over (under) expenditures	22,345,491	(40,298,678)	883,614	(61,552,325)	(78,621,898)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from debt issuance	_	3,543,046	-	50,672,642	54,215,688
Proceeds from sale of property	310,445	609,150	_		919,595
Transfers in	3,493,569	26,794,762	1,534,029	13,802,630	45,624,990
Transfers out	(34,194,947)	(15,062,560)	(976,807)	(4,067,307)	(54,301,621)
	(-) -)-)		(****)	()	(-) /- /
Total other financing sources (uses):	(30,390,933)	15,884,398	557,222	60,407,965	46,458,652
Revenues and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other uses	(8,045,442)	(24,414,280)	1,440,836	(1,144,360)	(32,163,246)
Fund balance July 1, 2002	31,152,423	53,277,494	17,984,541	28,231,614	130,646,072
	2 -,10 2, .23	,-,,,,,	,		,5.0,0,2
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$ 23,106,981	\$ 28,863,214	\$ 19,425,377	\$ 27,087,254	\$ 98,482,826

Salt Lake City Corporation

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2003

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (32,163,246)
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$44,413,105) exceeded depreciation expense (\$10,863,642). (see	
Note 5)	33,549,463
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets. (See Note 6.)	58,331,642
In governmental funds the proceeds from the bonds and notes are considered a source of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the obligation is reported as a liability. (see Note 6.)	(54,215,688)
Governmental funds do not report infrastructure. Contributions of Infrastructure are reported as contributions in kind in Statement of Activities	345,605
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment contains the following: Compensated absences Accrual for landfill income Capitalization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premium, discounts and deferred gain or loss Accrued interest Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	110,951
Internal services funds are used by the City to charge the costs of the fleet management system, data processing services, insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation, general liability claims, acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment and photocopying and printing services. The net revenue of internal service funds is allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Internal service fund net revenue of \$(64,258) less amount allocated to business-type activities \$90,563	26,035
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 5,984,762

This page intentionally left blank.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Water Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities related to providing water service to the residents of the City and certain residents of Salt Lake County.

Airport Authority Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities related to the operation of City airports.

Redevelopment Agency Fund - This fund is used to account for urban redevelopment activities such as acquisition of land sites and sale of such land for development, and loans provided for improvements in existing housing and the repayment of loans and related interest.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2003

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Funds		
ASSETS.	Water Utility	Department of Airports	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)			
Unrestricted	\$ 14,390,338	\$ 131,618,491	
Restricted	-	3,620,203	
Investments (Note 2)	-	-	
Receivables:			
Accounts, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$146,195	5,753,882	16,409,254	
Current portion of loans receivable	-	-	
Due from other funds for other than cash overdraft (Note 18)	23,517	-	
Due from other governments	-	-	
Other	311,049	1,421,896	
Prepaid expenses	-	-	
Inventory of supplies	1,610,611		
Total current assets	22,089,397	153,069,844	
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2 & 4)	21,884,424	19,458,956	
Property and equipment, at cost:			
Land and water rights (Note 5)	15,941,619	39,861,814	
Buildings (Note 5)	27,641,846	315,852,860	
Improvements other than buildings (Note 5)	183,529,518	523,424,208	
Machinery and equipment (Note 5)	18,359,628	55,294,438	
Construction in progress (Note 5)	6,369,158	18,627,772	
Work in Progress (Note 5)	-	-	
Accumulated depreciation (Note 5)	(64,588,242)	(362,060,510)	
Net property and equipment	187,253,527	591,000,582	
Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$2,455,863	303,459	1,828,749	
Loans and other long-term receivables	-	-	
Land and buildings held for resale	-	-	
Investment in joint venture (Note 19)	-	-	
Deferred Charges	-	15,819,454	
Other	1,385,840	-	
Total noncurrent assets	210,827,250	628,107,741	
Total assets	\$ 232,916,647	\$ 781,177,585	

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

		Е	Interprise Funds			
Redevelopment Agency		Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		Total		overnmental Activities- Internal ervice Funds
\$	54,634,031	\$	24,256,965	\$	224,899,825	\$ 12,220,660
	-		-		3,620,203	-
	2,868,369		-		2,868,369	-
	-		3,064,484		25,227,620	-
	684,695		-		684,695	-
	-		11,095		34,612	-
	-		-		-	4,957
	-		5,873,304		7,606,249	-
	-		-		=	207,788
			1,113,287		2,723,898	 535,562
	58,187,095		34,319,135		267,665,471	 12,968,967
	9,767,927		13,373,840	-	64,485,147	 14,790,797
	16,436,520		6,906,210		79,146,163	7,467,587
	-		48,998,374		392,493,080	62,354,834
	40,845,458		144,713,639		892,512,823	13,057,014
	78,943		42,383,434		116,116,443	46,904,289
	-		20,542,760		45,539,690	_
	-		-		-	6,837,494
	(15,641,125)		(81,658,629)		(523,948,506)	 (44,876,309)
	41,719,796		181,885,788		1,001,859,693	 91,744,909
	608,821		22,375		2,763,404	830,511
	14,961,235		-		14,961,235	-
	9,508,346		-		9,508,346	-
	-		24,975,009		24,975,009	-
	-		-		15,819,454	-
			1,300,000		2,685,840	 -
	76,566,125		221,557,012		1,137,058,128	 107,366,217
\$	134,753,220	\$	255,876,147	\$	1,404,723,599	\$ 120,335,184

-(continued)-

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2003

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	isc i un	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	Water Utility		Department of Airports	
Current liabilities:				
Due to other funds for cash overdraft (Notes 2 & 18)	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds for other than cash overdraft (Note 18)		-		-
Accounts payable		3,845,650		6,962,320
Accrued liabilities		6,272,528		6,457,938
Current portion of long-term compensation liability (Note 6)		252,465		510,119
Current portion of long-term debt:				
Payable from unrestricted assets (Note 6)		1,859,706		1,160,888
Payable from restricted assets (Note 6)		1,347,804		3,129,112
Deferred revenue		-		-
Accrued interest, payable from restricted assets		627,647		491,091
Current deposits and advance rentals		454,572		2,968,397
•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total current liabilities		14,660,372		21,679,865
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Deposits, advance rentals and long-term accruals		257,139		217,242
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		-		2,956,673
Bonds, mortgages, and notes payable		25,629,547		101,853,687
Long-term compensation liability		2,200,465		3,284,933
Total noncurrent liabilities		28,087,151		108,312,535
Total liabilities		42,747,523		129,992,400
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		158,416,470		484,856,895
Restricted for debt service		19,454,401		19,458,956
Unrestricted		12,298,253		146,869,334
Total net assets		190,169,124		651,185,185
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	232,916,647	\$	781,177,585

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	E	Enterprise Funds			
levelopment Agency		Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	 Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds	
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,246,608	
107,705		3,092,959	14,008,634	34,613 2,910,468	
15,276		3,092,939	13,124,878	6,616,813	
-		267,898	1,030,482	56,463	
-		1,242,134	4,262,728	5,234,313	
6,515,000		188,610	11,180,526	-	
-		36,160	36,160	141,747	
533,548		25,646	1,677,932	-	
93,615		82,772	 3,599,356	 -	
7,265,144		5,315,315	48,920,696	20,241,025	
21,681,036		108,482	22,263,899	-	
-		-	2,956,673	98,640	
46,959,853		2,789,122	177,232,209	67,700,391	
71,398		1,255,930	 6,812,726	 1,235,655	
68,712,287		4,153,534	 209,265,507	 69,034,686	
 75,977,431		9,468,849	 258,186,203	 89,275,711	
-		177,665,921	820,939,286	82,500,458	
9,767,927		12,464,800	61,146,084	-	
49,007,862		56,276,577	 264,452,026	 (51,440,985)	
 58,775,789		246,407,298	1,146,537,396	 31,059,473	
\$ 134,753,220	\$	255,876,147	\$ 1,404,723,599	\$ 120,335,184	

Salt Lake City Corporation Reconciliation of the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets to the Primary Government business-type Statement of Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2003

Total assets for Proprietary Funds	\$ 1,404,723,599
Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds - prior year Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds - current year	57,785 (90,562)
Total assets for Primary government business-type activities	\$ 1,404,690,822
Total net assets for Proprietary Funds	\$ 1,146,537,396
Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds - prior year	57,785
Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds - current year	(90,562)
Total net assets for Primary government business-type activities	\$ 1,146,504,619

This page intentionally left blank.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2003

Business-type	Activities
Enterprise	Funde

	Enterpris	se Funds
	Water Utility	Department of Airports
Operating revenue: Sales and charges for services Rental and other	\$ 38,716,823 1,460,889	\$ 89,594,402 2,369,747
Total operating revenue	40,177,712	91,964,149
Operating expenses: Personal services Operating and maintenance Charges and services Depreciation and amortization	12,983,293 1,810,758 13,329,694 5,079,026	29,663,516 4,782,678 21,988,576 38,270,476
Participating airline rebate		1,287,631
Total operating expenses	33,202,771	95,992,877
Operating income (loss)	6,974,941	(4,028,728)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest income Interest expense (net of amount capitalized of \$195,459) Property taxes Equity in joint venture income	606,688 (1,721,567) -	2,680,009 (6,410,823)
Gain (loss) on disposition of property, equipment and investments Loss on writedown of land/buildings held for resale Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	44,188 - (1,070,691)	(1,902,034)
Capital Contributions Grants and other contributions Passenger facility charges	1,692,296	10,424,858 34,112,182
Total capital contributions	1,692,296	44,537,040
Income before transfers Transfers in	7,596,546	34,875,464
Transfers out	(22,177)	(38,994)
Increase in net assets	7,574,369	34,836,470
Beginning Net Assets Net Assets July 1, 2002 as previously reported	180,567,753	616,348,715
Prior period adjustments (see Note 20)	2,027,002	
Net Assets July 1, 2002 as restated	182,594,755	616,348,715
Net Assets June 30, 2003	\$ 190,169,124	\$ 651,185,185

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds		
Redevelopment	Total Nonmajor		Governmental Activities- Internal
Agency	Funds	Total	Service Funds
\$ -	\$ 35,025,286	\$ 163,336,511	\$ 40,587,742
990,404	266,781	5,087,821	
990,404	35,292,067	168,424,332	40,587,742
538,062	12,055,057	55,239,928	7,972,480
1,740,268	1,764,947	10,098,651	2,488,935
8,739,247	10,570,584	54,628,101	28,646,116
1,739,276	6,572,000	51,660,778	6,997,492
		1,287,631	
12,756,853	30,962,588	172,915,089	46,105,023
(11,766,449)	4,329,479	(4,490,757)	(5,517,281)
1,758,294	602,770	5,647,761	465,294
(4,975,878)	(123,430)	(13,231,698)	(3,943,226)
23,608,688	-	23,608,688	-
-	(1,439,538)	(1,439,538)	-
146,473	996,912	(714,461)	152,403
(596,835)		(596,835)	
19,940,742	36,714	13,273,917	(3,325,529)
-	6,858,714	18,975,868	_
	<u> </u>	34,112,182	
<u>-</u>	6,858,714	53,088,050	
8,174,293	11,224,907	61,871,210	(8,842,810)
-	-	-	9,332,414
(10,798)	(29,683)	(101,652)	(554,132)
8,163,495	11,195,224	61,769,558	(64,528)
50,612,294	230,161,535	1,077,690,297	31,124,001
	5,050,539	7,077,541	
50,612,294	235,212,074	1,084,767,838	31,124,001
\$ 58,775,789	\$ 246,407,298	\$ 1,146,537,396	\$ 31,059,473

Salt Lake City Corporation Reconciliation of the Proprietary Funds Change in Net Assets to the Primary Government business-type Changes in Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2003

Change in net assets for Proprietary Funds	\$ 61,769,558
Internal service fund allocation for proprietary funds	 (90,562)
Change in net assets for Primary government business-type activities	\$ 61,678,996

This page intentionally left blank.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2003

1 cm chaca rane 50, 2005		Domontono	-+
	33 7 4	Departmer	111
	Water	of	
	 Utility	Airports	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 41,075,920	\$ 88,476,6	654
Payments to suppliers	(15,331,754)	(26,635,1)	165)
Payments to employees	(12,849,706)	(30,932,4	413)
Loans made	-		-
Principal received on loans	-		-
Other receipts	 	32,109,7	725
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 12,894,460	63,018,8	801
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities:			
Property taxes received	-		-
Payments received on interfund receivables	-		-
Payments made on interfund payables	6,262,514		-
Cash received on deposit - related parties	-		-
Transfers in	-		-
Transfers out	 (22,177)	(38,9	994)
	 6,240,337	(38,9	994)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of debt			
(net of discount and issuance costs)	-		-
Proceeds from sale of equipment	16,093	189,9	910
Proceeds from sale of land and buildings held for resale	-		-
Contributions for aid in construction	841,405	7,771,0	054
Payments on long-term obligations, net of capitalized interest	(4,675,278)	(15,244,5	565)
Payments for purchase and construction of fixed assets,			
including capitalized interest	 (11,312,809)	(19,854,0	062)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	 (15,130,589)	(27,137,6	663)

					G	overnmental
		Tota	ıl Nonmajor			Activities-
Re	edevelopment		Proprietary			Internal
	Agency		Funds	Total	S	ervice Funds
\$	1,016,002	\$	35,440,568	\$ 166,009,144	\$	42,280,307
	(10,437,258)		(12,824,482)	(65,228,659)		(28,731,543)
	(628,965)		(11,825,947)	(56,237,031)		(7,843,496)
	(4,903,070)		-	(4,903,070)		-
	758,615		-	758,615		-
			-	32,109,725		
	(14.104.67.6)		10 500 100	50 500 504		5.505.260
	(14,194,676)		10,790,139	 72,508,724		5,705,268
	23,608,688		-	23,608,688		-
	-		(6,262,513)	(6,262,513)		-
	-		-	6,262,514		-
	61,483		-	61,483		-
	-		-	-		9,332,414
	(10,798)		(29,683)	 (101,652)		(554,132)
	23,659,373		(6,292,196)	23,568,520		8,778,282
	-		1,872,443	1,872,443		2,557,351
	-		1,996,828	2,202,831		534,018
	608,968		-	608,968		-
	-		5,821,192	14,433,651		-
	(9,384,345)		(1,691,928)	(30,996,116)		(8,939,202)
	(2.406.253)		(12,000,202)	- (45, 552, 246)		- (10 205 055)
	(2,406,273)		(12,000,202)	 (45,573,346)		(12,385,067)
	(11,181,650)		(4,001,667)	 (57,451,569)		(18,232,900)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2003

	Wiston	I	Department
	Water Utility		of Airports
	 Culity		Aliports
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from investments	-		-
Interest received on investments and loans	606,688		2,760,175
Purchases of water stock	 (56,394)		<u> </u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	 550,294		2,760,175
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,554,502		38,602,319
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 31,720,260		116,095,331
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 36,274,762	\$	154,697,650
Cash and cash equivalent components:			
Unrestricted	\$ 14,390,338	\$	131,618,491
Restricted	 21,884,424		23,079,159
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 36,274,762	\$	154,697,650
Cash flows from operating activities -			
Operating income (loss)	6,974,941		(4,028,728)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided			
by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 5,079,026	\$	38,270,476
Increase (decrease) due to changes in:	504.455		(010.404)
Accounts receivable	706,657		(913,434)
Inventory	36,164		-
Other current assets	191,552		31,471,735
Due to other funds for cash overdraft	(110.022)		- (1 (77 491)
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities affecting operating activities	(110,933)		(1,677,481)
Deferred revenue	17,053		-
Other liabilities			(103,767)
Long-term compensation liability			(103,707)
Total adjustments	 5,919,519		67,047,529
Total adjustments	3,717,317		07,047,327
Loans made to residents	-		-
Principal collected on loans	 		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 12,894,460	\$	63,018,801
Noncash transactions affecting financial position:			
Contributions of fixed assets from other entities	\$ 850,890	\$	-

Re	development Agency		tal Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		Total		vernmental Activities- Internal ervice Funds
	545,773 1,723,430		- 602,770 -		545,773 5,693,063 (56,394)		- 465,294 -
	2,269,203		602,770		6,182,442	;	465,294
	552,250		1,099,046		44,808,117		(3,284,056)
	63,849,708		36,531,759		248,197,058		30,295,513
\$	64,401,958	\$	37,630,805	\$	293,005,175	;	\$ 27,011,457
\$	54,634,031	\$	24,256,965	\$	224,899,825		\$ 12,220,660
	9,767,927		13,373,840	\$	68,105,350		\$ 14,790,797
\$	64,401,958	\$	37,630,805	\$	293,005,175	:	\$ 27,011,457
	(11,766,449)		4,329,479		(4,490,757)		(5,517,281)
\$	1,739,276	\$	6,572,000	\$	51,660,778		\$ 6,997,492
	25,598		30,083		(151,096)		-
	-		-		36,164		(33,010)
	-		169,642		31,832,929		370,983
	-		-		-		1,792,238
	17,575		(187,466)		(1,958,305)		2,085,052
	-		(102,497)		(85,444)		(106,108)
			9,936		(93,831)		(105,819)
	(66,221)		(31,038)		(97,259)		221,721
	1,716,228		6,460,660		81,143,936		11,222,549
		-			<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>
	(4,903,070)		-		(4,903,070)		-
	758,615		-		758,615	,	
\$	(14,194,676)	\$	10,790,139	\$	72,508,724	;	\$ 5,705,268
\$	-	\$	1,037,521	\$	850,890		\$ -

This page intentionally left blank.

Fiduciary Funds

Deferred Compensation Fund - This fund is used to account for amounts deferred under the City's employee deferred compensation plan for which the City acts in a fiduciary capacity as trustee.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2003

<u>ASSETS</u>	Deferred Compensation Trust		
Restricted investments	\$	1,139,290	
NET ASSETS			
Held in trust for pension benefits			

\$ 1,139,290

and other purposes

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2003

	Deferred Compensation Trust
Additions:	
Investment income	\$ 22,764
Total additions	22,764
Deductions:	
Investment expenses Benefits	24,000
2010110	
Total deductions	24,000
Changes in Net Assets	(1,236)
Net Assets July 1, 2002	1,140,526
Net Assets June 30, 2003	\$ 1,139,290

This page intentionally left blank.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2003

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Salt Lake City Corporation (the City) was incorporated January 6, 1851. The City operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides services to residents and businesses in many areas including police and fire protection, street maintenance, refuse collection, planning and zoning, building construction inspection, parks and recreation, prosecution, water, sewer, storm water, airports, and general administrative services.

Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the reporting entity includes all funds, agencies and authorities for which the City holds corporate powers and all component units for which the City is financially accountable. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, has established criteria to consider in determining financial accountability. The criteria are: appointment of a majority of the voting members of an organization's governing board, and either (1) the City has the ability to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City.

As required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the City, the primary government, and its component units. The component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. The following funds, all with fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, have separately issued financial statements that can be obtained from their respective administrative offices: (1) The Arts Council (a special revenue fund), (2) the Water, Sewer and Storm Water Utility Funds (enterprise funds) and (3) the Department of Airports (an enterprise fund).

Blended Component Units

The Municipal Building Authority and the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City are legally separate entities from the City, but are part of the City and are blended into the internal service and enterprise funds, respectively. The Redevelopment Agency has separately issued financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2003, which are available at the Agency's administrative office. The sole purpose of the Municipal Building Authority is to serve the City as a financing agency for debt financed projects. The sole purpose of the Redevelopment Agency is the elimination of blight through the process of redevelopment in designated project areas within the boundaries of the City. The Salt Lake City Council serves as the Board of Directors of both the Municipal Building Authority and the Redevelopment Agency.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The discrete component unit is the Salt Lake City Library. It is legally separate from, but financially accountable to the City, as the City can impose its will on the Library. It provides services to residents rather than to the City and therefore meets the criteria of a discretely presented component unit. The Salt Lake City Library is a governmental fund and has separately issued financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2003, which are available at the administrative offices of the Library.

Joint Venture

The City is a fifty percent partner with Salt Lake County in a joint venture known as the City/County Landfill. The purpose of this joint venture is to provide solid waste management and disposal services (see note 19).

Related Organizations

The City also has activities with three other related organizations, the Metropolitan Water District, the Housing Authority of Salt Lake City and the Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement District. City officials appoint members of these three boards, but the City's accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments.

June 30, 2003

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-wide statements are comprised of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. They contain information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units except for fiduciary activities. Most effects of inter-fund activities have been eliminated from these statements. The exceptions are (1) payments-in-lieu-of-taxes the General Fund charges enterprise funds; (2) charges for water, sewer, storm-water and refuse that all customers pay to these enterprise funds and (3) charges for centrally provided services of the General Fund that benefit the receiving fund. Examples are payroll, purchasing, human resources and legal services. The government-wide statements for the primary government are separated based on the predominance of the type of revenues that support them. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, while business-type activities receive a significant portion of revenues from fees and charges for services. Certain entities that are legally separate, but financially accountable to the primary government are reported separately on the government-wide statements. The City currently has one of these entities, its discretely presented component unit.

The statement of activities is presented to show the extent that program revenues of a given activity support direct expenses. Direct expenses are those that can clearly be associated with a particular activity or program. Program revenues are: (1) charges to customers or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the services or goods provided by a given activity or segment or (2) grants or other contributions that are restricted to operating or capital needs of a specific activity or segment. General revenues are those revenues like taxes and other items that are not properly reported as program revenues.

Separate financial statements are included for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds, however, are not included in the totals for the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the governmental funds statements, as are major individual proprietary funds in the proprietary funds statements.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Measurement focus refers to the types of assets that appear on the statement of net assets and changes to those same assets that appear on the statement of activities. The flow of financial resources measurement focus shows current assets and liabilities on the statement of net assets and changes to net current assets in the statement of activities. The flow of economic resources measurement focus shows total assets and liabilities on the statement of net assets and changes to net assets on the statement of activities. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Unbilled fees for proprietary funds are recorded as receivables at year end. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar other contributions are recognized as revenue as soon as the eligibility requirements of the provider have been met.

The City's major enterprise funds are: (1) Water Utility Fund, (2) The Department of Airports and (3) The Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City, whose purpose is described previously in the section titled "Blended Component Units". The Water Utility collects or purchases fresh water, treats it and delivers potable water to nearly all residents and business located in the City and many residents and business located geographically outside the boundaries of the City. The Department of Airports operates the Salt Lake City International Airport, Airport II and the Tooele Valley Airport, the latter two of which are located outside the boundaries of The City.

In addition to the major enterprise funds, The City also operates five non-major enterprise funds and six internal service funds. The non-major enterprise funds are the Intermodal Hub, Sewer Utility, Storm Water Utility, Golf and Refuse. The Intermodal Hub is a fund whose purpose is to provide a central connecting point between the City's inter-state passenger bus and rail lines to the commuter bus and light rail systems. The Sewer and Storm Water Utilities provide treatment and disposition services for waste water and storm runoff. The Golf Fund operates all City owned golf courses, while the Refuse Fund provides refuse collection and recycling services for residences and businesses of The City. Internal service funds provide services to other departments or agencies of The City on a cost

June 30, 2003

reimbursement basis. The internal service funds are Fleet Management, Information Management, Risk Management, Governmental Immunity, Municipal Building Authority and the Copy Center. The Fleet Management fund owns and services all vehicles of the governmental funds and services vehicles owned by many of the enterprise funds. Information Management maintains the infrastructure for the hard-wired telephone system, centralized computer services and the network of personal computers. Risk Management provides centralized services for the employee benefits of health, life, accident, dental, long-term disability as well as unemployment, workers' compensation and property insurance needs. The Governmental Immunity Fund manages the City's general liability activities. The Municipal Building Authority's purpose is discussed previously in the section titled "Blended Component Units", while the Copy Center provides centralized copying, printing and interdepartmental mail services.

The fiduciary fund is the Executive Deferred Compensation Fund. The City is the trustee for this fund and manages it in accordance with provisions of the Utah State Money Management Act and the city's own ordinances, policies and procedures. In the past, city executives could elect to have some or all of their deferred compensation contributed to this fund, but it is now closed to further contributions.

Proprietary funds separate operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses normally arise from providing goods and services in connection with the fund's normal ongoing operations. The principal source of operating revenues for the proprietary funds and the internal service funds are charges to customers for goods and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative overhead expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues or expenses are recorded as non-operating.

The City has adopted GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Accordingly, the City has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Consequently, the City does not apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

Governmental fund statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. "Available" means that amounts are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. As a practical matter, The City uses 60 days as a cutoff for meeting the available criterion. Property taxes are considered "measurable" when levied and available when collected and held by Salt Lake County (the County). Any amounts not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Franchise taxes are considered "measurable" when collected and held by the utility company, and are recognized as revenue at that time. Other revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual include grants-in-aid earned and other intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, interest, assessments, inter-fund service charges, permits, fines, forfeitures, parking ticket and meter fees, and sale of property. Property taxes and assessments are recorded as receivables when levied or assessed; however, they are reported as deferred revenue until the "available" criterion has been met. Sales and use taxes collected by the state and remitted to the City within the "available" time period are recognized as revenue. Revenues collected in advance are deferred and recognized in the period to which they apply.

Revenues that are determined to not be susceptible to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days) or are not objectively measurable include licenses, contributions, and miscellaneous revenues. Revenue is recognized when cash is received.

Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for long-term obligations (debt service payments and long term compensated absences) and related interest which are recognized as expenditures when due. Inventories of supplies are expended when purchased.

The City has three major governmental funds, the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and the Housing Loans Fund. The General Fund is the main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for resources dedicated to the construction or improvement of capital assets, which may take more than one budgetary cycle

June 30, 2003

to complete. These constructed or improved capital assets are for the benefit of any or all governmental funds. The Housing Loans Fund provides loans to low and moderate-income families and individuals. Resources for these loans are received from a variety of sources including federal government, state government, financial institutions and internally generated sources. The Housing Loans Fund also services these same loans. In addition to the listed major governmental funds, the City also has a total of ten non-major governmental funds: (1) the Arts Council, (2) Downtown Economic Development, (3) Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Operating, (4) Other Grants Operating, (5) Street Lighting, (6) Demolition, Weed & Forfeiture, (7) Emergency 911 Dispatch, (8) Salt Lake City Donation, (9) Special Improvement Debt Service and (10) Other Improvements Debt Service. As their name implies, the last two are debt service funds while the first eight are special revenue funds.

Budgets and budgetary accounting

Budgets are legally required for governmental funds. The City has a policy of budgeting for proprietary funds. Annual budgets are prepared and adopted by the City Council on or before June 15 for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1, in accordance with Utah State law. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed sources of financing for such expenditures. Prior to June 15, a public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer input. Budgets are adopted by ordinance in total for each department. Expenditures cannot exceed appropriations at the department level. For budgetary purposes, the City considers each enterprise fund to be a department. Management can move budgeted amounts from one line item to another within a department or decrease appropriations. The City Council can increase appropriations after holding a public hearing. During the year ended June 30, 2003, the City Council passed several supplementary appropriations.

The General Fund budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting adjusted for encumbrances and changes in compensated absences. Encumbrance accounting is used by the City to assure effective budgetary control and accountability, and to comply with State law. However, only the General Fund budget is prepared under the assumption that actual expenditures will be adjusted for encumbrances. Unencumbered General Fund appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered amounts carry over to the subsequent year and are shown as a reservation of fund balance. Generally accepted accounting principles require that open encumbrances not be reported with expenditures. However, in the General Fund budget to actual financial statement, the actual amounts are adjusted to include encumbrances. Compensated absences are budgeted on a cash basis. Non-cash changes in the balances of compensated absences are therefore eliminated for budgetary purposes. Capital lease purchases are budgeted in the year payments are due rather than in the year purchased.

Budgets for the Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and the Capital Projects Fund are also prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting and are adopted on an annual basis. The budget for the Community Development Operating, Grants Operating (special revenue finds), and the Capital Projects Fund are prepared annually for a specific set of projects. The Debt Service Funds' budgets are not prepared by project. By state law only budgets in the Capital Projects Fund do not lapse at year-end. Therefore, any remaining budget in the Grants Operating Fund and the Community Development Operating Fund are re-appropriated by Council action in the following year. State law also requires a budget comparison for all funds for which an annual budget is adopted. In these three funds, the Council adopts the entire amount of the project, even though the project may not be completed in the first year. As a result, the budget comparisons on an annual basis may show large amounts of unexpended appropriations. Budgets for the Downtown Economic Development Fund, Street Lighting Fund, Demolition, Weed Abatement & Forfeiture Fund, Emergency 911 Fund, and Housing Loans Fund (special revenue funds) lapse at year end. Encumbrances are not reported as expenditures, but where necessary, are re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

Budgets for the proprietary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for depreciation, lease amortization, and the change in compensated absences, which are not budgeted. Budgets are adopted for the entire amount of estimated proceeds from the sale of property and equipment rather than on the gain or loss from the sale as is reported in the financial statements. Budgets are also adopted for the entire amount of any debt issued to finance multi-year acquisition and construction projects. Budget comparisons in the proprietary funds may therefore show large amounts of unexpended appropriations for construction projects. These unexpended amounts are reappropriated the following year.

June 30, 2003

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City complies with GASB Statement No. 31 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. The statement requires certain investments to be reported at fair value and the change in fair value to be included in revenues or expenses. The City's policy is to report all investments at fair value except for money market investments and interest-earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity at time of purchase of ninety days or less. These are reported at amortized cost. The City's investment in the State Treasurer's Pool has a fair value equivalent to the value of the pool shares. This pool is administered by the State of Utah and is regulated by the Money Management Council under provisions of the Utah State Money Management Act. In all statements, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) that mature within ninety days or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Interest rate swap

Objective of the interest rate swap: The Department of Airports entered into three interest rate swaps on August 5, 1998 as a means to generate cash flows that funded capital programs. The Airport received \$4,606,950 upfront to be amortized as an offset to interest expense over the life of the bonds. The swaps were in connection with the following bonds:

	Aggregate Amount	Notional Amount	Cash Received	Effective Date
1990 Series Revenue Bond	\$19,280,000	\$19,145,000	\$2,691,200	July 2000
1993 HEDRS Revenue Bond	16,460,000	11,300,000	449,000	June 2003
1993A Series Revenue Bond	37,270,000	28,050,000	1,466,750	Dec 2003

The swap underwriter held the option to exercise each swap at its effective date. The 1990 swap was exercised by the underwriter and went live in July 2000 with the issuance of the Series 2000A variable rate bonds. The balance of the deferred interest saving on the 1990 swap is being amortized over the remaining life of the 2000A series bond, and had a balance of \$1,665,890 remaining as of June 30, 2003. The other two swap agreements were scheduled to go live in 2003, however, the Airport elected to terminate the 1993 HEDRS swap in May 2003 at a cost of \$1,847,000. This was being amortized over the life of the bond, and had a balance of \$1,797,348 at June 30, 2003.

Terms: The remaining 2000A series bonds and the related swap agreement mature on July 1, 2020. Under the swap, the Airport pays the counterparty a fixed payment of 6.63 percent and receives a variable payment computed as 73 percent of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Conversely, the bond's variable-rate coupons are based on The Bond Market Association Municipal Swap IndexTM (BMA).

Fair value: Because interest rates have declined since execution of the swap, the swap had a negative fair value of approximately \$4,500,000 as of June 30, 2003.

Credit risk: The Airport currently utilizes letters of credit for its variable rates issues from Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale (WestLB). The WestLB Letters of Credit for the Series 2000A Bonds expire in June 2004.

Basis risk: The swap exposes the Airport to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and BMA converge, changing the synthetic rate on the bonds. As of June 30, 2003, the BMA rate was 1.5 percent, whereas 73 percent of LIBOR was 1.8 percent.

Termination risk: The airport or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The swap may be terminated by the Airport if the counterparty's credit quality rating falls below the highest three categories, without regard to distinctions within categories, from either Moody's or Standard & Poor's. If the swap is terminated, the variable-rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the Airport would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

June 30, 2003

<u>Inventories of supplies</u>

Inventories of supplies for the proprietary fund types are stated at the lower of cost (using the first-in first-out method) or market. In the proprietary funds, inventory items are considered expenses when used (consumption method).

Depreciable capital assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The City has a capitalization threshold of \$100,000 for infrastructure in the public right of way and \$3,000 for all other assets. The City follows GAAP by capitalizing a portion of its interest costs (net of any interest earned on related interest bearing investments acquired with proceeds of related tax-exempt borrowings) as a cost of constructed property and equipment in enterprise funds. Net interest capitalized for the year ended June 30, 2003, was \$195,459. Depreciation of capital assets, is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings35-60 yearsBuilding improvements5-40 yearsImprovements other than buildings25-35 years

Machinery and equipment, including leased

property under capital leases 3-20 years

Infrastructure in public way; Roads,

signals, lights and bridges 20-50 years Water and sewer lines 13-100 years

Construction in Progress is not depreciated until the asset is placed into service

Bond Issuance Costs and Amortization

Amortization of bond issue costs and bond premiums or discounts are computed on the effective interest or straight-line method over the life of the related bonds. When the straight-line method is used, it approximates the effective interest method.

Property taxes

Ad valorem (based on value) property taxes constitute a major source of General Fund revenue. Taxes are levied through the passage of an ordinance in June of each year. The levy is applicable to only one year. All taxable property is required to be assessed and taxed at a uniform and equal rate on the basis of its fair market value. The State Tax Commission is required to assess certain statutorily specified types of property including public utilities and mining property. The county assessor is required to assess all other taxable property, and both entities are required to assess the respective types of property as of January 1, the assessment date. The County is then required to complete the tax rolls by May 15. By July 21, the county treasurer is to mail assessed value and tax notices to property owners. Then a taxpayer may petition the county board of equalization between August 1 and August 15 for a revision of the assessed value. Approved changes in assessed value are made by the county auditor by November 1 and on this same date the auditor is to deliver the completed assessment rolls to the county treasurer. Tax notices are mailed with a due date of November 30, and delinquent taxes are subject to a penalty. Unless the delinquent taxes and penalties are paid before January 15, a lien is attached to the property, and the amount of taxes and penalties bear interest from January 1 until paid. If after five years delinquent taxes have not been paid, the County sells the property at a tax sale. Tax collections are remitted to the City from the County on a monthly basis. With the July 1, 2000 adoption of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (SGAS) No. 33, more fully described below, The City changed its accounting for property taxes.

June 30, 2003

SGAS No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, defines a nonexchange transaction as one in which "a government either gives value to another party without directly receiving equal value in exchange or receives value from another party without directly giving equal value in exchange." For property taxes, at January 1 of each year (the assessment date), The City has the legal right to collect the taxes, and in accordance with the provisions of the new statement, has now recorded a receivable and a corresponding deferred revenue for the assessed amount of those property taxes as of January 1, 2003.

Interfund transactions

In the normal course of its operations, the City has various transactions between funds. Various City funds provide a number of services such as administrative, fleet maintenance, and information processing to certain other City funds. Charges are treated as revenues in the fund providing the service and as operating expenses in the fund receiving the service (see note 9). Non-recurring, nonroutine, or residual equity transfers are accounted for as changes in fund balance. Other transfers are recognized as operating transfers in and out, respectively, by the funds receiving and providing the transfer. Short-term payables are shown as due to/from other funds. Long-term payables are shown as advances to/from other funds.

Long-term liabilities

Long-term liabilities that will be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the governmental activities portion of the government-wide statements, while those of proprietary funds are accounted for in their respective funds.

Use of Fund Balance

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available to use for expenditure appropriation, The City's policy is to use restricted fund balance first.

Net Assets

The City's net assets are classified as follows: (1) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, which consists of the total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding debt obligations related to those assets. To the extent debt has been incurred, but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.; (2) Restricted for capital projects are amounts that are restricted by debt covenants to be expended for capital assets; (3) Restricted for debt service consists of that portion of net assets that is restricted by debt covenants for debt service; (4) Unrestricted net assets consist of everything else that does not meet the criteria above.

Land and buildings held for resale

The cost of land and buildings held for resale in the Grants Operating Fund, Housing Loans Fund (special revenue funds), and Redevelopment Agency (enterprise fund), are capitalized until the related property is subsequently sold. Land and buildings held for resale are carried at the lower of cost, market, or committed sales price. Costs of buildings and improvements that management determines are not recoverable are expensed. Gains and losses on dispositions of land and buildings held for resale are included in the operating statement.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the management of the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimate use also requires the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

June 30, 2003

Total columns

The total columns shown on the accompanying fund financial statements are mathematical totals only and do not eliminate inter-fund transactions or include other entries required to present consolidated financial statements. The government-wide financial statements do, however, eliminate most inter-fund transactions and the double counting of revenues and expenses. They are therefore much closer to the consolidated financial statements presented in private sector accounting.

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City maintains a cash pool and an investment pool that are available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of these pools is included in the combined balance sheet as "Cash and cash equivalents" and "Investments". Also included are investments separately held by several of the City's funds.

The City's investments and deposits are governed by applicable City and State ordinances and laws pertaining to investment of public funds in the State of Utah, specifically the Utah Money Management Act and by the City's own written investment policy.

Financial institutions and investment broker/dealers who desire to become qualified bidders or qualified depositories must be certified through the State and meet all requirements imposed by the Utah State Department of Financial Institutions and the requirements of the Utah Money Management Council, and Act (Rule16). The Utah Money Management Council quarterly issues a list of certified dealers, and a list of qualified depositories authorized by state statute to conduct transactions with public treasurers. Transactions involving authorized deposits or investments of public funds may be conducted only through Issuers of securities authorized by Section 51-7-11(3), Qualified Depositories included in the current state list, or Certified Dealers included in the current state list. All securities purchased from a certified dealer are required to be delivered to the City Treasurer or to the City's safekeeping bank.

The City may place public money in investments/deposits authorized by the Money Management Act (U.C.A. 51-7-11). The Treasurer shall ensure that all purchases and sales of securities are settled within 15 days of the trade date. In general these investments can be any of the following subject to restrictions specified in the Act: (1) Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and most Government-Sponsored Agencies; (2) Commercial paper; (3) Bankers Acceptances; (4) Publicly traded fixed rate corporate obligations; (5) Certain variable rate securities and deposits; (6) Deposits with the State Public Treasurer's Investment Pool; (7) Certain fixed rate negotiable deposits with a certified depository; (8) Qualifying repurchase agreements; (9) Open-end managed money market mutual funds; (10) Utah State Treasurer's Investment Pool; (11) Investments with deferred compensation plan administrators.

The City did not enter into any reverse repurchase agreements during the year ended June 30, 2003.

City policy provides that not more than 25% of total City funds or 25% of the qualified depository's allotment, whichever is less, can be invested in any one qualified depository. Not more than 20% of total City funds may be invested in any one certified out-of-state depository institution. However, there shall be no limitation placed on the amount invested with the Utah State Treasurer's Investment Pool (State Treasurer's Pool) and other money market mutual funds, provided that the overall standards of investments achieve the City's policy objectives.

The City's deposits are categorized in the following table to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at year-end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 are deposits which are uninsured and uncollateralized.

		Category	Bank	Carrying		
	1	2	3	Balance	Amount	
Primary Government - Bank accounts	\$ 284,193	\$ 10,968,424	\$ -	\$ 11,252,617	\$ 11,284,635	
Component units- Bank accounts	\$ 100,000	\$ 32,067	\$ -	\$ 132,067	\$ (532,044)	

<u>Investments</u> - The City Treasurer may take physical delivery of securities or may use a qualified depository bank for safekeeping securities. An account with a money center bank may be maintained for the purpose of settling investment transactions, safekeeping and collecting those investments. A safekeeping receipt issued by a qualified depository supports repurchase agreements with qualified depositories; otherwise, the securities are held in the custody of the City Treasurer or the City's safekeeping bank or trust company. Deposit receipts issued by the State Treasurer's Office support investments in the State Treasurer's Pool. All funds pledged or otherwise dedicated to the payment of interest and principal of bonds issued by the City are invested in accordance with the terms and borrowing instruments applicable to such bonds. City policy also provides that the remaining term to maturity of an investment may not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested. The investment of City funds cannot be of a speculative nature.

The City's investments are categorized in the following table to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counter party's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counter party, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

	Category					_		Fair			
		1		2		3	Cost			Value	
Primary government:											
U.S. government securities	\$	-	\$	16,879,569	\$	-	\$	15,784,496	\$	16,879,569	
Commercial Paper		-		6,855,102		-		7,040,104		6,855,102	
Repurchase agreements		-		2,297,614		-		2,297,614		2,297,614	
	\$	-	\$	26,032,285	\$	-	:	25,122,214		26,032,285	
Money market mutual funds								45,198,225		45,198,225	
Investment in State Treasurer's Pool							3	310,964,701	3	10,964,701	
Total investments, primary government	ent						\$ 3	381,285,140	\$ 3	82,195,211	
Component units:											
Commercial paper	\$	-	\$	29,341			\$	29,341	\$	29,341	
Repurchase agreements		-		1,012,031		-	\$	1,012,031	\$	1,012,031	
	\$	-	\$	1,041,372	\$	-	:	1,041,372	•	1,041,372	
Investment in State Treasurer's Pool								4,216,105		4,216,105	
Total investments, component units							\$	5,257,477	\$	5,257,477	

The degree of risk associated with the investments held by the State Treasurer's Pool depends on the underlying portfolio. Therefore, these amounts are not categorized according to risk. The money market mutual funds shown above as investments are not subject to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation coverage. The City has elected to report essentially all investments at fair value.

A summary of restricted and unrestricted cash, cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2003 is as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Units	
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 304,501,877	\$ 481,362	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	85,021,412	5,236	
Unrestricted investments	2,868,369	4,240,210	
Restricted investments	1,139,290	 	
Total	\$ 393,530,948	\$ 4,726,808	
Deposits	\$ 11,284,635	\$ (532,044)	
Investments	382,195,211	5,257,477	
Cash on hand	51,102	 1,375	
Total	\$ 393,530,948	\$ 4,726,808	

Included in both deposits and investments are cash equivalents with an original maturity of ninety days or less. For statement of cash flows and balance sheet purposes, only those items with maturities of ninety days or less when purchased are considered cash and cash equivalents. The balance sheet amount for unrestricted cash and cash equivalents has been reduced by a total \$5,246,608 in pooled cash overdraft. The funds with cash overdrafts were Municipal Building Authority (4,990,825) and Information Management Services (255,783), both internal service funds.

3. Loans Receivable

The Housing Loans Fund (a special revenue fund) provides loans to residents for improvements in existing housing within designated project areas. Some loans are payable in monthly installments, others are due on sale or transfer of ownership of the related property, and other loan payments are deferred. These loans have interest rates ranging from 0% to 7% and are collateralized by property or a letter of credit. Housing loans receivable as of June 30, 2003 were \$26,885,832, net of \$38,926 estimated as uncollectible.

The Grants Operating Fund (a special revenue fund) provides loans for commercial construction. The loans receivable at June 30, 2003 were \$7,258,786 net of an allowance for uncollectible loans of \$4,000,000. Most of these loans are payable in monthly or quarterly installments. One loan has no payment due until the related housing project realizes an operating profit, though interest continues to accrue. These loans have interest rates ranging from 0% to 8.0% and are collateralized by trust deeds on property with the City as a second mortgage holder or by equipment and other assets.

The Redevelopment Agency (RDA - an enterprise fund) provides housing loans to homeowners and construction loans to contractors within a designated area of the City. These loans total \$15,645,930 at June 30, 2003, are payable in monthly installments, bear interest from 0% to 7.5% and are collateralized by property, letters of credit or restricted cash accounts.

4. Restricted Assets

The bond resolutions require all bond proceeds and revenue earned on bond proceeds to be restricted to the payment of bond construction projects specified within the resolutions, the payment of bond principal and interest, and the renewal and replacement of specified property and equipment. Certain Water Utility certificates of deposit are also restricted for consumer deposits and for contributions for reservoir and supply line construction.

Restricted assets in the Department of Airports (an enterprise fund) include unexpended bond proceeds. These assets are restricted under the revenue bond resolution for the purpose of paying bond principal and

June 30, 2003

interest and for construction of specific Airport facilities. Also, certain assets are restricted for operating and maintenance costs, and for renewal and replacement of property and equipment.

Restricted assets in the Redevelopment Agency (an enterprise fund) are restricted by provision of bond resolutions.

Restricted assets in the Grants Operating Fund (a special revenue fund) are related to Urban Development Action Grant loan repayments or other intergovernmental agreements.

Restricted assets in the Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture special revenue fund are restricted while awaiting the adjudication of Police Department asset seizures related to criminal cases.

Restricted assets in the Housing Loans Fund (a special revenue fund) are restricted for use in accordance with grant or financing provisions.

Restricted assets in the Capital Projects Fund are restricted debt proceeds to be used for capital construction.

Restricted assets in the Municipal Building Authority (an internal service fund) are restricted by provisions of the bond resolution for debt service or specific construction projects.

Restricted assets in the Water, Sewer and Storm Water Utilities (enterprise funds) are restricted by bond resolution or contractual agreement for debt service.

Restricted assets in the Refuse Collection enterprise fund are assets held by a trustee and are restricted for the purchase of capital equipment funded by debt proceeds.

Restricted assets in the Other Improvement debt service funds are restricted for debt service.

5. Capital Assets

The following two tables summarize the changes in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities during the year ended June 30,2003:

Primary Government	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 157,354,263	\$ 3,321,945	\$ (66,064)	\$ 160,610,144	
Construction in progress	73,834,701	42,698,784	(100,127,707)	16,405,778	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	231,188,964	46,020,729	(100,193,771)	177,015,922	
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	110,222,740	95,300,829	(29,436,965)	176,086,604	
Improvements other than buildings	25,958,245	29,561,437	=	55,519,682	
Machinery and equipment	64,993,421	7,845,927	(7,069,222)	65,770,126	
Infrastructure	201,255,812	8,278,352	(11,454,881)	198,079,283	
Total capital assets being depreciated	402,430,218	140,986,545	(47,961,068)	495,455,695	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	23,631,449	2,859,897	(46,857)	26,444,489	
Improvements other than buildings	10,471,417	965,730	-	11,437,147	
Machinery and equipment	40,488,168	7,862,496	(6,635,130)	41,715,534	
Infrastructure	94,816,107	6,142,156	(11,454,884)	89,503,379	
Total accumulated depreciation	169,407,141	17,830,279	(18,136,871)	169,100,549	
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	233,023,077	123,156,266	(29,824,197)	326,355,146	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 464,212,041	\$ 169,176,995	\$ (130,017,968)	\$ 503,371,068	
Business-type activities	Beginning			Ending	
Business type activities	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Bultinee	mercuses	Beereages	Butunee	
Land	\$ 78,682,690	\$ 547,036	\$ (83,563)	79,146,163	
Construction in progress	56,136,479	38,316,715	(48,913,504)	45,539,690	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	134,819,169	38,863,751	(48,997,067)	124,685,853	
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	382,258,235	11,088,846	(854,001)	392,493,080	
Improvements other than buildings	889,698,120	32,846,393	(30,031,690)	892,512,823	
Machinery and equipment	115,659,725	6,173,970	(5,717,252)	116,116,443	
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,387,616,080	50,109,209	(36,602,943)	1,401,122,346	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	134,539,668	13,438,847	(722,075)	147,256,440	
Improvements other than buildings	291,397,123	27,867,486	(22,140,921)	297,123,688	
Machinery and equipment	75,764,368		(6,430,815)	79,568,378	
Total accumulated depreciation	501,701,159	51,541,158	(29,293,811)	523,948,506	
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	885,914,921	(1,431,949)	(7,309,132)	877,173,840	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,020,734,090	\$ 37,431,802	\$ (56,306,199)	\$ 1,001,859,693	

5. Capital Assets - Continued

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2003 for governmental and business type activities are shown in the following table.

	 Depreciation Expense
Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$.
City Council	12,202
Mayor	2,528
City Attorney	23,631
Management Services	1,657,039
Fire	330,776
Police	1,356,876
Community and Economic Development	61,749
Public Services	1,276,685
Infrastructructure Depreciation	6,142,156
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	6,966,637
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 17,830,279
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 5,079,026
Airport Authority	38,150,856
Redevelopment Agency	1,739,276
Other activities	6,572,000
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 51,541,158

Capital asset information for the City's component unit, the Salt Lake City Library shows as follows:

Component Unit - Library	Beginning							Ending		
	Balance		Increases Decreases		Balance					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:			•		•					
Land	\$	590,554	\$	-	\$	-	\$	590,554		
Construction in progress	,	264,206				(264,206)	1	_		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		854,760				(264,206)		590,554		
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Buildings		8,530,258		1,369,809		-		9,900,067		
Improvements other than buildings		311,701		5,415		-		317,116		
Machinery and equipment		12,418,902		7,998,828		(1,835,287)		18,582,443		
Total capital assets being depreciated		21,260,861		9,374,052		(1,835,287)		28,799,626		
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings		3,613,314		334,677		-		3,947,991		
Improvements other than buildings		179,441		24,889		-		204,330		
Machinery and equipment		6,193,154		2,116,439		(1,819,119)		6,490,474		
Total accumulated depreciation		9,985,909		2,476,005		(1,819,119)		10,642,795		
Total capital assets, being depreciated net		11,274,952		6,898,047		(16,168)		18,156,831		
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	12,129,712	\$	6,898,047	\$	(280,374)	\$	18,747,385		

6. Long-term obligations

Changes in long-term obligations

Revenue bonds and other long-term liabilities directly related to and intended to be paid from proprietary funds are included in the accounts of such funds. All other long-term obligations of the City are accounted for in the Governmental Activities of the government-wide statements. The following table summarizes changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2003.

	Amount of Original Issue		Balance June 30,					Balance June 30,	Due Within
Long Term Debt	(bonds only)		2002	Additions	_	Retirements	-	2003	One Year
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$ 81,000,000	\$	72,275,000 \$	-	\$	48,200,000	\$	24,075,000 \$	2,965,000
General obligation bonds	22,650,000		21,085,000	-		1,955,000		19,130,000	2,020,000
General obligation bonds	48,855,000		-	48,774,0	43	623,704		48,150,339	150,000
Special improvement bonds	2,574,000		993,000	124,0	00	309,000		808,000	241,000
Motor Fuel Excise tax revenue bonds	7,750,000		1,425,000	-		1,425,000		-	-
Motor Fuel Excise tax revenue bonds	5,155,000		4,215,000	-		520,000		3,695,000	545,000
General GE Capital Finance Note			2,126,245	282,0	84	1,044,675		1,363,654	1,088,160
General Long-term compensation liability			13,276,625	2,640,6	20	1,810,073		14,107,172	932,699
Municipal Building Authority - 1993A	29,610,000		20,006,094	-		2,199,034		17,807,060	1,490,000
Municipal Building Authority - 1999A	13,595,000		12,452,232	(13,8	38) *	546,562		11,891,832	585,000
Municipal Building Authority - 1999B	24,935,000		24,657,629	4,7	65	-		24,662,394	-
Municipal Building Authority - 2001	11,855,000		11,732,456	(4,8	49) *	-		11,727,607	225,000
Loan financing notes			10,327,327	947,5	62	725,633		10,549,256	492,235
Internal Service Fund Debt:									
ISF GE Capital Finance Note			6,514,605	2,681,0	67	2,251,221		6,944,451	2,934,313
ISF Long-term compensation liability		_	1,066,340	277,1	10	51,332		1,292,118	56,463
Total Governmental long-term debt		\$	202,152,553 \$	55,712,5	<u>54</u> \$	61,661,234	\$ _	196,203,883 \$	13,724,870
Business-type Activities									
Water 1993 series	\$ 11,110,130	\$	7,629,027 \$	-	\$	2,087,129	\$	5,541,898 \$	2,182,510
Water 1994 series	14,000,000		1,211,204			589,445		621,759	625,000
Water 1997 Series	24,515,000		22,920,779	_		247,379		22,673,400	400,000
Sewer 1993 series	2,389,870		1,601,832			427,484		1,174,348	462,490
Airport 1993,1993A,1993B,1993C series	115,645,000		75,395,093			5,866,491		69,528,602	3,310,000
Airport 2000A series	19,145,000		18,263,733			48,648		18,215,085	280,000
Airport 2001 series	19,200,000		19,200,000			800,000		18,400,000	700,000
Redevelopment Agency 1990 tax increment	24,268,008		13,533,008			-		13,533,008	-
Redevelopment Agency 1991 tax increment	13,095,000		1,915,000			1,915,000		-	-
Redevelopment Agency 1997A tax increment	16,505,000		11,235,598			1,470,837		9,764,761	1,525,000
Redevelopment Agency 1998A tax increment	24,600,000		18,438,701			2,309,682		16,129,019	2,380,000
Redevelopment Agency 2002a tax increment	16,190,000		15,644,564	_		1,596,499		14,048,065	2,610,000
Enterprise GE Capital Finance Note	-,,,,		2,317,833	720,0	00	1,144,758		1,893,075	755,703
Enterprise Notes Payable			-	1,152,4		-		1,152,443	212,551
Ent. Long-term compensation liability			8,579,058	1,005,1		1,741,046		7,843,208	1.030.482
Total Business-type long-term debt		_	217,885,430	2,877,6		20,244,398	-	200,518,671	16,473,736
Total long-term debt		\$	420,037,983 \$	58,590,2		81,905,632	\$	396,722,554 \$	30,198,606

^{* (}amortization of discount/deferred loss)

6. <u>Long-term obligations – (continued)</u>

	Amount of	Balance				Balance	394,702,910
	Original Issue	June 30,				June 30,	Due Within
Long Term Debt	(bonds only)	2002	Additions	Retirements	_	2003	One Year
Component Units							
Lib Long-term compensation liability		334,175	94,383		_	428,558	56,088
Total component unit long-term debt	\$	334,175 \$	94,383 \$		\$ _	428,558 \$	56,088

The annual debt requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, as of June 30, 2003 are listed in the following tables for debt with regularly scheduled payments:

Year		Reve	nue Bonds		General Obligation Bonds		
Ending	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business A	Activities	Governmen	tal Activities	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2004	\$ 2,845,000	\$ 3,741,114	\$ 14,475,000	\$ 9,353,209	\$ 5,135,000	\$ 4,775,143	
2005	2,985,000	3,597,509	16,465,000	8,532,841	5,380,000	4,521,393	
2006	3,140,000	3,443,357	13,717,586	9,234,891	5,610,000	4,255,393	
2007	3,300,000	3,278,188	14,704,482	8,658,109	5,870,000	3,977,993	
2008	3,470,000	3,101,853	13,934,414	7,976,361	6,170,000	3,667,606	
2009-2013	17,140,000	12,726,139	51,027,831	51,748,137	29,430,000	13,536,355	
2014-2018	21,505,000	7,479,105	45,938,695	24,127,766	27,510,000	6,244,819	
2019-2023	16,000,000	1,316,990	23,915,000	2,488,531	6,350,000	325,657	
Subtotal Less disc (prem)	70,385,000	38,684,255	194,178,008	122,119,845	91,455,000	41,304,358	
& deferred loss	601,107		4,548,063		99,661		
Net debt	\$ 69,783,893	\$ 38,684,255	\$ 189,629,945	\$ 122,119,845	\$ 91,355,339	\$ 41,304,358	
Net debt	\$ 07,703,073	Ψ 30,00 4 ,233	Ψ 107,027,743	ψ 122,117,043	Ψ 71,333,337	Ψ +1,304,336	
Year	Special Asse	essment Bonds		Other I	Debt		
Ending	Governmen	tal Activities	Governmental Activities Business Activities			Activies	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2004	\$ 241,000	\$ 34,943	\$ 4,514,708	\$ 938,640	\$ 968,254	\$ 117,814	
2005	179,000	23,770	3,046,065	779,973	798,692	79,857	
2006	188,000	15,326	1,402,258	642,857	601,112	45,593	
2007	111,000	7,511	1,142,550	576,749	428,306	24,499	
2008	89,000	2,225	607,306	527,722	249,154	10,096	
2009-2013	-	-	2,896,603	2,100,080	-	-	
2014-2018	-	-	3,413,841	1,099,209	-	-	
2019-2023	-	-	1,745,342	210,379	-	-	
2024-2028	-	-	88,688	9,029	-	-	
Total	\$ 808,000	\$ 83,775	\$ 18,857,361	\$ 6,884,638	\$ 3,045,518	\$ 277,859	

Swap payments and associated debt

Using rates as of June 30, 2003, debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same are shown in the table on the following page. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

Variable-Rate Bonds

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Interest rate Swaps, Net	Total
2004	\$ 1,875,000	\$ 467,300	\$ 2,333,569	\$ 4,675,869
2005	1,850,000	448,550	2,228,431	4,526,981
2006	410,000	430,050	2,124,753	2,964,803
2007	85,000	425,950	2,102,147	2,613,097
2008	1,480,000	425,100	2,097,891	4,002,991
2009-2013	11,680,000	1,836,200	9,040,684	22,556,884
2014-2018	16,085,000	1,165,400	5,703,026	22,953,426
2019-2023	13,265,000	307,400	1,455,963	15,028,363
Total	\$46,730,000	\$ 5,505,950	\$27,086,463	\$79,322,413

Compensation Liabilities (Compensated Absences)

Vacation leave, compensatory leave, and the portion of sick leave that will eventually be paid are recognized as liabilities as they are earned. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed for unused accumulated vacation. Employees participating in Plan A are reimbursed for 25% of unused accumulated sick leave upon retirement, while those employees participating in Plan B are reimbursed for 50% of the earned balance of personal leave upon separation or retirement. Upon retirement any unused severance account balance is reimbursed at 100%. The liability for accumulated compensated absences at June 30, 2003 is reported in the individual funds except for the long-term portion relating to the governmental funds, which is recorded in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statements.

General Obligation Bonds

On March 1, 2001, The City issued \$22,650,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2001 with a final maturity if fiscal year 2011 and interest rates of 4.00 to 4.50 percent. The bonds were issued to fully pay all 1991 General Obligation bonds, including accrued interest, with maturity dates after June 15, 2001. The balance of the 1991 bonds with maturity dates after June 15, 2001 totaled \$22,935,000 and the bond proceeds, including premium and accrued interest totaled \$23,770,390. The Series 2001 bonds are not subject to call and redemption prior to maturity. The 1991 General Obligation Refunding bonds defeased the 1986 General Obligation Building Bonds, which were redeemed on June 15, 1996.

On October 1, 1999, The City issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$81,000,000 at interest rates of 5.00 to 5.75 percent and a final maturity date in fiscal 2019. The bonds were issued to demolish vacant courts and jail complexes, construct a new 200,000 square foot main library building, an adjacent plaza and an underground parking garage, make related improvements on the same block and replace a boiler system that serves current and future buildings on the block and on the block directly east. Part of the proceeds were used to defease a portion of the MBA Series 1993A bonds that were used to improve part of the demolished facilities (see below for a more detailed description of the defeasance). The bonds maturing on or prior to June 15, 2010 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity, while those maturing on or after June 15, 2011 are subject to redemption at the election of the City on June 15, 2010 and on any date thereafter. The redemption price is equal to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. As noted below a portion of the 1999 bonds were defeased on August 7, 2002. The remaining balance of the defeased bonds at June 30, 2003 was \$45,355,000

On August 7, 2002, The City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002 with a par amount of \$48,855,000, an original issue premium amount of \$5,236,688 and issuance cost of \$312,670, netting to \$53,779,018. The proceeds of this bond were used for: (1) \$3,106,376 for city construction and (2) \$50,672,642 deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the affected \$45,355,000 portion of the 1999 bonds. As a result, \$45,355,000 is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed

June 30, 2003

from the balance sheet. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$5,317,642. This difference, reported as a reduction in bonds payable will be charged as interest expense through June 30, 2019 using the effective interest method. The City entered into the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments by \$3,192,069 and realize an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$1,671,000. The Series 2002 General Obligation Bonds maturing on or prior to June 15, 2017, are not subject to call and redemption prior to maturity. Those maturing on or after June 15, 2018 are subject to redemption at the option of the City on or any date after June 12, 2012. The redemption price is 100% plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Special Improvement Bonds with Governmental Commitment

Principal and interest on special improvement bonds are paid from special assessment collections. A separate fund, the Special Improvement Debt Service Fund, has been established to contain the receipts derived by the City from the special assessments levied upon the property included in the special improvement districts together with interest on the assessments and if necessary additional funds transferred by the City to the debt service fund. Under the terms of the special improvement bond resolutions and state law, the City has agreed to maintain a special improvement guaranty account for the benefit of the bondholders. This account is to receive a tax levy of .0002, unless the account is equal to or greater than 10% of all outstanding special improvement bonds issued after April 1, 1990. The special improvement guaranty account is \$491,272 at June 30, 2003. The City is legally obligated to transfer funds from the guaranty account if sufficient debt service funds are not available. The City is also committed to assume responsibility for the debt in the event of default. These bonds bear rates between 2.20 and 6.75 percent and have a final maturity in fiscal year 2015.

Motor Fuel Bonds

On February 1, 1993 and December 1, 1999, the City issued \$7,750,000 and \$5,155,000 respectively, in Motor Fuel Excise Tax Revenue Bonds. The series 1993 interest rates vary from 3.00 to 5.40 percent and have a final maturity in fiscal year 2003, while the series 1999 bear interest at 4.45 to 5.15 percent and have a final maturity in fiscal year 2009. Both series bonds, which are not subject to redemption, were issued to finance the construction or repair of streets located within the corporate boundaries of Salt Lake City, Utah. The City has pledged motor and special fuel excise taxes (Class C road funds) as collateral for these revenue bonds.

Water and Sewer Utility Bonds and Debt

The bond resolution approved in conjunction with the issuance of the Salt Lake City Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds provides, among other things, that certain funds be established and that certain accounting procedures be followed. Under the terms of the resolution, the City irrevocably pledged the net revenues of the Water and Sewer Utilities to the payment of the bonds and covenanted that rates will be established to yield net revenues, as defined, equal to at least 1.25 times the debt service to become due in the next fiscal year.

The \$4,900,000 1991 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds reimbursed the Water and Sewer Utility Funds for capital expenditures. The capital items consisted of water treatment plant expansions, water conduit extensions, deep well improvements, water lines, and other related improvements. These bonds mature in differing amounts every February 1, starting February 1, 1992 and ending February 1, 2011. The bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2002 are subject to redemption at the election of the City on any interest date on or after February 1, 2001. A portion of the 1991 bonds was defeased on November 1, 1997. The defeased amount of \$3,060,000 was outstanding on June 30, 2003.

The Series 1993 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds' (rates from 2.90 to 5.70 percent and final maturity in fiscal 2013) principle purpose was to refund a portion of the Series 1986 Bonds in the amount of \$9,635,000, maturing on or after February 1, 2001 through February 1, 2005, with an average interest rate of 7.5%.

On July 19, 1994, the Utilities issued \$14,000,000 in Water, Sewer, and Storm Water Improvement Revenue Bonds with interest rates from 3.50% to 3.65 percent and a final maturity in fisal 2015. The principle purpose of these bonds is to finance construction of Water Utility capital improvement projects. The bonds were discounted by \$134,399 and incurred bond issue costs of \$235,634 resulting in net proceeds of \$13,629,967. A portion of the 1994 bonds was defeased on November 1, 1997. The defeased amount of \$8,620,000 was outstanding on June 30, 2003.

June 30, 2003

On November 1, 1997, the Water Utility issued \$24,515,000 in Revenue Bonds. The principal purpose of the Series 1997 bonds was to defease a portion of the 1991 and 1994 Series Bonds and to finance the acquisition of certain improvements to the water, sewer, and storm water system The bonds have rates from 4.00 to 5.25 percent and a final maturity during fiscal 2017. Net proceeds (net of discount of \$135,465 and payment of bond issue costs of \$267,188) amounted to \$24,112,347. As noted above, \$3,060,000 and \$8,620,000 of the 1991 and 1994 bonds, respectively were defeased through the establishment of an irrevocable trust escrow consisting of cash and noncallable direct obligations of the United States Government.

Department of Airports Bonds

The bond resolution approved in conjunction with the issuance of the Airport revenue bonds provides, among other things, that certain funds be established and certain accounting procedures be followed. Under the terms of this resolution, the City irrevocably pledged the net revenues of the City airports to the payment of the bonds and covenanted that rates will be established to yield net revenues, as defined, equal to at least 1.25 times the debt service to become due in the next fiscal year.

During the year ended June 30, 1999, the Airport entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a major financial institution in order to reduce the fixed interest rate on the 1990, 1993 and 1993A series bonds. Under this interest rate swap agreement, (Swap Agreement), the Airport agreed to pay a fixed interest rate above the current market rate, but less than the stated rate on the Bonds. As a result, the financial institution made a non-refundable \$4,606,950 payment to the Airport, which is recorded as a deferred gain. The deferred gain is to be amortized over the life of the related bonds using the effective interest method.

The 1993 Series Revenue Refunding Bonds are subject to redemption as defined in the Swap Agreement after June 1, 2003, in such order of maturities as shall be directed under the terms of the Swap Agreement at redemption prices equal to the principal amount plus a premium ranging up to 2% of the principal amount.

The 1993A Series Revenue Bonds are subject to redemption as defined in the Swap Agreement after December 1, 2003, in such order of maturities as shall be directed under the terms of the Swap Agreement at redemption prices equal to the principal amount plus a premium ranging up to 2% of the principal amount.

The 1993B Series Revenue Refunding Bonds are subject to redemption at the election of the City after December 1, 2003, in such order of maturities as shall be directed by the City at redemption prices equal to the principal amount plus a premium ranging up to 2% of the principal amount.

The 1993C Series Revenue Refunding Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity. Proceeds of the 1993C bonds, issued on September 1, 1993, were used to refund in full the Series 1978 Bonds in the amount of \$25,070,000 maturing on and after December 1, 1993, with rates from 6.1% to 7.0%. The 1993C Series bonds were fully paid during the year ended June 30, 2003.

All of the Airport bonds issued in 1993 bear interest between 2.50 to 7.75 percent and have a final maturity in fiscal year 2008.

On June 29, 2000, the Airport issued \$19,145,000 in Adjustable Rate Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2000A (Series 2000A Bonds) pursuant to the Swap Agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the Airport will pay a fixed interest rate of 6.63% on the Series 2000A Bonds. The principal purpose of the Series 2000A bonds was to refund all outstanding Series 1990 Revenue Bonds with maturity dates on or after July 1, 2000. The amount subject to refunding was \$18,570,000, with and interest rate of 7.25%. Proceeds were also used to pay certain costs of issuance of the Series 2000A Bonds. In addition, the Airport paid a premium of \$371,400 to redeem the Series 1990 Bonds.

On December 19, 2001, the Airport issued \$19,200,000 in Adjustable Rate Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. The net proceeds, after paying certain issuance costs, were issued to finance the costs of facilities at the Airport for use by SkyWest Airlines.

June 30, 2003

Initially, both issues (2000 and 2001) of bonds will bear interest at a weekly rate, but may bear interest at a daily rate, a flexible time period rate between one and 270 days or a long-term rate, which would normally be at least six months. The rates will be set by their respective remarketing agent for each bond issue, Goldman Sachs for the 2000 bonds and Salomon Smith Barney Inc. for the 2001 bonds. The rate for both issues has a maximum of 12 percent and will be set as the minimum rate necessary to have been priced under the then prevailing market conditions at their principal amount. The 2000 and 2001 bonds have final maturities in fiscal 2020 and 2021, respectively.

On May 30, 2003, the Airport terminated the Swap Agreement on the 1993 series bond (the "Swap Termination") with a financial institution. Under the Swap Termination, the financial institution agreed to accept a lump sum payment to release the Airport from its fixed-interest rate swap obligation. The Airport made a payment of \$1,847,000 to the financial institution. The deferred loss will be amortized over the life of the related bond using the effective interest method.

Municipal Building Authority Bonds

In June 1993, the Municipal Building Authority issued \$29,610,000 in Lease Revenue Bonds (1993A) at rates from 2.75 to 6.00 percent with a final maturity date in fiscal 2015. Of the total proceeds, \$6,084,376 was used to partially defease the February 1988 and April 1990 issues. The defeased February 1988 bonds had a maturity date of October 15, 2002 and were paid at that time. The defeased April 1990 bonds had a maturity date of October 15, 2000, and were redeemed at that time. The original bonds were issued to purchase streetlights, garbage trucks and cans, telephone equipment, purchase and renovate a building and parking structures, and construct the Steiner Aquatic Center.

A portion (\$410,000) of the 1993A bonds was defeased with part of the proceeds of the \$81,000,000 1999 General Obligation Bonds. One of the purposes for the issuance of the 1993A bonds was to renovate a parking structure. That parking structure was demolished to make way for a new building and therefore necessitated the defeasance of the affected portion of the 1993A bonds.

On July 1, 1999 the Municipal Building Authority issued \$13,595,000 in Lease Revenue and Refunding Bonds (Series 1999A). The Authority issued the bonds to (1) defease and refund all of the \$4,095,000 outstanding Series 1991A bonds, (2) purchase a City office building, the land on which the building is located, and finance improvements to the building, (3) prepay a lease relating to golf course equipment used at a City golf course and (4) pay costs related to the issuance of the 1999A bonds. They have interest rates from 3.75 to 5.40 percent and a final maturity during fiscal year 2020

On November 1, 1999 the Municipal Building Authority issued \$24,935,000 in Lease Revenue Bonds Series 1999B (Series 1999B) at rates from 5.00 to 5.75 and a final maturity during fiscal year 2020. The principal purpose for issuing these bonds is (1) construct and equip an ice arena facility, the Steiner Ice Sheet, (2) add to and improve an existing fire training facility and (3) acquire and improve the land and facilities of a public park.

On July 1, 2001, The Municipal Building Authority issued \$11,855,000 in Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. The proceeds of the bonds, net of a original issue discount in the amount of \$133,107 are being used to: (1) Purchase and renovate a building to be used as the City's Justice Court Complex; (2) Remodel and refurnish an existing building that will be used as a police precinct; and (3) pay certain costs of issuance, fund a reserve, and make initial debt payments. These bonds were issued at rates from 4.00 to 5.20 percent and have a final maturity in fiscal 2021.

Redevelopment Agency Bonds

The master indenture approved in conjunction with the issuance of Tax Increment Revenue Bonds provides, among other things, that certain funds are established and certain accounting procedures be followed. Under the terms of this indenture, the Redevelopment Agency irrevocably pledged the incremental property tax revenues and investment income of the Agency to the payment of the bonds and covenanted that the estimated annual tax increment revenues will be equal to at least 1.25 times the debt service to become due in the next fiscal year.

In December of 1990, the Redevelopment Agency as a participating member, remarketed \$24,268,008 of Utah Municipal Finance Cooperative Local Government Revenue Bonds (Senior Lien Obligation) at rates from 6.10 to 7.35 percent. The bonds were remarketed as \$10,735,000 current interest serial bonds due between March 1, 1994 and

June 30, 2003

March 1, 2005 and \$13,533,008 capital appreciation bonds due March 1, 2006 to March 1, 2015. The bonds are collateralized by and will be repaid with incremental property taxes received by the Redevelopment Agency. The serial bonds are subject to redemption on interest dates beginning March 1, 2001 in inverse order of maturity at 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to redemption. On June 3, 2002, the outstanding balance of the serial bonds was fully refunded.

On September 1, 1991, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$13,095,000 of 1991A Central Business District Neighborhood Redevelopment Tax Increment Bonds at rates of 4.90 to 6.70 percent with a final maturity in fiscal year 2004. Incremental tax revenues from the downtown redevelopment area collateralize the bonds. These bonds were full refunded on August 1, 2002.

On August 1, 1997, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$16,505,000 of Neighborhood Redevelopment Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1997A with interest rates of 4.15 to 5.5 percent and a final maturity during fiscal year 2008. The net proceeds along with available reserve funds from the Series 89A Tax Increment bonds were used to fully pay the outstanding \$17,625,000 balance of the Series 89A Tax Increment bonds.

On March 1, 1998, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$24,600,000 of Neighborhood Redevelopment Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 1998A with interest rates of 3.8 to 4.65 and final maturity during fiscal year 2008. The Series 1998A Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing all or a portion of the costs of improvements related to the implementation of light rail service to downtown Salt Lake City, street lighting, plaza improvements, and other related costs in the Redevelopment Project Area.

On April 1, 2002 the Redevelopment Agency issued \$16,190,000 principal amount Central Business District Neighborhood Redevelopment Junior Lien Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002A at rates of 3.75 to 5.25 percent and a final maturity during fiscal year 2015. The agency received net proceeds of \$16,513,371, including accrued interest, original issue premium and issuance costs. The bonds were issued solely to fully refund the serial portion of the series 1990 bonds and fully refund the remaining outstanding balance of the series 1992 bonds.

Other

Tax anticipation notes totaling \$25,000,000 were issued and repaid during fiscal 2003.

7. Reserved Fund Equity

Amounts reserved for restricted assets represent that portion of the General Fund's fund balance that is legally restricted for the payment of debt service, operations and maintenance, renewal and replacement of property and equipment.

Amounts reserved for encumbrances represent that portion of fund balance that has been segregated pending vendor performance on purchase commitments or contracts outstanding at June 30, 2003.

Amounts reserved for guarantee of special improvement bonds represent that portion of fund balance restricted by state law to guarantee the payment of special improvement bond principal and interest.

Amounts reserved for the retirement of debt represent that portion of fund balance restricted by bond agreements for the payment of debt service requirements.

Amounts reserved for loans receivable represent the unpaid portion of the loan principal that is not related to offsetting obligations.

Amounts reserved for land and buildings held for resale represent the acquisition costs of real property purchased with the intent of reselling rather than holding for use as a capital asset.

8. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets, Expenditures and Other Uses that Exceed Appropriations in Individual Funds

Contained within the combined net assets for internal service funds is a deficit \$37,746 in the Governmental Immunity Fund

Expenditures (including transfers out) in the Risk Management internal service fund exceeded budget by \$68,770. More staff time was needed than originally planned and some premiums were higher than budgeted.

Expenditures (including transfers out) in the Information Management Services internal service fund exceeded appropriations by \$332,775. More capitalized equipment was purchased than budgeted.

Transfers out exceeded budget in the following funds by the following amounts, The CDBG Operating (\$2,409,230), Grants Operating (\$15,151), Donations (\$65,000) special revenue funds, Water Utility (\$22,177), Sewer Utility (\$17,196), Storm Water Utility (\$286), Golf (\$78) enterprise funds, Information Management Services (\$289) and Risk Management (\$1,200) internal services funds. These over budget conditions arose because of misclassifications in the budget between expenditures and transfers out.

9. General Fund Interfund Service Charges

The General Fund charges certain proprietary and special revenue funds, the Capital Projects Fund and the Library component unit for various services. These transactions have been recorded as revenue and expenses or expenditures to the funds as if they involved organizations external to the City, which are generally eliminated for the government wide statements. The amounts of the charges to those funds for the year ended June 30, 2003, are as shown below:

	General Fund charges for:				
	Administrative services	Fire protection services	Police protection services	Purchasing and Engineering services	Total
Enterprise funds:					
Intermodal Hub	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,945	\$ 63,945
Water Utility	530,721	-	-	5,601	536,322
Sewer Utility	132,652	-	-	3,601	136,253
Storm Water Utility	43,671	-	-	29,714	73,385
Airport	1,164,554	3,217,470	185,411	-	4,567,435
Refuse Collection	145,910	-	-	-	145,910
Golf	150,650	-	-	62,056	212,706
Redevelopment Agency	159,071	-	-	-	159,071
Internal service funds:					
Fleet Management	127,720	-	-	-	127,720
Information Management	99,113	-	-	-	99,113
Municipal Building Auth.	-	-	-	117,940	117,940
Governmental Immunity	53,030	-	-	-	53,030
Risk Management	292,083	-	-	-	292,083
Special revenue funds					
CDBG Operating Fund	-	-	-	15,611	15,611
Grants Operating Fund	-	-	-	16,155	16,155
Street Lighting	-	-	-	34,379	34,379
E 911 Dispatch	11,271	-	-	-	11,271
Capital Projects Fund				1,321,248	1,321,248
Subtotal, primary					
government	2,910,446	3,217,470	185,411	1,670,250	7,983,577
Component unit -					
Library	73,707				73,707
Total reporting entity	\$ 2,984,153	\$ 3,217,470	\$ 185,411	\$ 1,670,250	\$ 8,057,284

10. Transfers

Transfers were made to and from several funds during the course of the year ended June 30, 2003. The principal reason for operating transfers is to provide the receiving fund resources to carry out the activities for which the receiving fund was created. The more significant examples are transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund , to Fleet Management for the purchase of governmental fund vehicles, and to Governmental Immunity to pay general liability claims. Also, transfers from the Capital Projects Fund to Debt Service Funds provide resources to make scheduled principal and interest payments. The following tables show the detail of transfers.

Tuonafana in tar

		Capital	Housing
	General	Projects	Loans
Transfers out from:			
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 26,694,762	\$ -
Capital Projects	592,291	-	· _
Housing Loans	-	-	_
Water	-	-	-
Airport	-	-	_
Redevelopment	-	-	-
Nonmajor Governmental	2,468,278	-	1,534,029
Nonmajor Proprietary		-	· -
Internal Service	433,000	100,000	
	\$ 3,493,569	\$ 26,794,762	\$ 1,534,029
		Transfers in to:	
		Transfers in to.	
	Nonmajor	Internal	
	Governmental	Service	Total
Transfers out from:			
General Fund	\$ 1,596,913	\$ 5,903,272	\$ 34,194,947
General Fund Capital Projects	\$ 1,596,913 11,156,912	\$ 5,903,272 3,313,357	\$ 34,194,947 15,062,560
	Ψ 1,0,0,,10	, - , , -	
Capital Projects	11,156,912	, - , , -	15,062,560
Capital Projects Housing Loans	11,156,912	3,313,357	15,062,560 976,807
Capital Projects Housing Loans Water	11,156,912	3,313,357 - 22,177	15,062,560 976,807 22,177
Capital Projects Housing Loans Water Airport	11,156,912 976,807	3,313,357 - 22,177 38,994	15,062,560 976,807 22,177 38,994
Capital Projects Housing Loans Water Airport Redevelopment	11,156,912 976,807 - - 6,998	3,313,357 - 22,177 38,994	15,062,560 976,807 22,177 38,994 10,798
Capital Projects Housing Loans Water Airport Redevelopment Nonmajor Governmental	11,156,912 976,807 - - 6,998	3,313,357 22,177 38,994 3,800	15,062,560 976,807 22,177 38,994 10,798 4,067,307
Capital Projects Housing Loans Water Airport Redevelopment Nonmajor Governmental Nonmajor Proprietary	11,156,912 976,807 - - 6,998	3,313,357 - 22,177 38,994 3,800 - 29,683	15,062,560 976,807 22,177 38,994 10,798 4,067,307 29,683

11. Risk Management

The City is self-insured for general lability claims, except for liability incurred at the Airport. The Airport liability policy has a limit of \$500,000,000 with no deductible. The Governmental Immunity Fund (an internal service fund) has been established to pay liability claims other than those at the Airport along with certain City Attorney expenses. The City has an all risk property insurance policy that has a limit of \$500,000,000 with a \$100,000 deductible. The Policy includes: (1) earthquake coverage of \$100,000,000 at the airport and \$50,000,000 at other locations, (2) \$100,000,000 in flood coverage for facilities that are located outside the standard report zone, (3) boiler and machine coverage to policy limit with a \$25,000 deductible, (4) fine art coverage of \$10,000,000 with a \$25,000 deductible. The City is self insured for property loss above the limits and below the deductibles. The Treasurer is covered under a \$10,000,000 bond with no deductible.

June 30, 2003

The City also has: (1) public employee dishonesty insurance (an employee blanket bond) with a \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence and a \$50,000 deductible (2) a forgery or alteration policy with a \$25,000 limit and a deductible of \$250 and (3) a theft, disappearance and destruction policy with a limit of \$25,000 and a \$250 deductible. The City also has excess workers' compensation insurance with \$25,000,000 limits and a \$1,500,000 self-insured retention. The City is self insured for loss above the limits and below the deductibles. The operating departments of the General Fund or proprietary funds assume financial responsibility for risk retained by the City for property damage. Further, the City is self-insured for employee long-term disability, unemployment and \$1,500,000 retention for workers' compensation. The Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund) has been established to pay these claims along with health insurance premiums and certain administrative expenses. During the period of July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003, the only significant change in the City's insurance program was an increase in the self-insured retention for workers' compensation from \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000. During the past three fiscal years, there have been no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage.

Changes in the estimated claims payable liability carried in the accrued liabilities of the Risk Management Fund since July 1, 1999 shows in the table below:

	Beginning of fiscal year liability	Current year claims and changes in estimates	Claim payments	Balance at fiscal year end
1999-2000				
Long term disability Workers' compensation	\$ 921,000 1,782,798	\$ (70,180) 1,075,975	\$ (207,820) (1,022,492)	\$ 643,000 1,836,281
Unemployment compensation	11,330	169,209	(142,657)	37,882
	\$ 2,715,128	\$ 1,175,004	\$ (1,372,969)	\$ 2,517,163
2000-2001				
Long term disability	\$ 643,000	\$ 193,136	\$ (209,136)	\$ 627,000
Workers' compensation	1,836,281	1,344,546	(1,152,827)	2,028,000
Unemployment compensation	37,882	142,093	(168,776)	11,199
	\$ 2,517,163	\$ 1,679,775	\$ (1,530,739)	\$ 2,666,199
2001-2002				
Long term disability	\$ 627,000	\$ 643,205	\$ (258,205)	\$ 1,012,000
Workers' compensation	2,028,000	1,407,652	(1,267,652)	2,168,000
Unemployment compensation	11,199	195,814	(189,154)	17,859
	\$ 2,666,199	\$ 2,246,671	\$ (1,715,011)	\$ 3,197,859
2002-2003				
Long term disability	\$ 1,012,000	\$ 286,619	\$ (320,619)	\$ 978,000
Workers' compensation	2,168,000	1,170,027	(1,026,027)	2,312,000
Unemployment compensation	17,859	318,411	(313,270)	23,000
	\$ 3,197,859	\$ 1,775,057	\$ (1,659,916)	\$ 3,313,000

A liability is recorded for any claims or judgments when information available prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Incurred but not reported events, if any, are included in the statements.

12. Pension Plans

<u>Identification</u> - The City participates in three cost-sharing multiple-employer public retirement systems (PERS) and one multiple-employer agent PERS. These are defined benefit retirement plans covering public employees of the State of Utah and employees of participating local governmental entities. The systems are administered under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the governor of Utah.

June 30, 2003

Plan provisions - City police officers are covered by the Public Safety Contributory and Noncontributory System (Public Safety System), the one multiple employer-agent system. Firefighters are covered by the Firemen's System and substantially all other permanent City employees are covered by either the Contributory System or the Noncontributory System. The Noncontributory System was implemented in 1986 as a result of legislation by the State of Utah. The Noncontributory System is mandatory for all new full time employees other than police and firefighters. Current employees were given the opportunity to remain with their present retirement plan or to convert membership to the new Noncontributory system that provides a benefit formula using a three-year rather than a five-year average salary. Other legislation enhanced death benefits for public employees, removed time limitations on re-deposits in the Firemen's System, amended the laws on disability within the Public Safety System, and tightened the laws governing refunds. The systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1951 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board). The systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System, and Firefighters Retirement System, A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772. A brief summary of eligibility and benefits is presented below:

			Public Safety Contributory
	Contributory	Noncontributory	and Noncontributory and
	System	System	Firefighters' Systems
Highest average salary	Highest 5 years	Highest 3 years	Highest 3 years
Years of service	30 years any age	30 years any age	20 years any age
required and/or age	20 years age 60 - 61	25 years any age	10 years age 60
eligible for benefit		(with actuarial reduction)	
	10 years age 62 - 64	20 years age 60 - 61	4 years age 65
	4 years age 65	10 years age 62 - 64	
		4 years age 65	
Benefit percent	1.15% per year to June 190	67	2.5% per year up to 20 years
per year of	1.25% per year July 1967	to June 1975	2.0% per year over 20 years
service	2.00% per year July 1975	to present	
		Beginning July 1, 1990 all new re	tirees
		in the Noncontributory system	
		are paid 2% per year.	

<u>Cost sharing multiple employer funding policy</u> - The contribution rates, which are actuarially determined at June 30, 2003 are:

	Employee			
	contributions	City's		
	paid by City	contribution		
	(100% vested)	(vested upon retirement)		
Contributory	6.00 %	4.68 %		
Noncontributory	-	8.69 %		
Firefighters' System	7.83 %	- %		

The contributions for the current fiscal year and for that of the two previous fiscal years were equal to the required contributions and are presented on the following page:

System	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002		•	June 30, 2001
Local Government Contributory System:					
Employer paid for employee contributions	\$ 565,935	\$	618,058	\$	599,297
Employer contributions	441,422		431,600		630,259
Local Government Noncontributory System	6,277,380		6,264,424		7,045,764
Firefighters' system:					
Employer paid for employee contributions	1,324,652		1,465,489		2,480,860

Salt Lake City Public Safety Retirement System - The percent of salary contribution rates for the Contributory system were 4.34% (employee contribution), 9.40% (employer for employee), and 15.50% (employer). The rate for the Noncontributory was 28.27%. The rates are the actuarial determined rates, and are authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board. The combined annual pension cost for the City's contributory and noncontributory public safety systems of \$ 5,484,001 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2002 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions include: (a) an 8% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases at 4.50% (3.50% from inflation, 1.00% from membership growth), and (c) 2.50% cost of living adjustment. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 3.50%. The actuarial value of the Salt Lake City Public Safety Retirement System assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the fair value of investments over a 5-year period. The Salt Lake City Public Safety Retirement System unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over 30 years from January 1990 (17 years from January 1, 2003) and is a closed period. Amortization payments are designed to remain level as a percent of payroll.

Trend information and the Schedule of Funding progress over a three-year period for the Salt Lake City Public Safety Retirement System are presented as follows:

	ear ending	Annual Pension Percentage APC Cost (APC) contributed		Net pension obligation	_	
Jı	ine 30,2003 ine 30,2002 ine 30,2001	\$ 5,484,00 5,987,62 6,244,58	28 100)%	\$ - - -	
Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) entry age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funding ratios	Covered payroll	UAAL as a % of covered payroll
December 31, 2002 January 1, 2002 January 1, 2001	\$ 129,690,000 135,031,000 127,803,000	\$ 166,273,000 158,626,000 148,910,000	\$ 36,583,000 23,595,000 21,107,000	78% 85% 86%	\$ 19,305,000 18,579,000 17,883,000	190% 127% 118%

<u>Historical trend information</u> - Historical trend information for the past 10 years is available in a separately issued financial report issued by the Utah Retirement Systems. These statistical trends provide information about progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

June 30, 2003

13. Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides health care and life insurance benefits for retired City employees. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. Although not statutorily required nor contractually obligated, the City has for many years provided health and life insurance coverage for retired employees. These benefits are expensed when incurred and are financed on a pay as you go basis. There were 608 participants that received benefits during the year ended June 30, 2003.

Depending on the plan, the retired employee contributes 50% to 74% of the cost of the insurance premiums and the City contributes 26% to 50%. Employees can prepay their contribution for a portion of the time or have amounts withheld from their retirement checks by the state retirement system and sent to the City. Any prepaid contribution is recorded as deferred revenue in the Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund). The cost of retiree health care and life insurance benefits for the year ended June 30, 2003 was approximately \$3,197,000, of which the City's expense was \$892,000.

The City also provides health, dental and employee assistance benefits to terminated employees under the federal Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). Substantially all employees are eligible for these benefits upon termination of employment with the City. Depending upon the qualifying event, former employees are eligible for either 18 or 36 months of benefits under this act. The premiums for this coverage plus a 2% administrative charge are paid 100% by the former employee.

14. <u>Deferred Compensation Plans</u>

457 Deferred Compensation Plan - The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employees are eligible to voluntarily participate from the date of employment and are vested immediately upon participating. The City is not obligated and does not contribute to the Plan. The City's total payroll was \$128,069,410 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Employees contributed \$2,287,086 to the plan during the fiscal year. All amounts were transferred to the state or administering insurance companies by the due dates.

The 457 deferred monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. The 457 resources for which the City has custody and performs all administrative duties, including investment activities, under the Plan are accounted for in a fiduciary fund. Amounts held by entities other than the City do not appear in these financial statements.

401(k) Deferred Compensation Plan - The City also sponsors a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) for City employees covered by any of the state retirement plans. The Utah State Retirement Board administers this Plan. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 was \$128,069,410. Of that amount, payroll of \$117,983,168 was eligible to participate in this Plan. The City participates at a rate of 2.65% or 1.45% of base payroll only for those current employees who changed from the contributory state retirement plan to the noncontributory retirement plan. The 2.65% applies to current employees who changed at the first opportunity in 1986 and the 1.45% applies to current employees who changed at the second opportunity in 1990. The rate of City participation was established and can be changed by City Council action. During the year ended June 30, 2003, employees contributed \$2,690,295 and the City contributed \$482,498. All contributions were made by the due dates. The 401(k) deferred compensation monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. Therefore, no assets or liabilities of the 401(k) deferred compensation plan are reflected in these financial statements.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments for major construction, capital improvement and other projects at June 30, 2003 are as follows:

General Fund	\$ -
Special revenue funds	200,000
Capital Projects Fund	5,621,000
Enterprise funds	39,017,000
Internal service funds	182,000
Total	\$ 45,020,000

The City is lessee under a number of operating lease agreements, one of which is noncancelable, involving land, buildings and equipment. Rent expense during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 approximated \$1,370,000 of which \$700,000 was related to proprietary funds. The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under non-cancellable operating leases as of June 30, 2003:

	General				
	Fund				
2004	\$	41,926			
2005		41,926			
2006		41,926			
2007		41,926			
2008		41,926			
2009-2013		209,630			
2014-2018		209,630			
2019-2023		209,630			
2024-2028		209,630			
2029-2033		209,630			
Thereafter		1,677,040			
Total	\$	2,934,820			

There are sundry claims or lawsuits that have been filed against the City or its employees involving tort and civil rights matters. The City has evaluated those claims and based upon the advice of counsel, has recorded an estimated claims payable liability in the Governmental Immunity Fund (an internal service fund) to cover any expected losses.

Changes in the reported liability carried in the Governmental Immunity Fund since July 1, 1999 resulted in the changes shown on the following page:

		Current year		
	Beginning of	claims and		Balance at
	fiscal year	changes in	Claim	fiscal year
	liability	estimates	_payments_	end
1999-2000	506,709	654,088	(638,887)	521,910
2000-2001	521,910	1,834,145	(505,510)	1,850,545
2001-2002	1,850,545	1,023,645	(837,948)	2,036,242
2002-2003	2,036,242	906,652	(721,035)	2,221,859

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various Federal Agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement that may arise as the result of audits of grant funds is not believed to be material.

16. Segment information

The one enterprise fund that contains debt funded by operating revenues and is not a major proprietary fund is the Sewer Utility Fund. The key financial data for the year ended June 30, 2003 for the Sewer utility fund is as follows:

	Sewer Utility	_
Operating revenue	\$ 14,379,694	_
Operating expenses:		
Depreciation and amortization	3,493,620	
Other	7,841,064	_
Total operating expenses	11,334,684	_
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,045,010	_
		-
Net operating transfers in (out)	\$ (17,196))
Net asset increase (decrease)	6,255,745	
Grants and contributions	1,086,926	
Total assets	118,352,928	
Long term liabilities	1,216,750	
Net Assets	114,261,615	
Acquisitions of property		
and equipment	7,891,155	
Disposal proceeds of		
property and equipment	1,959,510	
Net working capital	9,608,179	

(continued)

June 30, 2003

16. Segments of enterprise funds (continued)

Condensed statements of cash flows for the segments of enterprise funds are as follows:

	Sewer Utility
Cash flows from:	
Operating activities	\$ 6,480,047
Non-capital and related	
financing activities	(4,687,250)
Capital and related	
financing activities	(5,306,794)
Investing activities	269,145
Net increase (decrease) in cash	
and cash equivalents	(3,244,852)
Cash and cash equivalents-begin	19,844,506
Cash and cash equivalents-end	\$ 16,599,654

17. Related Party Transactions

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the Water Utility Fund (an enterprise fund) paid \$7,211,405 for water purchased from the Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake City and Sandy, which is a related entity of the City.

18. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The \$ 1,429,793 due from other funds for other than cash overdraft in the non-major governmental special revenue Grants fund consists of amounts due from the Housing Loans Fund, a major governmental fund. The borrowed funds were used to purchase houses for the First Time Home Buyers Program and will be repaid when the houses are sold to qualifying residents.

The \$23,517 due from other funds in the major business-type Water Utility Fund and the \$11,095 due from other funds in the non-major business-type Sewer Utility (\$10,443) and Storm Water Utility (\$652) funds consists of amounts due to other funds in the Risk Management internal service fund. They result from a refund due from prior year overcharges for workers compensation payments.

19. Joint Venture

The City is a member of a joint venture known as the City/County landfill in which the City and Salt Lake County (through its Municipal Affairs Fund and the remainder of the County) each have fifty percent interest. The joint venture was created to provide solid waste management and disposal services. The City's equity in the net resources of the landfill at June 30, 2003, was \$24,975,009. This equity interest is shown in the City's Refuse Collection Fund (an enterprise fund).

The interlocal cooperation agreement created the joint venture and established the Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Council (the Council). The Council consists of five members: one of the County Commissioners, the Mayor of The City, an elected official designated by the Salt Lake County Council of Governments, a member of the Salt Lake City/County Board of Health and one member with technical expertise in solid waste disposal. The Council's responsibilities are to: (1) appoint or remove, as needed, a landfill manager who reports to the Council; (2) plan, establish and approve all construction projects for solid waste operations; and (3) prepare an annual operating budget that includes expenditures and the means of financing them.

All actions by the Council are recommendations to the City Council and the County Commission, which have equal power to review, ratify, modify, or veto any action submitted by the Council.

June 30, 2003

The Council has developed a master plan designed to comply with environmental standards established by the federal government and to meet accounting and financial reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 18, *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs*. In compliance with this standard, the Council has established user fees sufficient to cover all operating costs, including postclosure costs that have been mandated by the federal government. For the year ended June 30, 2003, the City paid the landfill approximately \$1,605,391 in user fees. Separately compiled financial statements for the City/County landfill may be obtained from Salt Lake County Public Works, 2001 S. State, Room N3300, Salt Lake City, Utah 84190.

20. Prior Period adjustments

Subsequent to the issuance of the Utilities' financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2002 the Utilities' management determined that \$7,077,541 of deferred impact fees that were recorded as deferred revenue should have been recorded as capital contributions in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets in the years the fees were received. The Utilities' accounting policy for impact fees had been to defer the impact fees when received. Revenue was recognized when the cash was used for appropriate capital projects. After the 2001 adoption of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*, the impact fees should have been recorded as revenue and as a restricted net asset in the period the cash was received. Accordingly, deferred impact fees totaling \$7,077,541 as of June 30, 2002 should have previously been recorded as revenue. The amount of revenue actually recorded in the year ended June 30, 2002, was \$3,154,189 for the amount of fees spent on capital projects in 2002. However, the 2002 impact fees that should have been recorded as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2002, was \$1,846,831. As a result, in the current year the beginning net assets and restricted net assets have been restated from the amounts previously reported to reflect the deferred impact fee revenue that should have been previously recognized in revenue as capital contributions. These changes are shown for the Sewer Utility and Storm Utility in the Non-major Proprietary Fund Statements and for the Water Utility in the Major Proprietary Fund Statements. These changes are also reflected in total in the Government-wide Statements.

A summary of the effects of the restatement as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002 follows:

	As Previously Reported								
	Major Proprietary							F 1	
	Business-type Fund Activities Water					Proprietary Funds Storm			
Non current liabilities									
Deposits, advance rentals and long term accruals	\$	19,557,702	\$	76,810	\$	-	\$	-	
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		10,410,225		2,027,002		4,200,164		850,375	
Long-term compensation liability		6,757,213		2,179,349		486,469		119,038	
Bonds payable		-		-		-		-	
Special assessment debt with governmental commitment		-		-		-		-	
Notes payable		192,860,330		28,698,560		1,174,282		-	
Notes payable from restricted assets		-		-		-		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	229,585,470	\$	32,981,721	\$	5,860,915	\$	969,413	

June 30, 2003

20. Prior Period adjustments (continued)

	As Restated									
	Major Proprietary					Non-major Proprietary				
	Business-type			Fund		Fund			_	
		Activities	-	Water		Sew	er		Storm	
Non current liabilities										
Deposits, advance rentals and long term accruals	\$	19,557,702	\$	76,810	\$		_	\$	_	
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		3,332,684		-			-		-	
Long-term compensation liability		6,757,213		2,179,349			486,469		119,038	
Bonds payable		-		-			-		-	
Special assessment debt with governmental commitment Notes payable		192,860,330		28,698,560		1	,174,282		-	
Notes payable from restricted assets		192,800,330		28,098,300		1	-		-	
• •										
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	222,507,929	\$	30,954,719	\$	1	,660,751	\$	119,038	
:										
NET ASSETS (Government-Wide Statements)		As Previousl	y							
		Reported				A	s Restated			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		\$ 828,734	737			\$	828,734,7	127		
Restricted for:		\$ 626,734	,131			φ	020,734,7	31		
Capital projects			_							
Debt service		42,862	,584				42,862,5	84		
Unrestricted		206,150	,761				213,228,3	02		
Total net assets		\$ 1,077,748	,082			\$	1,084,825,6	523		
NET ASSETS - Fund Statements				As Previously Re	•					
		Major Propriet	ary	Non-	-	r Proprie	etary			
		Fund Water		Sewer	FI	unds	Storm			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		\$ 148,379	.748	\$ 87,905,	116	\$	62,803,4	77		
Restricted for debt service		17,098		3,044,				•		
Unrestricted		15,089	,484_	12,856,	433		9,905,9	061		
Total net assets		\$ 180,567	,753	\$ 103,805,	706	\$	72,709,4	38		
				As Restated	i					
		Major Propriet	ary	Non-	-	r Proprie	etary			
		Fund		S	F	und	C4			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		Water \$ 148,379	748	\$ 87,905,	116	\$	Storm 62,803,4	.77		
Restricted for debt service		17,098		3,044,		Ψ	02,000,	-		
Unrestricted		17,116		17,056,			10,756,3	36		
Total net assets		\$ 182,594	,755	\$ 108,005,	870	\$	73,559,8	313		

(continued)

20. Prior Period adjustments (continued)

Statement of Activities	As Previously Reported								
		Charges for Expenses Services				Operati Grants a Contribu	and	Business-type Activities	
Business-type activities: Water Airport Authority Redevelopment Agency Other activities	\$	35,314,324 94,684,060 16,496,976 33,046,790	\$	42,733,069 125,701,467 26,190,055 39,008,740		19,7	264,681 272,238 - 427,167	\$	11,683,426 50,789,645 9,693,079 7,389,117
Total business-type activities	\$	179,542,150	\$	233,633,331	\$	25,4	164,086	\$	79,555,267
Change in Net Assets	\$	86,513,518							
				As Ro	estated				
		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operati Grants a Contribu	and	Ві	usiness-type Activities
Business-type activities: Water Airport Authority Redevelopment Agency Other activities	\$	35,314,324 94,684,060 16,496,976 33,046,790	\$	42,733,069 125,701,467 26,190,055 39,008,740		19,7	957,323 772,238 - 127,167	\$	10,376,068 50,789,645 9,693,079 7,389,117
Total business-type activities	\$	179,542,150	\$	233,633,331	\$	24,1	56,728	\$	78,247,909
Change in Net Assets	\$	85,206,160							
Statement of Revenues, Exp Net Assets - Proprietary Fu		Changes in Fund			As Prev Repo	•	As	Rest	tated
				Ma	ajor Pro Fui Wa		Majo	r Proj Fun Wate	
Capital Contributions Grants and other contribution	ons			\$,264,681	\$,957,323
Total capital contribution	ns			\$	4	,264,681	\$	2,	,957,323
Change in Net Assets				\$	12	,492,899	\$	11.	,185,541

Subsequent to the issuance of the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2002, the year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*, management decided that Fines Receivables and the corresponding Allowance for doubtful accounts should have been recorded as a receivable net of allowance on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. In the prior year the receivable had been recorded only on the Government-wide Financial Statements. The net receivable decrease is \$775,586 in Loans and Other Receivables. Additionally, \$238,917 should not have recorded as revenue in Charges for Services for Police activities in the Statement of Activities. The remaining \$536,669 was

recorded in Beginning Net assets as required during the first year apply the GASB 34 model. As a result the Charges for Services in Police activities and the Beginning Net Assets are reduced accordingly.

Also further interpretation of the coordination of GASB 33 and 34 indicates that Deferred Revenue for non-exchange transactions should not be eliminated in the Government-wide Financial Statements. During the prior year deferred revenue of \$63,904,589 was eliminated to comply with the initial application of GASB 34 and its focus on full accrual accounting for the governmental funds in the government-wide statements. During the current year deferred revenue for the non-exchange transactions defined in GASB 33 will be included in both the Governmental Fund Financial Statements and the Government-wide Financial Statements. For the prior year ended June 30, 2002 the adjustments result in an increase in deferred revenue of \$63,904,589 with the corresponding decrease of \$5,576,222 in property tax revenue, an increase of \$2,299,557 in operating grants and a decrease of \$60,627,924 in beginning net assets.

A summary of these restatement changes as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002 is shown in the following schedules:

Statement of Net Assets	As Pre	eviously Reported_	As Restated			
		nmental Activities	Governmental Activities			
	<u> </u>	_		_		
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)						
Unrestricted	\$	114,774,956	\$	114,774,956		
Restricted (Note 4)		19,107,669		19,107,669		
Receivables:						
Property, franchise and excise taxes		67,848,488		67,848,488		
Assessments, including \$339,036 of delinquent assessments		2,124,174		2,124,174		
Loans and other receivables, less allowance for						
doubtful accounts of \$10,772,840		34,514,730		33,739,144		
Due from other governments		2,468,100		2,468,100		
Other, principally accrued interest		4,805,052		4,805,052		
Inventories		502,552		502,552		
Internal balances		(57,785)		(57,785)		
Total current assets	\$	246,087,936	\$	245,312,350		
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	7,635,399	\$	7,635,399		
Accrued liabilities		16,237,996		16,237,996		
Current portion of long-term debt:						
Payable from unrestricted assets (Note 6)		13,033,957		13,033,957		
Special assessment debt with governmental commitment (Note 6)		283,000		283,000		
Deferred revenue		247,566		64,152,155		
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		361,561		361,561		
Current deposits and advance rentals		759,763		759,763		
Total current liabilities	\$	38,559,242	\$	102,463,831		

20. Prior Period adjustments (continued)

Net Assets	As Prev	As Previously Reported		
	Governi	Governmental Activities		
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	\$	290,429,410	\$	290,429,410
Net Income				
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		5,413,831		5,413,831
Unrestricted		194,235,742		129,555,567
Total net assets	\$	490,078,983	\$	425,398,808

Statement of Activities	As Previously Reported										
	Program Revenues Net (Expen										
			Operating Capital						Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
				Charges for		Grants and	Grants and		Governmental		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities	
Primary government:											
Governmental activities:											
General Government	\$	739,647	\$	1,891,930	\$	127,439	\$	6,487,144	\$	7,766,866	
City Council		1,310,903		81,784		-		-		(1,229,119)	
Mayor		1,557,256		286,816		-		-		(1,270,440)	
City Attorney		2,749,053		570,184		-		-		(2,178,869)	
Management Services		13,358,473		289,911		61,849		-		(13,006,713)	
Fire		27,594,069		5,734,929		89,482		-		(21,769,658)	
Police		47,058,815		12,097,030		1,613,044		-		(33,348,741)	
Community and Economic Developm		20,922,501		15,020,587		4,807,241		-		(1,094,673)	
Public Services		36,276,863		5,693,850		3,246,324		-		(27,336,689)	
Nondepartmental		9,784,341		472,502		-		-		(9,311,839)	
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation		6,046,936		-		-		-		(6,046,936)	
Interest on long-term debt		11,204,096		-		-		-		(11,204,096)	
Total governmental activities	\$	178,602,953	\$	42,139,523	\$	9,945,379	\$	6,487,144	\$	(120,030,907)	

Statement of Activities	As Restated									
				Net (Expense)						
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions			Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenue and anges in Net Assets Governmental Activities
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$	739,647	\$	1,891,930	\$	867,694	\$	6,487,144	\$	8,507,121
City Council		1,310,903		81,784		-		-		(1,229,119)
Mayor		1,557,256		286,816		-		-		(1,270,440)
City Attorney		2,749,053		570,184		-		-		(2,178,869)
Management Services		13,358,473		289,911		61,849		-		(13,006,713)
Fire		27,594,069		5,734,929		89,482		-		(21,769,658)
Police		47,058,815		11,858,113		1,613,044		-		(33,587,658)
Community and Economic Developm		20,922,501		15,020,587		6,467,919		-		566,005
Public Services		36,276,863		5,693,850		3,144,948		-		(27,438,065)
Nondepartmental		9,784,341		472,502		-		-		(9,311,839)
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation		6,046,936		-		-		-		(6,046,936)
Interest on long-term debt		11,204,096		-		-		-		(11,204,096)
Total governmental activities	\$	178,602,953	\$	41,900,606	\$	12,244,936	\$	6,487,144	\$	(117,970,267)

(Continued)

20. Prior Period adjustments (continued)

Statement of Activities			
	As Pre	eviously Reported	 As Restated
General revenues:			
Taxes:			
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$	64,160,559	\$ 58,584,337
Franchise taxes		20,832,246	20,832,246
Sales tax		45,601,764	45,601,764
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		3,660,609	3,660,609
Investment earnings		8,548,327	8,548,327
Total general revenues, special items and transfers		142,803,505	 137,227,283
Change in net assets		22,772,598	19,257,016
Net assets - July 1, 2002 (As restated, see note 21)		467,306,385	 406,141,792
Net assets - June 30, 2002	\$	490,078,983	\$ 425,398,808

21. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to June 30, 2003 the following commitments for major projects were made:

General Fund	\$ 10,000
Special revenue funds	60,000
Capital Projects Fund	480,000
Proprietary funds	26,990,000
Total	\$ 27,540,000

The following events occurred subsequent to June 30, 2003:

The City issued \$21,000,000 of tax anticipation notes maturing June 30, 2004. These notes bear interest at 2.00%.

On December 1, 2003, the Department of Airports terminated the Swap Agreement (the "Swap Termination") on the Series 1993A bonds with a financial institution. Under the Swap Termination, the financial institution agreed to accept a lump sum payment to release the Airport from its fixed-interest rate swap obligation. The Airport made a payment of \$5,510,000 to the financial institution and has given notice to the trustee that these bonds will be refunded January 12, 2004.

The Airport refunded the 1993 HEDRS bond in December of 2003 and recorded interest expense to write off the remaining swap interest savings and the remaining cost to terminate the swap.

On December 4, 2003, the City sold \$17,600,000 in special improvement bonds. The purpose of the bonds are to pay for construction of a roadway with sidewalk, curb and gutter in the Gateway development area.

Required Supplementary Information

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND Year ended June 30, 2003

General	

		Adjustment to budgetary	Actual on budgetary		Budgeted Amounts	
	Actual	basis	basis	Original	Final	Variance
	(GAAP basis)	(Note to RSI 1)	(non-GAAP)	Budget	Budget	v ariance
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 59,723,506	\$ -	\$ 59,723,506	\$ 62,584,807	\$ 58,778,807	\$ 944,699
Sales, use and excise taxes	39,910,981	-	39,910,981	41,951,328	40,819,828	(908,847)
Franchise taxes	20,555,564	-	20,555,564	20,794,775	21,326,975	(771,411)
Licenses	5,430,021	-	5,430,021	5,453,541	5,413,541	16,480
Permits	3,751,273	-	3,751,273	4,224,500	4,231,839	(480,566)
Fines and forfeitures	5,273,989	-	5,273,989	4,520,500	5,030,440	243,549
Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	1,667,460	-	1,667,460	2,900,000	2,900,000	(1,232,540)
Intergovernmental	3,705,062	-	3,705,062	3,821,115	3,608,324	96,738
Interfund service charges	8,057,284	-	8,057,284	7,218,300	7,978,300	78,984
Parking meter	1,160,062	-	1,160,062	1,370,000	1,370,000	(209,938)
Parking ticket	3,444,720	-	3,444,720	3,400,000	3,400,000	44,720
Charges for services	3,940,894	-	3,940,894	2,937,127	3,942,107	(1,213)
Contributions	47,435	-	47,435	66,100	250,600	(203,165)
Miscellaneous	473,994	-	473,994	474,911	362,369	111,625
Total revenues	157,142,245	-	157,142,245	161,717,004	159,413,130	(2,270,885)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
City Council	1,513,092	264,496	1,777,588	1,555,426	1,846,361	68,773
Mayor	1,485,544	26,876	1,512,420	1,582,831	1,599,376	86,956
City Attorney	2,564,537	27,139	2,591,676	2,632,715	2,599,871	8,195
Management Services	8,808,214	41,496	8,849,710	8,942,888	8,864,329	14,619
Fire	26,135,965	107,998	26,243,963	26,370,546	26,416,295	172,332
Police	41,899,906	43,230	41,943,136	42,425,069	42,088,896	145,760
Community and Economic						
Development	9,321,982	240,677	9,562,659	9,502,934	9,932,889	370,230
Public Services	31,618,779	291,477	31,910,256	32,020,276	32,890,639	980,383
Nondepartmental	11,448,735	60,920	11,509,655	10,630,494	11,604,890	95,235
Total expenditures	134,796,754	1,104,309	135,901,063	135,663,179	137,843,546	1,942,483
Revenues over (under) expenditures	22,345,491	(1,104,309)	21,241,182	26,053,825	21,569,584	(328,402)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from debt issuance	_	_	_	_	83,000	(83,000)
Proceeds from sale of property	310,445	_	310,445	204.314	307,614	2,831
Transfers in	3,493,569	_	3,493,569	3,065,352	3,704,582	(211,013)
Transfers out	(34,194,947)	_	(34,194,947)	(28,360,302)	(34,371,385)	176,438
Total other financing sources (uses):	(30,390,933)		(30,390,933)	(25,090,636)	(30,276,189)	(114,744)
D						
Revenues and other sources over	(0.045.442)	(1.104.200)	(0.140.751)	0.62 100	(9.706.605)	(442.146)
(under) expenditures and other uses	(8,045,442)	(1,104,309)	(9,149,751)	963,189	(8,706,605)	(443,146)
Fund balance July 1, 2002	31,152,423	(838,835)	30,313,588	30,313,588	30,313,588	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2 205 02:	2 205 021	2 205 021	4.050.655	(1.672.216)
in current year	- 22.104.55	2,385,021	2,385,021	2,385,021	4,058,267	(1,673,246)
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$ 23,106,981	\$ 441,877	\$ 23,548,858	\$ 33,661,798	\$ 25,665,250	\$ (2,116,392)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING FUND

Year ended June 30, 2003

Housing Fund

				Budgeted				
		Actual	Original		Final			
	(GAAP basis)			Budget		Budget		Variance
Revenues:								
Interest	\$	773,158	\$	643,000	\$	643,000	\$	130,158
Intergovernmental		381,749		500,000		998,733		(616,984)
Charges for services		23,699		-		-		23,699
Miscellaneous		826,785		-		-		826,785
Total revenues		2,005,391		1,143,000		1,641,733		363,658
Expenditures:								
Community and Economic								
Development		438,716		1,144,507		3,482,345		3,043,629
Debt Service: Interest		683,061		643,000		643,000		(40,061)
Total expenditures		1,121,777		1,787,507		4,125,345		3,003,568
Revenues over (under) expenditures		883,614		(644,507)		(2,483,612)		3,367,226
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of property		_		500,000		500.000		(500,000)
Transfers in		1,534,029		144,507		2,073,715		(539,686)
Transfers out		(976,807)		-		(1,813,797)		836,990
Total other financing sources (uses):		557,222		644,507		759,918		(202,696)
Revenues and other sources over								
(under) expenditures and other uses		1,440,836		-		(1,723,694)		3,164,530
Fund balance July 1, 2002		17,984,541		17,984,541		17,984,541		-
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	19,425,377	\$	17,984,541	\$	16,260,847	\$	3,164,530

Note to Required Supplementary Information

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTA RY INFORMATION June 30, 2003

1. Budgetary-GAAP Reporting Reconciliation

The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed revenues and appropriated fund balance. During the year ended June 30, 2003, General Fund appropriations increased by \$8,191,450. The increases are the results of additional amounts for prior year outstanding encumbrances, and added transfers to the Capital Projects Fund for new projects. The majority of the new projects were from added revenues received by the General Fund as result of 2002 Winter Olympics. The Capital Improvements Fund increased appropriations by \$86,489,800. The majority of these increases were the results of administrative carryover project budgets, although a significant minority was due to the transfer of General Fund fund balance from the Olympics that were held the prior fiscal year. The Housing Fund increased appropriations by \$4,151,635. Most of the increase is due to the re-appropriations of prior year projects

The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual include comparisons of the legally adopted budget (more fully described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements) with actual data on a budgetary basis for the General Fund and proprietary funds that have a budgetary basis that differs from GAAP. Accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The difference in expenditures between GAAP and budgetary basis is reconciled in the following table.

	General Fund Expenditures									
				Plus	C	Change in				
		Actual on	enc	umbrances	cor	npensated		Actual on		
		reporting		as of	a	bsences		budgetary		
		basis	Jun	e 30, 2003	1	iability		basis		
City Council	\$	1,513,092	\$	262,211	\$	2,285	\$	1,777,588		
Mayor		1,485,544		23,877		2,999		1,512,420		
City Attorney		2,564,537		6,440		20,699		2,591,676		
Management Services		8,808,214		57,302		(15,806)		8,849,710		
Fire		26,135,965		114,688		(6,690)		26,243,963		
Police		41,899,906		38,320		4,910		41,943,136		
Community and										
Economic Development		9,321,982		239,748		929		9,562,659		
Public Services		31,618,779		290,232		1,245		31,910,256		
Nondepartmental		11,448,735		60,920		_		11,509,655		
Total expenditures		134,796,754		1,093,738		10,571		135,901,063		
Transfers out		34,194,947						34,194,947		
Total	\$	168,991,701	\$	1,093,738	\$	10,571	\$	170,096,010		

This page intentionally left blank.

Supplementary Information

This page intentionally left blank.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Arts Council Fund - To account for activities of the Arts Council and the purchase or construction of art in City owned facilities.

Downtown Economic Development Fund - To account for special assessments which are restricted for downtown projects or improvements.

Community Development Operating Fund - To account for monies received by the City as grantee participant in the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program, except for CDBG monies to be used for capital improvements which are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund.

Grants Operating Fund - To account for monies received by the City under the Comprehensive Community Program, Community Oriected Policing Services, Home Program, Emergency Medical Services, Emergency Shelter Grants, Local Law Enforcement Block Grants, Salt Lake Area Gang Projects, Historic Resourse Grants, and other studies and grants.

Street Lighting Fund - To account for the operation of additional street lights, the cost of which is paid by the City and by property owners who benefit from these improvements.

Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture Fund - To account for City mandated demolition, weed abatement activities and certain police forfeiture activities.

Emergency 911 Dispatch Fund - To account for the City's portion of the County-wide emergency dispatch system.

Salt Lake Donation Fund - This fund was established to account for individual private and intergovernmental contributions held in trust by the City for the Tracy Aviary, Late Night Basketball, Bicycle Advisory Committee, Freedom Trail, Indigent Services, and other contributions received to be held for a specific purpose

Special Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for the cost of servicing the debt created by financing the construction of public improvements deemed to benefit the properties against which special assessments are levied.

Other Improvements Fund - This fund is used to account for the cost of servicing the debt created by financing projects other than Special Improvements.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2003

<u>ASSETS</u>	 SpecialDebtRevenueServiceFundsFunds			 Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,421,953	\$	445,668	\$ 17,867,621
Assessments receivable	733,088		1,946,047	2,679,135
Taxes receivable	15,713		-	15,713
Loans and notes receivable, less allowance				
for doubtful accounts of \$4,000,000	7,258,786		-	7,258,786
Advances and loans to component units	-		-	-
Due from other funds for other than	1 420 702			1 420 702
cash overdraft	1,429,793		-	1,429,793
Due from other governments Other receivables	1,337,672		- 471,458	1,337,672
Restricted assets:	90,648		4/1,438	562,106
Cash and cash equivalents	 508,608		521,568	 1,030,176
Total assets	\$ 28,796,261	\$	3,384,741	\$ 32,181,002
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 817,785 55,830	\$	- 3,180	\$ 817,785 59,010
Other liabilities payable from				
restricted assets	508,608		-	508,608
Deferred revenue	 1,290,840		2,417,505	 3,708,345
Total liabilities	 2,673,063		2,420,685	 5,093,748
Fund balances:				
Reserved for loans and advances	7,258,786		93,351	7,352,137
Reserved for restricted assets	-		521,568	521,568
Unreserved and undesignated	 18,864,412		349,137	 19,213,549
Total fund balances	 26,123,198		964,056	 27,087,254
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 28,796,261	\$	3,384,741	\$ 32,181,002

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2003

		Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues: Sales, use and excise taxes Franchise taxes Fines and forfeitures Assessments Interest Intergovernmental Charges for services Contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues		1,978,008 123,079 290,405 935,104 747,722 6,395,884 28,795 1,213,178 514,331	\$ 513,454 192,646 - - - 6,945 713,045	\$	1,978,008 123,079 290,405 1,448,558 940,368 6,395,884 28,795 1,213,178 521,276	
Expenditures: Management Services Police Community and Economic Development Public Services Arts Council Services Debt Service: Principal		701,971 8,658,498 1,225,215 824,458	11,602 - - - - - 58,331,642		11,602 701,971 8,658,498 1,225,215 824,458 58,331,642	
Interest and other fiscal charges Total expenditures		11,410,142	 4,738,490 63,081,734		4,738,490 74,491,876	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		816,364	 (62,368,689)		(61,552,325)	
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from debt issuance Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses):		2,648,718 (3,989,350) (1,340,632)	50,672,642 11,153,912 (77,957) 61,748,597		50,672,642 13,802,630 (4,067,307) 60,407,965	
Revenues and other sources under expenditures and other uses		(524,268)	(620,092)		(1,144,360)	
Fund balance July 1, 2002		26,647,466	 1,584,148		28,231,614	
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	26,123,198	\$ 964,056	\$	27,087,254	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2003

<u>ASSETS</u>	(Arts Council	Е	owntown conomic velopment	Community Development Operating		
Cash and cash equivalents Assessments receivable	\$	140,175	\$	178,867	\$	(117,556)	
Taxes receivable		-		63,092		-	
Loans and notes receivable, less allowance		-		-		-	
for doubtful accounts of \$4,000,000		-		-		-	
Due from other funds for other than							
cash overdraft		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		-		-		1,028,076	
Other receivables		90,648		-		-	
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents							
Total assets	\$	230,823	\$	241,959	\$	910,520	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	8,647	\$	166,667	\$	126,130	
Accrued liabilities		52,634		-		-	
Other liabilities payable from							
restricted assets		-		-		-	
Deferred revenue		35,867		63,092			
Total liabilities		97,148		229,759		126,130	
Fund balances:							
Reserved for loans and advances		-		-		-	
Unreserved and undesignated		133,675		12,200		784,390	
Total fund balances		133,675		12,200		784,390	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	230,823	\$	241,959	\$	910,520	

Grants Operating	Street Lighting			Salt Lake City Donations Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Total		
\$ 10,367,489	\$ 2,322,227	\$ 640,825	\$ 2,712,193	\$ 1,177,733	\$ 17,421,953		
-	176,312	-	493,684	-	733,088		
-	-	-	15,713	-	15,713		
7,258,786	-	-	-	-	7,258,786		
1,429,793	-	-	-	-	1,429,793		
309,596	-	-	-	-	1,337,672		
-	-	-	-	-	90,648		
		508,608			508,608		
\$ 19,365,664	\$ 2,498,539	\$ 1,149,433	\$ 3,221,590	\$ 1,177,733	\$ 28,796,261		
¢ 420.50¢	¢ 20.475	¢ 22.100	Ф 24.240	¢ 10.020	017.705		
\$ 430,596	\$ 20,475	\$ 22,190	\$ 24,248	\$ 18,832	817,785		
949	-	1,135	-	1,112	55,830		
-	-	508,608	-	-	508,608		
1,015,569	176,312				1,290,840		
1,447,114	196,787	531,933	24,248	19,944	2,673,063		
7,258,786	-	-	-	-	7,258,786		
10,659,764	2,301,752	617,500	3,197,342	1,157,789	18,864,412		
17,918,550	2,301,752	617,500	3,197,342	1,157,789	26,123,198		
\$ 19,365,664	\$ 2,498,539	\$ 1,149,433	\$ 3,221,590	\$ 1,177,733	\$ 28,796,261		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2003

	Arts Council		Downtown Economic Development		Community Development Operating		
Revenues:							
Sales, use and excise taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Franchise taxes		-		-		-	
Fines and forteitures		-		-		-	
Assessments Interest		3,736		523,713 5,121		-	
Interest		3,730 -		5,121		3,275,498	
Charges for services		-		-		-	
Contributions		775,577		-		-	
Miscellaneous							
Total revenues		779,313		528,834		3,275,498	
Total revenues		119,313	-	320,034		3,273,496	
Expenditures: Police Community and Economic Developmen Public Services				- 668,019 -		- 1,858,685 -	
Arts Council Services		824,458				<u> </u>	
Total expenditures		824,458		668,019		1,858,685	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(45,145)		(139,185)		1,416,813	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out		- -		- -		976,807 (2,409,230)	
Total other financing sources (uses):						(1,432,423)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(45,145)		(139,185)		(15,610)	
Fund balance July 1, 2002		178,820		151,385		800,000	
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	133,675	\$	12,200	\$	784,390	

 Grants Operating	Street Lighting	Demolition, Weed and Forfeiture	Emergency 911 Dispatch	Salt Lake City Donation Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Total
\$ 540,554 3,120,386 - 463,267 4,124,207	\$ - - - 411,391 66,465 - - - - - - 477,856	\$ - 290,405 - 13,172 - 28,795 19,994 - 352,366	\$ 1,978,008 123,079 - - - 89,362 - - - - 3,561 2,194,010	\$ - - 29,312 - 417,607 47,503 494,422	\$ 1,978,008 123,079 290,405 935,104 747,722 6,395,884 28,795 1,213,178 514,331
5,395,816 - -	- 694,331 -	- 735,978 - -	701,971 - - -	- - 530,884 -	701,971 8,658,498 1,225,215 824,458
 5,395,816	694,331	735,978	701,971	530,884	11,410,142
 (1,271,609)	(216,475)	(383,612)	1,492,039	(36,462)	816,364
898,353 (327,120) 571,233	123,060	493,500	(1,188,000)	156,998 (65,000) 91,998	2,648,718 (3,989,350) (1,340,632)
 (700,376) 18,618,926	(93,415)	109,888	304,039 2,893,303	55,536 1,102,253	(524,268)
\$ 17,918,550	\$ 2,301,752	\$ 617,500	\$ 3,197,342	\$ 1,157,789	\$ 26,123,198

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ARTS COUNCIL

	Budgeted Amounts								
	Actual (GAAP basis)			Original		Final		Variance	
Revenues:									
Interest	\$	3,736	\$	8,000		6,400	\$	(2,664)	
Contributions		775,577		789,720		797,591		(22,014)	
Total revenues		779,313		797,720		803,991		(24,678)	
Expenditures: Arts Council		824,458		843,375		852,311		27,853	
Total expenditures		824,458		843,375		852,311		27,853	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(45,145)		(45,655)				3,175	
Fund balance July 1, 2002		178,820		178,820		178,820			
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	133,675	\$	133,165	\$	178,820	\$	3,175	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Year ended June 30, 2003

			Budgeted Amounts					
	Actual (GAAP basis)		Original		Final		Variance	
Revenues:								
Assessments Interest	\$	523,713 5,121	\$	666,664	\$	666,664	\$	(142,951) 5,121
Total revenues		528,834		666,664		666,664		(137,830)
Expenditures:								
Community and Economic Development		668,019		668,664		668,664		645
Total expenditures		668,019		668,664		668,664		645
Revenues under expenditures		(139,185)		(2,000)		(2,000)		(137,185)
Revenues and other sources under		(139,185)		(2,000)		(2,000)		(137,185)
expenditures and other uses Fund balance July 1, 2002		151,385		151,385		151,385		(137,163)
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	12,200	\$	149,385	\$	149,385	\$	(137,185)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OPERATING FUND Year ended June 30, 2003

		Amounts		
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,275,498	\$ 2,897,542	\$ 5,853,254	\$ (2,577,756)
Total revenues	3,275,498	2,897,542	5,853,254	(2,577,756)
Expenditures: Community and Economic				
Development	1,858,685	2,897,542	6,830,061	4,971,376
Total expenditures	1,858,685	2,897,542	6,830,061	4,971,376
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,416,813		(976,807)	2,393,620
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	976,807 (2,409,230)	<u>-</u>	976,807 	(2,409,230)
Total other financing sources (uses):	(1,432,423)		976,807	(2,409,230)
Revenues and other sources under expenditures and other uses	(15,610)	-	-	(15,610)
Fund balance July 1, 2002	800,000	800,000	800,000	
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$ 784,390	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ (15,610)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GRANTS OPERATING FUND

	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:				
Interest	540,554	-	-	540,554
Intergovernmental	3,120,386	2,056,000	10,122,117	(7,001,731)
Charges for services	=	=	=	-
Contributions	=	=	80,038	(80,038)
Miscellaneous	463,267			463,267
Total revenues	4,124,207	2,056,000	10,202,155	(6,077,948)
Expenditures: Community and Economic				
Development	5,395,816	2,036,000	22,609,634	17,213,818
Total expenditures	5,395,816	2,036,000	22,609,634	17,213,818
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,271,609)	20,000	(12,407,479)	11,135,870
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	898,353	-	1,125,322	(226,969)
Transfers out	(327,120)	(20,000)	(311,969)	(15,151)
Total other financing sources:	571,233	(20,000)	813,353	(242,120)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(700,376)	-	(11,594,126)	10,893,750
Fund balance July 1, 2002	18,618,926	18,618,926	18,618,926	
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$ 17,918,550	\$ 18,618,926	\$ 7,024,800	\$ 10,893,750

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET LIGHTING

		Amounts		
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:				
Assessments	411,391	369,168	369,168	42,223
Interest	66,465	-	-	66,465
Contributions				
Total revenues	477,856	369,168	369,168	108,688
Expenditures:				
Public Services	694,331	2,075,417	2,075,417	1,381,086
Total expenditures	694,331	2,075,417	2,075,417	1,381,086
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(216,475)	(1,706,249)	(1,706,249)	1,489,774
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	123,060	123,060	123,060	
Total other financing sources:	123,060	123,060	123,060	
Revenues and other sources over				
(under) expenditures and other uses	(93,415)	(1,583,189)	(1,583,189)	1,489,774
Fund balance July 1, 2002	2,395,167	2,395,167	2,395,167	
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$ 2,301,752	\$ 811,978	\$ 811,978	\$ 1,489,774

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEMOLITION, WEED AND FORFEITURE Year ended June 30, 2003

		Budgeted Amounts					
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	Final	Variance			
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	290,405	739,500	905,150	(614,745)			
Interest	13,172	-	-	13,172			
Charges for services	28,795	-	-	28,795			
Contributions	19,994	-	-	19,994			
Miscellaneous	-						
Total revenues	352,366	739,500	905,150	(552,784)			
Expenditures: Community and Economic							
Development	735,978	815,800	1,990,261	1,254,283			
Beveropment	733,770	015,000	1,550,201	1,25 1,203			
Total expenditures	735,978	815,800	1,990,261	1,254,283			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(383,612)	(76,300)	(1,085,111)	701,499			
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in	493,500	26,500	720,500	(227,000)			
Total other financing sources:	493,500	26,500	720,500	(227,000)			
Revenues and other sources over							
(under) expenditures and other use	109,888	(49,800)	(364,611)	474,499			
Fund balance July 1, 2002	507,612	507,612	507,612				
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$ 617,500	\$ 457,812	\$ 143,001	\$ 474,499			

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE EMERGENCY 911 DISPATCH Year ended June 30, 2003

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Actual (GAAP basis)			Original		Final		Variance
Revenues:								
Sales, use and excise taxes	\$	1,978,008	\$	1,435,000	\$	1,435,000	\$	543,008
Franchise taxes Interest		123,079 89,362		40,000		40,000		49,362
Miscellaneous		3,561						3,561
						_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total revenues		2,194,010		1,475,000		1,475,000		595,931
Expenditures:								
Police		701,971		466,400		1,019,400		317,429
Total expenditures		701,971		466,400		1,019,400		317,429
Revenues over expenditures		1,492,039		1,008,600		455,600		913,360
Other finer sine severes								
Other financing sources: Transfers out		(1,188,000)		(988,000)		(1,188,000)		
Total other financing sources:		(1,188,000)		(988,000)		(1,188,000)		-
Revenues and other sources over								
(under) expenditures and other uses		304,039		20,600		(732,400)		913,360
Fund balance July 1, 2002		2,893,303		2,893,303		2,893,303		
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	3,197,342	\$	2,913,903	\$	2,160,903	\$	913,360

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SALT LAKE CITY DONATION FUND

			Budgeted Amounts					
	Actual (GAAP basis)		Original		Final		Variance	
Revenues:								
Interest	\$	29,312	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,312
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Contributions		417,607		400,000		600,054		(182,447)
Miscellaneous		47,503				=		47,503
Total revenues		494,422		400,000		600,054		(105,632)
Expenditures:								
Public Services		530,884		400,000		1,953,251		1,422,367
Total expenditures		530,884		400,000		1,953,251		1,422,367
Revenues over expenditures		(36,462)		-		(1,353,197)		1,316,735
Other financing sources:								
Proceeds from bond issuance		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		156,998		-		-		(156,998)
Transfers out		(65,000)		_				(65,000)
Total other financing sources:		91,998						(221,998)
Revenues and other sources over								
expenditures and other uses		55,536		-		(1,353,197)		1,094,737
Fund balance July 1, 2002		1,102,253		1,102,253		1,102,253		
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	1,157,789	\$	1,102,253	\$	(250,944)	\$	1,094,737

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2003

	Debt Service Funds				
<u>ASSETS</u>	Special Improvement	Other Improvement	Debt Service Total		
Cash and cash equivalents Assessments receivable Other receivables Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 352,317 1,946,047 471,458	\$ 93,351 - - - 521,568	\$ 445,668 1,946,047 471,458 521,568		
Total assets	\$ 2,769,822	\$ 614,919	\$ 3,384,741		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$ 3,180 2,417,505 2,420,685	\$ - - -	\$ 3,180 2,417,505 2,420,685		
Fund balances: Reserved for loans and advances Reserved for restricted assets Unreserved and undesignated	349,137	93,351 521,568	93,351 521,568 349,137		
Total fund balances	349,137	614,919	964,056		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 2,769,822	\$ 614,919	\$ 3,384,741		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2003

	Special Improvement		Other Improvement		Debt Service Total	
Revenues: Assessments Interest Miscellaneous	\$	513,454 172,263 6,945	\$	20,383	\$	513,454 192,646 6,945
Total revenues		692,662		20,383		713,045
Expenditures: Management Services Debt Service:		6,407		5,195		11,602
Principal Interest and other fiscal charges		309,000 46,842		58,022,642 4,691,648		58,331,642 4,738,490
Total expenditures		362,249		62,719,485		63,081,734
Revenues over (under) expenditures		330,413		(62,699,102)		(62,368,689)
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from debt issuance Transfers in Transfers out		- - (77,957)		50,672,642 11,153,912		50,672,642 11,153,912 (77,957)
Total other financing sources (uses):		(77,957)		61,826,554		61,748,597
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		252,456		(872,548)		(620,092)
Fund balance July 1, 2002		96,681		1,487,467		1,584,148
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	349,137	\$	614,919	\$	964,056

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT FUND Year ended June 30, 2003

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Actual							
	(G	AAP basis)		Original		Final		Variance
Revenues:								
Assessments	\$	513,454	\$	518,900	\$	518,900	\$	(5,446)
Interest	Ψ	172,263	Ψ	81,100	Ψ	145,293	Ψ	26,970
Miscellaneous		6,945						6,945
Total revenues		692,662		600,000		664,193		28,469
Expenditures:								
Management Services		6,407		59,250		60,500		54,093
Debt service:								
Principal		309,000		242,000		309,000		-
Interest		46,842		52,420		48,363		1,521
Total expenditures		362,249		353,670		417,863		55,614
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out		(77,957)				(77,957)		
Total other financing uses:		(77,957)				(77,957)		
Revenues over (under) expenditures								
and other uses		252,456		246,330		168,373		(27,145)
Fund balance July 1, 2002		96,681		96,681		96,681		
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	349,137	\$	343,011	\$	265,054	\$	(27,145)

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OTHER IMPROVEMENT FUND

		Budgeted			
	Actual (GAAP basis)	Original	Final	Variance	
Revenues:					
Interest	\$ 20,383	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,383	
Total revenues	20,383			20,383	
Expenditures:					
Management Services	5,195	7,390	7,390	2,195	
Debt service:					
Principal	58,022,642	6,745,000	58,022,642	-	
Interest	4,691,648	5,299,984	4,691,522	(126)	
Total expenditures	62,719,485	12,052,374	62,721,554	2,069	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(62,699,102)	(12,052,374)	(62,721,554)	18,314	
Other financing sources:					
Proceeds from bond issuance	50,672,642	-	50,672,642	-	
Transfers in	11,153,912	11,277,374	11,153,912		
Total other financing sources:	61,826,554	11,277,374	61,826,554	-	
Revenues and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other uses	(872,548)	(775,000)	(895,000)	18,314	
Fund balance July 1, 2002	1,487,467	1,487,467	1,487,467		
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$ 614,919	\$ 712,467	\$ 592,467	\$ 18,314	

This page intentionally left blank.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Intermodal Hub Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities related to providing transportation facilities for the light rail, bus system (other than the commuter system), passenger light rail and passenger heavy rail.

Sewer Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities related to providing sewer service to the residents of the City.

Storm Water Utility - This fund is used to account for the activities associated with the collection and disposition of storm water runoff.

Refuse Collection Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations and activities related to garbage collection and disposal.

Golf Fund - This fund is used to account for the operation of golf courses for use by the general public.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2003

<u>ASSETS</u>	Intermodal Hub	Sewer Utility	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Unrestricted	\$ 3,931,397	\$ 5,896,428	
Restricted	-	-	
Receivables:			
Accounts, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$40,014	-	1,718,124	
Due from other funds for other than cash overdraft	-	10,443	
Other	-	4,230,380	
Inventory of supplies		627,367	
Total current assets	3,931,397	12,482,742	
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents		10,703,226	
Property and equipment, at cost:			
Land and water rights	_	4,187,450	
Buildings	-	42,297,748	
Improvements other than buildings	-	60,713,996	
Machinery and equipment	-	27,029,075	
Construction in progress	11,418,348	7,873,332	
Work in Progress	-	-	
Accumulated depreciation		(48,257,016)	
Net property and equipment	11,418,348	93,844,585	
Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$2,335	-	22,375	
Investment in joint venture	-	-	
Other		1,300,000	
Total noncurrent assets	11,418,348	105,870,186	
Total assets	\$ 15,349,745	\$ 118,352,928	

Storm Water Utility	Refuse Collection	Golf	Total
\$ 8,505,058	\$ 3,960,946	\$ 1,963,136	\$ 24,256,965
-	-	-	-
620,177	720,448	5,735	3,064,484
652	-	-	11,095
1,642,924	-	-	5,873,304
		485,920	1,113,287
10,768,811	4,681,394	2,454,791	34,319,135
1,975,830	694,784		13,373,840
961,601	-	1,757,159	6,906,210
4,589,891	-	2,110,735	48,998,374
78,110,589	-	5,889,054	144,713,639
2,434,620	8,028,751	4,890,988	42,383,434
1,251,080	-	-	20,542,760
-	-	-	-
(24,030,048)	(3,684,212)	(5,687,353)	(81,658,629)
63,317,733	4,344,539	8,960,583	181,885,788
-	-	-	22,375
-	24,975,009	-	24,975,009
			1,300,000
65,293,563	30,014,332	8,960,583	221,557,012
\$ 76,062,374	\$ 34,695,726	\$11,415,374	\$ 255,876,147

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2003

LIABILITIES	Intermodal Hub			Sewer Utility	
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	6,617	\$	2,193,068	
Accrued liabilities		5,992		141,443	
Current portion of long-term compensation liability		-		51,916	
Current portion of long-term debt:					
Payable from unrestricted assets		-		273,880	
Payable from restricted assets		-		188,610	
Deferred revenue		-		-	
Accrued interest, payable from restricted assets		-		25,646	
Current deposits and advance rentals					
Total current liabilities		12,609		2,874,563	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Deposits, advance rentals and long term accruals		-		72,320	
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		-		-	
Bonds, mortgages, and notes payable		-		711,858	
Long-term compensation liability		-		432,572	
Total noncurrent liabilities		<u></u>		1,216,750	
Total liabilities		12,609		4,091,313	
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital asssets, net of related debt	1	1,418,348		92,670,237	
Restricted for debt service		-		10,488,970	
Unrestricted		3,918,788		11,102,408	
Total net assets	1:	5,337,136	1	14,261,615	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1:	5,349,745	\$ 1	18,352,928	

Storm Water		Refuse				
	Utility		Collection		Golf	 Total
\$	34,047	\$	268,524	\$	590,703	\$ 3,092,959
	43,174		62,983		125,544	379,136
	10,272		16,107		189,603	267,898
	-		547,400		420,854	1,242,134
	-		-		-	188,610
	-		36,160		-	36,160
	-		-		-	25,646
	-		-		82,772	 82,772
	87,493		931,174		1,409,476	5,315,315
	36,162		-		-	108,482
	-		917,613		- 1,159,651	2,789,122
	151,657		209,998		461,703	1,255,930
					,,,,,,,	 -,,
	187,819		1,127,611		1,621,354	 4,153,534
	275,312		2,058,785		3,030,830	 9,468,849
ϵ	53,317,732		2,879,526		7,380,078	177,665,921
	1,975,830		-		-	12,464,800
1	0,493,500		29,757,415		1,004,466	 56,276,577
7	75,787,062	3	32,636,941		8,384,544	 246,407,298
\$ 7	76,062,374	\$ 3	34,695,726	\$1	1,415,374	\$ 255,876,147

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2003

	Intermodal Hub	Sewer Utility
Operating revenue:		
Sales and charges for services Rental and other	\$ - 8,401	\$ 14,152,370 227,324
Total operating revenue	8,401	14,379,694
Operating expenses:		
Personal services	89,935	5,504,943
Operating and maintenance	3,701	572,645
Charges and services	145,107	1,763,476
Depreciation and amortization		3,493,620
Total operating expenses	238,743	11,334,684
Operating income (loss)	(230,342)	3,045,010
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest income	866	269,145
Interest expense (net of amount capitalized of \$49,054) Equity in joint venture income	- -	(27,751)
Gain (loss) on disposition of property, equipment and investments		1,899,611
Total nonoperating revenues	866	2,141,005
Capital Contributions		
Grants and other contributions	4,697,095	1,086,926
Income (loss) before transfers and change Transfers out	4,467,619	6,272,941 (17,196)
Net income (loss)	4,467,619	6,255,745
Beginning Net Assets Net Assets July 1, 2002 as previously reported	10,869,517	103,805,706
Prior period adjustments (see Note 20)		4,200,164
Net Assets July 1, 2002 as restated	10,869,517	108,005,870
Net Assets June 30, 2003	\$ 15,337,136	\$ 114,261,615

Storm Water Utility	Refuse Collection	Golf	Total
\$ 5,210,155	\$ 7,665,731	\$ 7,997,030	\$ 35,025,286
3,202	5,152	22,702	266,781
5,213,357	7,670,883	8,019,732	35,292,067
1,342,158	1,626,086	3,491,935	12,055,057
109,950	84,751	993,900	1,764,947
1,248,923	4,310,978	3,102,100	10,570,584
1,594,114	938,353	545,913	6,572,000
4,295,145	6,960,168	8,133,848	30,962,588
918,212	710,715	(114,116)	4,329,479
198,112	85,766	48,881	602,770
-	(49,019)	(46,660)	(123,430)
-	(1,439,538)	- -	(1,439,538)
37,318	(647,787)	(292,230)	996,912
235,430	(2,050,578)	(290,009)	36,714
1,074,693		-	6,858,714
2,228,335	(1,339,863)	(404,125)	11,224,907
(1,086)	(2,172)	(9,229)	(29,683)
2,227,249	(1,342,035)	(413,354)	11,195,224
	(1,0 :2,000)	(110,000.)	
72,709,438	33,978,976	8,797,898	230,161,535
950 275			5.050.520
850,375	-		5,050,539
73,559,813	33,978,976	8,797,898	235,212,074
\$ 75,787,062	\$ 32,636,941	\$ 8,384,544	\$ 246,407,298

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPIETARY FUNDS

	Intermodal			Sewer	
		Hub	Utility		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	8,401	\$	14,506,284	
Payments to suppliers		(209,763)		(2,892,938)	
Payments to employees		(83,943)		(5,133,299)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(285,305)		6,480,047	
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities					
Payments received on interfund receivables		-		(4,670,054)	
Transfers out				(17,196)	
Net cash used in noncapital and related financing activities				(4,687,250)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Proceeds from issuance of debt					
(net of discount and issuance costs)		-		-	
Proceeds from sale of equipment		-		1,959,510	
Contributions for aid in construction		4,697,095		392,831	
Payment on long-term obligations, net of capitalized interest		-		(462,074)	
Payments for purchase and construction of fixed assets,					
including capitalized interest		(1,069,230)		(7,197,061)	
Other receipts		<u>-</u>		-	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		3,627,865		(5,306,794)	

S	Storm Water Utility				Refuse Collection					Total
\$	5,270,697	\$	7,667,413	\$	7,987,773	\$	35,440,568			
	(1,441,288)	(4,541,687)		(3,738,806)		(12,824,482)			
	(1,385,188)	(1,761,786)		(3,461,731)		(11,825,947)			
	2,444,221		1,363,940		787,236		10,790,139			
	(1,592,459)		-		-		(6,262,513)			
	(1,086)		(2,172)		(9,229)	-	(29,683)			
	(1,593,545)		(2,172)		(9,229)	_	(6,292,196)			
	-		720,000		1,152,443		1,872,443			
	37,318		-		-		1,996,828			
	731,266		-		-		5,821,192			
	-		(998,349)		(231,505)		(1,691,928)			
	(1,764,942)		(322,398)		(1,646,571)	_	(12,000,202)			
	(996,358)		(600,747)		(725,633)		(4,001,667)			

-(continued)-

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPIETARY FUNDS

	 ntermodal Hub	Sewer Utility	
Cash flows from investing activities:	966		260 145
Interest received on investments and loans	 866		269,145
Net cash provided by investing activities	 866		269,145
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,343,426		(3,244,852)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 587,971		19,844,506
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 3,931,397	\$	16,599,654
Cash and cash equivalent components:			
Unrestricted	\$ 3,931,397	\$	5,896,428
Restricted	 		10,703,226
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 3,931,397	\$	16,599,654
Cash flows from operating activities -			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (230,342)	\$	3,045,010
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided			
by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	\$ -	\$	3,493,620
Increase (decrease) due to changes in:			
Accounts receivable	-		54,267
Other current assets	-		92,278
Accounts payable	(60,955)		(129,723)
Accrued liabilities affecting operating activities	5,992		(75,405)
Other liabilities	-		-
Long-term compensation liability	 (54.062)	-	3,435,037
Total adjustments	 (54,963)	-	3,433,037
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (285,305)	\$	6,480,047
Noncash transactions affecting financial position:			
Contributions of fixed assets from other entities	\$ -	\$	694,094

S	torm Water Utility	(Refuse Collection		Golf		Total
	198,112		85,766		48,881		602,770
	<u> </u>						
	198,112		85,766		48,881		602,770
	52,430		846,787		101,255		1,099,046
	10,428,458		3,808,943		1,861,881		36,531,759
\$	10,480,888	\$	4,655,730	\$	1,963,136	\$	37,630,805
Ф	0.505.050	¢.	2.060.046	¢.	1.062.126	¢	24.256.065
\$	8,505,058 1,975,830	\$	3,960,946 694,784	\$	1,963,136	\$	24,256,965 13,373,840
	1,773,630		074,704				13,373,040
\$	10,480,888	\$	4,655,730	\$	1,963,136	\$	37,630,805
\$	918,212	\$	710,715	\$	(114,116)	\$	4,329,479
\$	1,594,114	\$	938,353	\$	545,913	\$	6,572,000
	21 101		(20, (20)		(5.705)		20.002
	21,181 36,160		(39,630)		(5,735) 41,204		30,083 169,642
	(166,820)		(145,958)		315,990		(187,466)
	41,374		(44,179)		(30,279)		(102,497)
			36,160		(26,224)		9,936
	_		(91,521)		60,483		(31,038)
	1,526,009		653,225		901,352		6,460,660
ф.	2 444 221	ф.	1 262 040	ф	797.227	ф.	10.700.120
\$	2,444,221	\$	1,363,940	\$	787,236	\$	10,790,139
\$	343,427	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,037,521

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE INTERMODAL HUB FUND

		Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on	Budgete				
		budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Grants and other contributions	4,697,095	\$ 4,697,095	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 11,204,335	\$ (6,507,240)		
Interest income	866	866	-	-	866		
Other	8,401	8,401	97,700	97,700	(89,299)		
Total revenues and other sources	4,706,362	4,706,362	1,597,700	11,302,035	(6,595,673)		
Expenses and other uses: Personal services	89.935	89,935			(90.025)		
	3,701	3,701	-	-	(89,935)		
Operating and Maintenance Charges and services	145,107	145,107	97,700	97,700	(47,407)		
Total expenses before capital outlay	238,743	238,743	97,700	97,700	(137,342)		
Capital outlay - Construction and purchase of property			1,500,000	11,204,335	11,204,335		
Total expenses and other uses	238,743	238,743	1,597,700	11,302,035	11,066,993		
Change in net assets	\$ 4,467,619	\$ 4,467,619	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,471,320		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEWER UTILITY FUND Year ended June 30, 2003

		Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on GAAP	Actual on budgetary	Budgeted	Amounts			
	basis	basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Operating revenue - sales and charges	ф. 14.270.co.4	ф 14.270 co.4	# 15 20 C 000	A 15.206.000	ф (02 c 20 c)		
for current services	\$ 14,379,694	\$ 14,379,694	\$ 15,206,000	\$ 15,206,000	\$ (826,306)		
Equipment disposition proceeds Gain on sale of assets	1,899,611	1,945,466	10,000	10,000	1,935,466		
Interest income	269,145	269,145	800,000	800,000	(520.955)		
Impact fees	326,766	758,657	600,000	600,000	(530,855) 158,657		
Bond proceeds	520,700	738,037	25,000,000	25,000,000	(25,000,000)		
Contributions and non-operating grants		760,160	500,000	500,000	260,160		
Contributions and non-operating grant	700,100	700,100	300,000	300,000	200,100		
Total revenues and other sources	17,635,376	18,113,122	42,116,000	42,116,000	(24,002,878)		
Expenses and other uses:							
Personal services	5,578,270	5,578,270	5,502,235	5,502,235	(76,035)		
Accrued compensated absences	(73,327)	-	· -	-			
Operating and maintenance	572,645	572,645	1,343,620	1,343,620	770,975		
Charges and services	1,763,476	1,763,476	2,384,902	2,384,902	621,426		
Depreciation and amortization	3,493,620	-	· · · · · · ·	- · · · · · · · · -	-		
Transfers out	17,196	17,196			(17,196)		
Expenses before debt service							
and capital outlay	11,351,880	7,931,587	9,230,757	9,230,757	1,299,170		
Debt service:							
Principal	-	427,550	381,250	381,250	(46,300)		
Interest	76,805	76,805	1,143,750	1,143,750	1,066,945		
Capitalized interest	(49,054)	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay:		66.065			(66.065)		
Land	-	66,065	-	- 20.277.291	(66,065)		
Buildings	-	4,748,006	28,502,000	29,276,381	24,528,375		
Improvements other than buildings	-	2,448,018	3,477,100	5,853,176	3,405,158		
Equipment	<u>-</u>	639,066	1,040,800	1,308,800	669,734		
Total expenses and other uses	11,379,631	16,337,097	43,775,657	47,194,114	30,857,017		
Change in net assets	\$ 6,255,745	\$ 1,776,025	\$ (1,659,657)	\$ (5,078,114)	\$ 6,854,139		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STORM WATER UTILITY FUND Year ended June 30, 2003

		Budgetary Basis				
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted Amounts			
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance	
Revenues and other sources:						
Operating revenue - sales and charges						
for current services	\$ 5,213,357	\$ 5,213,357	\$ 5,335,199	\$ 5,335,199	\$ (121,842)	
Gain on sale of assets	37,318	-	-	-	-	
Equipment disposition proceeds	-	37,318	-	-	37,318	
Interest income	198,112	198,112	300,000	300,000	(101,888)	
Bond proceeds	-	-	9,000,000	9,000,000	(9,000,000)	
Impact fees	283,989	246,252	250,000	250,000	(3,748)	
Contributions and nonoperating grants	790,704	790,704	716,000	716,000	74,704	
Total revenues and other sources	6,523,480	6,485,743	15,601,199	15,601,199	(9,115,456)	
Expenses and other uses: Personal services	1,306,445	1,306,445	1,449,140	1,449,140	142,695	
Accrued compensated absences	35,713	-	-	-	-	
Operating and maintenance	109,950	109,950	119,150	119,150	9,200	
Charges and services	1,248,923	1,248,923	1,288,772	1,288,772	39,849	
Depreciation and amortization	1,594,114	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	1,086	1,086	800	800	(286)	
Expenses before debt service and capital outlay	4,296,231	2,666,404	2,857,862	2,857,862	191,458	
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	93,750	93,750	93,750	
Interest	-	-	281,250	281,250	281,250	
Capital outlay:						
Land	-	26,223	-	-	(26,223)	
Buildings	-	81,772	290,000	351,858	270,086	
Improvements other than buildings	-	1,559,653	5,215,200	6,197,453	4,637,800	
Equipment		440,722	484,000	740,000	299,278	
Total expenses and other uses	4,296,231	4,774,774	9,222,062	10,522,173	5,747,399	
Change in net assets	\$ 2,227,249	\$ 1,710,969	\$ 6,379,137	\$ 5,079,026	\$ (3,368,057)	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE REFUSE COLLECTION FUND

		Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on	Budgeted				
		budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Refuse collection fees	\$ 7,665,731	\$ 7,665,731	\$ 6,480,181	\$ 6,503,581	\$ 1,162,150		
Fixed asset disposition proceeds	-	-	264,000	264,000	(264,000)		
Loss on fixed asset disposition	(647,787)	-	-	-	-		
Grants and other contributions	5,152	5,152	-	-	5,152		
Proceeds from debt	-	720,000	-	-			
Interest income	85,766	85,766	153,000	153,000	(67,234)		
Equity in joint venture income	(1,439,538)	-					
Total revenues and other sources	5,669,324	8,476,649	6,897,181	6,920,581	836,068		
Expenses and other uses: Personal services	1,722,735	1,722,735	1,883,212	1,883,212	160,477		
Accrued compensated absences	(96,649)	1,722,733	1,005,212	1,005,212	100,477		
Operating and maintenance	84,751	84,751	77,916	79,868	(4,883)		
Charges and services	4,310,978	4,310,978	4,529,212	4,690,557	379,579		
Depreciation	938,353	4,310,776	-,527,212	-,070,557	317,317		
Transfers out	2,172	2,172	9,935	9,935	7,763		
Total expenses before debt service							
and capital outlay	6,962,340	6,120,636	6,500,275	6,663,572	542,936		
Debt service:							
Principal	-	949,330	956,399	956,399	7,069		
Interest	49,019	49,019	16,911	16,911	(32,108)		
Capital outlay - purchase of equipment		322,398	241,230	526,485	204,087		
Total expenses and other uses	7,011,359	7,441,383	7,714,815	8,163,367	721,984		
Change in net assets	\$ (1,342,035)	\$ 1,035,266	\$ (817,634)	\$ (1,242,786)	\$ 1,558,052		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GOLF FUND

		Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Admissions and fees	\$ 5,266,945	\$ 5,266,945	\$ 5,689,814	\$ 5,580,375	\$ (313,430)		
Equipment and facility rental	1,850,047	1,850,047	1,796,160	1,907,392	(57,345)		
Retail sales and concessions	902,740	902,740	957,778	955,985	(53,245)		
Interest income	48,881	48,881	50,000	50,000	(1,119)		
Equipment disposition proceeds	-	-	-	-	-		
Loss on sale of assets	(292,230)	-	-	-	-		
Other revenue			14,500	14,500	(14,500)		
Total revenues and other sources	7,776,383	8,068,613	8,508,252	8,508,252	(439,639)		
Expenses and other uses:							
Personal services	3,419,128	3,419,128	3,607,585	3,607,585	188,457		
Accrued compensated absences	72,807	-	-	-	-		
Operating and maintenance	993,900	993,900	1,297,698	1,385,534	391,634		
Charges and services	3,102,100	3,102,100	2,497,130	2,515,965	(586,135)		
Depreciation	545,913	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out	9,229	9,229	9,151	9,151	(78)		
Total expenses before debt service							
and capital outlay	8,143,077	7,524,357	7,411,564	7,518,235	(6,122)		
Debt Service:							
Principal	-	184,845	208,303	208,303	23,458		
Interest	46,660	46,660	23,543	23,543	(23,117)		
Capital outlay-purchase of equipment		494,128	950,197	1,008,760	514,632		
Total expenses and other uses	8,189,737	8,249,990	8,593,607	8,758,841	508,851		
Change in net assets	\$ (413,354)	\$ (181,377)	\$ (85,355)	\$ (250,589)	\$ 69,212		

Major Enterprise Funds and Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE WATER UTILITY FUND Year ended June 30, 2003

		Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on	Budgeted	Amounts			
		budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Operating revenue - sales and charges	A 40 177 710	A 40 177 712	Φ 42.20 ¢ 020	Φ 42.20 € 020	Φ (2.120.200)		
for current services	\$ 40,177,712	\$ 40,177,712	\$ 42,306,020	\$ 42,306,020	\$ (2,128,308)		
Equipment disposition proceeds Gain on sale of assets	43,403	15,308	50,000	50,000	(34,692)		
Interest income	606,688	606.688	1.250.000	1,250,000	(643,312)		
Contributions and nonoperating grants	1,105,936	1,105,936	855,000	855,000	250,936		
Impact fees		586,360	250,000	250,000	336,360		
Miscellaneous revenue	586,360 785	785	230,000	230,000	785		
Miscenaneous revenue	703	103			103		
Total revenues and other sources	42,520,884	42,492,789	44,711,020	44,711,020	(2,218,231)		
Expenses and other uses:							
Personal services	12,909,299	12,909,299	13,075,538	13,075,538	166,239		
Accrued compensated absences	73,994	-	-	-	-		
Operating and maintenance	1,810,758	1,810,758	2,267,673	2,267,673	456,915		
Charges and services	13,329,694	13,329,694	14,105,290	14,105,290	775,596		
Depreciation and amortization	5,079,026	-			-		
Transfers out	22,177	22,177			(22,177)		
Expenses before debt service							
and capital outlay	33,224,948	28,071,928	29,448,501	29,448,501	1,376,573		
Debt service:							
Principal	-	3,062,450	3,065,000	3,065,000	2,550		
Interest	1,770,555	1,770,555	1,735,000	1,735,000	(35,555)		
Capitalized interest	(48,988)	-	=	=	-		
Capital outlay:							
Land and water rights	-	58,058	650,000	650,000	591,942		
Buildings	-	1,600,291	13,420,495	13,423,993	11,823,702		
Improvements other than buildings	-	10,155,583	9,288,525	12,263,440	2,107,857		
Equipment		520,743	1,901,330	2,358,314	1,837,571		
Total expenses and other uses	34,946,515	45,239,608	59,508,851	62,944,248	17,704,640		
Change in net assets	\$ 7,574,369	\$ (2,746,819)	\$ (14,797,831)	\$ (18,233,228)	\$ 15,486,409		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS Year ended June 30, 2003

			Budgetary Basis				
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted	l Amounts			
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Airfields	\$ 22,186,104	\$ 22,186,104	\$21,631,779	\$21,631,779	\$ 554,325		
Terminals	33,847,103	33,847,103	33,836,796	33,836,796	10,307		
Landside	25,510,672	25,510,672	28,623,700	28,623,700	(3,113,028)		
Auxiliary airports	386,639	386,639	426,627	426,627	(39,988)		
General aviation	1,377,029	1,377,029	1,381,630	1,381,630	(4,601)		
Support areas	6,286,855	6,286,855	6,427,567	6,427,567	(140,712)		
Other revenue	2,369,747	2,369,747	1,427,200	1,427,200	942,547		
Loss on equipment disposition	(1,902,034)	-	-	-	-		
Equipment disposition proceeds		189,910	.	.	189,910		
Interest income	2,680,009	4,004,833	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,833		
Passenger facility charges	34,112,182	34,112,182	35,273,700	46,366,500	(12,254,318)		
Contributions for aid in construction	10,424,858	10,424,858	31,022,700	31,022,700	(20,597,842)		
Total revenues and other sources	137,279,164	140,695,932	164,051,699	175,144,499	(34,448,567)		
Expenses and other uses:							
Personal services	31,261,979	31,261,979	31,309,000	31,570,600	308,621		
Accrued compensated absences	990	-	-	-	-		
Capitalized personal services	(1,599,453)	-	-	-	-		
Operating and maintenance	4,782,678	4,782,678	5,224,400	5,254,400	471,722		
Charges and services	21,988,576	21,988,576	25,331,600	24,720,160	2,731,584		
Depreciation and amortization	38,270,476	-	-	-	-		
Participating airline rebate	1,287,631	1,287,631	1,179,300	1,179,300	(108,331)		
Transfers out	38,994	38,994	800,000	800,000	761,006		
Total expenses before debt service							
and capital outlay	96,031,871	59,359,858	63,844,300	63,524,460	4,164,602		
Debt service:							
Principal	-	7,055,000	7,235,000	6,555,000	(500,000)		
Interest	6,508,240	6,508,240	8,432,200	6,792,700	284,460		
Capitalized interest	(97,417)	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay							
Land	-	420,601	250,000	3,720,000	3,299,399		
Equipment	-	2,293,307	3,517,400	1,891,900	(401,407)		
Construction, including multi- year projects		21 546 338	64,138,500	74,644,900	53,098,562		
• •	100.4/2.52/	21,546,338					
Total expenses and other uses	102,442,694	97,183,344	147,417,400	157,128,960	59,945,616		
Change in net assets	\$ 34,836,470	\$ 43,512,588	\$16,634,299	\$18,015,539	\$ 25,497,049		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND Year ended June 30, 2003

	_	Budgetary Basis					
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted	Amounts			
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance		
Revenues and other sources:							
Operating income - rental and other Property taxes Interest income Gain on property disposition Property disposition proceeds Principal received on loans	\$ 990,404 23,608,688 1,758,294 146,473	\$ 990,404 23,608,688 1,758,294 - 608,968 758,615	\$ 1,377,836 28,051,579 664,116 - 2,245,250 50,000	\$ 1,377,836 23,611,688 611,659 - 2,245,250 50,000	\$ (387,432) (3,000) 1,146,635 - (1,636,282) 708,615		
Total revenues and other sources	26,503,859	27,724,969	32,388,781	27,896,433	(171,464)		
Expenses and other uses: Personal services Accrued compensated absences Operating and maintenance Charges and services Property tax refund accrual Property tax refund designation Loans made to residents and businesses Depreciation and amortization Loss on writedown of land/buildings held for resale Transfers Out Total expenses before debt service	529,115 8,947 1,740,268 8,739,247 - - 1,739,276 596,835 10,798	529,115 - 1,740,268 8,739,247 - - 4,903,070 - - 10,798	449,594 - 13,599,177 21,481,447 - 102,000 13,975,698 - - 10,798	449,594 - 14,575,877 20,284,789 - 102,000 10,598,427 - - 10,798 46,021,485	(79,521) - 12,835,609 11,545,542 - 102,000 5,695,357 30,098,987		
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Accrued interest on capital appreciation bonds Capital outlay- Land purchases	2,672,388 2,303,490	7,295,000 2,089,345 - 2,406,273	9,960,000 3,217,118 - 10,285,198	9,960,000 3,217,118 - 10,692,816	2,665,000 1,127,773 - 8,286,543		
Total expenses and other uses	18,340,364	27,713,116	73,081,030	69,891,419	42,178,303		
Change in net assets	\$ 8,163,495	\$ 11,853	\$ (40,692,249)	\$ (41,994,986)	\$ 42,006,839		

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Actual	Original	Final	
	(GAAP basis)	Budget	Budget	Variance
Revenues:				
Assessments	\$ 94.879	\$ -	\$ 1,583,997	\$ (1,489,118)
Interest	452,066	-	9,434,306	(8,982,240)
Intergovernmental	11,243,647	4,939,483	29,956,935	(18,713,288)
Contributions	-	-	95,403	(95,403)
Miscellaneous	460,618	650,000	650,000	(189,382)
Total revenues	12,251,210	5,589,483	41,720,641	(29,469,431)
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	52,549,888	23,969,579	95,959,815	43,409,927
Total expenditures	52,549,888	23,969,579	95,959,815	43,409,927
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(40,298,678)	(18,380,096)	(54,239,174)	13,940,496
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from bond issuance	3,543,046	-	3,419,047	123,999
Proceeds from sale of property	609,150	-	· · · · -	609,150
Transfers in	26,794,762	18,949,321	60,457,018	(33,662,256)
Transfers out	(15,062,560)	(569,225)	(15,068,789)	6,229
Total other financing sources (uses):	15,884,398	18,380,096	48,807,276	(32,922,878)
Revenues and other sources under				
expenditures and other uses	(24,414,280)	-	(5,431,898)	(18,982,382)
Fund balance July 1, 2002	53,277,494	53,277,494	53,277,494	-
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$ 28,863,214	\$ 53,277,494	\$ 47,845,596	\$ (18,982,382)

This page intentionally left blank

Internal Service Funds

Fleet Management Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs of the fleet management system which provides vehicles for use by City departments, and which provides vehicle maintenance on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Information Management Services Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs of providing data processing services to City departments. Costs are recovered by charges to user departments.

Risk Management Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs of providing insurance for employee health, accident, long-term disability, unemployment and worker's compensation. It also accounts for costs of the City's property damage insurance.

Governmental Immunity Fund - This fund is used to account for payment of general liability claims against the City.

Municipal Building Authority Fund - This fund is used to account for the acquisition and lease to the City of purchased or constructed property and equipment. This fund accounts for the bonds which were issued to purchase or construct the property and equipment and also accounts for the retirement of those bonds.

Copy Center Fund - This fund is used to account for centralized photocopying and printing activities.

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2003

<u>ASSETS</u>	Fleet Management	Information Management Services
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,690,939	\$ -
Receivables: Other receivables	-	-
Other assets		205 515
Prepaid expenses Inventories of supplies, at cost	438,831	205,515 96,731
Total current assets	4,129,770	302,246
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	98,640	
Property and equipment, at cost:		
Land Buildings	5,302	-
Improvements other than buildings	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Machinery and equipment Leased property under capital leases	37,909,887 58,000	4,753,710
Work in progress	175,917	-
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(21,942,390)	(3,081,726)
Net property and equipment	16,206,716	1,671,984
Bond issue costs, less accumulated amortization of \$656,609		
Total assets	\$ 20,435,126	\$ 1,974,230
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 185,484	\$ 234,548
Due to other funds for cash overdraft	-	255,783
Due to other funds for other than cash overdraft Accrued liabilities	138,161	155,091
Deferred revenue	-	114,015
Current portion of long-term debt	2,828,665	105,648
Total current liabilities	3,152,310	865,085
Long-term liabilities:		
Obligations for compensation liabilities due after one year	297,081	703,266
Bonds payable Notes payable	3,911,498	-
Notes payable from restricted assets	98,640	
Total long-term liabilities	4,307,219	703,266
Total liabilities	7,459,529	1,568,351
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets	9,367,913	1,566,336
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,607,684	(1,160,457)
Total net assets	12,975,597	405,879
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 20,435,126	\$ 1,974,230

Risk Management	Governmental Immunity	Municipal Building Authority	Copy Center	Total
\$ 6,055,513	\$ 2,337,756	\$ -	\$ 136,452	\$ 12,220,660
4,957	-	-	-	4,957
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- -	2,273	207,788 535,562
6,060,470	2,337,756	<u>-</u>	138,725	12,968,967
		14,692,157		14,790,797
62,741 127,384 - 21,619 - (45,064) 166,680	- - - - - -	7,404,846 62,222,148 13,057,014 4,130,546 - 6,661,577 (19,791,137) 73,684,994	30,527 - - (15,992) 14,535	7,467,587 62,354,834 13,057,014 46,846,289 58,000 6,837,494 (44,876,309) 91,744,909
100,000	-	830,511	- 14,333	830,511
\$ 6,227,150	\$ 2,337,756	\$ 89,207,662	\$ 153,260	\$ 120,335,184
\$ 1,756,934 	\$ 20,184 - - 2,237,664 - -	\$ 666,697 4,990,825 - 807,034 - 2,300,000	\$ 46,621 - - - - -	\$ 2,910,468 5,246,608 34,613 6,673,276 141,747 5,234,313
5,154,605	2,257,848	8,764,556	46,621	20,241,025
117,654 - - -	117,654 - - -	63,788,893	- - - -	1,235,655 63,788,893 3,911,498 98,640
117,654	117,654	63,788,893		69,034,686
5,272,259	2,375,502	72,553,449	46,621	89,275,711
166,680 788,211	(37,746)	71,384,994 (54,730,781)	14,535 92,104	82,500,458 (51,440,985)
954,891	(37,746)	16,654,213	106,639	31,059,473
\$ 6,227,150	\$ 2,337,756	\$ 89,207,662	\$ 153,260	\$ 120,335,184

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Fleet Management		anagement Services
Operating revenue - charges for services	\$	5,454,847	\$ 7,142,844
Operating expenses:			
Personal services		2,153,014	4,817,120
Operating and maintenance		1,899,858	260,190
Charges and services including change in reserves		641,635	1,638,140
Depreciation and amortization		4,319,723	 655,363
Total operating expenses		9,014,230	 7,370,813
Operating income (loss)		(3,559,383)	 (227,969)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income		3,515	67,712
Interest expense		(340,312)	(9,488)
Gain (loss) on property and equipment dispostion		164,683	 (12,280)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(172,114)	 45,944
Loss before operating transfers		(3,731,497)	(182,025)
Transfers in		4,278,481	179,577
Transfers out		(15,432)	 (100,000)
Change in net assets		531,552	(102,448)
Net assets - July 1, 2001		12,444,045	508,327
1101 ussets 3uly 1, 2001		12,777,073	 300,321
Net assets - June 30, 2002	\$	12,975,597	\$ 405,879

	Govern-	Municipal		
Risk	mental	Building	Copy	
Management	Immunity	Authority	Center	Total
\$ 24,464,797	\$ 66,852	\$ 2,792,975	\$ 665,427	\$ 40,587,742
555,268	447,078	-	-	7,972,480
10,362	34,047	-	284,478	2,488,935
24,497,145	1,010,425	466,383	392,388	28,646,116
3,051		2,017,740	1,615	6,997,492
25,065,826	1,491,550	2,484,123	678,481	46,105,023
(601,029)	(1,424,698)	308,852	(13,054)	(5,517,281)
99,480	62,509	232,078	-	465,294
-	-	(3,593,426)	-	(3,943,226)
				152,403
99,480	62,509	(3,361,348)		(3,325,529)
(501,549)	(1,362,189)	(3,052,496)	(13,054)	(8,842,810)
61,000	1,500,000	3,313,356	-	9,332,414
(438,700)		<u> </u>		(554,132)
(879,249)	137,811	260,860	(13,054)	(64,528)
1,834,140	(175,557)	16,393,353	119,693	31,124,001
\$ 954,891	\$ (37,746)	\$ 16,654,213	\$ 106,639	\$ 31,059,473

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2003

	N	Fleet Ianagement	nformation Ianagement Services
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash flows from operating activities -			
Receipts from customers and users		5,454,847	7,041,062
Payments to suppliers		(2,537,820)	(1,610,031
Payments to employees		(2,194,585)	 (4,733,713
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		722,442	697,318
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		4 270 401	170 577
Transfers in Transfers out		4,278,481 (15,432)	179,577 (100,000
Not each provided by (used in)			
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		4,263,049	 79,577
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of debt net of			
discount and issuance costs		2,557,351	-
Proceeds from sale of equipment		513,446	20,572
Payments on long-term obligations		(2,321,433)	(250,275
Payments for purchase of fixed assets		(5,531,409)	 (1,179,924
Net cash used in capital financing activities		(4,782,045)	 (1,409,627
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received on investments		3,515	 67,712
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,515	 67,712
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		206,961	(565,020
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,582,618	 565,020
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,789,579	\$ -
Cash and cash equivalent components:			
Unrestricted Restricted	\$	3,690,939 98,640	\$ -
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,789,579	\$ -
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,559,383)	\$ (227,969
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization		4,319,723	655,363
Increase (decrease) due to change in:			
Inventories of supplies		245	(33,255
Other current assets		-	74,714
Due to other funds for cash overdraft		3,428	255,783
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities affecting operating income		- , -	(8,943
Accrued liabilities affecting operating income Deferred revenue		(46,267)	(37,847
Long-term compensation liability		4,696	 (101,782 121,254
Total adjustments		4,281,825	925,287
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	722,442	\$ 697,313
1		,	 .,.,

N	Risk Ianagement	 Govern- mental Immunity	Βι	unicipal uilding uthority	 Copy Center		Total
	24,455,802 (22,829,156) (670,011)	 66,852 (1,032,413) (245,187)		4,596,317 (45,625)	 665,427 (676,498)		42,280,307 (28,731,543) (7,843,496)
	956,635	(1,210,748)		4,550,692	(11,071)		5,705,268
	61,000 (438,700)	1,500,000		3,313,356	 <u>.</u>		9,332,414 (554,132)
	(377,700)	 1,500,000		3,313,356	 -		8,778,282
	-	-		-	-		2,557,351
	-	-		(6,367,494)	-		534,018 (8,939,202)
	(842)	 		(5,656,742)	 (16,150)		(12,385,067)
	(842)	 -		(12,024,236)	 (16,150)		(18,232,900)
	99,480	 62,509		232,078			465,294
	99,480	62,509		232,078	 -		465,294
	677,573	351,761		(3,928,110)	(27,221)		(3,284,056)
	5,377,940	1,985,995		18,620,267	163,673		30,295,513
\$	6,055,513	\$ 2,337,756	\$	14,692,157	\$ 136,452	\$	27,011,457
\$	6,055,513	\$ 2,337,756	\$	14,692,157	\$ 136,452	\$	12,220,660 14,790,797
\$	6,055,513	\$ 2,337,756	\$	14,692,157	\$ 136,452	\$	27,011,457
\$	(601,029)	\$ (1,424,698)	\$	308,852	\$ (13,054)	\$	(5,517,281)
	3,051	-		2,017,740	1,615		6,997,492
	(4,958) 34,613 1,643,738 (195,297) (4,037) 80,554	12,059 186,674 - 15,217		301,500 1,501,842 434,129 (13,371)	 (273) - 641 - -		(33,010) 370,983 1,792,238 2,085,052 (106,108) (105,819) 221,721
	1,557,664	 213,950		4,241,840	 1,983		11,222,549
\$	956,635	\$ (1,210,748)	\$	4,550,692	\$ (11,071)	\$	5,705,268

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FLEET MANAGEMENT FUND

		Budgetary Basis				
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted	Amounts		
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance	
Revenues and other sources:						
Charges for maintenance	\$ 5,454,847	\$ 5,454,847	\$ 6,379,434	\$ 6,379,434	\$ (924,587)	
Interest income	3,515	3,515	-	-	3,515	
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment	164,683	=	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-	513,446	624,600	624,600	(111,154)	
Transfers in	4,278,481	4,278,481	3,949,537	4,518,481	(240,000)	
Total revenues and other sources	9,901,526	10,250,289	10,953,571	11,522,515	(1,272,226)	
Expenses and other uses:						
Personal services	2,152,567	2,152,567	2,252,954	2,252,954	100,387	
Accrued compensated absences	447	- -	- -	· · · · · -	· =	
Operating and maintenance	1,899,858	1,899,858	3,889,621	3,979,240	2,079,382	
Charges and services	641,635	641,635	648,450	667,069	25,434	
Depreciation	4,319,723	- -	- -	- -	· =	
Transfers out	15,432	15,432	15,759	15,759	327	
Total expenses before debt service						
and capital outlay	9,029,662	4,709,492	6,806,784	6,915,022	2,205,530	
Debt service:						
Principal	-	1,981,121	2,854,771	3,020,197	1,039,076	
Interest	340,312	340,312	430,681	472,038	131,726	
Capital outlay		5,531,409	1,081,600	2,246,739	(3,284,670)	
Total expenses and other uses	9,369,974	12,562,334	11,173,836	12,653,996	91,662	
Change in net assets	\$ 531,552	\$ (2,312,045)	\$ (220,265)	\$ (1,131,481)	\$ (1,180,564)	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SERVICES FUND

		Budgetary Basis				
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted	Amounts		
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance	
Revenue:						
Charges for services	\$ 7,136,577	\$ 7,136,577	\$ 7,241,574	\$ 7,350,594	\$ (214,017)	
Interest income	67,712	67,712	36,367	36,367	31,345	
Proceeds from sale of equipment	- -	20,572	=	- -	20,572	
Gain (loss) on equipment disposition	(12,280)	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous revenue	6,267	6,267	55,186	55,186	(48,919)	
Transfers in	179,577	179,577	179,577	179,577		
Total revenues and other sources	7,377,853	7,410,705	7,512,704	7,621,724	(211,019)	
Expenses and other uses:						
Personal services	4,688,350	4,688,350	4,617,426	4,617,426	(70,924)	
Accrued compensated absences	128,770	-	-	-	-	
Operating and maintenance	260,190	260,190	307,425	251,678	(8,512)	
Charges and services	1,638,140	1,638,140	2,173,618	1,754,428	116,288	
Depreciation	655,363	-		-	-	
Transfers out	100,000	100,000	(289)	99,711	(289)	
Total expenses before debt service						
and capital outlay	7,470,813	6,686,680	7,098,180	6,723,243	36,563	
Debt service:						
Principal	-	240,787	240,787	240,787	-	
Interest	9,488	9,488	-	12,937	3,449	
Capital outlay		1,179,924	175,037	807,137	(372,787)	
Total expenses and other uses	7,480,301	8,116,879	7,514,004	7,784,104	(332,775)	
Change in net assets	\$ (102,448)	\$ (706,174)	\$ (1,300)	\$ (162,380)	\$ (543,794)	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

		Budgetary Basis				
	Actual on GAAP	Actual on	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		
	basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance	
Revenues and other sources:						
Charges for services	\$ 24,458,766	\$ 24,458,766	\$ 22,037,682	\$ 24,717,382	\$ (258,616)	
Interest income	99,480	99,480	39,600	39,600	59,880	
Miscellaneous	6,031	6,031	210,000	210,000	(203,969)	
Transfers in	61,000	61,000	41,000	108,600	(47,600)	
Total revenues and other sources	24,625,277	24,625,277	22,328,282	25,075,582	(450,305)	
Expenses and other uses:						
Personal services	543,944	543,944	509,988	509,988	(33,956)	
Accrued compensated absences	11,324	_	_	-	-	
Operating and maintenance	10,362	10,362	14,050	14,050	3,688	
Premiums and other charges for services	24,382,067	24,382,067	21,586,807	24,340,607	(41,460)	
Change in reserves	115,078	_	_	-	-	
Depreciation	3,051	_	_	-	-	
Transfers out	438,700	438,700	4,500	437,500	(1,200)	
Total expenses before capital outlay	25,504,526	25,375,073	22,115,345	25,302,145	(72,928)	
Capital outlay		842	5,000	5,000	4,158	
Total expenses and other uses	25,504,526	25,375,915	22,120,345	25,307,145	(68,770)	
Change in net assets	\$ (879,249)	\$ (750,638)	\$ 207,937	\$ (231,563)	\$ (519,075)	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY FUND

		Budgetary Basis						
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on budgetary basis	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Variance			
Revenues and other sources -								
Interfund service charges	\$ 66,852	\$ 66,852	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,852			
Interest income	62,509	62,509	107,300	107,300	(44,791)			
Transfers in	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,332,000	1,532,000	(32,000)			
Total revenues	1,629,361	1,629,361	1,439,300	1,639,300	(9,939)			
Expenses:								
Personal services	431,758	431,758	425,765	425,765	(5,993)			
Accrued compensated absences	15,320	-	-	-	-			
Operating and maintenance	34,047	34,047	17,200	17,200	(16,847)			
Claims, charges and services	824,728	824,728	996,335	1,226,398	401,670			
Change in reserves	185,697							
Total expenses	1,491,550	1,290,533	1,439,300	1,669,363	378,830			
Change in net assets	\$ 137,811	\$ 338,828	\$ -	\$ (30,063)	\$ 368,891			

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY FUND

		Budgetary Basis									
	Actual on	Actual on	Budgeted	Amounts							
	GAAP basis	budgetary basis	Original	Final	Variance						
Revenues and other sources:											
Charges for services	\$ 2,492,975	\$ 2,492,975	\$ 2,242,989	\$ 2,492,266	\$ 709						
Intergovernmental	300,000	300,000		-	300,000						
Property sale proceeds	-	-	-	500,000	(500,000)						
Interest income	232,078	232,078	-	-	232,078						
Transfers in	3,313,356	3,313,356	3,313,356	3,313,356							
Total revenues and other sources	6,338,409	6,338,409	5,556,345	6,305,622	32,787						
Expenses and other uses:											
Charges and services	466,383	466,383	10,000	10,000	(456,383)						
Depreciation and amortization	2,017,740										
Total expenses before debt service and capital outlay	2,484,123	466,383	10,000	10,000	(456,383)						
Debt service:											
Principal	-	2,774,068	2,685,000	2,685,000	(89,068)						
Interest	3,593,426	3,593,426	3,697,296	3,697,296	103,870						
Capital outlay - acquisition & construction		5,656,742		7,266,437	1,609,695						
Total expenses and other uses	6,077,549	12,490,619	6,392,296	13,658,733	1,168,114						
Change in net assets	\$ 260,860	\$ (6,152,210)	\$ (835,951)	\$ (7,353,111)	\$ 1,200,901						

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COPY CENTER FUND

		Budgetary Basis									
	Actual on GAAP basis	Actual on budgetary basis	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Variance						
Revenue:											
Charges for services	\$ 449,701	\$ 449,701	\$ 462,897	\$ 462,897	\$ (13,196)						
Miscellaneous	215,726	215,726	214,500	214,500	1,226						
Total revenues	665,427	665,427	677,397	677,397	(11,970)						
Expenses and other uses:											
Operating and maintenance	284,478	284,478	289,500	289,500	5,022						
Charges and services	392,388	392,388	387,897	387,897	(4,491)						
Depreciation	1,615										
Total expenses before capital outlay	678,481	676,866	677,397	677,397	531_						
Capital outlay		16,150			(16,150)						
Total expenses and other uses	678,481	693,016	677,397	677,397	(15,619)						
Change in net assets	\$ (13,054)	\$ (27,589)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (27,589)						

This page intentionally left blank.

Project Schedules

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND As of June 30, 2003

		Project budget	Prior years' expenditures and transfers	Current year expenditures and transfers	Total project expenditures		Project balance
1200 Foot Bosovstovstica	¢	25,000	ф 1 <i>5 505</i>	¢	¢ 15.505	ф	0.405
1200 East Reconstruction 1300 East Reconstruction	\$	25,000 110,000	\$ 15,505 30,437	\$ -	\$ 15,505 30,437	\$	9,495 79,563
1300 East Reconstruction 1300 South Reconstruction		346,405	216,110	37,813	253,923		92,482
2100 South Reconstruction		1,509,615	913,915	53,030	966,945		542,670
500 East Reconstruction		1,309,013	90,241	33,030	90,241		29,759
500 West Reconstruction		1,185,300	224,822	527,098	751,920		433,380
5500 West Reconstruction		335,000	384	232,836	233,220		101,780
600 West Reconstruction		373,844	62,694	246,249	308,943		64,901
700 East Reconstruction		158,590	88,965	13,610	102,575		56,015
800 Radio Communication System		850,000	846,598	3,402	850,000		50,015
800 South Reconstruction		34,000	4,961	5,402	4,961		29,039
800 West Reconstruction		78,725	33,111	- -	33,111		45,614
900 South Reconstruction		3,398,309	13,954	27,804	41,758		3,356,551
ADA Modifications - Parks		631,478	462,380	28,271	490,651		140,827
ADA Modifications - Ramp/Corner Repairs		1,504,271	830,089	456,487	1,286,576		217,695
Automated Parking Enforcement		75,000	72,000	-	72,000		3,000
Bonneville Boulevard Salt Dome		1,017,405	531,741	105,643	637,384		380,021
Bridge Rehabilitation		1,489,363	1,218,167	94,914	1,313,081		176,282
California Avenue Reconstruction		774,000	710,456	-	710,456		63,544
Chase Home Renovation		1,073,914	823,914	250,000	1,073,914		-
City/County Landfill		17,167,047	6,803,157	4,091,901	10,895,058		6,271,989
City Facility Improvements		1,729,791	969,127	361,745	1,330,872		398,919
Concrete Replacement		9,551,874	5,173,841	1,720,813	6,894,654		2,657,220
Contingency		2,105,607	5,175,011	3,000	3,000		2,102,607
Debt Service - CIP Bond		8,647,683	3,872,557	4,775,126	8,647,683		2,102,007
Debt Service - City/County Building		8,943,787	5,473,776	3,470,011	8,943,787		_
Debt Service - Library GO Bond		13,454,054	6,639,633	6,814,421	13,454,054		_
Debt Service - Justice Court		150,693	-	-	-		150,693
Egli Court Street Improvements		115,292	107,158	8,134	115,292		-
Emigration Canyon Improvements		437,109	56,022	38,527	94,549		342,560
Engineering		100,000	-	-			100,000
Fire Training Center		2,394,500	1,644,500	34,617	1,679,117		715,383
Foothill Drive Improvements		100,000	49,050		49,050		50,950
Gateway Reconstruction		10,104,762	7,670,982	567,285	8,238,267		1,866,495
Gladiola Street Reconstruction		394,116	323,362	10,095	333,457		60,659
Glendale Area Street Reconstruction		1,186,734	600,020	18,957	618,977		567,757
Gravel Pits Plan		150,000	149,800	´-	149,800		200
Guardsman Way Reconstruction		1,900,000	274,695	1,160,675	1,435,370		464,630
Harmony Court Block Reconstruction		82,396	77,402	4,994	82,396		´-
Hogle Zoo Salt Dome		12,000	10,400	´-	10,400		1,600
Human Resource Information System		185,500	168,319	-	168,319		17,181
IFAS Implementation		2,290,906	1,989,887	-	1,989,887		301,019
Impact Fees		1,524,073	410,000	-	410,000		1,114,073
Jordan River Parkway		2,917,071	1,400,424	671,437	2,071,861		845,210
Land Acquisition		3,265,400	-	-	-		3,265,400
Liberty Park Improvements		10,711,127	5,745,319	1,852,925	7,598,244		3,112,883
Library Block Reconstruction		97,363,565	60,759,052	34,064,126	94,823,178		2,540,387
Light Rail Corridor Construction		18,801,600	17,293,496	-	17,293,496		1,508,104
Lindsey Garden Improvements		193,985	192,605	1,380	193,985		-
Local Street Reconstruction		8,701,191	5,041,461	1,875,272	6,916,733		1,784,458
Memory Grove Improvements		1,226,643	1,134,959	91,684	1,226,643		-
Military Drive		85,000	-	3,391	3,391		81,609
Mitigation - Foothills		28,000	-	-	-		28,000
Montrolse Avenue Reconstruction		95,000	8,000	84,835	92,835		2,165
Mt. Dell Park Improvements		224,385	170,572	41,552	212,124		12,261
Neighborhood Improvement		436,534	341,892	38,711	380,603		55,931
Neighborhood Legacy Project		700,000	-	-	-		700,000
Open Space		295,600	68,474	39,850	108,324		187,276
Overflow Shelter		75,000	64,172	-	64,172		10,828

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (cont.) As of June 30, 2003

			rior years'	Current year		Total	
	Project		xpenditures		xpenditures	project	Project
	budget	aı	nd transfers	a	nd transfers	expenditures	balance
(continued)							
Park Improvements	\$ 5,546,073	\$	3,126,271	\$	1,003,499	\$ 4,129,770	\$ 1,416,303
Parley's Crossing	1,002,065		227,065		-	227,065	775,000
Path Study/Development	200,000		88,163		30,145	118,308	81,692
Percent for Art	409,310		142,303		72,731	215,034	194,276
Pedestrian Safety Devices	150,000		57,872		82,840	140,712	9,288
Physical Access Ramps	539,604		199,186		162,512	361,698	177,906
Pioneer Park Improvements	10,000		1,940		-	1,940	8,060
Police Precinct Improvements	315,000		54,767		235,000	289,767	25,233
Property Management	515,914		439,280		30,606	469,886	46,028
Public Safety Radio Communication System	2,387,160		1,783,787		603,373	2,387,160	-
Railroad Safety Improvements	450,000		106,185		246,278	352,463	97,537
Research Park Street Reconstruction	90,000		70,912		1,242	72,154	17,846
Riverpark Community Garden	19,999		816		4,931	5,747	14,252
Riverside Drive	150,000		-		75,493	75,493	74,507
Riverside Park Improvements	368,250		201,064		152,628	353,692	14,558
Rosewood Park Improvements	889,100		22,404		-	22,404	866,696
Rotary Glen Park Improvements	285,000		7,297		7,424	14,721	270,279
Salt Domes	40,000		22,100		3,900	26,000	14,000
Salt Lake City Transit	328,401		295,482		5	295,487	32,914
Senior Center Property	850,000		798,444		-	798,444	51,556
Seven Canyon Fountain	149,400		144,281		3,118	147,399	2,001
Sidewalk Replacement	1,116,050		522,608		367,455	890,063	225,987
South Temple Reconstruction	1,830,000		1,009,091		160,027	1,169,118	660,882
State Street Reconstruction	895,830		864,048		4,338	868,386	27,444
Street Lighting Improvements	1,058,219		805,188		57,336	862,524	195,695
Street Restoration Fee Study	50,000		49,507		-	49,507	493
SugarHouse Business District	119,900		-		23,074	23,074	96,826
Traffic Calming	1,499,893		640,382		187,771	828,153	671,740
Traffic Signal Installation	1,977,171		1,804,943		49,259	1,854,202	122,969
Urban Design Study	75,000		-		-	-	75,000
Urban Forestry Program	72,500		60,806		11,339	72,145	355
Utahna Drive	30,000		-		30,000	30,000	-
West Temple Park	99,999		8,733		83,503	92,236	7,763
Total Projects	\$ 266,458,082	\$	155,429,483	\$	67,612,448	\$ 223,041,931	\$ 43,416,151
	 				•	•	

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OPERATING FUND As of June 30, 2003

		Project budget	Prior years' expenditures and transfers	Current year expenditures and transfers	Total project expenditures		Project balance
Administrative Support - 28th Year	\$	792,442	\$ -	\$ 759,042	\$ 759,042	\$	33,400
Capitol Hill Master Plan	Ф	70,000	65,838	\$ 739,042 -	65,838	Ф	4,162
Central Community Development Plan		32,501	23,222	_	23,222		9,279
Cleaning/Securing Vacant Property		165,166	82,051	12,851	94,902		70,264
Community Health Center		170,000	85,000	84,970	169,970		30
Community Shelter & Resource							
Center Operations		126,000	-	126,000	126,000		-
Contingency		439,526	7,000	4,750	11,750		427,776
Crossroads Urban Center Food Pantry		14,000	-	14,000 414	14,000		2 596
"Drug Free Zone" Signs Emergency Home Repair (ASSIST)		4,000 1,025,000	644,147	360,185	414 1,004,332		3,586 20,668
Family Support Center Improvements		22,900	17,900	5,000	22,900		20,008
First Step House		5,000	17,500	3,614	3,614		1,386
Fourth Street Clinic		100,000	7,166	92,834	100,000		-
Good Touch/Bad Touch Program		24,400	16,400	6,102	22,502		1,898
Guadalupe Early Learning Center		122,075	79,119	40,000	119,119		2,956
Housing Match - Capital Planning		654,584	324,999	12,592	337,591		316,993
Housing Outreach Rental Program		70,000	35,000	33,596	68,596		1,404
Housing Rehabilitation		3,767,347	1,535,431	1,722,524	3,257,955		509,392
Lead-based Paint Training		15,000	-	-	-		15,000
Lifecare Home Improvement Project		30,000	-	30,000	30,000		-
Marrillac House		23,500	1,000	10,442	11,442		12,058
Mobile Neighborhood Watch		27,197	7,958	2,935	10,893		16,307
Multi-Ethnic Housing		10,000	-	10,000	10,000		-
Multi-Family Housing Neighborhood House		201,422 90,000	-	90,000	90,000		201,422
Neighborhood Housing Services		90,000	-	90,000	90,000		-
Administration		78,110	74,001	1,163	75,164		2,946
Neighborhood Housing Services		70,110	71,001	1,103	73,101		2,510
Revolving Loan		475,001	312,797	38,550	351,347		123,654
Neighborhood Self-Help Grants		20,000	14,236	2,853	17,089		2,911
Nettie Gregory Center		71,623	67,482	-	67,482		4,141
Northwest Food Bank		52,500	14,534	34,393	48,927		3,573
Odessey House		110,000	-	105,376	105,376		4,624
Operation Paintbrush		30,000	6,400	-	6,400		23,600
Our House Daycare		137,554	72,347	45,667	118,014		19,540
People Helping People		51,361	36,351	3,265	39,616		11,745
Poplar Boys & Girls Club		105,448 8,000	75,526	27,638	103,164		2,284
Prevent Child Abuse Rape Crisis Center		118,946	50,060	4,088 58,914	4,088 108,974		3,912 9,972
Salt Lake Community Development Corp.		320,000	150,000	169,798	319,798		202
Salt Lake Donated Dental Program		66,016	36,014	29,955	65,969		47
Salvation Army		40,000	-	40,000	40,000		-
Security Lock Program, SLPD		30,001	11,950	18,023	29,973		28
St. Mary's Home for Men		50,000	315	-	315		49,685
Sugarhouse Historic Nomination		10,000	-	10,000	10,000		-
Sugarhouse Master Plan		66,367	41,681	1,931	43,612		22,755
Tenant Home Maintenance Training		22,500	12,500	10,000	22,500		-
Tenth East Senior Center		50,000	-	4,860	4,860		45,140
Utah Alcoholism Foundation		116,340	98,340	-	98,340		18,000
Utah Food Bank		59,000	29,000	30,000	59,000		- 520.001
Utah Heritage Foundation		815,105	275,124	2 527	275,124		539,981
Utah Issues Utah Non-Profit Housing		5,000 70,000	40,000	2,537 30,000	2,537 70,000		2,463
Utah Peace Institute		7,500	40,000	50,000	70,000		7,500
Volunteers of America - Detox Center		118,505	57,751	15,505	73,256		45,249
Volunteers of America - Literacy		10,000	5,000	5,000	10,000		-
Wasatch Fish & Garden		10,000	-	10,000	10,000		_
Weigand Homeless Day Center		125,416	74,991	45,000	119,991		5,425
-			•	•	•		*

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OPERATING FUND As of June 30, 2003

		Project budget	exp	or years' enditures l transfers	exp	rrent year enditures transfers	I	Total project enditures	Project balance
(continued) West Capitol Hill Boys & Girls Club Westminster Master Plan YMCA - After School Project YMCA - Homeless Youth Program Youth with a Voice	\$	68,000 30,000 10,600 41,438 45,001	\$	34,000 24,875 5,000 40,118 24,707	\$	34,000 1,170 5,600 - 20,000	\$	68,000 26,045 10,600 40,118 44,707	\$ 3,955 1,320 294
Total Projects: GAAP Adjustments Total	1	1,447,392	2	4,617,331		4,227,137 40,778 4,267,915		8,844,468	2,602,927

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES GRANTS OPERATING FUND

	Project budget			Prior years' expenditures		Current year expenditures and transfers		Total project expenditures		Project balance
ALSAM Foundation	\$	25,000	\$	18,530	\$	6,470	\$	25,000	\$	_
Boarded Transitional Housing		200,000	Ψ	161,608	Ψ	-	Ψ	161,608	Ψ	38,392
Citizen Corp Council	-	14,636		-		_		-		14,636
City Center Loan Fund		-		_		5,591		5,591		(5,591)
Clean Cities Program - Dept. of Energy		2,000		1,486		-		1,486		514
Clean Cities Program - Dept. of Energy		60,000		-		31,139		31,139		28,861
Clean Cities Program - State		79,174		73,884		-		73,884		5,290
Clean Cities Program - State		60,000		-		18,717		18,717		41,283
Clean Cities Program - State		2,000		_		342		342		1,658
Community Action Program	1	60,000		125,993		34,007		160,000		-
Community Development Corp 26th Year		100,000		78,043		21,957		100,000		_
Community Development Corp 27th Year	•	75,000		61,500		13,500		75,000		_
Community Development Corp 27th Year	1	192,500		5,994		151,058		157,052		35,448
Community Development Corp 28th Year		50,000		5,774		39,000		39,000		11,000
Community Development Corp 28th Year	1	35,000		_		-		-		135,000
Community Prosecution Grant		50,000		102,951		47,049		150,000		-
Computer Clubhouse Security	•	5,000		-		5,000		5,000		_
Computer Grant		8,054		4,554		-		4,554		3,500
COPS Communications	6	540,000		-		_		-		640,000
COPS Demonstration Center		996,582		923,360		21,581		944,941		51,641
COPS Early Intervention		25,000		-		2,129		2,129		122,871
COPS in SHOPS	•	10,000		_		10,000		10,000		-
COPS Methamphetamine - Supplemental		295,103		_		108,245		108,245		186,858
COPS School Based Partners		28,631		79,796		-		79,796		48,835
Crisis Intervention	•	13,788		-		13,788		13,788		-
Disabled Housing Rental	1	25,000		100,000		-		100,000		25,000
EDGAR Grant		200,000		-		117,913		117,913		1,082,087
Emergency Medical Service		83,159		935,039		36,792		971,831		211,328
Emergency Medical Services		27,650		-		35,346		35,346		92,304
Emergency Medical Services	•	5,239		_		5,239		5,239		-
Emergency Shelter Grant - 27th year	1	169,000		153,911		13,274		167,185		1,815
Emergency Shelter Grant - 28th year		71,000		-		171,000		171,000		-
Family Support Center	•	50,000		49,000		-		49,000		1,000
Firefighter Safety Grant		72,709		-		_		-		72,709
Friends of Memory Grove Grant	1	25,000		102,386		23,239		125,625		(625)
Gateway Brownsfield Grant		200,000		46,031		49,039		95,070		104,930
Gateway Brownsfield Grant - IPA Position	-	99,989		89,328		6,214		95,542		4,447
Hazardous Materials Mitigation Grant		20,000		-		5,750		5,750		14,250
Hazardous Materials Mitigation Grant		20,000		_		-		-		20,000
Hazardous Materials Mitigation Grant		30,000		_		2,958		2,958		27,042
Hear out Voices		18,000		_		4,805		4,805		13,195
Heartland HODAG Loan Fund		-		_		23,600		23,600		(23,600)
HIDTA Grant		84,824		_		31,230		31,230		53,594
HIDTA Grant		83,172		_		43,221		43,221		39,951
Historic Planning Survey		18,164		125		1,355		1,480		16,684
Historic Preservation - SugarHouse		5,000		-		4,500		4,500		500
Historic Property PR Campaign		1,483		-		-		4,300 -		1,483
Home Administration - 24th year	1	1,463		51,656		58,329		109,985		2,215
Home Administration - 25th year		20,900		J1,0J0 -		75,720		75,720		45,180
Tome Administration - 25th year	1	20,700		-		13,120		13,120		73,100

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES GRANTS OPERATING FUND

_		Project budget	Prior years' expenditures		Current year expenditures and transfers		Total project expenditures			Project balance
Home Administration - 26th year	\$	121,500	\$	_	\$	60,795	\$	60,795	\$	60,705
Home Administration - 27th year	-	135,400	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	135,400
Home Administration - 28th year		135,400		_		_		-		135,400
Home Program Income		1,483,615		1,363,472		_		1,363,472		120,143
Home Program Income Receipts		-		-		125,240		125,240		(125,240)
Housing and Neigborhood Development		269,501		_		-		-		269,501
Housing and Neigborhood Development		570,000		_		_		-		570,000
Housing Authority - 26th Year		50,000		49,000		1,000		50,000		-
Housing Authority - 27th Year		116,000		96,078		19,922		116,000		_
Housing Opportunities for Persons With AID		385,683		354,122		24,788		378,910		6,773
Housing Opportunities for Persons With AID		80,000		35,885		44,115		80,000		-
Housing Opportunities for Persons With AID		421,000		-		335,782		335,782		85,218
Housing Trust Fund		5,659,563		1,215,102		410,000		1,625,102		4,034,461
Housing Trust Fund - RDA grant		1,449,633		589,564		376,909		966,473		483,160
Intel Computer Clubhouse		60,000		53,234		6,766		60,000		-
Intel Computer Clubhouse		60,000		-		52,917		52,917		7,083
International Rescue Committee		2,000		_		-		-		2,000
International Rescue Committee Youth Film		-		_		1,996		1,996		(1,996)
Internet Crimes Against Children		79,008		69,505		-		69,505		9,503
Internet Crimes Against Children		58,000		52,751		_		52,751		5,249
Landmark Web Design		3,500		1,500		2,000		3,500		-
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant '00		365,432		315,139		50,210		365,349		83
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant '01		402,956		107,581		117,013		224,594		178,362
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant '02		303,534		-		85,028		85,028		218,506
Metropolitan Medical Response System		400,000		256,260		102,540		358,800		41,200
Metropolitan Medical Response System		200,000		-		-		-		200,000
National Incident Based Reporting		15,493		10,379		5,114		15,493		-
Neighborhood Housing Association		50,000		-		50,000		50,000		_
Neighborhood Housing Service - 25th Year		181,350		155,274		26,076		181,350		_
Neighborhood Housing Service - 26th Year		384,950		154,755		103,068		257,823		127,127
Neighborhood Housing Service - 27th Year		175,000		46,550		29,761		76,311		98,689
Neighborhood Housing Service - 27th Year		202,500		-		-		-		202,500
Neighborhood Housing Service - 28th Year		150,000		_		_		_		150,000
Neighborhood Housing Service - 28th Year		163,600		_		_		_		163,600
Odessey House		65,000		-		65,000		65,000		-
Parkview Plaza		-		-		3,485		3,485		(3,485)
Parley's Tunnel		100,000		-		-		-		100,000
Pedestrian Crossing Design Committee		86,250		-		14,801		14,801		71,449
Pioneer Park Use Plan		60,000		-		-		-		60,000
Project Impact Grant		301,100		294,983		_		294,983		6,117
Quality Growth Planning		20,000		-		20,000		20,000		-
Rape Recovery Center		46,021		21,644		3,218		24,862		21,159
Refugee Consortium Grant		200,639		190,720		-		190,720		9,919
Refugee Youth & Family Consortium		182,503		153,641		_		153,641		28,862
Refugee Youth & Family Consortium		344,725		246,848		87,015		333,863		10,862
Refugee Youth & Family Consortium		344,725		-		226,195		226,195		118,530
Renter Rehabilitation		2,583,633		2,291,664		216,998		2,508,662		74,971
Revolving Loan Fund - UDAG		7,425,536		1,190,475	1	,433,518		2,623,993		4,801,543
River Park Program Income		979,334		121,800		(110,589)		11,211		968,123
		,		.,		,,		,		,

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES GRANTS OPERATING FUND

	 Project budget		rior years'	Current year expenditures and transfers		Total project expenditures		 Project balance
Safe Street Program	\$ 50,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 50,000
Solar Roof Partnership	50,000		-	9,	890		9,890	40,110
Traffic Control Center Operator	90,000		38,392	51,	608		90,000	-
Traffic Control Center Operator	90,000		-	43,	272		43,272	46,728
Utah AIDS Foundation	10,000		2,295	7,	705		10,000	-
Utah Highway Safety	10,000		-	3,	185		3,185	6,815
Utah Non-profit Housing	14,000		-	12,	850		12,850	1,150
Utah Non-profit Housing	150,000		-	45,	898		45,898	104,102
Utah Police Corporation	59,000		44,076	-			44,076	14,924
Victim Advocate Program	20,295		18,732	-			18,732	1,563
Victim Advocate Program	62,291		2,547	-			2,547	59,744
Victim of Crime State grant	62,265		62,091	(632)		61,459	806
Victim of Crime State grant	55,183		-	21,	573		21,573	33,610
Violence Against Women	20,000		10,932	9,	068		20,000	-
Violence Against Women	21,854		13,732	2,	813		16,545	5,309
Violence Against Women	26,537		-	9,	640		9,640	16,897
Violence Against Women	21,854		-	-			-	21,854
Violence Against Women	10,989		-	2,	025		2,025	8,964
Weapons of Mass Destruction	20,000		17,085	2,	946		20,031	(31)
Weapons of Mass Destruction	51,700		18,666	4,	320		22,986	28,714
Weed & Seed	175,000		74,347	93,	986		168,333	6,667
Weed & Seed	275,000		-	147,	273		147,273	127,727
Weed & Seed Enforcement '97-'98	154,000		117,557	25,	738		143,295	10,705
Wild Fire Training Grant	5,000		-	-			-	5,000
Youth City Employment Program	 25,000		-				-	 25,000
Total Projects	\$ 35,974,009	\$	13,023,553	5,722,	936	\$	18,746,489	\$ 17,227,520

This page intentionally left blank.

STATISTICAL SECTION

(unaudited)

The Statistical Section presents comparative data for expenditures, revenues, property tax levies and collections, assessed and estimated actual value of taxable property, property tax rates and levies, property value and construction, principal property taxpayers, ratio of net general obligation bonded debt to assessed value and net bonded debt per computation of legal debt margin, capita, computation of direct and overlapping bonded debt, ratio of annual debt service expenditures for general obligation bonded debt to total general fund expenditures, revenue and general obligation bond coverage for the enterprise funds, improvement billings and collections, demographic statistics and miscellaneous statistics.

Salt Lake City Corporation GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION BUDGETARY BASIS

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003
(dollars are expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
\$ 799	\$ 856	\$ 1,005	\$ 1,451	\$ 1,525	\$ 1,730	\$ 1,588	\$ 1,334	\$ 1,608	\$ 1,778
960	1,075	1,178	1,239	1,249	1,290	1,409	1,445	1,557	1,512
1,311	1,524	1,664	1,782	1,902	1,991	2,211	2,144	2,501	2,592
4,696	4,866	5,291	5,852	6,417	5,804	6,322	8,777	13,360	8,850
20,114	18,534	19,085	21,274	22,891	23,393	23,731	25,311	26,570	26,244
24,133	29,737	31,014	34,116	35,624	36,682	39,444	39,811	43,337	41,943
4,481	4,749	4,967	5,630	12,822	13,758	14,019	9,501	9,994	9,562
23,064	25,300	25,833	27,813	22,808	24,092	24,974	29,157	31,767	31,910
201	228	242	186	257	285	301	281	103	0
6,233	7,022	7,817	8,299	8,880	9,663	9,662	9,067	9,853	11,510
\$ 85.992	\$ 93.891	\$ 98.096	\$ 107.642	\$ 114.375	\$ 118.688	\$ 123,661	\$ 126.828	\$ 140,650	\$ 135,901
	\$ 799 960 1,311 4,696 20,114 24,133 4,481 23,064 201	\$ 799 \$ 856 960 1,075 1,311 1,524 4,696 4,866 20,114 18,534 24,133 29,737 4,481 4,749 23,064 25,300 201 228 6,233 7,022	\$ 799 \$ 856 \$ 1,005 960 1,075 1,178 1,311 1,524 1,664 4,696 4,866 5,291 20,114 18,534 19,085 24,133 29,737 31,014 4,481 4,749 4,967 23,064 25,300 25,833 201 228 242 6,233 7,022 7,817	\$ 799 \$ 856 \$ 1,005 \$ 1,451 960 1,075 1,178 1,239 1,311 1,524 1,664 1,782 4,696 4,866 5,291 5,852 20,114 18,534 19,085 21,274 24,133 29,737 31,014 34,116 4,481 4,749 4,967 5,630 23,064 25,300 25,833 27,813 201 228 242 186 6,233 7,022 7,817 8,299	\$ 799 \$ 856 \$ 1,005 \$ 1,451 \$ 1,525 960 1,075 1,178 1,239 1,249 1,311 1,524 1,664 1,782 1,902 4,696 4,866 5,291 5,852 6,417 20,114 18,534 19,085 21,274 22,891 24,133 29,737 31,014 34,116 35,624 4,481 4,749 4,967 5,630 12,822 23,064 25,300 25,833 27,813 22,808 201 228 242 186 257 6,233 7,022 7,817 8,299 8,880	\$ 799 \$ 856 \$ 1,005 \$ 1,451 \$ 1,525 \$ 1,730 960 1,075 1,178 1,239 1,249 1,290 1,311 1,524 1,664 1,782 1,902 1,991 4,696 4,866 5,291 5,852 6,417 5,804 20,114 18,534 19,085 21,274 22,891 23,393 24,133 29,737 31,014 34,116 35,624 36,682 4,481 4,749 4,967 5,630 12,822 13,758 23,064 25,300 25,833 27,813 22,808 24,092 201 228 242 186 257 285 6,233 7,022 7,817 8,299 8,880 9,663	\$ 799 \$ 856 \$ 1,005 \$ 1,451 \$ 1,525 \$ 1,730 \$ 1,588 960 1,075 1,178 1,239 1,249 1,290 1,409 1,311 1,524 1,664 1,782 1,902 1,991 2,211 4,696 4,866 5,291 5,852 6,417 5,804 6,322 20,114 18,534 19,085 21,274 22,891 23,393 23,731 24,133 29,737 31,014 34,116 35,624 36,682 39,444 4,481 4,749 4,967 5,630 12,822 13,758 14,019 23,064 25,300 25,833 27,813 22,808 24,092 24,974 201 228 242 186 257 285 301 6,233 7,022 7,817 8,299 8,880 9,663 9,662	\$ 799 \$ 856 \$ 1,005 \$ 1,451 \$ 1,525 \$ 1,730 \$ 1,588 \$ 1,334 960 1,075 1,178 1,239 1,249 1,290 1,409 1,445 1,311 1,524 1,664 1,782 1,902 1,991 2,211 2,144 4,696 4,866 5,291 5,852 6,417 5,804 6,322 8,777 20,114 18,534 19,085 21,274 22,891 23,393 23,731 25,311 24,133 29,737 31,014 34,116 35,624 36,682 39,444 39,811 4,481 4,749 4,967 5,630 12,822 13,758 14,019 9,501 23,064 25,300 25,833 27,813 22,808 24,092 24,974 29,157 201 228 242 186 257 285 301 281 6,233 7,022 7,817 8,299 8,880 9,663 9,662 9,067	\$ 799 \$ 856 \$ 1,005 \$ 1,451 \$ 1,525 \$ 1,730 \$ 1,588 \$ 1,334 \$ 1,608 960 1,075 1,178 1,239 1,249 1,290 1,409 1,445 1,557 1,311 1,524 1,664 1,782 1,902 1,991 2,211 2,144 2,501 4,696 4,866 5,291 5,852 6,417 5,804 6,322 8,777 13,360 20,114 18,534 19,085 21,274 22,891 23,393 23,731 25,311 26,570 24,133 29,737 31,014 34,116 35,624 36,682 39,444 39,811 43,337 4,481 4,749 4,967 5,630 12,822 13,758 14,019 9,501 9,994 23,064 25,300 25,833 27,813 22,808 24,092 24,974 29,157 31,767 201 228 242 186 257 285 301 281 103 6,233 7,022 7,817 8,299 8,880 9,663 9,662 9,067 9,853

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Beginning with fiscal year 2001, the Engineering division moved from Community and Economic Development to Public Services.

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2003, the Internal Audit division was dissolved.

Salt Lake City Corporation GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE -BUDGETARY BASIS

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003 (dollars are expressed in thousands)

(unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
_										
Taxes										
General fund property taxes *	\$ 31,385	\$ 33,129	\$ 34,695	\$ 38,686	\$ 40,414	\$ 43,042	\$ 53,452	\$ 56,262	\$ 58,584	\$ 59,724
General sales, use, and excise taxes	25,933	32,228	31,460	33,497	36,640	37,689	38,588	40,686	43,614	39,911
Franchise taxes	14,686	15,380	16,526	16,763	15,465	16,360	16,425	19,432	20,832	20,556
Total taxes	72,004	80,737	82,681	88,946	92,519	97,091	108,465	116,380	123,030	120,191
Licenses	3,344	3,830	4,096	4,564	4,580	4,696	4,943	5,327	5,969	5,430
Permits	2,248	2,295	3,732	3,642	4,551	3,987	4,645	6,347	4,394	3,751
Parking tickets, fines, and forfeitures	3,390	3,670	3,816	4,337	4,582	5,028	5,888	7,021	6,258	8,719
Interest	549	1,721	1,783	2,469	2,602	2,544	3,830	2,655	4,324	1,667
Intergovernmental	2,527	3,604	4,142	4,798	4,181	3,628	3,418	3,315	3,600	3,705
Interfund service charges	6,303	5,644	4,949	5,954	6,223	6,531	6,658	6,761	9,053	8,057
Parking meter	1,259	1,204	1,172	1,204	1,092	1,069	1,231	1,257	1,170	1,161
Charges for services	2,600	4,073	3,854	4,811	4,556	3,967	3,735	3,104	6,053	3,941
Contributions and miscellaneous	385	282	218	280	281	340	1,963	466	4,258	520
Total general fund revenues	\$ 94,609	\$ 107,060	\$ 110,443	\$ 121,005	\$ 125,167	\$ 128,881	\$ 144,776	\$ 152,633	\$ 168,109	\$ 157,142

^{*} Includes interest on tax collections

Source: Department of Management Services

Salt Lake City Corporation GENERAL FUND PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003 (dollars are expressed in thousands)

(unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Tax levy and collections:										
Property tax levy (1)	\$28,210	\$31,217	\$32,669	\$34,352	\$38,428	\$39,958	\$49,852	\$53,045	\$53,045	\$56,517
Current property tax collections	\$ 29,561	\$ 31,454	\$ 32,878	\$ 37,204	\$ 38,830	\$ 41,379	\$ 51,680	\$ 54,074	\$ 56,270	\$ 56,713
Delinquent property tax collections	1,279	1,349	1,174	960	987	1,159	1,216	1,497	1,538	2,139
Total collections (2)	\$ 30,840	\$ 32,803	\$ 34,052	\$ 38,164	\$ 39,817	\$ 42,538	\$ 52,896	\$ 55,571	\$ 57,808	\$ 58,852
Delinquent property taxes outstanding	\$ 2,625	\$ 2,418	\$ 1,918	\$ 2,010	\$ 2,282	\$ 1,649	\$ 1,986	\$ 2,356	\$ 2,356	\$ 2,356
Ratios:										
Percentage of current levy collected	104.8%	100.8%	100.6%	108.3%	101.0%	103.6%	103.7%	101.9%	106.1%	100.3%
Ratio of total property tax collections to levy	109.3%	105.1%	104.2%	111.1%	103.6%	106.5%	106.1%	104.8%	109.0%	104.1%
Ratio of delinquent taxes outstanding to levy	9.3%	7.7%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	4.1%	4.0%	4.4%	4.4%	4.2%

Notes:

Source: Taken from tax collection summary records of the Salt Lake County Treasurer's office and Management Services Department.

⁽¹⁾ Includes real property, personal property and motor vehicles. Excludes abatements, board letter, pumping plant exemptions and assessor's refunds.

⁽²⁾ Includes interest, sales of real and personal property and miscellaneous delinquent collections.

Salt Lake City Corporation ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003
(dollars are expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Taxable value *	\$7,080,196	\$7,574,294	\$8,834,660	\$9,884,430	\$11,058,957	\$11,673,642	\$12,818,430	\$12,130,282	\$12,654,482	\$12,726,186
Estimated actual value	8,800,000	8,252,520	9,625,742	10,765,856	13,928,157	16,449,222	15,425,555	17,356,457	18,075,984	18,480,005
Ratio of assessed value to estimated actual value	80.5%	91.8%	91.8%	91.8%	79.4%	71.0%	83.1%	69.9%	70.0%	68.9%

* Note:

All taxable property is assessed and taxed on the basis of its fair market value. Utah law requires that the fair market value of property that is assessed by county assessors using a comparable sales or a cost appraisal method exclude expenses related to property sales transactions. For tax purposes, the fair market value of primary residential property is reduced by 45% under present law.

Salt Lake City Corporation PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003
(per \$1 of assessed/taxable value)
(unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Salt Lake City Corporation	.004455	.004454	.003944	.003854	.003627	.003802	.004126	.004131	.004296	.004457
Salt Lake City Library	.000934	.000934	.000827	.000808	.000760	.000749	.000829	.000785	.000773	.000755
Salt Lake City Schools	.008732	.008677	.007029	.006268	.005907	.005907	.005859	.005741	.005585	.005528
Salt Lake County	.004436	.004386	.003831	.003782	.003551	.002805	.003246	.002904	.003025	.002939
Mosquito Abatement District	.000100	.000100	.000088	.000082	.000077	.000080	.000076	.000073	.000072	.000070
Central Utah Water Conservation	.000365	.000396	.000349	.000342	.000400	.000397	.000396	.000377	.000369	.000358
Metropolitan Water District	.000361	.000361	.000319	.000312	.000294	.000289	.000286	.000271	.000267	.000261
Total	.019383	.019308	.016387	.015448	.014616	.014029	.014818	.014282	.014387	.014368

Source: Salt Lake County Comprenesive Annual Financial Report, annual report

Salt Lake City Corporation PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Commercial construction (1)										
Number of permits	1,317	1,177	1,297	1,384	1,286	1,370	1,440	1,161	892	790
Estimated value	\$162,275	\$256,686	\$263,962	\$224,351	\$379,468	\$261,778	\$337,925	\$315,914	\$191,953	\$130,061
Residential construction (2) Number of units	603	840	860	318	501	385	381	823	523	209
Estimated value	\$55,179	\$50,689	\$72,854	\$34,460	\$56,872	\$49,174	\$59,061	\$75,001	\$75,001	\$75,218
Estimated property value (3)	\$8,328,264	\$8,252,520	\$9,625,742	\$10,765,856	\$13,928,157	\$16,449,222	\$15,425,555	\$17,356,457	\$18,075,984	\$18,480,005

Notes:

- (1) Source: Building permits issued by the City Building Services and Licensing. Includes alterations.
- (2) Number of dwelling units from building permits issued by the City Building Services and Licensing. Does not include alterations.
- (3) Source: Economic and Demographic Resource Center.

Salt Lake City Corporation PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS June 30, 2003 (unaudited)

Taxpayer	Type of business	December 31, 2002 taxable valuation	Percentage of total taxable valuation (1)
Qwest Communications	Communications	\$ 339,128,077	2.7 %
Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints	Religious	333,036,250	2.6
Pacificorp	Electric Utility	271,080,985	2.1
A T & T (including wireless)	Communications	217,341,958	1.7
Delta Air Lines	Air transportation	215,020,770	1.7
Sky West Airlines	Air transportation	188,560,170	1.5
Sinclair Oil	Petroleum	110,906,380	0.9
Boyer Companies	Real Estate Holding	100,441,800	0.8
Gateway associates	Real Estate Holding	92,218,200	0.7
Wasatch Plaza Holdings	Real Estate Holding	79,760,200	0.6
		 	_
		\$ 1,947,494,790	15.3 %

(1) Total taxable value \$12,726,186,000

Salt Lake City Corporation RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003
(dollars are expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

		1994		1995		1996		1997		1998	1999		2000		2001		2002		2003
Population estimates (1)		171,190		170,782		171,478		172,178		172,880	173,858		181,743		181,509		181,266		181,027
Taxable value	\$7	,678,641	\$7	,574,294	\$8	,834,660	\$9	,880,179	\$ 1	1,058,957	\$ 11,673,642	\$1	2,818,430	\$ 12	2,130,282	\$12	2,654,482	\$ 12	2,726,186
Gross general obligation bonded debt	\$	39,570	\$	36,640	\$	33,555	\$	30,285	\$	27,685	\$ 26,185	\$	102,260	\$	97,660	\$	93,360	\$	91,355
Debt service monies available for retirement of general obligation debt	\$	826	\$	1,203	\$	812	\$	988	\$	842	\$ 837	\$	1,600	\$	1,757	\$	1,487	\$	615
General obligation debt payable from enterprise fund revenues	\$	6,560	\$	4,875	\$	3,080	\$	1,170	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net bonded debt payable from general operations	\$	32,184	\$	30,562	\$	29,663	\$	28,127	\$	26,843	\$ 25,348	\$	100,660	\$	95,903	\$	91,873	\$	90,740
Ratio of net bonded debt to assessed / taxable value		0.419%		0.403%		0.336%		0.285%		0.243%	0.217%		0.785%		0.791%		0.726%		0.713%
Net bonded debt per capita	\$	188.00	\$	178.95	\$	172.98	\$	163.36	\$	155.27	\$ 145.80	\$	553.86	\$	528.36	\$	506.84	\$	501.25

⁽¹⁾ Estimates are for July 1 of each year. The 2000-2002 figures are issued by the Census Bureau. The 1994-1999, 2003 figures are estimates prepared by the City's Economic and Demographic Resource Center.

Salt Lake City Corporation COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2003 (unaudited)

Legal debt margin:	General purposes 4%	Water, sewer, and lighting 4%	Total 8%
General obligation debt limitation	\$ 739,200,191	\$ 739,200,191	\$ 1,478,400,382
Less outstanding general obligation bonds	(91,355,339)		(91,355,339)
Legal debt margin	\$ 647,844,852	\$ 739,200,191	\$ 1,387,045,043
Friends de de la contraction			¢ 10 400 004 701
Fair market value of property			\$ 18,480,004,781

The general obligation bonded debt of the City is limited by statute to 8% of the "reasonable fair cash value" of property. Of this amount, a maximum of 4% may be used for general purposes. The remaining 4% and any unused portion of the 4% available for general purposes up to the maximum 8% may be utilized for sewer and/or water purposes.

Source: Fair market value of property - Salt Lake City Communication and Information Resource Center

Salt Lake City Corporation COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT June 30, 2003 (unaudited)

	Total debt	Applicab	ole to City		Debt ratios	
				To taxable	To fair market	Per capita -
				value of	value of	population of
		Percentage	Amount	\$ 12,726,186,000	\$ 1,848,000,481	181,027 (est.)
Direct general obligation debt	\$ 91,355,339	100.00%	\$ 91,355,339	0.72%	4.94%	\$ 504.65
Overlapping debt:						
Salt Lake County	118,505,000	32.50%	38,514,125			
Salt Lake City School District	118,077,722	100.00%	118,077,722			
Total Overlapping debt	236,582,722		156,591,847			
Total applicable to the City	\$ 327,938,061		\$ 247,947,186	1.95%	13.42%	\$ 1,369.67

Note:

The State of Utah general obligation debt is not included in the debt ratios because the State of Utah currently levies no ad valorem tax for payment of general obligation bonds.

Salt Lake City Corporation RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO

TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS

Last ten fiscal years
Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003
(dollars are expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	
Principal	\$ 1,540	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,290	\$ 1,360	\$ 1,430	\$ 1,500	\$ 6,131	\$ 3,653	\$ 5,410	\$ 50,760	(1)
Interest and fiscal charges	2,250	2,080	2,229	1,896	1,821	1,739	5,032	6,231	5,924	4,402	
Total debt service	\$ 3,790	\$ 3,675	\$ 3,519	\$ 3,256	\$ 3,251	\$ 3,239	\$ 11,163	\$ 9,884	\$ 11,334	\$ 55,162	
Total general fund expenditures	\$ 85,992	\$ 93,891	\$ 98,096	\$ 107,642	\$ 114,375	\$ 118,688	\$ 123,661	\$ 126,828	\$ 140,651	\$ 135,901	
Ratio of debt service to general fund expenditures (percentage)	4.4%	3.9%	3.6%	3.0%	2.8%	2.7%	9.0%	7.8%	8.1%	40.6%	

⁽¹⁾ This includes \$48,200 of principal paid in refunding the 1999 General Obligation Bond

Note:

This schedule includes only debt service for general obligation bonded debt to be paid by general operations of the City rather than from special assessment or enterprise operations.

Salt Lake City Corporation REVENUE BOND COVERAGE - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Last ten fiscal years Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003 (dollars are expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000 (4)	2001	2002	2003
Gross revenues (1)	\$ 126,014	\$ 122,080	\$ 143,324	\$ 182,035	\$ 193,056	\$ 200,405	\$ 211,600	\$ 216,997	\$ 226,833	\$ 225,431
Less direct operating expenses (2)	(71,556)	(73,387)	(79,765)	(88,923)	(97,335)	(103,059)	(104,046)	(115,398)	31,207	(121,254)
		•	•		•	•		•		_
Net revenue available for debt service	\$ 54,458	\$ 48,693	\$ 63,559	\$ 93,112	\$ 95,721	\$ 97,346	\$ 107,554	\$ 101,599	\$ 258,040	\$ 104,177
Principal	\$ 7,430	\$ 10,145	\$ 19,615	\$ 36,265	\$ 50,272	\$ 34,594	\$ 36,820	\$ 46,926	\$ 36,204	\$ 17,840
Interest	16,464	18,246	18,331	17,445	17,395	14,940	17,154	14,224	12,440	10,242
Total debt service requirement	\$ 23,894	\$ 28,391	\$ 37,946	\$ 53,710	\$ 67,667	\$ 49,534	\$ 53,974	\$ 61,150	\$ 48,644	\$ 28,082
				·			·			
Coverage	2.28	1.72	1.67	1.73	1.41	1.97	1.99	1.66	5.30	3.71

⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues include operating revenues, property taxes, and gain on sale of property and equipment. Beginning in fiscal 1997, gross revenues also includes passenger facility charges at the airport.

⁽²⁾ Excludes depreciation and amortization

⁽³⁾ Last year for Housing Authority fund

⁽⁴⁾ Beginning in fiscal 2000, principal payments are net of any defeased amounts.

Salt Lake City Corporation SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT DEBT SERVICE BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS

Last ten fiscal years Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003 (dollars are expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Assessments outstanding at beginning of year	\$ 4,306	\$ 4,218	\$ 3,623	\$ 3,180	\$ 2,855	\$ 2,172	\$ 1,594	\$ 1,239	\$ 1,180	\$ 878
Additional assessments made during year	957	482	383	766	-	-	-	341	-	2,128
Less assessments collected during year	(1,045)	(1,077)	(826)	(1,091)	(683)	(578)	(355)	(400)	(302)	(1,060)
Assessments outstanding at end of year	\$ 4,218	\$ 3,623	\$ 3,180	\$ 2,855	\$ 2,172	\$ 1,594	\$ 1,239	\$ 1,180	\$ 878	\$ 1,946
Collections as a percentage of assessments										
outstanding during the year	24.8%	29.7%	26.0%	38.2%	31.4%	36.3%	28.7%	33.9%	34.4%	54.5%

Salt Lake City Corporation DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003 (dollar amounts expressed in millions)

(unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Average daily school membership (1)	25,410	25,083	25,309	25,400	25,454	25,011	24,823	24,696	23,976	24,190
High school graduates (1)	1,483	1,540	1,738	1,207	1,164	1,334	1,310	1,277	1,202	1,368
Unemployment rate (2)	3.8%	3.6%	3.5%	3.2%	3.9%	4.0%	3.5%	5.0%	7.3%	(note 3)
Average monthly non-agricultural wages in Salt Lake City (3)	\$ 2,259	\$ 2,363	\$ 2,485	\$ 2,627	\$ 2,753	\$ 2,902	\$ 3,067	\$ 3,113	\$ 3,169	(note 3)

Notes:

(1) Source: Salt Lake City School District.

 $(2) \ \ Source: \ \ Utah \ Department \ of \ Workforce \ Services, \ \ Workforce \ Information.$

(3) Not yet available.

Salt Lake City Corporation MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS June 30, 2003 (unaudited)

Date of incorporation	January 6, 1851	Municipal water plants:	
		Number of service connections	91,751
Form of government (adopted January 7, 1980)	Council / Mayor	City 57,355	
		County 34,396	
Census 2000 population	181,743	•	
Number of residents 18 years and older (2000)	138,773	Water supplied to conduits (gallons / year)	30,078,800,000
Census Bureau 2002 population estimate	181,266	Water shed managed (square miles)	190
Area (square miles)	111	Number of fire hydrants	8,967
Lane miles of city owned streets	1,754	City 5,885	
Number of street lights	13,899	County 3,082	
Fire protection:		Sewer Utility:	
Number of stations	14	Number of sewer connections	48,325
Sworn / fire fighters	312	Miles of sanitary sewer lines	634
Non-sworn / civilian employees	28	•	
		Storm Water Utility:	
Police protection:		Miles of storm water lines	441
Number of officers with power of arrest	399		
Number of other police employees	151	City employees (full-time positions)	2,685
Recreation and culture:		Election data:	
Number of municipal parks	134	Registered (active) voters, November 2003	86,332
Number of municipal playgrounds	50	Number of votes cast in 2003 local election	41,844
Number of municipal golf courses	8	Percentage of registered voters voting	48%
Number of municipal swimming pools	0		
Public libraries	6		

Salt Lake City Corporation

General Fund Revenue, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses) and Beginning and Ending Fund Balance

Last ten fiscal years

Years ended June 30, 1994 through 2003 (dollars are expressed in thousands)

(unaudited)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 10,249	\$ 14,365	\$ 12,889	\$ 12,197	\$ 17,465	\$ 17,114	\$ 20,399	\$ 26,698	\$ 25,489	\$ 31,152
Revenues	94,609	104,478	110,443	121,005	125,207	128,882	144,776	152,633	168,109	157,142
Expenditures	(84,983)	(93,117)	(97,849)	(107,130)	(113,989)	(115,824)	(121,289)	(122,643)	(139,271)	(134,797)
Other financing sources (uses)	(8,092)	(12,837)	(13,286)	(8,355)	(11,569)	(9,773)	(17,188)	(31,199)	(23,175)	(30,390)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	1,534	(1,476)	(692)	5,520	(351)	3,285	6,299	(1,209)	5,663	(8,045)
Ending Fund Balance	11,783	12,889	12,197	17,717	17,114	20,399	26,698	25,489	31,152	23,107