

Staff Report

BUILDING SERVICES DIVISION

 To: Salt Lake City Planning Commission
 From: Craig Weinheimer, Civil Enforcement Legal Investigator, craig.weinheimer@slcgov.com, 801-535-6682
 Date: January 24,2023
 Re: PLNPCM2023-00868, Building Code Administration and Enforcement

Building Code Administration & Enforcement

REQUEST:

This city-initiated petition is proposing changes to Title 18 Buildings and Construction. Title 18 has not received a comprehensive update to keep pace with state law and administrative practices in decades. The changes are necessary to bring the city's building regulations into compliance with state law adopting certain uniform building codes as well as modernizing administrative procedures. This proposal increases fees associated with the boarded building program to reflect the city's actual cost of regulation, eliminates code that is duplicative or irreconcilable with state-adopted building codes, creates an administrative enforcement mechanism for building code violations, updates existing residential housing standards based on precedent from the housing advisory appeals board, and creates one standard appeal process to a streamlined board of appeals and examiners for any violation of Title 18. The proposal also updates portions of Title 21A related to zoning enforcement to reflect existing city administrative practices and increases daily fines associated with uncorrected zoning violations.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the planning commission recommends that the city council adopt the proposal.

ATTACHMENTS:

ATTACHMENT A: Proposed Ordinance Amending Title 18

ATTACHMENT B: Public Process & Comments

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This proposal is a comprehensive update to Title 18, with related updates to enforcement and appeal mechanisms for zoning violations (which are found in Title 21A and that are enforced by building services). The four substantive changes fall into the following categories: Boarded and Vacant Building Program; Building Code Enforcement Process; Housing Code Updates; Removal of Duplicative or Overlapping Codes; and Zoning Code Enforcement Updates.

Boarded and Vacant Building Program (Sections 18.48.200-260)

In 2022, the city council requested that the administration propose a change in boarded building fees to capture the full city cost of both monitoring/boarding and emergency services at those properties. The intent was to increase boarding permit fees to recuperate the city costs related to administering the inspection and monitoring of dangerous/boarded buildings. The finance department conducted a cost analysis, and the findings were that each boarded building permit costs the city a total of \$22,537 annually between building services and emergency services (police and fire). The city currently charges \$902 for the initial year permit fee and \$1,546 for subsequent years.

Updates to this program reflected in this proposal are as follows:

- Changing the program from an annual boarding permit to an annual registration. This type of boarded or vacant building registry was instituted in other cities during the Great Recession. A registry more accurately reflects the nature of the city's monitoring and regulation, since boarding does not necessarily occur every year (as a permit suggests).
- Recording notices against the title on properties on the registry to let any interested buyer know that (1) the property is subject to the registry with annual registration fees, and (2) that boarding costs actually incurred by the city may be outstanding (which fees could be a lien against the title once sent to the Salt Lake County Treasurer).
- Incorporates a standard citation and appeal process, which will be the same for any Title 18 violation (found in Chapters 18.24 and 18.12).
- Increase the annual fee to \$14,000 or less. This would result in the recuperation of 62% of the actual city costs. The current fee structure has an initial year fee and an annual fee for subsequent years. The proposal is to amend the initial year fee and make it the same amount as the subsequent yearly fee. The main reason is to simplify the process of tracking and collecting unpaid fees.
- Increase the administrative cost fee and the late penalty fee. The administrative cost fee is only charged when a city contractor performs boarding on private property, and it's an excellent way to penalize those property owners who are not involved in the boarding and maintenance of their property. The current fee is \$129. This proposal would increase the fee to \$2,000 for each instance of boarding. The late penalty fee is currently \$25 for every thirty days in which the annual fees are not paid. We propose an increase to \$100 for this fee.

Building Code Enforcement Process (Chapters 18.12, 18.24, and 2.21, and Section 5.14.125)

Building services has experienced a number of recent impediments to an effective enforcement and citation appeal process. First, state-adopted building code requires that the city have a board of appeals and examiners, but this five-member board was difficult to keep staffed by qualified persons. Second, the Housing Advisory Appeals Board is a separate ten member board that required additional staff to administer and sometimes reached conclusions that were difficult to justify. Third, Title 18 did not have a general civil citation and appeal process (except that a stop work order could be issued pursuant to state adopted building codes). Fourth, subject-specific portions of Title 18 had specific citation and appeal processes, which were not consistent with one another, making any enforcement process unduly difficult. And finally, recent construction problems have resulted in building services revisiting the current tools and fines available in the event contractors and owners refuse to correct violations. The current general Title 18 enforcement process relied on criminal proceedings and only a couple of discrete violations (such as building without a permit) could be enforced through Title 21A, which is the zoning ordinance. In order to address these issues Titles 18, 2, and 5 have been revised as follows:

- The board of appeals and examiners has been streamlined to require only one appeal hearing officer, along with the building official as an ex-officio member (this building official status on the board is consistent with state-adopted building code).
- The Housing Advisory Appeals Board is being eliminated in favor of one appeal body the board of appeals and examiners (which the city must have according to state-adopted building code) to reduce administrative burden and keep appeal processes consistent.
- A standard appeal process for any violation of Title 18 has been added to Chapter 18.12. This process is nearly identical to an appeal of an administrative decision made pursuant to Title 21A.
- A fines-only appeal process for any violation of Title 18 has been added to Chapter 18.12. This process is identical to the fines-only appeal process for a zoning code violation.
- Significant changes to Chapter 18.24 were made to describe the city's remedies in the event of a violation of Title 18, which will now include a civil citation and civil fines process. This process is nearly identical to the process for citing and fining individuals and businesses for zoning violations.
- New fines are being adopted now that a civil citation process has been created within Title 18. General violations will be \$100 per day; violation of a stop work order will be \$250 per day; housing code (Chapter 18.50) violations will be between \$50 and \$200 per day depending on the severity of the violation.

Currently Title 18 only permits enforcement by stop work order and criminal proceedings. With these new standardized enforcement and appeal processes, in addition to the criminal proceedings, we will have a more effective tool to get properties and construction projects into compliance. The current cost for criminal violations of the building code is a \$1,000 fine, double permit fees, a stop work order, or a re-inspection fee of \$75.00. This process works well in the majority of the enforcement cases we have. However, like most cities, pursuing criminal citations for these type of municipal ordinance violations are rare. The other remedies and fines are low enough to be completely ignored by some property owners and builders. If we can implement the assessment of daily fines for civil violations it will make the fines high enough that they will not be ignored by the property owner or contractor. This will give us a better enforcement tool for future construction violations and decrease the number of violations not rectified.

Housing Code Updates (Chapters 18.50 and 18.96)

The Existing Residential Housing Code in Chapter 18.50, originally enacted in 1995, made reference to building, plumbing, mechanical, and electrical codes that were adopted at the time under the umbrella of the Uniform Building Codes. These UBC codes have since been replaced in Utah with the International Construction Codes. This proposal will update code references in Chapter 18.50 to conform with the Utah adopted ICC codes. The Fit Premises codes in Chapter 18.96 set forth certain rental housing standards. Some of these codes have been preempted by state law, and therefore needed to be removed. These chapters were also revised to incorporate

the standard citation and appeal process for any Title 18 violation, though residential rental housing owners will have the right to a warning notice before a citation is issued. In addition to removing old references to the UBC and replacing them with current state-adopted building codes, some standards have also been revised to incorporate standards unofficially implemented for many years in Salt Lake City by the HAAB board.

Removal of Duplicative or Overlapping Codes

Since Title 18 has not been comprehensively updated in decades there are many chapters that are no longer being used because the subject matter is already comprehensively covered in the stateadopted building codes, or in Title 21A. In order to streamline the code and eliminate such duplication or overlap, Section 18.28.050 and Chapters 18.32, 18.36, 18.48 article 1, 18.56, and 18.92 are being removed.

Zoning Code Enforcement Updates (Chapter 21A.20)

As part of implementing a civil citation and fine process within Title 18, certain amendments to the zoning enforcement chapter (Chapter 21A.20) are necessary to reflect building services' current enforcement procedures. These amendments reflect the following changes:

- Consistent with other revisions to Title 21A, definitions are being moved to the general zoning definitions chapter (21A.62).
- Building services current citation process is now reflected, including when a notice and order can be issued, what it needs to include, how it needs to be sent, and a recipient's ability to appeal the notice and order.
- Zoning violations fines are being increased from \$25 to \$50 per day for residential properties and from \$100 to \$200 per day for commercial properties. Zoning fines have not been increased since approximately 1999 (and some zoning violations pre-1999 were subject to fine amounts that are identical to the amounts being proposed in the current amendments).
- A new fine amount for failing to have a certificate of appropriateness for work on the exterior of historic district properties is proposed at \$50 per day, but if the work that was done is a full or partial demolition of a contributing or landmark structure, then the fine would be \$250 per day.
- Clarifying that citation notices can be sent by any reputable mail tracking service that confirms delivery, as opposed to just by "certified mail" or "commercial courier service."

APPROVAL PROCESS AND COMMISSION AUTHORITY

The planning commission is a recommending body for code amendments pertaining to land use regulation. Because some of the amendments impact land use, the building services division is bringing all of the amendments to the planning commission for review and recommendation. The planning commission can consider forwarding the proposal to the city council for adoption as is, with modification as to any land use related aspect of the proposal provided the modification complies with applicable state and federal laws or recommend that the proposal not be adopted. If considering

modifications, the commission can provide clear direction to building services staff regarding the changes and ask that the changes be made prior to sending the proposal to the council for consideration, provide staff with exact wording (or deletions) that are desired, or table the matter with clear direction to staff to make specific changes that will be reviewed by the commission at a later date. The commission should note that this item is time-sensitive because the council has directed that the building code enforcement updates reflected in the proposed ordinance be sent to the council before the affordable housing incentives ordinance is set to take effect on April 30, 2024. Tabling the matter may create a risk in complying with the council's request. If a commissioner has an issue with any aspect of the code, it is recommended to contact staff as soon as possible so we are prepared for the public hearing.

KEY CONSIDERATIONS

The key considerations listed below were identified through the analysis of the project:

- 1. How the proposal helps implement city goals and policies.
- **2.** Compliance with Utah Code.
- **3.** Impact on zoning code.

Consideration 1: How the proposal helps implement city goals and policies

This proposal accomplishes city goals by pursuing administrative efficiency, administrative transparency, and charging fees commensurate with the city's actual regulation costs.

Consideration 2: Compliance with Utah Code

This proposal is necessary to bring the city's building and construction code title into conformance with state-adopted building codes.

Consideration 3: Impact on the zoning code

This proposal does not negatively impact the zoning code. Definitions in Title 18 were reconciled with existing definitions in Title 21A. Overlapping regulations were also eliminated (to maintain such regulations within Title 21A that are not appropriate for construction regulation under Title 18). No substantive zoning standards are being amended in Title 21A through this proposal. Rather, the enforcement portions of Title 21A are being updated to reflect building services' existing zoning enforcement processes, as well as increase or create fines for violations that previously had no fine attached.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

The planning commission should recommend that the city council adopt the proposed changes to Title 18 and the relevant portions of Title 2, 5, and 21A based on the information presented in this staff report

NEXT STEPS

This proposal will be presented to the City Council regardless of the recommendation of the commission because it is a code amendment, and the city council has final approval authority for all city code amendments. To eliminate inconsistencies with state-adopted building codes and reflect the city's current zoning enforcement procedures Title 18 should be updated. The division of building services expects the city council to adopt this proposal. However, there may be aspects of the proposal that are modified by the city council. The council can modify any aspect of the proposal because the entire title of code is under consideration.

ATTACHMENT A: Proposed Ordinance

1	SALT LAKE CITY ORDINANCE
2	No of 2024
3 4 5 6	(An ordinance amending the text of Titles 2, 5, 18 and 21A of the <i>Salt Lake City Code</i> to modernize the administration, enforcement, and appeals procedures applicable to the state construction codes)
7	An ordinance amending the text of Titles 2, 5, 18, and 21A of the Salt Lake City Code to
8	modernize the administration, enforcement, and appeals procedures applicable to the state
9	construction codes pursuant to Petition No. PLNPM2023-00868.
10	WHEREAS, the Salt Lake City Planning Commission ("Planning Commission") held a
11	public hearing on to consider a petition by the Salt Lake City Council ("City
12	Council") to amend various provisions of Titles 2, 5, 18 and 21A of the Salt Lake City Code
13	pursuant to Petition No. PLNPM2023-00868; and
14	WHEREAS, at its meeting, the Planning Commission voted in favor
15	of transmitting a recommendation to the City Council on said petition; and
16	WHEREAS, after a public hearing on this matter the City Council has determined that
17	adopting this ordinance is in the city's best interests.
18	NOW, THEREFORE, be it ordained by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah:
19	SECTION 1. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.04. That Chapter
20	18.04 of the Salt Lake City Code (Administration and Enforcement: Administration and General
21	Provisions) shall be, and hereby is amended as follows:
22 23	CHAPTER 18.04 ADMINISTRATION AND GENERAL PROVISIONS
24 25	18.04.010: DIVISION OF BUILDING AND HOUSING SERVICES ; ADMINISTRATIVE
•	

26 DUTIES:

27	This title establishes the duties of the division of building and housing services.
28	
29	18.04.020: DEFINITIONS:
30 31	A. Where undefined terms are used <u>in this title</u> , the definitions of "Webster's Unabridged <u>Collegiate</u> Dictionary" shall apply.
32 33	B. In addition thereto, a <u>A</u> ll words and phrases defined in this <u>section</u> chapter shall be given such defined meanings wherever used in this title, including the following:
34 35	BUILDING OFFICIAL: Means and refers to the director of the division of building and housing services, or his/her designee.
36	DEVELOPMENT: any building activity or clearing of land as an adjunct of construction.
37 38	<u>DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY: shall have the same meaning as defined in Utah Code §10-9a-103 or its successor provisions.</u>
39	DIVISION: Means and refers to the division of building and housing services of the city.
40 41 42	ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL: any person employed by and authorized by the city to enforce violations of state law or this title, including, but not limited to, building inspectors, the building official, fire marshals, and civil enforcement officers.
43 44	<u>NONCOMPLIANT PROPERTY: property where one or more violations of this title have</u> occurred or are currently occurring.
45 46	<u>NOTICE OF NONCOMPLIANCE: a document, in any form, giving notice to interested parties</u> that one or more violations of city code exist on the noncompliant property.
47 48 49 50	<u>PERSON: any individual, receiver, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy, trust, estate firm, co-partnership, joint venture, club, company, joint stock company, business trust, limited liability company, corporation, association, legal entity, society or other group of individuals acting as a unit, whether mutual, cooperative, fraternal, nonprofit or otherwise.</u>
51 52 53 54 55 56	RESPONSIBLE PARTY: means the person(s) determined by the city who is responsible for causing, maintaining, or allowing the continuation of a violation of this title. This may include, but is not limited to, a property owner, agent, tenant, lessee, occupant, architect, builder, contractor, business owner, or other person who individually or together with another person is responsible for causing, maintaining, or allowing the continuation or a violation of any provision of the code.
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58	18.04.030: APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS: <u>RESERVED</u>
59	This title applies to the construction, alteration, moving, demolition, repair and use of any

61 portable dwellings, mobile homes, trailers, and mobile home parks.

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63 18.04.040: TECHNICAL CONSTRUCTION CODES; ADOPTION, ADMINISTRATION AND 64 ENFORCEMENT-BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION CODES ADOPTED:

- 65 The following codes, as adopted by the State of Utah, along with any adopted appendices are
- 66 hereby adopted as part of the code of Salt Lake City:
- 67 <u>The International Building Code, as promulgated by Title 15A of the Utah State Code;</u>
- 68 The International Residential Code, as promulgated by Title 15A of the Utah State Code;
- 69 <u>The International Fire Code;</u>
- 70 International Existing Building Code;
- 71 International Energy Conservation Code;
- 72 International Fuel Gas Code;
- 73 <u>National Electrical Code;</u>
- 74 <u>The International Mechanical Code;</u>
- 75 <u>The International Plumbing Code;</u>
- 76 <u>The International Swimming Pool and Spa Code;</u>
- 77 <u>Rule R156-56 of the Utah Administrative Code;</u>
- 78 ICC/MBI 1205-2021 Standard for Off-Site Construction: Inspection and Regulatory
- 79 <u>Compliance, or its successor, and</u>
- 80 <u>1997 Uniform Code for the Abatement of Dangerous Buildings</u>
- 81 This title provides for the adoption, administration, and enforcement of the technical construction
- 82 codes referenced herein. Each of the referenced technical codes bears a legal influence over
- 83 details of the design, construction, alteration, occupancy, use, repair and maintenance of
- 84 buildings, structures, and certain equipment therein. Each of the referenced technical codes
- 85 provides minimum standards and practical safeguards and provisions against threats to life and
- 86 limb, health, safety, property, and public welfare. Wherever in these codes reference is made to
- 87 an appendix, the provisions of the appendix shall apply.
- 88

89 18.04.050: EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS: RESERVED

- 90 This title establishes minimum requirements for the installation and maintenance of electrical
- 91 conductors, fittings, devices and fixtures, herein referred to as "electrical equipment"; for the
- 92 installation and maintenance of plumbing, heating, cooling, ventilation and refrigeration systems;
- 93 for the installation and maintenance of fuel piping and energy using equipment; fire protection or
- 94 fire prevention piping within the corporate limits of the city, and to provide for the enforcement
- 95 thereof.
- 96
- 97 18.04.060: RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTING PROVISIONS:
- 98 Wherever conflicting provisions or requirements of the codes adopted in Section 18.04.040 or
- 99 the provision of this title occur, the most restrictive provisions or requirements shall govern. In
- 100 the event a provision of this title conflicts with an is more restrictive than the codes adopted in
- 101 Utah Code Title 15A, the provisions of Title 15A shall govern.

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103 18.04.070: LIABILITY LIMITATIONS:

Nothing in this title shall be construed to relieve or lessen the responsibility of any contractor, owner, or any other persons involved, for apparatus, construction or equipment installed by or for them, for damages to anyone injured or damaged either in person or property by any defect therein, nor shall the city or any employee thereof be held to assume any liability by reason of the inspections authorized herein, or the certificate of occupancy issued by the building official of the division of building and housing services.

- 110
- 111 SECTION 2. <u>Amending the text of *Salt Lake City Code* Chapter 18.08.</u> That Chapter
- 112 18.08 of the Salt Lake City Code (Administration and Enforcement: Organization) shall be, and
- 113 hereby is amended as follows:
- 114 CHAPTER 18.08
- 115 ORGANIZATION
- 116 18.08.010: DIVISION ESTABLISHED; SECTIONS DESIGNATED:
- 117 There is established, in the department of <u>community and neighborhoods</u> development services,
- a subordinate division of building and housing services, to be under the supervision of the
- 119 building official, which division shall be divided into the following sections: . The function of
- 120 the division shall be the implementation, administration and enforcement of the provisions of this
- 121 <u>title.</u>
- 122 A. Construction compliance;
- 123 B. Zoning compliance;
- 124 <u>C. Housing preservation.</u>
- 125
- 126 18.08.020: POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DIVISION:
- 127 The functions of the division of building and housing services shall be:
- A. To enforce the zoning laws of Salt Lake City and to inspect, or cause to be inspected, all buildings and structures erected, or proposed to be erected in the city;
- B. To carry out, enforce and perform all duties, provisions and mandates designated, made and set forth in the ordinances of the city concerning zoning, building, plumbing, electrical and mechanical construction, and <u>construction related fire suppression</u>repair, including uniform housing code regulations;

134 С. To examine and approve all plans and specifications before building permits shall be issued, and to execute all permits, certificates and notices required to be issued inspect or 135 136 cause to be inspected all buildings and structures erected in the city; and 137 To examine all applicants for licensing and registration in accordance with D. 138 requirements of chapter 18.16 of this title, and issue same in accordance with the requirements of 139 this title: and 140 E. -To perform all of the functions and have all of the powers required of and 141 conferred on the building official by the ordinances of the city. 142 143 18.08.030: BUILDING OFFICIAL; EMPLOYMENT: 144 The mayor of the city shall employ a qualified building official, construction official, housing 145 official, zoning official, plans examiner, inspector, and such other assistants and clerks as the exigencies of the work employees of the division that may from time to time be required to 146 147 perform the functions of this title, at such compensation and for such periods of time as the 148 mayor may deem proper. 149 150 18.08.040: BUILDING OFFICIAL; POWERS AND DUTIES: 151 The building official shall maintain public office hours necessary to efficiently administer the 152 provisions of this title and related titles and amendments thereto, and shall perform the following 153 duties: 154 A. Maintain an official register of all persons, firms or corporations lawfully entitled 155 to carry on or engage in the businesses regulated by this title to whom a current license has been 156 issued by the department of contractors of the state; 157 B. Issue building permits to properly licensed, bonded and registered persons, firms or corporations for work to be done within the scope of this title; 158 159 Administer and enforce the provisions of this title in a manner consistent with the C. 160 intent thereof, and inspect all work authorized by any permit, to assure compliance with 161 provisions of this title or amendments thereto, approving or condemning such work in whole or 162 in part, as conditions require; 163 Issue a certificate of approval or certificate of occupancy for all work approved by D. 164 him/her: 165 E. CondemnRequire correction or and reject all work done or being done, or 166 materials used or being used which do not in all respects comply with the provisions of this title 167 and amendments thereto: 168 Order changes in workmanship and/or materials essential to obtain compliance F. 169 with all provisions of this title;

G. Investigate any construction or work regulated by this title and issue such notices
 and/or stop work orders which are necessary to prevent or to correct dangerous or unsanitary
 conditions;

H. Recommend revocation of <u>contractor</u> licenses to the state department of business
 regulation for cause;

I. Authorize any utility to make necessary connections for power, water or gas to all
applicants for such power or water in the city, when the installation and all facets of the
construction or remodel project conform to this title; and

J. Verify that buildings not built on site in Salt Lake City (Factory Built Buildings) are built, inspected, and installed in accordance with the "ICC/MBI Standard for Off-Site Construction: Planning, Design, Fabrication and Assembly", or its successor document. In order for the building official to allow occupancy of qualifying structures, units delivered on site must be provided with a permanently affixed tag identifying the technical code versions, with Utah State Amendments, under which they were built. Individuals making the inspections must be certified and licensed <u>Bbuilding Hinspectors in the State of Utah</u>.

K. The building official may render interpretations of this title and adopt and enforce rules and supplemental regulations pursuant to adopted state construction codes to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, rules and regulations shall conform to the intent and purpose of this title, and shall be made available in writing for public inspection upon request.

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191 18.08.050: BUILDING OFFICIAL; DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY:

192 The building official may delegate any of his/her powers <u>and duties</u> to the construction official,

193 housing official, zoning official, plans examiner, inspectors and assistants, who shall enforce all

- 194 of the provisions of this title.
- 195

196 18.08.060: BUILDING OFFICIAL; UTILITY DISCONNECTION AUTHORITY:

197 The building official, or the building official's authorized representative, shall have the authority

198 to disconnect or order discontinuance of any utility service or energy supply to buildings,

199 structures or equipment therein regulated by this code, in cases of emergency or where necessary

200 for safety to protect life and property. Such utility service shall be discontinued until the

201 equipment, appliances, devices, piping or wiring found to be defective, or defectively installed,

202 are removed or restored to a safe conditionemergency or threat to life or property has ceased.

203

204 18.08.070: DEVIATION FROM REGULATIONS AUTHORIZED WHEN:

205 Where conditions are extremely adverse to full compliance with the regulations of this title, the

- 206 building official may grant special permission in writing to deviate from the regulations,
- 207 provided that in the judgment of the building official such deviation does not create an

unsanitary or unsafe condition, and further provided the request for deviation is submitted for

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209 approval in writing in advance of the construction or installation. 210 211 18.08.080: DIVISION: RECORD KEEPING AND ACCOUNTING: 212 An itemized account of the business and transactions of the division, the expenses thereof, and 213 the income therefrom for the preceding month shall be made and filed with the mayor each 214 month. Annual reports shall be made and filed with the mayor each year, in the same manner as 215 monthly reports. 216 217 18.08.090: DIVISION; BOOKS, PAPERS AND EQUIPMENT: 218 The city shall provide such instruments, books, papers and equipment as shall be necessary for 219 the proper performance of the duties of the members of the division. The building official shall 220 have charge and control of the books, instruments, papers and equipment used and employed in 221 the division, and shall deliver the same to his/her successor in office. 222 223 18.08.100070: BUILDING OFFICIAL; LIABILITY LIMITATIONS: 224 The building official, or his/her assistants appeals hearing officer, fines hearing officer, or enforcement officials, when acting for the city in good faith and without malice in the discharge 225 226 of his/her duties, shall not thereby render himself/herself liable personally, and the building 227 official is same are hereby relieved from all personal liability for any damage that may accrue to 228 persons or property as a result of any act required or by reason of any act or omission in the 229 discharge of such official's duties. 230 231 18.08.110080: BUILDING OFFICIAL; RIGHT OF ENTRY FOR INSPECTIONS: 232 The building official, or his/her authorized assistants, shall have the right of entry, within 233 reasonable hours, to any building or premises for the purpose of inspection, or to investigate any 234 work or conditions governed by this title. 235 236 18.08.120090: BUILDING OFFICIAL; CONFLICT OF INTEREST PROHIBITED: 237 The building official and his/her assistants shall not in any way engage in the sale or installation 238 of equipment or supplies upon which they are required to make inspection under this code. 239

- 240 SECTION 3. <u>Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.12.</u> That Chapter
- 241 18.12 of the Salt Lake City Code (Administration and Enforcement: Board of Appeals and
- 242 Examiners) shall be, and hereby is amended as follows:
- 243
- 244 CHAPTER 18.12
- 245 BOARD OF APPEALS AND EXAMINERS
- 246 18.12.010: GENERAL PROVISIONS:

The provisions of chapter 2.07 of this title shall apply to the board of appeals and examiners except as otherwise set forth in this chapter.

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250 18.12.020: BOARD OF APPEALS CREATED; PURPOSE AND AUTHORITY:

251 In order to (1) hear and decide appeals of orders, decisions or determinations made by the 252 building official relative to the application and interpretation of this title, including any state construction code adopted pursuant to Section 18.04.040, or (2) hear and decide appeals of 253 254 orders by enforcement officials, there shall be and is hereby created a board of appeals and 255 examiners comprised of an appeals hearing officer and the building official. The building official shall be an ex officio member of said board but shall not have a vote on any matter before the 256 257 board. The mayor may appoint more than one appeals hearing officer, but only one appeals 258 hearing officer shall consider and decide upon any matter before the board. The appeals hearing officer may serve consecutive four year terms upon the advice of the mayor and consent of the 259 260 city council. The appeals hearing officer need not be a resident of Salt Lake City. The board shall 261 provide for reasonable interpretations of the provisions of this title and the appeals hearing officer shall be, and to determine the suitability of alternates, there shall be created a board of 262 263 appeals and examiners, hereinafter called "board", consisting of five (5) members who are qualified by experience and training to pass upon matters pertaining to building construction, 264 265 housing, and abatement codes and technical disciplines set forth in this titletherein. One board member shall be a LEED accredited professional. The board shall hear and decide appeals where 266 267 it is alleged there is an error in any order, requirement, decision or determination made by an 268 administrative official in the enforcement of this title. The board may also recommend new 269 ordinances to the city council. 270

18.12.030: MEMBERSHIP; TERMPROCEDURE FOR APPEALS TO THE BOARD OF APPEALS & EXAMINERS:

Appeals of decisions by the building official or enforcement officials shall be taken in
 accordance with the following procedures:

275 276 277 278 279 280	A. Form: The appeal shall be filed using an application form provided by the building official. To be considered complete, the application must include all information required on the application, including but not limited to identification of the order, decision or determination being appealed, the alleged error made by stating each fact and every theory of relief on appeal and one or more reasons the appellant claims the administrative decision is in error. Incomplete applications will not be accepted.
281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288	B. Filing: The application must be submitted as indicated on the form by the applicable deadline, together with all applicable fees as set forth in the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. The applicant shall also be responsible for payment of all fees established for providing the public notice required by the Utah Open and Public Meetings Act, in accordance with the consolidated fee schedule, including costs of mailing, preparation of mailing labels and all other costs relating to notification. All fees are due at the time of filing the appeal. An appeal will not be considered complete until all applicable fees are paid.
289 290 291	C. Parties Entitled to Appeal. An applicant, a board or officer of the city, or an adversely affected party, as that term is defined by Utah Code 10-9a-103, or its successor, may appeal.
292 293 294 295 296 297	D. Time for Filing an Appeal; Time for Hearing: The deadline for filing a complete application for appeal is 10 days from the date of the decision, determination or order. Each appeal shall be reviewed informally by the board no later than 45 days from the date of filing of a written appeal, unless a later date is agreed to by the parties. Failure of any person to file an appeal in accordance with the provisions of this section shall constitute a waiver of the person's right to an appeal.
298 299 300	E. Notice Required. Upon receipt of an appeal the board of appeals and examiners shall schedule and hold a public hearing in accordance with the standards and procedures for conducting public hearings set forth in Chapter 21A.10.
301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308	F. Standard of Review. The board shall conduct each appeal de novo. The appellant has the burden of proving the decision appealed is incorrect. The board shall render a decision based upon the applicable law. The board shall afford due process to the parties on appeal. Each party may call such witnesses and present such evidence as it deems appropriate, provided such evidence is not unduly cumulative or irrelevant as determined by the board. Hearings shall be conducted informally. After hearing all evidence and legal arguments presented by the parties, the board shall apply the plain language of the applicable law and issue a written decision on the merits of all theories of relief the appellant raised in the appeal.
309 310 311 312	<u>G.</u> Effect of Decision. The decision of the board is a final decision of the city, appealable to district court. No person may challenge in district court any order, decision, or enforcement action taken pursuant to this title unless and until that person has exhausted the administrative remedies provided by this chapter.
313 314 315	H. Procedures. The proceedings of each appeal hearing shall be recorded and such recordings shall be retained for a period that is consistent with city retention policies and any applicable retention requirements set forth in state law. The building official shall adopt

316 317 318	policies and procedures, consistent with the provisions of this chapter, for processing appeals, the conduct of an appeal hearing, and for any other purpose considered necessary to properly consider an appeal.
319 320	I. No Automatic Stay: Filing an appeal does not stay the decision appealed, unless a provision of this title specifically states otherwise.
321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329	J. Requesting a Stay: The board may grant a request submitted by any party to the appeal to stay a decision of the building official or enforcement official for a specified period of time or until the board issues a decision, if the requesting party can show a stay is necessary to prevent substantial harm to the requesting party. No request is required if a provision of this title imposes an automatic stay upon the filing of an appeal with the board. If a stay is requested, the board shall make reasonable efforts to determine whether a stay is appropriate within 10 days of the appeal being deemed complete. If the board does not decide a request for a stay within 10 days of the appeal being deemed complete, the request shall be presumed denied. No stay will be authorized for incomplete appeals or appeals filed after the appeal deadline.
330 331	Members of the board shall hold office for five (5) years. The building official shall be an ex officio member of the board, and shall act as secretary.
332	
333	18.12.040: BOARD DECISIONS:
334 335	The board of appeals shall render all decisions and findings in writing to the <u>parties within 14</u> <u>days of the hearing on the appeal</u> building official and appellants.
336	
337 338	18.12.050: <u>APPEALS OF CIVIL FINES & ABATEMENT COSTS:</u>
339 340 341 342 343 344	A. Powers and Duties of Fines Hearing Officer: The fines hearing officer, appointed pursuant to Section 21A.06.090, may hear and decide appeals of civil fines and abatement costs imposed pursuant to this title. As set forth in this section, the fines hearing officer may affirm civil fines, reduce civil fines, and approve civil fine payment schedules. The fines hearing officer may affirm or reduce an abatement statement of costs and may approve abatement cost payment schedules.
345	B. Right to Appear: Any responsible party receiving a notice and order or statement
346	of abatement costs may appear before a fines hearing officer to appeal the amount of the civil
347	fine or abatement cost imposed by submitting a statement of appeal on a form provided by the
348	division of building services. However, in the case of civil fines, no party may appear before a
349	fines hearing officer until violations identified have been corrected. Appeals to a fines hearing
350 351	officer contesting the amount of the civil fine imposed must be filed within 30 days from the date of compliance. Appeals to a fines hearing officer contesting the statement of abatement costs
352	must be filed within 20 days from the date the statement of costs is delivered, but the only issue
353	on such appeal is the amount of such costs and not the city's determination to incur abatement
354	costs. Failure of any person to file an appeal in accordance with the provisions of this section
355	shall constitute a waiver of the person's right to an appeal.

356 357 358 359	C. Responsibility: Commencement of any action to remove or reduce civil fines shall not relieve the responsibility of any responsible party to correct the violation or make payment of accrued civil fines nor shall it require the city to reissue any of the notices required by this chapter.
360 361	D. Reduction of Civil Fine: Civil fines may be reduced at the discretion of the fines hearing officer after the violation is corrected and if any of the following conditions exist:
362 363	1. Strict compliance with the notice and order would have caused an imminent and irreparable injury to persons or property;
364 365	2. The violation and inability to correct the same were both caused by a force majeure event such as war, act of nature, strike or civil disturbance;
366 367 368 369	3. A change in the actual ownership of the property was recorded with the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office after a notice of violation was issued and the new property owner is not related by blood, marriage or common ownership to the prior owner; or
370 371	4. Such other mitigating circumstances as determined by the fines hearing officer.
372 373 374	E. Notice Required. Upon receipt of an appeal of a statement of abatement costs the fines hearing officer shall schedule and hold a public hearing in accordance with the standards and procedures for conducting public hearings set forth in Chapter 21A.10.
375 376 377 378	F. Payment Schedule: At the request of a responsible party subject to civil fines or abatement costs governed by this title, the fines hearing officer may approve a payment schedule for the delayed or periodic payment of the applicable civil fine or abatement costs to accommodate the person's unique circumstances or ability to pay.
379 380 381 382	G. Failure to Comply with Payment Schedule: If a payment schedule has been developed by the fines hearing officer, the failure by a person to submit any 2 payments as scheduled shall cause the entire amount of the original civil fine or abatement cost to become immediately due, less any payments actually made.
383	18.12.060: JUDICIAL REVIEW OF BOARD'S DECISIONS:
384 385 386 387 388	The city, or any person aggrieved by any decision of the board <u>or fines hearing officer as to</u> <u>abatement costs</u> , may <u>appeal to district courthave and maintain an action for relief therefrom in a</u> court of competent jurisdiction, provided a <u>so long as the petition for such relief is filed</u> <u>withpresented to</u> the court within thirty (30) days <u>of the board's or fines hearing officer's</u> <u>decision</u> after the filing of such decision in the office of the board.

390	SECTION 4. <u>Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.16.</u> That Chapter
391	18.16 of the Salt Lake City Code (Administration and Enforcement: Registration and Licenses)
392	shall be, and hereby is amended as follows:
393	
394 395	CHAPTER 18.16 REGISTRATION AND LICENSES
396	
397	ARTICLE I. CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION
398	
399	18.16.010: REGISTRATION; PREREQUISITE TO BUILDING WORK:
400 401 402	It is unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to perform any work requiring a permit from the city division of building and housing services without first having registered with the building official.
403	
404	18.16.0210: STATE CONTRACTOR LICENSE REQUIRED:
405 406 407 408 409	Except as provided in Section 18.20.070, eEvery applicant for registration a permit issued pursuant to this title shall furnish evidence that such applicant is currently licensed under the provisions of the Utah contractor's license law as it presently exists or hereafter may be amended, giving the classification and number of the license, and shall have secured all licenses required by the ordinances of Salt Lake City.
410	
411	18.16.0240: EXCAVATION BOND REQUIRED:
412 413 414 415	Any person, firm or corporation properly licensed to do business in accordance with this title who in the course of their work has occasion to excavate in the city streets, alleys or rights of way shall file an additional bond with the city in the amount of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), or such larger amount as the <u>city engineermayor</u> may require.
416	
417	18.16.050: FEE FOR REGISTRATION:
418 419 420	Each person, firm or corporation required to register in accordance with this chapter shall pay a registration fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule for each fiscal year, or part thereof.
421	

422 18.16.0<u>3</u>60: LICENSE AND REGISTRATION NOT TRANSFERABLE:

423 It is unlawful for any contractor to use such contractor's license or registration or to allow his/her

license to be used in any way for the purpose of procuring a license bond, registration or permit
 for any person other than such contractor.

426

427 18.16.0<u>4</u>70: SALE OF UNAPPROVED MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT PROHIBITED:

- 428 It is unlawful for any dealer or person to sell, deliver or offer for sale any mechanical equipment 429 or apparatus that has not been approved by a recognized listing agency.
- 430

431 SECTION 5. <u>Amending the text of *Salt Lake City Code* Chapter 18.20.</u> That Chapter

- 432 18.20 of the Salt Lake City Code (Administration and Enforcement: Permits and Inspections)
- 433 shall be, and hereby is amended as follows:
- 434
- 435 CHAPTER 18.20
- 436 PERMITS AND INSPECTIONS
- 437
- 438 18.20.010: WORK REQUIRING PERMIT:
- 439 No person, firm or corporation shall erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve,

440 remove, convert or demolish any building, structure or premises, or make any installation,

441 alteration or improvement to the electrical, <u>fire</u>, plumbing or mechanical system in a building,

442 structure or premises, or cause the same to be done, without first obtaining the prescribed permits

443 for each such building or structure or premises from the building official.

- 444
- 445 18.20.020: EXEMPT WORK DESIGNATED FEES:
- 446 <u>A. A building permit shall not be required for the following:</u>
- 447 <u>1. Playhouses and similar uses;</u>
- 448 <u>— 2. Oil derricks;</u>
- 449 <u>3. Movable cases, counters and partitions not over five feet (5') high;</u>
- 450 4. Retaining walls which are not over two feet (2') in height measured from the bottom of
- the footing to the top of the wall, unless supporting a surcharge or impounding flammable
 liquids;

453 454	5. Water tanks supported directly upon grade if the capacity does not exceed five thousand $(5,000)$ gallons and the ratio of height to diameter or width does not exceed two to one $(2:1)$;
455	
456	
457 458	— 8. Window awnings supported by an exterior wall of group R, division 3, and group M occupancies, when projecting not more than fifty four inches (54").
459 460	-B. Unless otherwise exempted, separate plumbing, electrical and mechanical permits shall be required for the above exempted items.
461 462 463 464	- C. Exemption from the permit requirements of this code shall not be deemed to grant authorization for any work to be done in any manner in violation of the provisions of this code or any other laws or ordinances of this jurisdiction.
465	A. Building permit fees shall be based on the total valuation of the proposed project
466	as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
467	B. Plan review fees shall be 65% of the building permit fees.
468	<u>C.</u> Fees to expedite building plan review as governed by Section 18.20.050 shall be 2
469	times the standard building plan review fee.
470	D. Penalties for not obtaining permanent certificate of occupancy will be \$300.00 for
471	each month, after the initial 30 day temporary certificate of occupancy, which has no additional
472	cost associated with it; due before the first of the month and only allowed for up to 3 renewals
473	after the initial free 30 day period. Partial months will not be refunded.
474	E. Fees for renewing expired plan review after 180 days as governed by Section
475	18.20.110 shall be shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
476	F. A fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule shall be charged for
477	each permit for fencing.
478	G. Other fees shall consist of electrical, mechanical and plumbing, and fire
479	suppression and monitoring equipment inspection fees as shown on the Salt Lake City
480	consolidated fee schedule.
481	
482	18.20.030: APPLICATION; FORM AND FILING:
483	To apply forobtain a building permit the applicant shall first file an application on a form
484	furnished by the building official and pay the requisite fee therefor as established in the Salt Lake
485	City consolidated fee schedule, in writing, on a form furnished for that purpose.
486	
487	18.20.040: APPLICATION; PLANS AND OTHER DATA:
488 489	Each application for a permit shall be accompanied by all required plans, diagrams and other data, in duplicate, unless otherwise required by the building official. The building official may

490 require the plans and other data to be prepared and designed by an engineer or architect licensed491 by the state to practice as such.

492

493 18.20.050: APPLICATION; REVIEW; PERMIT ISSUANCE CONDITIONS:

494 A. Application Review: Except as provided in subsection B of this section, the 495 application plans and data filed by an applicant for a building permit shall be checked by the 496 building official. Said application may be reviewed by other government agencies or 497 departments to check compliance with the laws and ordinances under their jurisdiction. If the 498 building official is satisfied that the work described in an application for a building permit and 499 plans filed therewith conform to the requirements of this title and other pertinent ordinances and 500 laws and that the required fees have been paid, the building official shall issue a permit therefor 501 to the applicant. No building permit shall be issued unless and until the plans and specifications comply with all applicable land use regulations, including but not limited to Title 21A. The 502 503 building official may issue a permit for the construction of part of a building or structure before 504 the entire plans and specifications for the whole building or structure have been submitted or 505 approved, provided adequate information and detailed statements have been filed complying 506 with all pertinent requirements of this title. The holder of such permit shall proceed at his or her 507 own risk without assurance that the permit for the entire building or structure will be granted.

B. Expedited Plan Review: A building permit applicant may seek an expedited building plan review, provided that the applicant pay the expedited plan review fee set forth in <u>sSection 18.2032.02035</u> of this title. The expedited building plan review may be conducted by a qualified third party with significant experience conducting building plan reviews, as selected and approved by the building official. The person(s) assigned to conduct the expedited building plan review shall provide initial comments, including corrections to be made to the building plans, within ten (10) business days of the date the application was filed <u>and all fees paid</u>.

515 С. Plan Review Expiration: If a building permit applicant fails to submit corrected 516 building plans in accordance with the comments and requirements of the building services 517 division or its authorized representative within one hundred eighty (180) days of the division 518 transmitting such comments and requirements to the applicant, or if the applicant fails to pay the 519 required building permit fee within one hundred eighty (180) days of the division informing the 520 applicant that its building plans are approved and the building permit fee is due, the plan review 521 shall expire at the end of such period and the review become null and void. An expired plan 522 review may be renewed, provided that the applicant pay the plan review renewal fee established 523 in sSection 18.2032.020035 of this title, however, no plan review may be renewed after three (3) 524 years from the original submission date or if new versions of the codes adopted pursuant to 525 Section 18.04.040 have come into effect since the prior plan review was conducted.

526

527 18.20.060: PERMIT; ISSUED TO LICENSED CONTRACTORS ONLY:

528 Except as otherwise provided by this title, it is unlawful to issue a permit no building permit shall

529 <u>be issued</u> to any person other than a duly registered <u>licensed</u> contractor licensed to do business

- 530 by the state department of business regulation, and registered by the city division of building and
- 531 housing services by the State of Utah Division of Professional Licensing or its successor.
- 532

533 18.20.070: HOMEOWNER PERMITS:

Any permit required by this title may be issued to any person to do any work regulated by this title in a single-family dwelling used exclusively for such person's living purposes, including the usual accessory buildings and quarters in connection with such buildings, provided that any such person is a bona fide owner of any such dwelling and accessory buildings and quarters, and that the same are occupied or designed to be occupied by such owner, and further provided that the owner shall furnish the building official with a complete layout drawing of the proposed work,

- satisfy the building official that he or she has a working knowledge of the code requirements,
- 541 performs the work himself or herself, pays the necessary inspection fees, and calls for all
- 542 inspections required by this title.
- 543

544 18.20.080: PERMIT; EFFECT OF ISSUANCE:

The issuance of a permit or approval of plans or other data shall not be construed to be a permit for or an approval of any violation of any of the provisions of this title, <u>Title 21A</u>, or any rights <u>of third parties</u>. The issuance of a permit based upon plans and other data shall not prevent the building official from thereafter requiring the correction of errors in said plans and data or from stopping <u>construction activity</u>building operations being carried on thereunder when in violation of this title or any other ordinancelaw. The city shall have no obligation to enforce the rights of

- 551 third parties or recover damages to third parties due to the acts or omissions of permit holders.
- 552

553 18.20.090: START OF WORK WITHOUT PERMIT; PENALTY FEES; EMERGENCIES:

- A. <u>Whenever any work requiring a permit under this title is commenced without a</u> <u>permit first having been obtained the building official may pursue enforcement of this title</u> <u>pursuant to Chapter 18.24.</u>
- <u>B.</u> Fee Increase When: Whenever any construction or work for which a permit is required by this title is started or commenced without obtaining the prescribed permit, the fees specified in this title may be increased by the building official up to a fee of ten percent (10%) of the valuation of the proposed construction as determined by the building official, or one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), whichever is greater, but the payment of such increased fees shall not relieve any persons from fully complying with the requirements of this title in the execution of the work nor from any other penalties prescribed herein.
- 564 <u>B. C.</u> Exception; Emergency Work: This provision shall not apply to 565 emergency work when it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the building official that such work 566 was urgently necessary and that it was not practical to obtain a permit therefor before the 567 commencement of the work. In all such cases, a permit must be obtained as soon as it is practical

to do so, and if there be an unreasonable delay in obtaining a permit, a double fee, as herein

- 569 provided, shall be charged.
- 570

571 18.20.100: PERMIT; DENIAL CONDITIONS:

572 The building official may refuse to issue any permit for work governed by this title to any person 573 who has a permit revoked in accordance with this title, or during such time as such person fails

575 who has a permit revoked in accordance with this fifte, or during such time as such person fails 574 to comply with any provision of this title or Title 21A. No permit shall be issued for a property

actively subject to enforcement proceedings by the city for violations of this title or Title 21A,

- 576 except for permits required to correct the violations.
- 577

578 18.20.110: PERMIT; EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL:

579 Every permit issued by the building official under the provisions of this title shall expire by 580 limitation and become null and void if the building or work authorized by such permit is not 581 commenced within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of such permit or if the building 582 or work authorized by such permit is suspended or abandoned at any time after the work is 583 commenced for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days. Before such work can be 584 recommenced, the permittee must request that the permit shall first be renewed by the building 585 official and the fee therefor shall be one-half (1/2) the amount required for a new permit for such work. Such renewal may be granted if such request is made prior to the permit expiring upon the 586 587 permittee demonstrating justifiable cause for the renewal, and provided no changes have been 588 made or will be made in the original plans or scope of such work. Such renewal shall be denied if 589 such request is made after the permit has expired and (1), and provided no changes have 590 occurred relative to other municipal regulations impacting the use, size, yard, space or other 591 requirements concerning the proposed structure or development have changed since the permit 592 was issued, (2) material changes have been made or will be made in the original plans or scope 593 of work, or (3) justifiable cause does not exist to allow the project to be renewed. In connection 594 with renewing a permit that pertains to construction of a new structure or substantial exterior 595 alteration of a site the building official may impose reasonable conditions regarding a deadline to 596 complete the work, posting of a bond, erection of fences, securing methods, and similar 597 conditions to mitigate the hazards of and limit the nuisances of ongoing construction. Whenever 598 a construction permit is taken out in order to resolve the violation(s) specified in a notice and 599 order, the expiration date for the permit shall coincide with the time limit for resolution of the 600 violation(s) contained in the notice and order.

601

602 18.20.120: PERMIT; NOT TRANSFERABLE:

603 Building permits are non-transferable without completion of a permit transfer document

604 <u>approved by the building official.</u> When any work <u>construction activity</u> regulated by this title is

not completed by the permittee <u>identified inunder</u> the permit <u>and is instead</u>issued to him or her

606 for the work and the work in question is added to or completed by <u>any other person</u>one or more

607 contractors, such personeach contractor shall procure a permit to cover the work he or she

608 performs.

609 610 18.20.130: PERMIT; SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION: 611 The building official may, in writing, suspend or revoke a permit issued under provisions of this 612 title whenever the permit is issued in error, or on the basis of incorrect inaccurate information 613 supplied, or upon a finding of ain violation of any ordinance or regulation of any of the 614 provisions of this title or Title 21A. 615 616 18.20.140: HEARING ON DENIAL OR REVOCATION OF PERMIT: 617 Any person adversely affected by the action of the building official made pursuant to Section 618 18.20.130in accordance with the preceding sections may appeal pursuant to Chapter 18.12to the 619 board of appeals and examiners for a hearing upon such revocation or denial, except that an appeal of a revocation or suspension of a building permit based upon a finding of a violation of 620 621 Title 21A shall be made to the appeals hearing officer as set forth in Chapter 21A.16. 622 623 18.20.150: INSPECTION OF WORK: 624 All construction, work and equipment for which a permit is required shall be A. 625 subject to inspections by the building official. The building official may make or require any 626 inspection of any construction work to ascertain compliance with the provisions of this title and 627 other laws which are enforced by the division. 628 B. No construction, work or equipment regulated by this title shall be connected to 629 any energy, fuel or power supply or water system or sewer system until authorized by the 630 building official. 631 C. Prior to issuance of a building permit or during construction aA survey of any lot or parcel may be required by the building official to verify compliance of structures with 632 633 approved plans. 634 The building official shall not be liable for any expense entailed in the removal or D. 635 replacement of any material required to allow an inspection. 636 637 18.20.160: APPROVALS REQUIRED FOR ONGOING CONSTRUCTION: 638 No work shall be done on any part of the building or structure beyond the point indicated in each 639 successive inspection without first obtaining the written approval of the building official. Such 640 written approval shall be given only after an inspection shall have been made of each successive 641 step in the construction as indicated by each of the inspections required by the building official. 642 643 18.20.170: REQUESTS FOR INSPECTIONS:

644 The building official may require that every request for the inspection be <u>madefiled</u> at least one

- 645 day before such inspection is required <u>and in such method as prescribed by the building official</u>.
- 646 Such request may be in writing or by telephone. It shall be the duty of the person requesting any
- 647 inspections required by this title to provide access to and means for proper inspection of such
- 648 work. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the building official to perform an
- 649 inspection within the notice period provided herein.
- 650

651 18.20.180: INSPECTION RECORD CARD: RESERVED

652 Work requiring a permit shall not be commenced until the permit holder or his or her agent shall

653 have posted an inspection record card in a conspicuous place on the front premises, or on an

654 electrical service panel, and in such position as to allow the director conveniently to make the

- 655 required entries thereon regarding inspection of the work. This card shall be maintained in such
- 656 position by the permit holder until the building or structure is completed and ready for
- 657 occupancy.
- 658

659 18.20.190: FINAL INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY:

660 There shall be a<u>A</u> final inspection and <u>building official</u> approval <u>are required</u> on all buildings <u>and</u>

661 <u>structures requiring a building permit prior towhen completed and ready for</u> occupancy. A f<u>F</u>inal

662 inspection approval <u>shall be issued in the form of a certificate of occupancy</u>. A building or

663 <u>structure shall not be used or occupied in whole or in part, and a change in occupancy of a</u>

664 <u>building or structure or portion thereof shall not be, until the building official has issued a</u> 665 certificate of occupancy therefor. A certificate of occupancy may, upon notice, be revoked by the

building official if the building official finds that any construction, work or equipment fails in

667 any respect to comply with the requirements of this title, or that the installation is unsafe,

668 dangerous, or a hazard to life or property elements of the property for which a certificate was

669 issued have been changed or modified, including a change in occupancy classification, without

670 <u>obtaining the requisite permits required by this title</u>. A certificate of occupancy shall be issued as

- 671 specified in the adopted uniform building code, as amended.
- 672
- 673 18.20.200: REINSPECTIONS AND FEES:
- A. A reinspection fee may be assessed:

1.

675

When the approved plans are not readily available to the inspector;

- 676 2. For failure to provide access on the date for which the inspection is 677 required;
- 678
- 3. For deviating from plans requiring the approval of the building official.

B. In instances where reinspection fees have been assessed or reinspection is
necessary, no additional inspection of the work will be performed until the required fees have
been paid and the permittee calls for a reinspection. The reinspection charge shall be shown on

the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule and not exceed the amount shown on the Salt LakeCity consolidated fee schedule for each additional inspection required.

684

685 18.20.210: CLEANUP AND PROTECTION OF PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY:

686 A. Each permit holder shall be responsible to see that vehicles used in the process of 687 carrying out the work authorized by the permit shall not track any mud, dirt or debris of any kind 688 upon any streets or sidewalks within the corporate limits of Salt Lake City Corporation unless a 689 permit has been obtained from the city engineer for use of a designated portion of the right of 690 way with provisions made to keep that portion of the right of way and adjacent areas cleared of 691 mud, dirt or debris of any kind. The permittee shall install a suitable process to clean the wheels 692 of the equipment prior to its leaving the job site and entering the streets of Salt Lake City 693 Corporation. The suitable process shall consist of:

- 6941.A cleaning area and crew to clean mud and dirt off the wheels and exterior695body surface of the trucks, or its equivalent;
- 6962. The cleaning area shall be arranged to furnish adequate draining to prevent697puddling; the cleaning area shall be kept mud free and may be on a macadam or concrete698slab;
- 6993. The cleaning area shall be located on private property and arranged in700such a way that there is no blocking of vehicular or pedestrian traffic on city rights of701way except where permission has been granted by the city engineer;
- 7024. The cleaning water or solution used for cleaning shall not be allowed to703enter the city streets, gutter, or storm drain or sanitary sewer system.

B. All trucks and equipment leaving the site with earthen materials or loose debris
shall be loaded and/or covered in such a manner as to prevent dropping of materials on city
streets and/or sidewalks.

C. Ramps constructed over curbs and gutters shall not interfere with or block the
 passage of water along the gutter and shall be constructed of asphalt material that will not erode
 or deteriorate under adverse weather conditions.

710 D. The permit holder shall install erosion and water runoff controls sufficient to 711 ensure that no stormwater, surface water, sediments or debris from the construction site shall 712 drain or wash or be tracked into any public right of way or other adjacent properties, including 713 curb and gutter, unless permission has been granted through the erosion control plan. These 714 controls shall be sufficient to cover any contingency, including, but not limited to, seasonal 715 storms, unseasonal storms, or methods of construction. The director of building and housing 716 services building official or the city engineer may require, when in his/her discretion he/she 717 deems necessary, an erosion control plan to be submitted for approval. Such plan may be 718 required any time during construction and must be submitted within five (5) days of the request. 719 The director of building and housing building official or the city engineer may suspend all work 720 until the plan requested is approved. The permit holder will maintain all erosion control facilities

throughout the life of the construction project. He/she will monitor their effectiveness after
 storms and make the necessary adjustments to ensure they function correctly.

723 E. The sidewalk and/or curb and gutter shall not be used for storage of debris, dirt or 724 excavated materials. In addition, the sidewalks shall not be removed, blocked or otherwise 725 rendered unusable by either the storage of construction equipment or materials or the 726 construction procedures used, unless a safe, usable alternate walkway along the same side of the 727 street is provided by the contractor unless a permit has been issued by the city engineer's office. 728 All alternate walkways shall be ramped in accordance with handicap ramp requirements and so 729 constructed as to provide an all weather walking surface 4four feet (4') wide as sound and 730 smooth as the normal concrete sidewalk.

F. The permit holder shall be responsible for the immediate removal of mud, dirt or debris deposited on city streets, sidewalks and/or curb and gutters by equipment leaving the site or by the permit holder's construction procedures.

G. If it becomes necessary for the city street crews to remove any mud, dirt, or debris which has been deposited upon a street or sidewalk of Salt Lake City Corporation, the total cost to the city of such removal will be charged to the property owner or contractor (permit holder), including legal fees, if any. Payment of such charges will be made to the city prior to certification of final inspections, utility clearances, and issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

H. The director of building and housing services building official or the city engineer
is empowered to suspend any permit until the permit holder installs the necessary cleaning
equipment and/or erosion control facilities to ensure that no dust or debris is deposited upon the
streets and sidewalks of Salt Lake City Corporation. Such device shall operate in a manner
satisfactory to the director of building and housing services building official or the city engineer.

744 I. A violation of this chapter shall be punished as a class B misdemeanor, and the
 745 issuance of a criminal complaint shall not excuse the permit holder of his or her responsibilities
 746 to abate the problem. Each day the violation exists shall be a separate offense.

747

748 18.20.220: WAIVER OR DEFERRAL OF FEES:

Nonprofit organizations may petition the city for the waiver or deferral of any or all fees required
by this title on an annual or project by project basis as provided below:

A. Petitions shall be filed with the <u>division of housing stability</u>appeals and advisory
 board ("HAAB").

B. Waivers shall not be granted for projects that are receiving seventy five percent for projects that upgrade or construct owner occupied housing or multiple dwelling units used for very low income housing as provided by the guidelines established by the United States department of housing and urban development.

C. Waivers under five hundred dollars (\$500.00) may be granted by the director of
 community and neighborhoods.

D. Waiver requests over five hundred dollars (\$500.00), and director denials of
 waivers under five hundred dollars (\$500.00) shall be heard informally before the director of the
 department of community and neighborhoodsHAAB after notice of the hearing has been posted
 for seven (7) days in the office of the city recorder.

764 HAABThe director of the department of community and neighborhoods may ED. 765 recommend granting the waiver or deferral if ithe/she finds that the project or projects, and the 766 sponsoring nonprofit organization furthers the city's established low income housing goals to 767 provide housing for persons or families under eighty percent (80%) of the city's median income, 768 as defined by the United States department of housing and urban development, and also meets all 769 applicable guidelines established for any such programs by the United States department of 770 housing and urban development. HAAB The director may recommend that waivers may be 771 granted for remodeling or construction of offices for nonprofit housing corporations if ithe/she 772 finds that such remodeling or construction will save the corporation money and that such savings 773 will be applied to a specific housing project.

FE. The HAAB<u>director's</u> recommendation will be made to the director of community and neighborhoods<u>city council and considered at a public meeting</u>, who shall issue the decision of the department. The property owner of any project(s) for which a waiver or deferral of fees is granted shall enter into, as applicable, (1) a restrictive covenant, in a form approved by the city attorney, against the applicable property pertaining to the affordable housing that shall be provided at the property, or (2) a binding agreement regarding the method in which the fee savings shall be applied to a specific housing project.

781 G. Any person or entity dissatisfied with the decision of the director may appeal such
 782 decision to the mayor or the mayor's designee, whose decision shall be final.

HF. HAAB Fee waivers or deferrals shall not be granted may not grant a waiver or
 deferral to any organization which owns, operates, manages or is related by common ownership
 or management to any other such organization which owns, operates or manages buildings for
 which existing notices of code violations have not been curedcorrected.

787

788 SECTION 6. <u>Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.24.</u> That Chapter

789 18.24 of the Salt Lake City Code (Administration and Enforcement: Enforcement and Penalties)

shall be, and hereby is amended as follows:

791

792 CHAPTER 18.24

793 ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

794

795 18.24.010: MANDATORY AND PROHIBITIONARY NATURE OF 796 PROVISIONSENFORCEMENT RESPONSIBILITY AND AUTHORITY:

797 798 799 800 801 802	A. It is unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to perform any act prohibited by this title, specifically chapters 18.04 through this chapter, 18.32 through 18.44, 18.48 through 18.64, 18.72, 18.76, 18.84 and 18.88 of this title, or to fail or to refuse to perform any act required by this title and said chapters, or to aid or abet therein, or to fail or refuse to comply with any valid order issued by the building official or his or her designee pursuant to the provisions of this title.
803 804 805	B. No permits shall be issued to any applicant during the time such applicant fails to correct any defective work or noncomplying installation of equipment after written notice by the building official of the division of building and housing services or his or her designee.
806 807	C. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this title shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
808 809 810 811 812 813	Unless otherwise provided by this title, the building official is authorized and responsible for enforcement of this title. The fire marshal or designee shall be the principal enforcement officer on post construction activity with respect to the fire codes. Whenever one or more violations of this title exist, any enforcement official has the authority to obtain compliance subject to the provisions of this code. Unless otherwise provided, any violation of this title shall be subject to the enforcement processes and penalties as set forth in this chapter.
814	
815 816	18.24.020: CONTINUING OFFENSES DEEMED DAILY VIOLATIONSCRIMINAL <u>PENALTIES</u> :
817 818 819	Where no other penalty is prescribed, any person convicted of violating any provision of this title shall be punished as provided by section 1.12.050 of this code, or its successor section, and each day that any violation of this title is permitted to continue shall constitute a separate offense.
820 821 822 823 824 825	Unless otherwise provided, it shall be a misdemeanor for any person, firm, or corporation to violate the provisions of this title, either by failing to do those acts required or by doing an act prohibited by this title or the codes referred to herein, or by aiding or abetting in a violation of this title or the codes referred to herein. Each day that any violation of this title is permitted to continue shall constitute a separate offense. The class of misdemeanor shall be as dictated by state law.
826	
827	18.24.030: CHOICE OF REMEDIES:
828 829 830 831	A. In addition to any criminal prosecution, this title may be enforced through administrative or civil actions. The city may pursue any legal remedy to ensure compliance with this title including, but not limited to, injunctive relief. The city has sole discretion over which remedy or combination of remedies it may choose to pursue.
832 833 834 835	B. If the city elects to pursue through administrative or civil actions one or more violations of the provisions of this title, a civil penalty shall be assessed for each violation in the amount set forth in the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. Each day a violation continues after notice of the same shall give rise to a separate civil fine.

836	C. The possibility of an administrative or civil remedy does not interfere with the
837	city's right to prosecute violations of this title as criminal offenses. If the city chooses to file
838	both civil and criminal actions for the same violation, no civil penalties in the form of fines shall
839	be assessed, but other remedies, such as orders to correct the violations or other declaratory or
840	injunctive relief, is available to the city.
841	
842	D. The city may use such lawful means as are available to obtain compliance with
843	the provisions of this title and to collect the civil fines that accrue as a result of the violation of
844	the provisions of this title, including but not limited to a legal action to obtain one or more of the
845	following: an injunction, an order of mandamus, an order requiring the property owner or
846	occupant or permittee to abate the violations, an order permitting the city to enter the property
847	and abate the violations, and a judgment in the amount of the civil fines accrued for the violation,
848	including costs and attorney fees, and a judgment in the amount of any actual costs incurred by
849	the city.
850	
851	E. In addition to the other remedies provided by this title, upon the finding of a
852	violation of this title the building official may evacuate or close a building to occupancy when
853	necessary to protect the public or neighboring property from a risk to health or safety. The
854	building shall thereafter remain unoccupied until the appropriate certificate of occupancy has
855	been issued.
856	
857	F. Recurring Violations: In the case where a violation, which had been corrected,
858	reoccurs at the same property within 6 months of the initial correction and is due the actions or
859	inactions of the same responsible party as the prior violation, the city may begin enforcement of
860	said recurring violation and impose fines after a 10 day warning period.
861	
862	18.24.040: NOTICE & ORDER; STOP WORK ORDER:
863	A. Notice and Order.
864	1. Upon a determination that there is a violation of this title an enforcement
865	official may provide a written notice and order to any responsible party. The written
866	notice and order shall state:
867	a. <u>The name and address, if known, of the responsible party;</u>
868	b. the date and location of each violation;
869	c. <u>the code sections violated;</u>
870	d. that the violations must be corrected;
871	e. provide a specific date by which the enforcement official orders that
872	the violations be corrected by;
873	f. the amount of the civil fine to accrue for each violation, or other
874	enforcement action that the enforcement official intends to pursue, if
875	the violation is not corrected by the date specified;
876	g. identification of the right to and procedure to appeal; and
877	h. the signature of the enforcement official.

878	2. The enforcement official shall serve the notice and order on the
879	responsible party by:
880	a. Posting a copy of the written notice and order on the noncompliant
881	property, and
882	b. By mailing the notice and order through certified mail or reputable
883	mail tracking service that is capable of confirming delivery. If the
884	responsible party is the property owner of record, then mailing shall be
885	to the last known address appearing on the records of the Salt Lake
886	County Recorder. If the responsible party is any other person or entity
887	other than the owner of record, then mailing shall be to the last known
888	address of the responsible party on file with the city.
889	c. Notwithstanding the foregoing, personal service upon the responsible
890	party shall be sufficient to meet the notice and order mailing
891	requirements of Subsection 18.24.040.A.2.b.
892	3. Following the issuance of a notice and order, any responsible party shall
893	correct the violations specified in the notice and order. Upon correction of the violations
894	specified in the notice and order, the responsible party shall request an inspection of the
895	property.
896	4. Following a request for an inspection as set forth in Subsection
897	18.24.040.A.3, an enforcement official shall conduct an inspection of the property to
898	determine whether the violations alleged in the notice and order have been corrected,
899	including, if applicable, all necessary permits have been issued and all final inspections
900	have been performed as required by applicable city codes.
901	5. If one or more violations are not corrected by the deadline specified in the
902	notice and order, civil fines shall accrue at the rate set forth in Subsection 18.24.030.B.
903	Accumulation of civil fines for violations, but not the obligation for payment of civil
904	fines already accrued, shall stop upon correction of the violation(s) once confirmed
905	through an inspection requested pursuant to Subsection 18.24.040.A.3.
906	6. <u>The responsible party shall have the right to contest the notice and order at</u>
907	an administrative hearing in accordance with Chapter 18.12. Failure to timely request an
908 909	administrative hearing and pay the administrative hearing fee set forth in the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing and a
909 910	waiver of the right to appeal.
910 911	warver of the fight to appeal.
	D. Ston Work Orden Unon a determination that there is a violation of this title on
912 913	B. Stop Work Order. Upon a determination that there is a violation of this title an enforcement official may issue a stop work order prior to issuance of a notice and order. If, after
913 914	issuance of a notice and order pursuant to subsection A, the violations cited remain uncorrected
91 4	after the correction period set forth in the notice and order, then a daily civil fine in the amount
916	set forth in the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule shall be imposed.
	<u>ser term in me suiv Luite enj consentation ree senedare shari ce miposed.</u>
917	
918	18.24.050: NOTICE OF NONCOMPLIANCE; ABATEMENT LIEN:
210	

919	A. <u>Upon expiration of the correction period set forth in a notice and order or stop</u>
920	work order, and where the violation(s) remain uncorrected, the city may record on the
921	noncompliant property with the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office a notice of noncompliance.
922	B. <u>The recordation of a notice of noncompliance shall not be deemed an</u>
923	encumbrance on the noncompliant property but shall merely place interested parties on notice of
924	any continuing violation of this title at the noncompliant property.
925	C. If a notice of noncompliance has been recorded pursuant to Section A and the
926	enforcement official determines that all violations have been corrected, the enforcement official
927	shall issue a notice of compliance by recording the notice of compliance on the property with the
928	Salt Lake County Recorder's Office. Recordation of the notice of compliance shall have the
929	effect of canceling the recorded notice of noncompliance.
930	D. If the city files an action for injunctive relief seeking abatement of one or more
931	violations and the district court authorizes the abatement of one or more violations and the city
932	incurs costs and the costs are not paid, a lien or garnishment may be placed to recover the costs
933	and may be considered an encumbrance on the property.
934	
935	SECTION 7. <u>Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.28.</u> That Chapter
936	18.28 of the Salt Lake City Code (Technical Building Specifications: Site Development
937	Regulations) shall be, and hereby is amended as follows:
938	CHAPTER 18.28
939	SITE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS
0.40	
940	
941	18.28.010: GENERAL PROVISIONS:
942	A. Authority: This chapter is enacted pursuant to title 10 of the, Utah Code
943	Annotated, 1953, as amended. This chapter is further enacted as an element of the Salt Lake City
944	master plan.
045	D Applicability The provisions of this chapter shall opply to all site development
945 946	B. Applicability: The provisions of this chapter shall apply to all site development within Salt Lake City; however, a permit shall be required only for those types of developments
940 947	set forth in subsections 18.28.040A, "General Application", and 18.28.050A, "General
948	Application", of this chapter.
949	C. Purpose: This title <u>chapter</u> is adopted: to promote public safety and the general
950	public welfare; to protect property against loss from erosion, earth movement, earthquake
951	hazard, and flooding; to maintain a superior community environment; to provide for the
952	continued orderly growth of the city to ensure maximum preservation of the natural scenic
953 954	character of major portions of the city by establishing minimum standards and requirements
M 14	relating to land grading avayations and fills, and to establish measured where hy which these
	relating to land grading, excavations, and fills; and to establish procedures by which these standards and requirements may be enforced. It is intended that this chapter be administered with
955 956	relating to land grading, excavations, and fills; and to establish procedures by which these standards and requirements may be enforced. It is intended that this chapter be administered with the foregoing purposes in mind and specifically to:

- 957 1. Ensure that the development of each site occurs in a manner harmonious
 958 with adjacent lands so as to minimize problems of drainage, erosion, earth movement,
 959 and similar hazards;
- 960 2. Ensure that public lands and places, watercourses, streets, and all other 961 lands in the city are protected from erosion, earth movement, and drainage hazards;
- 9623. Ensure that the planning, design, and construction of all development will963be done in a manner which provides maximum safety and human enjoyment, and, except964where specifically intended otherwise, makes it as unobtrusive in the natural terrain as965possible;
- 966
 967
 968
 4. Ensure, insofar as practicable, the retention of natural vegetation to aid in protection against erosion, earth movement, and other hazards and to aid in preservation of the natural scenic qualities of the city; and
- 9695. Ensure, insofar as Salt Lake City is located in an active seismic zone, that970appropriate earthquake hazard mitigation measures are incorporated into the planning and971execution of site development.

972 D. Identification Θ_0 f Fault Hazards: Pending the completion by the Utah geological 973 survey (UGS) of a fault hazard map for Salt Lake City, the planning director may rely upon the 974 existing information available from UGS or other publicly or privately prepared geological 975 reports to identify fault hazards.

- 976 E. Format: This chapter is designed to establish administrative and enforcement
 977 procedures and minimum standards applicable to site development activities according to the
 978 following categories:
- 9791.Section 18.28.040 of this chapter governs site development associated980with construction of individual buildings under authorized building permits;
- 9812.Section 18.28.050 of this chapter governs site development not requiring982permits under subsection E1 of this section.
- 983
- 984 18.28.020: DEFINITIONS:
- A. Definition Of Terms: For the purposes of this chapter, certain terms used herein
 are defined as set forth below:
- 987 AS GRADED: The surface conditions existent upon completion of grading.
- 988 BEDROCK: In place, solid, rock.
- 989 BENCH: A relatively level step excavated into earth material on which fill is to be placed.
- 990 BORROW: Earth material acquired from an off site location for use in grading a site.
- 991 BUILDING OFFICIAL: The director of the building and housing services department of Salt
- 992 Lake City.

- BUILDING PERMIT: A permit issued by Salt Lake City for the construction, erection, oralteration of a structure or building.
- 995 CERTIFY OR CERTIFICATION: Means that the specific reports, inspections, and tests that are
- required have been performed by the person or under their supervision, and that the results of
- 997 such reports, inspections, and tests comply with the applicable requirements of this chapter.
- 998 CITY ENGINEER: The city engineer of Salt Lake City.
- 999 CIVIL ENGINEER: A professional engineer registered in the state of Utah to practice in the 1000 field of civil works.
- 1001 CIVIL ENGINEERING: The application of the knowledge to the forces of nature, principals of
- 1002 mechanics, and the properties of materials to the evaluation, design, and construction of civil 1003 works for the beneficial uses of mankind.
- 1004 COMPACTION: The densification of fill by mechanical means.
- 1005 CUBIC YARDS: The volume of material in an excavation and/or fill.
- 1006 CUL-DE-SAC: A street closed at one end.
- 1007 CUT: See definition of Excavation.
- 1008 DRIVEWAY: A way or route for use by vehicle traffic leading from a parking area or from a1009 house, garage, or other structure, to a road or street.
- 1010 EARTH MATERIAL: Any rock, natural soil, or any combination thereof.
- 1011 ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST: A graduate in geology or engineering geology of an accredited
- 1012 university, with five (5) or more full years of professional postgraduate experience in the
- application of the geological sciences, of which three (3) full years shall be in the field of
- 1014 engineering geology that has required the application of geological data, techniques, and
- 1015 principles to engineering problems dealing with groundwater, naturally occurring rock and soil,
- and geologic hazards for the purpose of assuring that geological factors are recognized and
- 1017 adequately interpreted and presented.
- 1018 EROSION: The wearing away of the ground surface as a result of the movement of wind, water,1019 and/or ice.
- 1020 EXCAVATION: Any act by which vegetation, earth, sand, gravel, rock, or any other similar
- material is cut into, dug, quarried, uncovered, removed, displaced, relocated, or bulldozed, and shall include the conditions resulting therefrom.
- 1023 EXISTING GRADE: The actual elevation (in relation to mean sea level) of the ground surface1024 before excavation or filling.
- 1025 FILL: Any earth, sand, gravel, rock, or any other material which is deposited, placed, replaced,
- 1026 pushed, dumped, pulled, transported, or moved by man to a new location and shall include the 1027 conditions resulting therefrom.

- 1028 FILL MATERIAL: Earth material free from rock or similar irreducible material exceeding
- 1029 twelve inches (12") in diameter, metal, and organic material except that topsoil spread on cut and
- 1030 fill surfaces may incorporate humus for desirable moisture retention properties.
- 1031 FUEL BREAK: A strategically located strip or block of land, varying in width, on which
- 1032 vegetation has been modified to provide a safer place for firefighters to work and to help reduce
 1033 the rate of fire spread.
- 1034 GRADING: Excavation or fill or any combination thereof that alters the elevation of the terrain 1035 and shall include the conditions resulting from any excavation or fill.
- 1036 LICENSED ARCHITECT: An architect who is registered with the division of occupational and1037 professional licensing of the state of Utah.
- 1038 NATURAL DRAINAGE: Water which flows by gravity in channels formed by the surface
 1039 topography of the earth prior to changes made by the efforts of man.
- 1040 ONE STREET ACCESS: A street that provides the sole access to one or more other streets.
- 1041 PARCEL: All contiguous land in one ownership, provided, however, each lot conforming to the
- 1042 zoning ordinances of Salt Lake City in a subdivision may be considered to be a separate parcel.
- 1043 PERCENT OF SLOPE: The slope of a designated area of land determined by dividing the
- 1044 horizontal run of the slope into the vertical rise of the same slope, measured between contour
- 1045 lines on the referenced contour map and converting the resulting figure into a percentage value.
- 1046 This calculation is described by the following formula:
- 1047
- $1048 \quad S = V/H$
- 1049 Where
- 1050 "S" is the percent of slope;
- 1051
- 1052 "V" is the vertical distance; and
- 1053
- 1054 "H" is the horizontal distance.
- 1055
- 1056 PERMITTEE: Any person to which a site development permit has been issued.
- 1057 PERSON: Any person, firm or corporation (either public or private), the state of Utah and its
- 1058 agencies or political subdivisions, the United States Of America and its agencies and
- 1059 instrumentalities, and any agent, servant, office, or employee of any of the foregoing.
- 1060 PLANNING DIRECTOR: The planning director of Salt Lake City.

- 1061 QUARRY: An open excavation for the extraction of resources.
- 1062 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER: A civil engineer who is registered with the1063 division of occupational and professional licensing of the state of Utah.
- 1064 REMOVAL: Killing vegetation by spraying, complete extraction, or excavation, or cutting1065 vegetation to the ground, trunks, or stumps.
- 1066 SEISMIC: Characteristic of, or produced by, earthquakes or earth vibration.
- SITE: A lot or parcel of land, or a contiguous combination thereof, where grading work isperformed as a single unified operation.
- 1069 SITE DEVELOPMENT (Also Known As SITE PREPARATION): Grading and underground
- 1070 utility installation in preparation for an approved, pending development or use for the subject
- 1071 site.
- 1072 SLOPE CLASSIFICATION MAP: A map prepared as a colored exhibit by a registered
- 1073 professional engineer or land surveyor based upon a contour map of the specified scale and

1074 contour interval, upon which the measured and calculated percent of slope (measured between

1075 every contour interval on the map) is classified or grouped into percentage of slope data in ten

- 1076 percent (10%) slope groupings as follows:
- 1077

Slope Classification	Percent Of Slope	Mapped Color
Level	0 - 9.9%	Uncolored
Slight	10 - 19.9%	Yellow
Moderate	20 - 29.9%	Orange
Severe	30% and greater	Red

1078

- 1079 SOILS ENGINEER: A registered civil engineer of the state of Utah, specializing in soil
- 1080 mechanics and foundation engineering, familiar with the application of principles of soil
- 1081 mechanics in the investigation and analysis of the engineering properties of earth materials.
- 1082 SURCHARGE: The temporary placement of fill material on a site in order to compress or1083 compact the natural soil mass.
- 1084 TESTING LABORATORY: A testing laboratory that requires supervisory personnel to be
 1085 professional engineers registered with the division of occupational and professional licensing of
 1086 the state of Utah.
- 1087 VACANT: Land on which there are no structures or only structures which are secondary to the1088 use or maintenance of the land itself.
- 1089
- 1090 18.28.030: RESERVED:

1091	
1092	18.28.040: LAND DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS-(BUILDING SITES):
1093 1094 1095 1096	A. General Application: No person or party shall cause any <u>excavation or grading to</u> be done on a building site <u>in excess of the limits set forth below</u> without first having obtained <u>a</u> site development <u>permitapproval in conjunction with the building permit process or a permit</u> from the building official except as specified below.
1097 1098 1099	1. Work Requiring Separate Approval/Permit: A site development approval and/or permit shall be required in all cases where development comes under any one or more of the following provisions:
1100 1101	a. Excavation, fill, or any combination thereof exceeding one thousand (1,000) cubic yards;
1102 1103 1104	b. Excavation, fill, or any combination thereof exceeding five 5 feet $(5')$ -in vertical depth at its deepest point measured from the adjacent, undisturbed, ground surface;
1105 1106	c. Excavation, fill, or any combination thereof exceeding an area of <u>aone-half (1/2)</u> acre;
1107 1108 1109	d. Excavation, fill, or any combination thereof <u>of</u> exceeding seventy five percent (7510%) or more of a building site including the excavation for foundations and footings;
$\begin{array}{c} 1110\\ 1111\end{array}$	e. Removal of vegetation from an area in excess of <u>aone-half (1/2)</u> acre for purposes other than agricultural;
1112	f. Engineered interior fills or surcharges.
1113 1114	g. Commercial quarries or mining activities operating in permitted zoning districts as provided in Title 21A.
1115 1116 1117	2. Work Not Requiring Separate Approval/Permit: A separate site development permit shall not be required in the following cases, for issuance of a building permit shall specify approval of the required grading plan:
1118 1119 1120 1121 1122	a. Excavation below finished grade for basements and footings of buildings or other structures authorized by a valid building permit. This shall not exempt any fill made with material from such excavation, or exempt any excavation having an unsupported height greater than five 5 feet $(5')$ -after the completion of such structure.
1123 1124	b. Removal of vegetation as part of work authorized by a valid building permit.
1125 1126 1127	3. Waiver: The following requirements and standards shall apply to all building sites unless deemed unwarranted by the written recommendation of the building official.

1128 Permits Required: Except as exempted in sSubsection A of this section, no person B. 1129 or party shall do or cause any grading to be done on a building site without first obtaining site 1130 development approval, or permit from the building official. A a separate approval or permit shall 1131 be required for each site, and may cover both excavation and fill. 1132 Application: To obtain a permit or approval the applicant shall first file an 1. 1133 application therefor in writing on a form furnished by the building department for that purpose. Every such application shall: 1134 1135 Identify and describe the work to be covered by the permit or a. 1136 approval for which application is made; 1137 Describe the land on which the proposed work is to be done by b. 1138 legal description, street address, or similar description that will readily identify 1139 and definitely locate the proposed work and identify lots of any platted

1141c.Indicate the use or occupancy for which the proposed work is1142intended;

subdivision included within the proposed building site;

1143d.Be accompanied by plans, diagrams, computations, and1144specifications and other data as required;

1140

- 1145e. Be signed by property owner or permittee, or his authorized agent,1146who may be required to submit evidence to indicate such authority;
- 1147f.Show the location of existing and proposed buildings or structures1148on the applicant's property, and the location of buildings or structures on adjacent1149properties which are within fifteen15 feet (15') of the applicant's property, or1150which may be affected by the proposed site development activities;
- 1151g.Show the location of property lines and all existing and proposed1152streets, roadways, driveways, easements, and rights of way on, contiguous, or1153adjacent to the proposed development site;
- 1154h.Show the present contours of the site in dashed lines and the1155proposed contours in solid lines. Contour intervals shall be not greater than two21156feet (2') where slopes are predominately five percent (5%) or less, and five5 feet1157(5') where slopes are predominately steeper than five percent (5%). The source of1158all topographical information shall be indicated;
- 1159i.Show the location of all drainage to, from, and across the site, the1160location of intermittent and permanent streams, springs, culverts, and other1161drainage structures, and size and location of any precipitation catchment areas in,1162above, or within one hundred 100 feet (100') of the site;
- 1163j.IncludeShow detailed plans and location of all surface and1164subsurface drainage devices, walls, dams, sediment basins, storage reservoirs, and1165other protective devices to be constructed with, or as a part of, the proposed work,1166together with a map showing drainage areas, and the complete drainage network

1167 1168 1169	including outfall lines and natural drainageways which may be affected by the proposed project. Include the estimated runoff of the areas served by the proposed drainage system;			
1170 1171	k. Present a plan showing temporary erosion control measures to prevent erosion during the course of construction;			
1172 1173 1174 1175	l. All grading in excess of five thousand (5,000) cubic yards shall require professional engineering and shall be designated as "engineered grading". Any application including engineered grading shall contain a grading plan prepared by a registered professional engineer or licensed architect;			
1176	m. <u>IncludeShow</u> a revegetation plan including:			
1177	(1) A survey of existing trees, shrubs, and ground covers,			
1178 1179 1180	(2) A plan for the proposed revegetation of the site detailing existing vegetation to be preserved, new vegetation to be planned and any modification to existing vegetation, and			
1181 1182	(3) A plan for the preservation of existing vegetation during construction activity;			
1183 1184	n. Make a statement of the estimated starting and completion dates for the grading work proposed and any revegetation work that may be required;			
1185 1186	o. Identify the type of surcharging fill material to be used on the building site;			
1187 1188 1189	p. Estimate the amount of time surcharging fill material will be in place, and show consideration by a soils engineer of the potential for vertical and lateral soil movements on properties adjacent to the surcharge;			
1190 1191	q. Submit a copy of the recorded subdivision plat showing developable area limitations, if applicable;			
1192 1193	r. <u>Describe the method to be employed in disposing of soil and other</u> material that is removed from the site, including the location of the disposal site;			
1194 1195	s. Describe the method to be used in obtaining fill to be used on the site and the site of acquisition of such fill;			
1196 1197 1198 1199	t. Include an engineering geology report described in Section 18.28.040.C.2 if the proposed development lies within 500 feet of an identified fault. Said report may be submitted for review to the Utah geological survey by the building official.			
1200 1201 1202 1203	u. Applications related to commercial quarriers shall contain an acceptable plan for the eventual rehabilitation and use of the quarry site after the resources have been removed. Such a plan, at a scale of not less than one inch equals 100 feet with contour intervals not greater than 5 feet, shall be compatible			

1204with its surroundings and in general agreement with the city's master plan. The1205plan shall show the proposed treatment of any stream channel adjacent to the1206resource deposits during extraction operations. Limits of excavation shall be1207determined to protect any natural or improved channel and any nearby wooded1208areas considered vital to the function of the rehabilitated area. Included the1209estimated time period during which quarrying and land rehabilitation operations1210will be conducted.

1211v.Such other information as may be required by the building official1212or city engineer such as slope classification map and analysis, profiles or cross1213sections, additional drainage calculations, soils data including a report from a1214registered soils engineer or other qualified person.

1215 C. Soil Engineering Report Oor Engineering Geology Required:

12161.Soil Engineering Report: The soil engineering report required shall1217include data regarding the nature, distribution, and strength of existing soils, conclusions1218and recommendations for grading procedures, design criteria for corrective measures1219when necessary, and opinions and recommendations addressing the adequacy of the site1220under the proposed grading plan to support the proposed development.

12212. Engineering Geology Report: The engineering geology report required1222shall include an adequate description of the geology of the site, conclusions and1223recommendations regarding the effect of geologic conditions on the proposed1224development, and opinions and recommendations addressing the adequacy of the site1225under the proposed grading plan to support the proposed development. This requirement1226may be waived by written recommendation of the building official if it is deemed1227unwarranted.

1228 Issuance: The application, plans, specifications, and other data submitted by an D. 1229 applicant for permit shall be reviewed by the building official. Such plans may be reviewed by 1230 other departments or agencies to verify compliance with any applicable laws under their 1231 jurisdiction. If the building official finds that the work described in an application for a permit 1232 and the plans, specifications, and other data filed therewith conform to the requirements of this 1233 title and other pertinent laws and ordinances, and that the fees specified have been paid, he shall 1234 issue a permit therefor to the property owner or his authorized agent. When the building official 1235 issues the permit where plans are required, he shall endorse in writing or stamp the plans and 1236 specifications "APPROVED". Such approved plans and specifications shall not be changed, 1237 modified, or altered without authorization from the building official, and all work shall be done 1238 in accordance with the approved plans. The building official may require that the site 1239 development activities and project designs or specifications be modified if delays occur which 1240 may create weather generated problems not considered at the time the permit was issued. No site 1241 alteration shall occur during the months of November through March and no applications 1242 proposing such work during that time shall be approved.

E. Fees: City fees associated with reviewing and processing site development (a.k.a. repreparation") permits shall be those listed on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. 1245 F. Grading <u>Aand Erosion Control Standards Aand Regulations</u>: All site development 1246 work shall be accomplished in conformance to the following grading and erosion control design 1247 standards and regulations:

- 12481.Hours Oof Operation: All grading operations in or within 660 feet1249ofcontiguous to residential land usesneighborhoods shall be carried on between the hours1250of seven o'clock (7:00) A.M. and five thirty o'clock (5:30) P.M. The building official may1251waive this requirement if it is shown that by restricting the hours of operation it would1252unduly interfere with the development of the property and it is shown that the1253neighboring properties would not be adversely affected.
- 12542.Dust Aand Dirt Control: All graded surfaces of any nature shall be1255dampened or suitably contained to prevent dust or spillage on city streets or adjacent1256properties. Equipment, materials, and roadways on the site shall be used or treated so as1257to cause the least possible annoyance due to dirt, mud, or dust conditions.

12583.Undevelopable Slopes: Any (1) slope identified on a subdivision plat as1259undevelopable, (2) slope that has been altered without permits or prior approval to 30%1260or greater, or (3) natural slopes identified on a slope classification map of thirty percent1261(30%) or greater (as measured pursuant to a "ten-foot averaging" method as defined in1262Section 20.50.020), shall be designated undevelopable area. In no event shall streets1263traverse such slopes.

- 12644. Finished Cuts Aand Slopes: Limitations shall be applied to the extent of1265cut and fill slopes to minimize the amount of excavated surface or ground area exposed to1266potential erosion and settlement.
- 1267a. The exposed or finished cuts or slopes of any fill or excavation1268shall be smoothly graded.

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1269b.All cut and fill slopes shall be recontoured and revegetated by the1270permittee in accordance with an approved plan.

c. Cut or fill slopes shall normally be limited to fifteen15 feet (15') in vertical height. However, upon review and favorable recommendation of the city engineer and public utilities director the building official may approve cut and fill slopes exceeding fifteen15 feet (15') provided that such variations be allowed on a limited basis after thorough review of each request and only when balanced by offsetting improvements to the overall aesthetic, environmental, and engineering quality of the development.

- 1278d.No excavation creating a cut face and no fill creating an exposed1279surface shall have a slope ratio exceeding one and one- half horizontal to one1280vertical (11/2:1).
- 1281e. Exceptions:1282(1) No slopes shall cut steeper than the bedding plane, fracture,1283fault, or joint in any formation where the cut slope will lie on the dip of1284the strike line of the bedding plane, fracture, fault, or joint.

1285 1286 1287	(2) No slopes shall be cut in an existing landslide, mudflow, or other form of naturally unstable slope except as recommended by a qualified geological engineer.
1288	(3) Where the formation is exposed above the top of the cut
1289	which will permit the entry of water along bedding planes, this area shall
1290	be sealed with a compacted soil blanket having a minimum thickness of
1291	$\frac{1}{1000}$ feet (2'). The soil for this blanket shall be relatively impervious and
1292	shall be approved by the soils engineer or engineering geologist.
1293	f. If the material of a slope is of such composition and character as to
1294	be unstable under the anticipated maximum moisture content, the slope angle
1295	shall be reduced to a stable value or retained by a method approved by the city
1296	engineer and certified as to its stability by a soils engineer or geologist. Said
1297	retaining method shall include design provisions which are:
1298	(1) Conducive to revegetation for soil stability and visual
1299	impact;
1300	(2) Used for selected areas of the site and not as a general
1301	application; and
1302	(3) Limited to tiers each of which is no higher than $\frac{1}{1000}$ feet
1303	(6), separated by plantable terraces a minimum of $\frac{1}{100}$ feet (2) in width;
1304	g. Any retaining system shall remain and be maintained on the lots
1305	until plans for construction are approved and a building permit is issued. The
1306	plans shall include provisions to integrate driveway access to the lot while
1307	maintaining the structural integrity of the retaining system.
1308	h. The <u>building official</u> city engineer may require the slope of a cut or
1309	fill to be made more level if at any time it is found that the material being, or the
1310	fill, is unusually subject to erosion, static or dynamic instability, or if other
1311	conditions make such requirements necessary for stability.
1312	i. Driveways leaving public rights of way shall not exceed a
1313	maximum change in grade angle of six percent (6%) transition over an eleven <u>11</u>
1314	foot (11') run. The slope should be transitioned beyond property line no more than
1315	an average sixteen percent (16%) grade. Parking structures may allow a maximum
1316	change in grade angle of ten percent (10%) with a minimum ten 10 foot (10') run.
1317	Maximum sight distance should be encouraged with blind entrances or other sight
1318	obstructions complying with the Sight Distance Triangle Requirements as defined
1319	and illustrated in Chapter 21A.62transportation division's standard E2.e1 "clear
1320	site zone area" or its successor.
1321	5. Abatement <u>Oo</u> f Hazardous Conditions:
1322	a. If, at any stage of grading, the building official or city engineer
1323	determines by inspection that the nature of the formation is such that further work
1324	as authorized by an existing permit is likely to imperil any property, public way,

1325	watercourse, or drainage structure, the building official or city engineer shall			
1326	require, as condition to allowing the work to proceed, that reasonable safety			
1327	precautions be taken as are considered advisable to avoid likelihood of such peril.			
1328	Such precautions may include, but shall not be limited to, any of the following:			
1329	(1) Specification of a more level exposed slope;			
1330	(2) Construction of additional drainage facilities, berms, or			
1331	terraces;			
1332	(3) Compaction or cribbing;			
1333	(4) Installation of plants for erosion control; and/or			
1334	(5) Reports from a registered soils engineer and/or engineering			
1335	geologist whose recommendations may be made requirements for further			
1336	work.			
1337	Such requirements by the building official planning director or city engineer shall			
1338	constitute a required change order in the work to be performed under permit. Said			
1339	changes may be required to be reflected in amended plans.			
1340	b. Where it appears that damage from storm drainage may result from			
1341	work performed hereunder, such work may be stopped and the permittee required			
1342	to take such measures as may be necessary to protect adjoining property or the			
1343	public safety. On large operations, or where unusual site conditions exist, the			
1344	building official or city engineer may specify the time at which grading may			
1345	proceed and the time of completion or may require that the operation be			
1346	conducted in specific stages so as to ensure completion of protective measures or			
1347	devices prior to the advent of seasonal rains.			
1348	6. Fill Material Aand Compaction:			
1349	a. Fill Material: All fill shall be earth, rock, or inert material free			
1350	from organic material and free of metal, except that topsoil spread on cut and fill			
1351	surfaces may incorporate humus for desirable moisture retention properties. Fill			
1352	not meeting the definition above shall be placed only in an approved public or			
1353	private landfill or other approved deposit site.			
1354	b. Backfillings: Any pipe trench or trenching, or excavation made in			
1355	any slope of any excavated or filled site, shall be backfilled and compacted to the			
1356	level of the surrounding grade.			
1357	c. Compaction Oof Fills: Unless otherwise directed by the building			
1358	official, all fills governed by this title, intended to support building, structures, or			
1359	where otherwise required to be compacted for stability, shall be compacted,			
1360	inspected, and tested in accordance with the following provisions:			
1361	(1) The natural ground surface shall be prepared by removal of			
1362	topsoil and vegetation, and, if necessary, shall be graded to a series of			
1363	terraces. If fill material unacceptable under subsection F6a of this section			

1364 1365	is placed on the site, or the fill is not placed according to procedures of this title, then it must be removed.
1366 1367	(2) The fill shall be spread and compacted in accordance with the city engineer's approved standards.
1368 1369 1370	(3) The moisture content of the fill material shall be controlled at the time of spreading and compaction to obtain required maximum density.
1371 1372 1373 1374 1375 1376	(4) A written report of the completed compaction, showing location and depth of test holes, materials used, moisture conditions, recommended soil bearing pressures, and relative density obtained from all tests, prepared by a civil engineer or soils engineer licensed by the state of Utah, or testing laboratory shall be submitted to the building official, who shall rely on the expertise of the city engineer for review.
1377 1378 1379 1380 1381	(5) The building official or city engineer may require additional tests or information if, in his opinion, the conditions or materials are such that additional information is necessary, and may modify or delete any of the above listed requirements that, in his opinion, are unnecessary to further the purpose of this title.
1382 1383 1384	7. Surcharging: Surcharges shall consist of earth material and shall be applied in such a manner as to have no effect on soil stability on adjacent or neighboring properties.
1385 1386 1387 1388 1389	G. Erosion Control <u>Aa</u> nd Revegetation: All cut and fill surfaces created by grading shall be planted with a ground cover that is a drought resistant variety. Topsoils are to be stockpiled during rough grading and used on cut and fill slopes. Cuts and fills along public roads are required to be landscaped according to a revegetation plan approved by the city. All plant selections must be approved by the parks department and building official prior to approval.
1390	H. Drainage:
1391 1392 1393 1394 1395 1396 1397	1. Adequate provisions shall be made to prevent any surface waters from damaging the cut face of an excavation or any portion of a fill. All drainage ways and structures shall carry surface waters, without producing erosion, to the nearest practical street, storm drain, or natural watercourse as approved by the city engineer. The city engineer may also require drainage structures to be constructed, or installed as necessary to prevent erosion damage or to prevent saturation of the fill or material behind cut slopes.
1398 1399 1400 1401 1402 1402	2. An excess stormwater passage shall be provided for all stormwater storage areas. Such passage shall have capacity to convey through the proposed development the excess stormwater from the tributary watershed. The capacity of such excess stormwater passages shall be constructed in such a manner as to transport the peak rate of runoff from a 100-year return frequency storm assuming all storm sewers are inoperative, all unstream errors are fully developed in second ended with the situ's current land use plan.
1403 1404	upstream areas are fully developed in accordance with the city's current land use plan, and that antecedent rainfall has saturated the tributary watershed.

1405 3. No buildings or structures shall be constructed within such passage, 1406 however, streets, parking lots, playgrounds, park areas, pedestrian walkways, utility 1407 easements, and other open space uses shall be considered compatible uses. In the event 1408 such passageway is reshaped or its capacity to transport excess stormwater is otherwise 1409 restricted during or after construction, the building official or city engineer shall notify the agency, party, or parties causing said restriction to remove the same and set a 1410 1411 reasonable time for its removal. If said parties refuse to, or are unable to, comply with 1412 said order, the building official or city engineer shall cause said restrictions to be removed at the expense of said parties. Where a proposed development contains existing 1413 1414 natural drainage, appropriate planning measures shall be undertaken or required to preserve and maintain said natural drainage as part of the excess stormwater passage. 1415

14164.Notwithstanding any other provisions of this title, whenever, in the1417judgment of the building official or city engineer, a condition occurs in a stormwater1418storage area or passageway that creates a dangerous and imminent health and safety1419hazard, the building official or city engineer shall order such action as shall be effective1420immediately or in the time manner prescribed in the order itself.

I. Setbacks: The setback and other restrictions specified in this section are minimum and may be increased by the building official or by the recommendation of a civil engineer, soils engineer, or engineering geologist, if necessary for safety and stability, to prevent damage of adjacent properties from deposition or erosion, or to provide access for slope maintenance and drainage. Setbacks deal with distance from property lines, structures, or faults, and must satisfy the requirements of subsections I1 through I3 of this section. Retaining walls may be used to reduce the required setbacks when approved by the building official.

14281.Setbacks Ffrom Property Lines: The toes and tops of cut and fill slopes1429where no structures are located shall be set back from the outer boundaries of a "permit1430area" (PA = lot area excluding any undevelopable areas) including yard setbacks, slope-1431right areas, and easements, in accordance with the table and figure 2 of this section.

1432 SETBACKS FROM PERMIT AREA BOUNDARY

1433

- a = Setback distance at toe
- b = Setback at top
- H = Height from toe to top of cut/fill slope

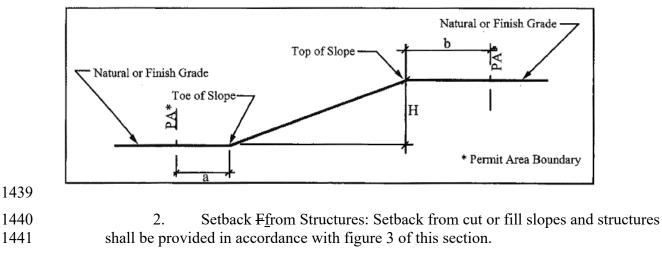
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Н	a	b1
Less than 5'	0	1'
5' to 30'	H/2	H/5
Over 30'	15'	6'

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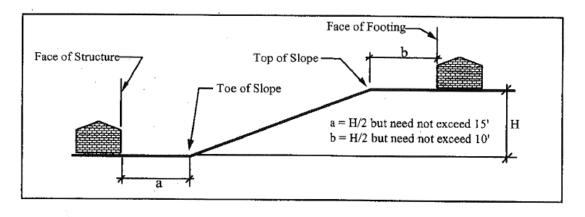
- 1436 Note:
- 1437 1. Additional width may be required for interceptor drain.
- 1438 FIGURE 2

FIGURE 2



1442 FIGURE 3

FIGURE 3



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14443.Setbacks Ffrom Faults: No structure shall be located over a fault. Determinations1445of the appropriate setback distance from the fault shall be made based on recommendations1446contained in the geological report required by subsection C of this section.

1447 J. Site Development Inspections:

14481.Special Inspections: All site development activities for which a permit or1449approval is required shall be subject to inspection by the building official. Special1450inspections of grading operations and special testing shall be performed to ensure

1451 1452	conformity with testing are requ		oved pla	ans and specifications. The following special inspections and
1453		a.	Fills:	
1454 1455		materia	(1) al.	The site is to be inspected prior to placement of fill
1456 1457		site.	(2)	The fill material is to be inspected prior to placement on the
1458			(3)	Final compaction of fill is to be tested.
1459			(4)	The final grade is to be inspected.
1460 1461		plantin	(5) g comp	Revegetation will be inspected during planting, upon letion, and again prior to bond release where applicable.
1462		b.	Cuts:	
1463 1464		materia	(1) al.	The site is to be inspected prior to cutting or removing
1465			(2)	The grade is to be inspected after cutting.
1466 1467		plantin	(3) g comp	Revegetation will be inspected during planting, upon letion, and again prior to bond release where applicable.
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474	at which require shall notify the to be made. W or shown on the	oval is i red insp e city of here it i ne appro	issued, to bections freading is found byed pla	hedule A <u>a</u> nd Enforcement: At the time the site development the building official shall establish the stage of development shall be made. In order to obtain inspections, the permittee ess at least twenty four (24) hours before said inspection is by inspection that conditions are not substantially as stated ans, the building official or his inspectors shall may stop obtained for amended plans.
1475	K. Comple	etion O	<u>o</u> f Worl	κ:
1476 1477 1478	1. the final comp required as fol	letion o	-	Upon completion of the rough grading work and again at ork, reports, drawings, and supplements thereto will be
1479 1480 1481 1482 1483	and ele	vations that the	inal gro of all s work w	graded" grading plan, prepared by a civil engineer, und surface elevations, lot drainage patterns, and locations urface and subsurface drainage facilities. The engineer shall vas done in accordance with the final approved site
1484 1485 1486 1487	tests an	d other	levation substar	grading report, prepared by a soils engineer, including as of field density tests, summaries of field and laboratory ntiating data, and comments on any changes made during ct on the recommendations made in the soil engineering

1488	investigation report. The soils engineer shall verify the adequacy of the site for the
1489	intended use.
1490	c. A geologic grading report, prepared by an engineering geologist,
1491	including a final description of the geology of the site including any new
1492	information disclosed during the grading and the effect of the same on
1493	recommendations incorporated in the approved site development plan. The
1494	engineering geologist shall verify the adequacy of the site for the intended use as
1495	affected by geologic factors. This requirement may be modified or waived in
1496	writing by the building official if circumstances warrant.
1497	2. Notification <u>Oof</u> Completion: The permittee, or his authorized agent, shall
1498	notify the building official when the grading operation is ready for final inspection. Final
1499	approval shall not be given until all work, including installation of all drainage facilities
1500	and their protective devices and all erosion control measures including revegetation, have
1501	been completed in accordance with the final approved site development plan and the
1502	required reports have been submitted.
1503	
1504	18.28.050: <u>RESERVED</u> INDEPENDENT SITE DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES:
1505	A. General Application: No person shall commence, perform, or cause any grading
1506	to be done in excess of the limits specified below without first obtaining a site development
1507	permit. A separate independent site development permit not otherwise required under section
1508	10.28.040 of this chapter shall be required for each site on which grading is to be done as
1509	specified in subsection A1 of this section.
1510	1. General: A site development permit shall be required in all cases where
1511	development comes under any one or more of the following provisions:
1512	a. Excavation, fill, or any combination thereof exceeding one thousand
1513	(1,000) cubic yards;
1514	b. Excavation, fill, or any combination thereof exceeding five feet (5') in
1515	vertical depth at its deepest point measured from the adjacent, undisturbed, ground
1516	surface;
1517	c. Excavation, fill, or any combination thereof exceeding an area of one-half
1518	(1/2) acre;
1519	d. Excavation, fill, or any combination thereof exceeding seventy five
1520	percent (75%) of a building site including the excavation for foundations and footings;
1521	e. Removal of vegetation from an area in excess of one-half (1/2) acre for
1522	purposes other than agricultural;
1523	f. Engineered interior fills or surcharges;
1524	g. Fuel break for fire protection purposes;

1525 1526	h. Commercial quarries or mining activities operating in appropriate industrial zone as provided in the Salt Lake City zoning ordinance;
1527 1528	2. Waiver: All of the following requirements and standards shall apply unless deemed unwarranted by the building official and waived in writing.
1529 1530 1531	B. Permit Application: Each application for an independent site development permit shall be made by the owner of the property, or the owner's authorized agent, to the building official on a form furnished for that purpose. The application shall include:
1532 1533	1. Required Information: Three (3) copies of plot plans of the property, drawn to scale, which:
1534 1535	a. Identify and describe the work to be covered by the permit for which application is made;
1536 1537 1538 1539	b. Describe the land on which the proposed work is to be done by legal description, street address, or similar description that will readily identify and definitely locate the proposed work and identify lots of any platted subdivision included within the proposed building site;
1540	c. Indicate the use or occupancy for which the proposed work is intended;
1541 1542	d. Be accompanied by plans, diagrams, computations, and specifications and other data as required;
1543 1544	e. Be signed by property owner or permittee, or his authorized agent, who may be required to submit evidence to indicate such authority;
1545 1546 1547 1548	f. Location of existing and proposed buildings or structures on the applicant's property, and the location of buildings or structures on adjacent properties which are within fifteen feet (15') of the applicant's property, or which may be affected by the proposed site development activities;
1549 1550 1551	g. Location of property lines and all existing and proposed streets, roadways, driveways, easements, and rights of way on, contiguous, or adjacent to the proposed development site;
1552 1553 1554 1555 1556	h. The present contours of the site in dashed lines and the proposed contours in solid lines. Contour intervals shall be not greater than two feet (2') where slopes are predominately five percent (5%) or less, and five feet (5') where slopes are predominately steeper than five percent (5%). The source of all topographical information shall be indicated;
1557 1558 1559 1560	i. The location of all drainage to, from, and across the site, the location of intermittent and permanent streams, springs, culverts, and other drainage structures, and size and location of any precipitation catchment areas in, above, or within one hundred feet (100') of the site;
1561 1562	j. Detailed plans and location of all surface and subsurface drainage devices, walls, dams, sediment basins, storage reservoirs, and other protective devices to be

1563	constructed with, or as a part of, the proposed work, together with a map showing
1564	drainage areas, and the complete drainage network including outfall lines and natural
1565	drainageways which may be affected by the proposed project. Include the estimated
1566	runoff of the areas served by the proposed drainage system;
1567	k. Plan showing temporary erosion control measures to prevent erosion
1568	during the course of construction;
1569	l. All grading in excess of five thousand (5,000) cubic yards shall require
1570	professional engineering and shall be designated as "engineered grading". Any
1571	application including engineered grading shall contain a grading plan prepared by a
1572	registered professional engineer or licensed architect;
1573	m. A revegetation plan including:
1574	(1) A survey of existing trees, shrubs, and ground covers,
1575	(2) A plan for the proposed revegetation of the site detailing existing
1576	vegetation to be preserved, new vegetation to be planned and any modification to
1577	existing vegetation, and
1578	(3) A plan for the preservation of existing vegetation during
1579	construction activity;
1580	n. Statement of the estimated starting and completion dates for the grading
1581	work proposed and any revegetation work that may be required;
1582	o. Identify the type of surcharging fill material to be used on the building
1583	site;
1584	p. Estimate the amount of time surcharging fill material will be in place, and
1585	show consideration by a soils engineer of the potential for vertical and lateral soil
1586	movements on properties adjacent to the surcharge;
1587	q. A description of the method to be employed in disposing of soil and other
1588	material that is removed from the site, including the location of the disposal site;
1589	r. A description of the method to be used in obtaining fill to be used on the
1590	site and the site of acquisition of such fill;
1591	s. If the proposed development lies within five hundred feet (500') of an
1592	identified fault, a geological report and verification as per subsection 18.28.040C2 of this
1593	chapter will be required. Said report may be submitted for review to the Utah geological
1594	survey by the building official;
1595	t. If applicable, submit a copy of the recorded subdivision plat showing
1596	developable area limitations;
1597	u. Application for commercial quarries shall contain an acceptable plan for
1598	the eventual rehabilitation and use of the quarry site after the resources have been
1599	removed. Such a plan, at a scale of not less than one inch equals one hundred feet (1" =

1600	100') with contour intervals not greater than five feet (5'), shall be compatible with its
1601	surroundings and in general agreement with the city's master plan. The plan shall show
1602	the proposed treatment of any stream channel adjacent to the resource deposits during
1603	extraction operations. Limits of excavation shall be determined to protect any natural or
1604	improved channel and any nearby wooded areas considered vital to the function of the
1605	rehabilitated area. Include the estimated time period during which quarrying and land
1606	rehabilitation operations will be conducted.
1607	2. Additional Information Which May Be Required: The following
1608	information shall be provided in triplicate if requested by the building official or city
1609	engineer:
1610	a. Slope classification map and analysis;
1611	b. Profiles or cross sections;
1612	c. Additional drainage calculations;
1613	d. Soils data including a report from a registered soils engineer,
1614	engineering geologist, or other qualified person;
1615	e. Statement of the estimated starting and completion dates for the
1616	grading work proposed and any revegetation work that may be required.
1617	f. Detailed revegetation plans for the site and, if appropriate,
1618	information relating to the landscaping on adjacent or surrounding areas affected
1619	by the proposed development. Such revegetation plans shall be prepared by a
1620	licensed engineer, architect, landscape architect, or other qualified person. These
1621	plans shall show:
1622	(1) Distribution of plants, existing trees, and work involved as
1623	related to slope control and/or physical environment;
1624	(2) A plan describing the methods of planting the areas to be
1625	landscaped with special emphasis on soil preparation, plant selection,
1626	methods of planting, and initial maintenance of plants and slopes until a
1627	specified percentage of plant coverage is uniformly established on cut and
1628	fill slopes;
1629	(3) Such other and further details as may be specified by the
1630	building official or city engineer to carry out the purpose of this title. All
1631	such plans shall bear the name of the person responsible for the
1632	preparation of the plan;
1633	(4) The revegetation plan will be submitted by the building
1634	official to the Salt Lake City parks department's landscape architect for
1635	review.
1636	g. Such other information as shall be required by the building official
1637	or city engineer.

1638 3. Fee: Each site development application made independent and separate from a 1639 building permit application shall be accompanied by payment of an application fee 1640 pursuant to the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. 1641 Granting Permit: To further the specific purposes of this title as set forth in C. 1642 subsection 18.28.010C of this chapter, the following procedures are established: 1643 Referrals: The application shall be referred by the building official to the 1644 city engineer and planning director for review. Further, applications may also be referred 1645 to the Utah geological survey and other appropriate advisors for comments and 1646 recommendations as deemed necessary or appropriate. 1647 Conformity To Plans: The building official shall be responsible to arrange 1648 for required inspections by appropriate inspectors who shall either approve that portion of 1649 the work completed or shall notify the permittee wherein the same fails to comply with 1650 this title. Where it is found by inspection that conditions are not substantially as stated or 1651 shown in the site development permit applications, the inspector shall stop further work 1652 until the work conforms to the approved plan or approval is obtained for revised plans. 1653 Abatement Of Hazardous Conditions: If, at any stage of site development, 3. 1654 the building official determines by inspection that the work is creating hazardous 1655 conditions, he may suspend the work until provisions for abatement and/or correction are 1656 completed as set forth in subsection E of this section. 1657 D. Inspections: 1658 Inspection Schedule: At the time a site development permit is issued, the 1. 1659 building official shall establish the stages of development at which inspections required 1660 by subsection 18.28.040J of this chapter shall be made. In order to obtain inspections, the 1661 permittee shall notify the city of readiness at least twenty four (24) hours before said 1662 inspection is to be made. 1663 $\frac{2}{2}$ - Conformity To Plans: The building official shall be responsible to arrange 1664 for required inspections by appropriate inspectors who shall either approve that portion of 1665 the work completed or shall notify the permittee wherein the same fails to comply with 1666 this title. Where it is found by inspection that conditions are not substantially as stated or 1667 shown in the site development permit applications, the inspector shall stop further work 1668 until the work conforms to the approved plan or approval is obtained for revised plans. 1669 Abatement Of Hazardous Conditions: If, at any stage of site development, 3. 1670 the building official determines by inspection that the work is creating hazardous 1671 conditions, he may suspend the work until provisions for abatement and/or correction are completed as set forth in subsection E of this section. 1672 1673 Grading And Erosion Control Design Standards And Regulations: All site E. 1674 development work shall be accomplished in conformance to the following provisions: 1675 1. Hours Of Operation: All grading operations in or contiguous to residential 1676 neighborhoods shall be carried on between the hours of seven o'clock (7:00) A.M. and 1677 five thirty o'clock (5:30) P.M. The city engineer may waive this requirement if it is

- 1678shown that by restricting the hours of operation it would unduly interfere with the1679development of the property and it is shown that the neighboring properties would not be1680adversely affected.
- 16812. Dust And Dirt Control: All graded surfaces of any nature shall be1682dampened or suitably contained to prevent dust or spillage on city streets or adjacent1683properties. Equipment, materials, and roadways on the site shall be used or treated so as1684to cause the least possible annoyance due to dirt, mud, or dust conditions.
- 16853. Undevelopable Slopes: Any natural slopes identified on a slope1686classification map of thirty percent (30%) or greater, shall be designated undevelopable1687area. Said slope, if retained within the subdivision, may be designated and maintained as1688common area. In no event shall streets traverse such slopes.
- 16894. Finished Cuts And Slopes: Limitations shall be applied to the extent of cut1690and fill slopes to minimize the amount of excavated surface or ground area exposed to1691potential erosion and settlement.
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a. The exposed or finished cuts or slopes of any fill or excavation shall be smoothly graded.

- 1694b. All cut and fill slopes shall be recontoured and revegetated by the1695subdivider in accordance with an approved plan.
- 1696c.Cut or fill slopes shall normally be limited to fifteen feet (15') in1697vertical height. However, upon review and favorable recommendation of the city1698engineer and public utilities director the building official may approve cut and fill1699slopes exceeding fifteen feet (15') provided that such variations be allowed on a1700limited basis after thorough review of each request and only when balanced by1701offsetting improvements to the overall aesthetic, environmental, and engineering1702quality of the development.
 - d. No excavation creating a cut face and no fill creating an exposed surface shall have a slope ratio exceeding one and one- half horizontal to one vertical (11/2:1).

e. Exceptions:

(1) No slopes shall cut steeper than the bedding plane, fracture, fault, or joint in any formation where the cut slope will lie on the dip of the strike line of the bedding plane, fracture, fault, or joint.

(2) No slopes shall be cut in an existing landslide, mudflow, or other form of naturally unstable slope except as recommended by a qualified geological engineer.

1713(3) Where the formation is exposed above the top of the cut1714which will permit the entry of water along bedding planes, this area shall1715be sealed with a compacted soil blanket having a minimum thickness of

1716 1717	two feet (2'). The soil for this blanket shall be relatively impervious and shall be approved by the soils engineer or engineering geologist.
1718 1719 1720 1721 1722	f. If the material of a slope is of such composition and character as to be unstable under the anticipated maximum moisture content, the slope angle shall be reduced to a stable value or retained by a method approved by the city engineer and certified as to its stability by a soils engineer or geologist. Said retaining method shall include design provisions which are:
1723 1724	(1) Conducive to revegetation for soil stability and visual impact;
1725 1726	(2) Used for selected areas of the site and not as a general application; and
1727 1728	(3) Limited to tiers each of which is no higher than six feet (6'), separated by plantable terraces a minimum of two feet (2') in width;
1729 1730 1731 1732	g. Any retaining system shall remain and be maintained on the lots until plans for construction are approved and a building permit is issued. The plans shall include provisions to integrate driveway access to the lot while maintaining the structural integrity of the retaining system.
1733 1734 1735 1736	h. The building official may require the slope of a cut or fill to be made more level if at any time it is found that the material being, or the fill, is unusually subject to erosion, static or dynamic instability, or if other conditions make such requirements necessary for stability.
1737	5. Abatement Of Hazardous Conditions:
1738 1739 1740 1741 1742 1743 1744	a. If, at any stage of grading, the planning director or city engineer determines by inspection that the nature of the formation is such that further work as authorized by an existing permit is likely to imperil any property, public way, watercourse, or drainage structure, the planning director or city engineer shall require, as condition to allowing the work to proceed, that reasonable safety precautions be taken as are considered advisable to avoid likelihood of such peril. Such precautions may include, but shall not be limited to, any of the following:
1745	(1) Specification of a more level exposed slope;
1746 1747	(2) Construction of additional drainage facilities, berms, or terraces;
1748	(3) Compaction or cribbing;
1749	(4) Installation of plants for erosion control; and/or
1750 1751 1752	(5) Reports from a registered soils engineer and/or engineering geologist whose recommendations may be made requirements for further work.

1753	Such requirements by the planning director or city engineer shall constitute a
1754	required change order in the work to be performed under permit. Said changes
1755	may be required to be reflected in amended plans.
1756	b. Where it appears that damage from storm drainage may result from
1757	work performed hereunder, such work may be stopped and the permittee required
1758	to take such measures as may be necessary to protect adjoining property or the
1759	public safety. On large operations, or where unusual site conditions exist, the
1760	planning director or city engineer may specify the time at which grading may
1761	proceed and the time of completion or may require that the operation be
1762	conducted in specific stages so as to ensure completion of protective measures or
1763	devices prior to the advent of seasonal rains.
1764	6. Fill Material And Compaction:
1765	a. Fill Material: All fill shall be earth, rock, or inert material free
1766	from organic material and free of metal, except that topsoil spread on cut and fill
1767	surfaces may incorporate humus for desirable moisture retention properties. Fill
1768	not meeting the definition above shall be placed only on approved public or
1769	private landfills or other approved deposit sites.
1770	b. Backfillings: Any pipe trench or trenching, or excavation made in
1771	any slope of any excavated or filled site, shall be backfilled and compacted to the
1772	level of the surrounding grade.
1773	 c. Compaction Of Fills: Unless otherwise directed by the building
1774	official or city engineer, all fills governed by this title, intended to support
1775	building structures, or where otherwise required to be compacted for stability,
1776	shall be compacted, inspected, and tested in accordance with the following
1777	provisions:
1778	(1) The natural ground surface shall be prepared by removal of
1779	topsoil and vegetation, and if necessary shall be graded to a series of
1780	terraces. If fill material unacceptable under subsection E6a of this section
1781	is placed on the site, or the fill is not placed according to procedures of
1782	this title, then it must be removed.
1783	(2) The fill shall be spread and compacted in accordance with
1784	the city engineer's approved standards.
1785	(3) The moisture content of the fill material shall be controlled
1786	at the time of spreading and compaction to obtain required maximum
1787	density.
1788	(4) A written report of the completed compaction, showing
1789	location and depth of test holes, materials used, moisture conditions,
1790	recommended soil bearing pressures, and relative density obtained from
1791	all tests, prepared by a civil engineer or soils engineer licensed by the state
1792	of Utah, or testing laboratory shall be submitted to the building official,
1793	who will submit it to the city engineer for review.

1794	(5) The building official or city engineer may require
1795	additional tests or information if, in his opinion, the conditions or
1796	materials are such that additional information is necessary, and may
1797	modify or delete any of the above listed requirements that, in his opinion,
1798	are unnecessary to further the purpose of this title.
1799	7. Erosion Control And Revegetation: All cut and fill surfaces created by
1800	grading shall be planted with a ground cover that is a drought resistant variety. Topsoils
1801	are to be stockpiled during rough grading and used on cut and fill slopes. Cuts and fills
1802	along public roads are required to be landscaped according to a revegetation plan
1803	approved by the city. All plant selections must be approved by the parks department and
1804	building official prior to subdivision approval.
1805	8. Drainage:
1806	a. Adequate provisions shall be made to prevent any surface waters
1807	from damaging the cut face of an excavation or any portion of a fill. All drainage
1808	ways and structures shall carry surface waters, without producing erosion, to the
1809	nearest practical street, storm drain, or natural watercourse as approved by the city
1810	engineer. The city engineer may also require drainage structures to be
1811	constructed, or installed as necessary to prevent erosion damage or to prevent
1812	saturation of the fill or material behind cut slopes.
1813	b. An excess stormwater passage shall be provided for all stormwater
1814	storage areas. Such passage shall have capacity to convey through the proposed
1815	development the excess stormwater from the tributary watershed. The capacity of
1816	such excess stormwater passages shall be constructed in such a manner as to
1817	transport the peak rate of runoff from a 100-year return frequency storm assuming
1818	all storm sewers are inoperative, all upstream areas are fully developed in
1819	accordance with the city's current land use plan, and that antecedent rainfall has
1820	saturated the tributary watershed.
1821	c. No buildings or structures shall be constructed within such
1822	passage, however, streets, parking lots, playgrounds, park areas, pedestrian
1823	walkways, utility easements, and other open space uses shall be considered
1824	compatible uses. In the event such passageway is reshaped or its capacity to
1825	transport excess stormwater is otherwise restricted during or after construction,
1826	the city engineer shall notify the agency, party, or parties causing said restriction
1827	to remove the same and set a reasonable time for its removal. If said parties refuse
1828	to, or are unable to, comply with said order, the city engineer shall cause said
1829	restrictions to be removed at the expense of said parties. Where a proposed
1830	development contains existing natural drainage, appropriate planning measures
1831	shall be undertaken or required to preserve and maintain said natural drainage as
1832	part of the excess stormwater passage.
1833	d. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this title, whenever, in the
1834	judgment of the city engineer, a condition occurs in a stormwater storage area or
1835	passageway that creates a dangerous and imminent health and safety hazard, the

1836 city engineer shall order such action as shall be effective immediately or in the 1837 time manner prescribed in the order itself. 1838 9 -Surcharging: Surcharges shall consist of earth material and shall be 1839 applied in such a manner as to have no effect on soil stability on adjacent or neighboring 1840 properties. 1841 10. - No Structure Shall Be Located Over A Fault: Determinations of the 1842 appropriate setback distance from the fault shall be made based on recommendations 1843 contained in the geological report as per subsection 18.28.040C2 of this chapter. 1844 1845 18.28.060: INTERPRETATION, PERMIT PROCEDURE, APPEALS, GROUNDS FOR 1846 DENIAL, AND ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS: 1847 Interpretation; Conflicts: A. 1848 Minimum Requirements: In their interpretation and application, provisions 1. 1849 of this chapter shall be held to be minimum requirements, except where expressly stated 1850 to be maximum requirements. No intent is made to impair, or interfere with, any private 1851 restrictions placed upon any property by covenant or deed; provided, however, that where 1852 this chapter imposes higher standards or greater restrictions the provisions of this chapter 1853 shall govern. 1854 2. Application Oof Most Restrictive Standard: Whenever any provision of 1855 this chapter or any other provision of law, whether set forth in this chapter or in any other 1856 law, ordinance, or resolution of any kind, imposes overlapping or contradictory 1857 regulations over the development of land, the most restrictive standards or requirements 1858 shall govern. 1859 Retention Oof Plans: Plans, specifications, and reports for all site development B. 1860 submitted to Salt Lake City for approval shall be retained by Salt Lake City. 1861 C. Expiration, Renewals, Aand Extensions Oof Permit: Every site development 1862 permit or approval shall expire by limitation and become null and void if the work authorized by 1863 such permit or approvals has not been commenced within one hundred eighty (180) days, or if 1864 the work is suspended or abandoned for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days at any time 1865 after the work is commenced. Before such work can recommence, the permit shall first be 1866 renewed by the building official and the renewal fee shall be one-half (1/2) the amount required 1867 for a new permit for such work, provided no changes have been made or will be made in the 1868 original plans or scope of such work, otherwise a full fee may be required as determined by the 1869 building official. Any modifications to the original approved work that is related to a 1870 development for which the Salt Lake City planning commission granted approval, may require 1871 subsequent review and decision by the planning commission as determined by the planning 1872 director. 1873 Appeals: D.

1874 1. Filing: Any applicant aggrieved by a determination of any administrative official 1875 in relation to this chapter may appeal such determination to the appeals hearing officerboard of 1876 appeals and examiners pursuant to <u>Chapter 18.12section 21A.16.030 of this code</u>.

1877 2. Effect Oof Administrative Appeal: In the event of an appeal pursuant to the 1878 provisions above, the effect of such filing shall act to stay any and all further action and work 1879 pending the determination of the matter on appeal.

1880 E. General Grounds <u>Ff</u>or Denial: Factors, in addition to deviation from provisions of 1881 this chapter, which may be grounds for denial of a site development permit or approval shall 1882 include, but not be limited to:

- 18831.Possible or potential saturation of fill and/or unsupported cuts by water1884(both natural and/or domestic);
- 18852.Runoff surface waters that produce unreasonable erosion and/or silting of
drainageways;
- 18873.Subsurface conditions (such as rock strata and faults, soil or rock1888materials, types of formations, etc.) which when disturbed by the proposed site1889development activity, may create earth movement and/or produce slopes that cannot be1890landscaped;
- 18914. Result in excessive and unnecessary scarring of the natural landscape1892through grading or removal of vegetation.
- 1893 F. Prohibited Activities:

18941.Removal Θ_0 f Topsoil: It shall be unlawful to remove topsoil for purposes1895of resale when unrelated to a bona fide purpose of site development contemplated under1896this chapter. The provisions of this chapter shall not be construed as permitting the1897removal of topsoil solely for resale.

- 18982.Nuisance: It shall be unlawful to create or maintain a condition which1899creates a public or private nuisance. After notice by the city, owners shall be strictly1900responsible to take any necessary action to correct or abate such nuisance. Further, this1901chapter shall not be construed to authorize any person or owner to create or maintain a1902private or public nuisance upon real property and compliance with the provisions of this1903chapter shall not be a defense in any action to abate such nuisance.
- 1904 G. Permit O<u>o</u>r Approval Revocation: In the event the building official or city
 1905 engineer requests that a site development permit or approval be permanently suspended or
 1906 revokesd a site development permit any aggrieved party may appeal such decision pursuant to
 1907 Chapter 18.12., they shall formally request a revocation hearing before the planning commission
 1908 in compliance with the following procedures:
- 19091. Request: The request shall specify the grounds for complaint or details of1910deviation with terms and conditions of the approval that justify the proposed permit or1911approval revocation or suspension.

1912 Public Hearing: The planning commission shall hold a formal hearing to 1913 consider requests and recommendations for permanent revocation or suspension of 1914 permits at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the planning commission, at which 1915 service of the required notice can be satisfied. 1916 Notice: The planning commission shall cause notice of the time and place 3. 1917 of the scheduled hearing to be prepared. Such notice shall be delivered by certified mail 1918 or personal service upon the permittee at least five (5) days prior to the date set for the 1919 hearing. At any such hearing, the permittee shall be given an opportunity to be heard and 1920 may call witnesses and present evidence. Upon conclusion of such hearing, the planning 1921 commission shall determine whether or not the permit shall be suspended or revoked, and 1922 any necessary or appropriate conditions which must be satisfied prior to the renewal or 1923 extension of said permit, including any necessary corrective measures to be completed as 1924 provided in subsection G4a of this section. 1925 Planning Commission Determination: Upon the conclusion of the required 4. 1926 hearing and its deliberations thereon, should the planning commission find that the 1927 permittee, or authorized agent(s), have violated the terms of the permit or provisions of 1928 this chapter, have conducted or desire to carry out such site development activity in such 1929 a manner which unreasonably adversely affects the health, welfare, or safety of persons 1930 residing or working in the vicinity of the site, or have caused the same to be done, the 1931 planning commission may, as it deems appropriate: 1932 - Require necessary corrective measures to be undertaken and a. 1933 completed at permittee's expense; 1934 - Require reimbursement to the city for unusual costs incurred by the b.___ 1935 necessitation of enforcement action including costs of inspections, mailings, 1936 expert technical assistance, etc.; 1937 - Continue suspension of all work contemplated or associated with 1938 the permit permanently until corrective requirements and/or original conditions 1939 are satisfied: 1940 If circumstances of work conducted have resulted in factors which <u>d</u>. 1941 would have been grounds for denial of the permit, the planning commission may 1942 order such necessary actions as required to restore the site, insofar as possible, to 1943 the preexisting conditions, and revoke the site development permit. If so evoked, 1944 and where appropriate, the planning commission may preclude acceptance of any 1945 site development application for the same site for a period not to exceed twelve 1946 (12) months. 1947 5. Appeal: The decision of the planning commission on a request for 1948 permanent suspension or revocation of a site development permit or approval under this 1949 chapter may be appealed by the permittee, building official, or city engineer to the 1950 appeals hearing officer pursuant to section 21A.16.030 of this code. 1951 H. Property Owner Responsibility: Property owners are responsible to maintain their 1952 property in a safe, nonhazardous, condition and to otherwise comply with the provisions of this

1953 chapter and other applicable ordinances. Failure of city officials to observe or to recognize 1954 hazardous or unsightly conditions, or to recommend denial of the site development permit, shall 1955 not relieve the permittee, or property owner, from responsibility for the condition or damages 1956 resulting therefrom. Nor shall such action result in the city, its officers, or agents, becoming 1957 responsible or liable for conditions and damages resulting therefrom. 1958 I. Obstruction Prohibited: It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully or 1959 carelessly obstruct or injure any public right of way by causing or permitting earth or rock to 1960 slump, slough, or erode off private property onto the public right of way. 1961 Flooding: It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully or carelessly obstruct or 1962 injure any public right of way by causing or permitting flow or seepage of water, or by willfully 1963 or carelessly causing or permitting water under his/her control, possession, or supervision to 1964 escape in any manner so as to injure any street or public improvement. 1965 K. Violation And Penalties: 1966 1967 enlarge, alter, repair, or maintain any grading, excavation or fill or cause the same to be done, contrary to or in violation of any provision of this chapter. 1968 Obstruction Prohibited: It shall be unlawful for any person to wilfully or 1969 $\frac{2}{2}$ 1970 carelessly obstruct or injure any public right of way by causing or permitting earth or 1971 rock to slump, slough, or erode off private property onto the public right of way. 1972 Flooding: It shall be unlawful for any person to wilfully or carelessly 1973 obstruct or injure any public right of way by causing or permitting flow or seepage of 1974 water, or by wilfully or carelessly causing or permitting water under his/her control, 1975 possession, or supervision to escape in any manner so as to injure any street or public 1976 improvement. 1977 Misdemeanor Penalty: Any person violating any of the provisions of this 4. 1978 chapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and each such person shall be deemed 1979 guilty of a separate offense for each and every day or portion thereof during which any 1980 violation of any of the provisions of this chapter is committed, continued, permitted, or 1981 maintained. Upon conviction of any such violation, such person may be imprisoned for a 1982 period not exceeding six (6) months or be fined in the amount not exceeding two hundred 1983 ninety nine dollars (\$299.00) if the person is an individual, or the greater amount of two 1984 thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) in the event the person is a corporation, association, or 1985 partnership, or both so imprisoned or fined. 1986 Severability: J.____

19871.Severability: If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this1988chapter is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by the decision of any1989court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the1990remaining portions of this chapter. The city council hereby declares that it would have1991passed this chapter and each section, subsection, sentence, clause, and phrase thereof,1992irrespective of the fact that one or more of the sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, or1993phrases hereof may be declared invalid or unconstitutional.

1994 Limitation To Applied Facts: If the application of any provision or 1995 provisions of this chapter to any person, property, or circumstance is found to be 1996 unconstitutional, invalid, or ineffective, in whole or in part, by any court of competent 1997 jurisdiction, or other competent agency, the effect of such provision shall be limited to 1998 the person, property, or circumstance immediately involved in the controversy and the 1999 application of such provision to other persons, properties, or circumstances shall be unaffected unless the court specifically rules otherwise. 2000 2001 2002 18.28.070: RESERVED: 2003 2004 SECTION 8. Repealing the text of *Salt Lake City Code* Chapter 18.32. That Chapter 2005 18.32 of the Salt Lake City Code (Technical Building Specifications: Building Regulations) is 2006 hereby repealed in its entirety as follows: 2007 **CHAPTER 18.32** 2008 **BUILDING REGULATIONS** 2009 18.32.020: BUILDING CODE AND STANDARDS ADOPTED: 2010 The edition of the uniform building code, as adopted by the Utah uniform building code 2011 commission as the construction standard to be adhered to by subdivisions of the state (section 2012 58-56-4. Utah Code Annotated, or its successor section) is adopted by Salt Lake City, together 2013 with the following chapters of the appendix to the uniform building code: 2014 Chapter 3 Division IV - Requirements For Group R, Division 4 Occupancies; 2015 Chapter 11 Division I - Site Accessibility; 2016 Chapter 11 Division II - Accessibility For Existing Buildings; 2017 Chapter 15 Reroofing; 2018 Chapter 16 Division I - Snow Load Design; Chapter 16 Division III - Earthquake Regulations For Seismic Isolated Structures: 2019 2020 Chapter 31 Division II - Membrane Structure; 2021 Chapter 33 Excavation And Grading. 2022 ICC/MBI Standard for Off-Site Construction: Planning, Design, Fabrication and Assembly, or its 2023 successor document.

2024 2025 2026	Hereafter, all references in this code to the uniform building code shall mean the said edition adopted by the Utah uniform building code commission. One copy of the uniform building code shall be filed for use and examination by the public in the office of the city recorder.
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2028	18.32.035: FEES:
2029 2030	A. Building permit fees shall be based on the total valuation of the proposed project as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
2031	B. Plan review fees shall be sixty five percent (65%) of the building permit fees.
2032 2033	C. Fees to expedite building plan review as governed by section 18.20.050 of this title shall be two (2) times the standard building plan review fee.
2034 2035 2036 2037 2038	D. Penalties for not obtaining permanent certificate of occupancy will be three hundred dollars (\$300.00) for each month, after the initial thirty (30) day temporary certificate of occupancy, which has no additional cost associated with it; due before the first of the month and only allowed for up to three (3) renewals after the initial free thirty (30) day period. Partial months will not be refunded.
2039 2040 2041	E. Fees for renewing expired plan review after one hundred eighty (180) days as governed by section 18.20.110 of this title shall be shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
2042 2043	F. A fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule shall be charged for each permit for fencing.
2044 2045 2046	G. Other fees shall consist of electrical, mechanical and plumbing, and fire suppression and monitoring equipment inspection fees as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
2047	
2048 2049	18.32.050: UBC APPENDIX CHAPTER 3 DIVISION V ADDED; NONCONFORMING BUILDING CONVERSION:
2050 2051 2052 2053	Appendix chapter 3 of the uniform building code be, and the same hereby is, amended by adding chapter 3 division V to create a group R division 5 occupancy classification and requirements applicable to change in occupancy when nonconforming group R divisions 1 and 3 occupancies undergo conversion, which shall read as follows:
2054	Chapter 3 Division V
2055	Requirements For Group R Division 5 Occupancies
2056 2057	Sec. 344. Group R, Division 5 Occupancies Defined. Group R, division 5 occupancies shall be: nonconforming group R divisions 1 and 3 structures undergoing conversion.
2058	Sec. 345. General Provisions. Because conversion changes the original anticipated ownership

2059 plan for a multi-family dwelling unit project from a single ownership into a hybrid mixture of

2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069	separate ownership of dwelling units combined with collective ownership of common areas through association, etc., each nonconforming group R division 1 or division 3 structure being converted into a condominium project or other type of ownership arrangement involving separate ownership of individual units combined with joint or collective ownership of common areas shall constitute a change in classification of occupancy to that of a group R division 5 and shall comply with basic requirements of this code and the specific requirements listed below. All work on such structures in the form of additions, alterations, or repairs shall conform to applicable standards as required by section 3403 of this code. Where said provisions require conformity to requirements governing new buildings, the applicable requirements of group R division 1 or 3 new construction shall apply.
2070	Special Provisions And Minimum Standards.
2071 2072	Sec. 346. Property Report. Each conversion project to obtain approval shall submit two copies of a property report prepared by a licensed engineer or architect which discloses and describes:
2073	(1) The age of the building or buildings,
2074 2075 2076	(2) The general condition, useful life, and capacity of the building's structural elements including the roof, foundations, mechanical system, electrical system, plumbing system, boiler, and other structural elements;
2077 2078	(3) All known conditions constituting deficiencies requiring repair to meet existing building codes; and
2079 2080	(4) All known conditions which may require repair or replacement within the next succeeding five year period.
2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086	(5) The existing conditions meet the standards of the Salt Lake City existing residential housing code sections 18.50.140, Exterior Standards; 18.50.150, Interior Standards; 18.50.180, Space And Occupancy Standards; 18.50.190, Light And Ventilation; 18.50.200 Fire Safety-Egress. The building report, as required in section 20.56.060 of the city code, shall note all deficiencies; appeals of noted deficiencies may be addressed to the housing advisory and appeals board.
2087 2088 2089	Said report shall certify the structure currently conforms to applicable codes or the owner shall present plans to bring the structures into conformity with applicable building codes prior to issuance of certificates of occupancy.
2090 2091	Sec. 347. Electrical Service Minimum Standards. Each converted dwelling unit shall have an electrical service which provides:
2092	(1) A minimum service of 60 amps.
2093 2094	(2) Receptacle outlets are required to meet standards of the national electrical code, section 210-21(b). Each habitable room shall have no less than two such receptacles.
2095 2096	(3) Where a kitchen is provided, or required by this code, each kitchen shall be installed on a separate circuit.

2097 2098 2099	(4) If, as an option, dishwashers or garbage disposals are to be installed or provided for, each must be located on a separate circuit. If such appliances or optional capacity are not provided, the limitation must be disclosed to buyers and in the property report.
2100	(5) All bathrooms are to be equipped with GFIC outlet.
2101	(6) Lights and fixtures in all storage and equipment facilities over 84 sq. ft. in size.
2102	(7) Installation of a smoke detector conforming to manufacturer's recommendations shall
2103	be installed in each dwelling unit as a local detection unit. If the building has a
2104	common exit hall or corridor then a general automatic detection system shall be
2105	installed with the capability of sending a signal to a remote station.
2106	(8) Installation of at least one wall switch controlled lighting outlet in every habitable
2107	room, bathrooms, hallways, stairways, attached garages, and outdoor entrances.
2108 2109	All electrical work and repair must be completed under permit and comply with applicable codes and ordinances.
2110	Sec. 348. Plumbing And Water Systems.
2111	(a) Plumbing System. A mechanical engineer, licensed plumbing contractor, or a
2112	licensed general contractor shall calculate and determine the capacity of the current
2113	plumbing system, including the existing and potential load in fixture units (as
2114	determined by the uniform plumbing code) as part of the property report required
2115	above. All new installations or repairs must be completed under permit and shall
2116	conform to applicable plumbing codes. The entire system shall be brought up to
2117	applicable standards of this code when required by section 3403. The impact of new
2118	installations upon the existing system shall be calculated and stated in the property
2119	report.
2120	(b) Water Supply. Water piping shall be so arranged that the water supply can be turned
2121	on or off to any individual fixture; provided, however, that supply piping to a single
2122	unit and building accessory thereto may be controlled by one valve.
2123	Sec. 349. Mechanical System. The mechanical system for each converted dwelling unit shall:
2124	(1) Equip each unit with its own heating system, except where a central water or steam
2125	system is present.
2126	(2) Provide each unit with its own means of controlling temperature when the building
2127	utilizes a central heating plant. All mechanical work and repair shall be completed
2128	under permit and comply with applicable codes.
2129	Sec. 350. Discretion Of Building Official To Waive Minor Deviations. The foregoing minimum
2130	standards are intended to be fully complied with prior to the building official's approval of
2131	permits, record of survey maps, plans or certificates. However, the building official may waive
2132	literal compliance with said standards for minor deviations and non-dangerous conditions, if the
2133	official determines that strict compliance with the requirements of this chapter would be
2134	impractical due to the unique condition of the property, or result in an unnecessary and extreme

- 2135 hardship for the owner of the property. The building official may in such cases impose additional
- 2136 reasonable and equivalent conditions upon the project.
- 2137 Sec. 351. All condominiums shall meet the requirements as listed in 18.96.050 (fit premises) of
- 2138 the city ordinance.
- 2139
- 2140 18.32.060: UBC SECTION 109.1 AMENDED; CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY:
- 2141 Section 109.1 of the uniform building code is amended to read as follows:
- 2142 Section 109.1 Use Or Occupancy. No building or structure of groups A, B, E, F, H, I, M, R and S
- 2143 occupancy shall be used or occupied, and no change in the existing occupancy classification of a
- 2144 building or structure or portion thereof shall be made until the building official has issued a
- 2145 certificate of occupancy therefor as provided herein.
- 2146
- 2147 18.32.090: UBC SECTION 204 AMENDED; DEFINITIONS:
- 2148 Section 204 of the uniform building code, adopted by section 18.32.020 of this chapter, or its
- successor, is amended by adding definitions of condominiums and conversions which shall read
 as follows:
- 2151 Condominium, Condominium Project, Condominium Unit. For purposes of this code,
- 2152 "condominium," "condominium project," and "condominium units" or "units" means property or
- 2153 portions thereof conforming to the definitions set forth in section 57-8-3 of Utah Code
- 2154 Annotated, 1953, as amended.
- 2155 <u>Conversion. "Conversion" means a proposed change in the type of ownership in a parcel or</u>
- 2156 parcels of land, together with existing attached structures, from single ownership of said parcel
- 2157 such as an apartment house or multi-family dwelling into a condominium project or other
- 2158 ownership arrangements involving separate ownership of individual units combined with joint or
- 2159 collective ownership of common areas, facilities, or elements.
- 2160

2161 18.32.120: UBC APPENDIX CHAPTER 35 ADDED; FLOOD HAZARD AREAS:

- The uniform building code is amended by adding a new appendix chapter 35, which reads as
 follows:
- 2164 Sec. 3501. Floodplain Hazard Area. For the purpose of this chapter "floodplain hazard area" shall
- 2165 mean those lands lying within the corporate limits of Salt Lake City as defined in section
- 2166 18.68.020 of the Salt Lake City code, as being located within the boundaries of flood hazard
- 2167 boundary map as defined in said section 18.68.020 and adopted by section 18.68.030 of the Salt
- 2168 Lake City code. A copy of said map and amendments is on file for public examination in the
- 2169 offices of the city recorder and city engineer.
- 2170 Sec. 3502. Floodplain Protection Requirements. All plans involving development, repair,
- 2171 substantial improvements to, or construction of building or structures within the floodplain

- 2172 hazard area shall comply with the standards set forth in chapter 18.68 of the Salt Lake City code
- 2173 relating to floodplain hazard regulations.
- 2174
- 2175 18.32.130: UBC APPENDIX CHAPTER 33 AMENDED; EXCAVATION AND GRADING:
- 2176 Appendix chapter 33 of the uniform building code, relating to excavation and grading, is hereby
- 2177 amended by deleting the text of sections 3304 through 3318 and amending by adding a cross
- 2178 reference, so appendix chapter 33 shall read as follows:
- 2179 Appendix Chapter 33
- 2180 Excavation And Grading
- 2181 Sec. 3304-3318. Said sections and their revised text are hereby deleted, having been incorporated
- 2182 within the text of chapter 18.28 of the Salt Lake City code relating to site development
- 2183 regulations, drawing particular reference to provisions within chapters 4 and 5 of said
- 2184 development regulations.
- 2185

2186 18.32.140: SENIOR CITIZEN APARTMENT FEE ABATEMENT:

- 2187 Qualified multi-family apartment projects may apply to, and receive from, the building official
- 2188 an abatement of the normal building permit fees. In order for the building official to approve the
- 2189 discount, the applicant must submit necessary documentation in order for the building official to
- 2190 certify that the apartment project qualifies under the following criteria:
- A. The project is owned and/or operated as a bona fide organization for providing
 housing for senior citizens;
- 2193B. The project operators and/or property owners stipulate that all units shall be2194rented by persons over age sixty two (62) years of age;
- 2195 C. Operators and/or property owners agree to verify ages of tenants as part of their
 2196 annual application for an apartment house license;
- D. Project operators and property owners execute an agreement, binding upon successors in interest and secured by the real property, to reimburse the city the amount of the abated fees plus interest from the date of the permit at the rate applicable to judgment, should the rate of occupancy by qualified senior citizens drop below ninety five percent (95%) during the next thirty (30) years. This occupancy rate shall be determined annually as of the date the annual license application is submitted to the city; and
- E. The amount of the fees abated, plus interest at the then established rate applicable to judgments from date of the abated fees, shall be repaid to the city upon a subsequent application to convert the project to condominium or other ownership arrangements involving sale of separate units, if submitted within thirty (30) years of such abatement.
- 2207

2208	18.32.150: UBC SECTION 103 AMENDED; VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES:
2209	Section 103 of the uniform building code is amended to read as follows:
2210 2211 2212 2213	It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert, or demolish, equip, use, occupy, or maintain any building or structure in the city, or cause the same to be done contrary to or in violation of any of the provisions of this code.
2214 2215 2216 2217 2218 2219	Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this code shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and each such person shall be deemed guilty of a separate offense for each and every day or portion thereof during which any violation of any of the provisions of this code is committed, continued, or permitted and upon conviction of any such violation such persons shall be punishable by a fine as provided by section 1.12.050, or its successor, of the Salt Lake City code.
2220	
2221	SECTION 9. <u>Repealing the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.36.</u> That Chapter
2222	18.36 of the Salt Lake City Code (Technical Building Specifications: Electrical Regulations) is
2223	hereby repealed in its entirety as follows:
2224 2225 2226	CHAPTER 18.36 ELECTRICAL REGULATIONS
	19 26 010. ELECTRICAL CODE ADORTED DY DEFERENCE.
2227	18.36.010: ELECTRICAL CODE ADOPTED BY REFERENCE:
2228 2229 2230 2231 2232 2233	The edition of the national electrical code, as adopted by the Utah uniform building code commission, is adopted by Salt Lake City as the ordinances, rules and regulations of the city, subject to the amendments and exceptions thereto as hereinafter set forth in this chapter, one copy of which code shall be filed for use and examination by the public in the office of the city recorder. Hereafter, all references in this code to the national electrical code shall mean the edition of the national electrical code adopted by the Utah uniform building code commission.
2234	
2235	18.36.100: PERMIT FEES; RESIDENTIAL WORK:
2236 2237 2238 2239	The following fees for a permit for the installation of electrical materials in residences, including multiapartment buildings, shall be paid to the city treasurer before any permit is valid. The basic fee for each permit requiring inspection is shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. In addition, the fee for each individual specialty item is shown on the Salt Lake City

- 2240 consolidated fee schedule.
- 2241

- 2242 18.36.110: FEE FOR TEMPORARY METERING:
- The fee for permit for temporary metering and service facilities shall be as shown on the Salt
 Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
- 2245

2246 18.36.120: COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL FEES:

- The fees to be paid to the city treasurer for electrical permits covering work in industrial or
 commercial properties shall be computed as follows:
- A. Minimum Fee: Minimum fee shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City
 consolidated fee schedule.
- B. New Service Or Change Of Service: For new service, change of service,
 alterations or repairs of six hundred (600) volt or less capacity service entrance equipment, the
 fee shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
- 2254 C. Subfeeders: Fee for installation, alteration or repair of subfeeders, including
 2255 supply taps from subfeeders, shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
- D. Transformers: The installation of transformers shall be subject to inspection fee
 when such transformers are an integral part of the consumer's distribution system. Such fee shall
 be in addition to the regular system inspection fee and shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City
 consolidated fee schedule.
- E. Motor Generator: The fee for installation of a motor generator for emergency or
 standby shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
- F. Alternate Fee Schedule: Electrical permit fees shall be computed on the schedules
 set forth on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule and shall be paid prior to work being
 started. When a fee cannot be computed on the standard schedules, it shall be computed based on
 the alternate schedule shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
- 2266
- 2267 18.36.130: ELECTRICAL WORK EXCEEDING ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS:
- When the cost of electrical work exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), electrical
 permit fees shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
- 2270
- 2271 18.36.170: POWER TO PANEL PERMITS; REQUIRED WHEN:
- 2272 All new construction shall require a power to panel permit in accordance with section 18.36.180
- of this chapter, or its successor section, to be issued in conjunction with the required electrical
 permit.
- 2275
- 2276 18.36.180: POWER TO PANEL PERMIT; FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES ONLY:

2277 Temporary Basis: A power to panel permit shall authorize power for construction A. 2278 purposes on a temporary basis only; permanent power must be authorized separately. 2279 B. Permit: At the time power to panel is required to complete construction, the owner 2280 or contractor shall apply for and obtain a separate power to panel construction permit. Said 2281 permit shall be valid for a sixty (60) day period. 2282 C. Extensions: Thirty (30) day extensions for such permit may be issued upon the 2283 approval of building and housing services and upon payment of one-half (1/2) of the original 2284 permit fee for each extension. 2285 -Certificate Of Occupancy: Final electrical approval for permanent power shall be Ð.--2286 withheld until a certificate of occupancy is issued. Occupancy occurring prior to the issuance of a 2287 certificate of occupancy shall result in a discontinuance of all power until occupancy is approved 2288 or until occupancy ceases. 2289 E. -Expiration: Upon expiration of a power to panel construction permit, all power to 2290 the electrical panel shall be discontinued. 2291 F. Fees: 2292 60 day, no issue fee \$20.00 30 day extension 7.00 2293 2294 18.36.210: VIOLATION; PENALTY: 2295 Any person, firm or corporation, whether acting as owner or occupant of the premises involved, 2296 or contractor, or otherwise, who violates or refuses to comply with any provisions of this title, or 2297 the national electrical code, as amended, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. A separate offense 2298 shall be deemed to be committed on each day an offense occurs or continues. 2299 SECTION 10. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.48. That Chapter 2300 18.48 of the Salt Lake City Code (Technical Building Specifications: Dangerous Buildings) is 2301 hereby amended as follows: 2302 **CHAPTER 18.48** 2303 DANGEROUS BUILDINGS 2304 ARTICLE I. REPAIR, ORAND VACATION, OR BOARDING OF DANGEROUS 2305 **BUILDINGS** 2306 2307 18.48.010: RESERVEDTITLE:

- 2308 This chapter and the provisions included herein constitute Salt Lake City's Dangerous Building
- 2309 Code, and will be referred to hereinafter as "the Dangerous Building Code" or "this Code." This
- 2310 Code is modeled after the Uniform Code for the Abatement of Dangerous Buildings, 1997
- 2311 Edition, and has only been adopted as stated herein.
- 2312
- 2313 18.48.020: PURPOSE AND SCOPE:

2314 It is the purpose of <u>this chapter</u>the <u>Dangerous Building Code</u> to provide just, equitable, and

2315 practicable methods to require the repair (including temporary boarding) and, vacation, or

2316 temporary boarding of buildings or structures that endanger the life, limb, health, morals,

2317 property, safety, or welfare of the general public or their occupants. The provisions of this

- 2318 Dangerous Building Code are cumulative and in addition to any other remedy provided by law.
- 2319
- 2320 18.48.030: DEFINITIONS:

BUILDING CODE: The International Building Code, or its successor, promulgated by the
 International Code Council, as adopted by the state.

BOARDED BUILDING: A building in which accessible openings, such as windows and doors, are secured by a secondary means against entry. Examples of securing a building by a secondary means includes, but is not limited to, boarding and fencing.

2326 DANGEROUS BUILDINGS: For the purpose of this Dangerous Building Code, any building or

2327 structure that has any or all of the conditions or defects hereinafter described may be deemed to

be a dangerous building, provided that such conditions or defects exist to the extent that the life,
 health, property, or safety of the public or its occupants are endangered.

- 2330 A. Whenever any door, aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit is not of sufficient 2331 width or size or is not so arranged as to provide safe and adequate means of exit in case
- width or size or is not so arranged as to provide safe and adequate means of exit in case
 of fire or panic.
- B. Whenever the walking surface of any aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit
 is so warped, worn, loose, torn or otherwise unsafe as to not provide safe and adequate
 means of exit in case of fire or panic.
- C. Whenever the stress in any materials, member or portion thereof, due to all dead and live
 loads, is more than one and one half <u>1.5</u> times the working stress or stresses allowed in
 the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location.
- D. Whenever any portion thereof has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood, or by
 any other cause, to such an extent that the structural strength or stability thereof is
 materially less than it was before such catastrophe and is less than the minimum
 requirements of the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose, or
 location.
- E. Whenever any portion or member or appurtenance thereof is likely to fail, or to become detached or dislodged, or to collapse and thereby injure persons or damage property.

2346	F. Whenever any portion of a building, or any member, appurtenance, or ornamentation on
2347	the exterior thereof is not of sufficient strength or stability, or is not so anchored,
2348	attached, or fastened in place so as to be capable of resisting a wind pressure of one half
2349	of that specified in the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or
2350	location without exceeding the working stresses permitted in the Building Code for such
2351	buildings.
2352	G. Whenever any portion of a building or structure has wracked, warped, buckled, or settled
2353	to such an extent that walls or other structural portions have materially less resistance to
2354	winds or earthquakes than is required in the case of similar new construction.
2355	H. Whenever the building or structure, or any portion thereof, because of (i) dilapidation,
2356	deterioration or decay; (ii) faulty construction; (iii) the removal, movement or instability
2357	of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of supporting such building; (iv)
2358	the deterioration, decay or inadequacy of its foundation; or (v) any other cause, is likely
2359	to partially or completely collapse.
2360	I. Whenever, for any reason, the building or structure, or any portion thereof, is manifestly
2361	unsafe for the purpose for which it is being used.
2362	J. Whenever the exterior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean, or buckle to
2363	such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity does not fall inside
2364	the middle one third of the base.
2365	K. Whenever the building or structure, exclusive of the foundation, shows thirty three
2366	percent (33%) or more damage or deterioration of its supporting member or members, or
2367	fifty percent (50%) damage or deterioration of its non-supporting members, enclosing or
2368	outside walls or coverings.
2369	L. Whenever the building or structure has been so damaged by fire, wind, earthquake, or
2370	flood, or has become so dilapidated or deteriorated as to become an attractive nuisance to
2371	children or as to enable persons to resort thereto for the purpose of committing unlawful
2372	acts.
2373	M. Whenever any building or structure has been constructed, exists, or is maintained in
2374	violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or
2375	structure provided by the building regulations of this jurisdiction, as specified in the
2376	Building Code or Housing Code, or of any law or ordinance of this state or jurisdiction
2377	relating to the condition, location, or structure of buildings.
2378	N. Whenever any building or structure which, whether or not erected in accordance with all
2379	applicable laws and ordinances, has in any non-supporting part, member or portion less
2380	than fifty percent (50%), or in any supporting part, member or portion less than sixty six
2381	percent (66%) of the (i) strength, (ii) fire-resisting qualities or characteristics, or (iii)
2382	weather-resisting qualities or characteristics required by law in the case of a newly
2383	constructed building of like area, height and occupancy in the same location.
2384	O. Whenever a building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes,
2385	because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction or
2386	arrangement, inadequate light, air or sanitation facilities, or otherwise, is determined by

2387 the health officer to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation, or in such a condition that 2388 is likely to cause sickness or disease. 2389 P. Whenever any building or structure, because of obsolescence, dilapidated condition, 2390 deterioration, damage, inadequate exits, lack of sufficient fire resistive construction, 2391 faulty electric wiring, gas connections or heating apparatus, or other cause, is determined 2392 by the fire marshal to be a fire hazard. 2393 Q. Whenever any building or structure is in such a condition as to constitute a public 2394 nuisance known to the common law or in equity jurisprudence. 2395 R. Whenever any portion of a building or structure remains on a site after the demolition or 2396 destruction of the building or structure or whenever any building or structure is 2397 abandoned for a period in excess of six months so as to constitute such building or 2398 portion thereof an attractive nuisance or hazard to the public. 2399 DIVISION: Salt Lake City's Division of Building Services, or the successor Salt Lake City 2400 division authorized to perform the repair, vacation, or boarding of a building under this chapter. HOUSING CODE: The Salt Lake City Existing Residential Housing Ordinance as promulgated 2401 2402 in Chapter 18.50 of the City Code. 2403 VACANT/SECURE BUILDING: An unoccupied building having all openings, such as windows 2404 and doors, secured against entry, where windows are fully glazed and the doors are secured by 2405 means of a lock. 2406 2407 18.48.040: AUTHORITY TO ENFORCE: 2408 A. Authority T to Enforce: The building official or designee is hereby authorized to 2409 enforce the provisions of this chapter Dangerous Building Code. The building official shall have 2410 the power to render interpretations of this Dangerous Building Code and to adopt and enforce 2411 rules and supplemental regulations to clarify the application of its provisions. Such 2412 interpretations, rules, and regulations shall be in conformity with the intent and purpose of this 2413 **Dangerous Building Code.** 2414 B. Authority Tto Inspect: The building official or their designee is hereby authorized 2415 to make inspections and take such actions as may be required to enforce the provisions of this 2416 chapterDangerous Building Code. 2417 C. Buildings Oor Structures Subject Tto Inspection: Any building or structure, where 2418 there is reasonable cause to believe a condition exists that renders the building or structure 2419 endangering the life, limb, health, morals, property, safety, or welfare of the general public or the 2420 structure's occupants in violation of the provisions of this code, is subject to inspection by the 2421 building official or their designee in the manner provided by this Dangerous Building Code. 2422 Inspection When Permit Required: All construction or work for which a permit is D. 2423 required is subject to inspection by the building official or their designee in accordance with and 2424 in the manner provided by this Dangerous Building Code.

2425	E. Inspections: The building official or their designee may enter a building or
2426	structure at reasonable times to inspect or to perform the duties imposed by this
2427	chapterDangerous Building Code.
2428	1. If the building or structure is occupied, the building official or designee
2429	shall present credentials to the occupant and request entry.
2430	2. If the building or structure is unoccupied, the building official or their
2431	designee shall make reasonable efforts to locate the owner or other persons having charge
2432	or control of the building or premises and request entry.
2433	3. If entry is refused, the building official or their designee shall have
2434	recourse to the remedies provided by law to secure entry.
2435	
2436	18.48.050: PROCEDURES UPON DETERMINATION OF A VIOLATION:
2437	A. Initiation Of Action: When the building official has inspected or caused to be
2438	inspected any building and has found and determined that such building is a dangerous building,
2439	the building official shall shall follow the enforcement procedures set forth in the 1997 Uniform
2440	Code for the Abatement of Dangerous Buildingscommence proceedings to cause the repair,
2441	vacation, or boarding of the building.
2442	B. Form Of Notice And Order: The building official shall issue a written notice and
2443	order directed to the record owner of the building.
2444	1. The notice and order shall:
2445	a. Identify the property owner of record according to the records of
2446	the Salt Lake County Recorder;
2447	b. Describe the property and contain a statement that the building
2448	official has found the building to be dangerous with a brief and concise
2449	description of the conditions found to render the building dangerous under the
2450	provisions of this code; and
2451	c. Require the property owner to take action as determined by the
2452	building official.
2453	(1) If the building official has determined that the building or
2454	structure must be repaired or boarded, the order shall require that all
2455	required permits be secured and the work physically commenced within
2456	such time as the building official shall determine is reasonable under all of
2457	the circumstances, which time shall not be less than ten (10) days from the
2458	date after the day the notice is delivered in person or postmarked.
2459	(2) If the building official has determined that the building or
2460	structure must be vacated, the order shall require that the building or
2461	structure shall be vacated within a time certain from the date of the order
2462	as determined by the building official to be reasonable, which time shall

2463 2464	not be less than ten (10) days from the date after the day the notice is delivered in person or postmarked.
2465 2466 2467 2468 2469 2470	d. A statement that, if any required repair work not also requiring the vacation of property is not commenced within the time specified in Subsection 18.48.050.B.1.c.(1), the building official will order the building vacated and posted to prevent further occupancy until the work is completed and may proceed to cause the work to be done and recover the costs as set forth in Section 18.48.100.
2471 2472 2473 2474 2475 2476 2477	e. A statement that (i) any person having any record title or legal interest in the building may appeal from the notice and order of the building official, except for an objection from an itemized statement of costs, to the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board as established in this chapter, provided the appeal is made in writing as provided in this code and filed with the building official within thirty (30) days from the date of service of such notice and order; and (ii) failure to appeal will constitute a waiver of all right to an administrative hearing and determination of the matter.
2478 2479 2480 2481 2482 2483	C. Service: The written notice and order, and any amended or supplemental notice and order, shall be served on the property owner of record according to the records of the county recorder. Service shall be made in person or by certified or commercial courier service. The failure of any such person to receive such notice shall not affect the validity of any proceedings taken under this section. Service by certified mail in the manner herein provided shall be effective on the date the notice and order are postmarked.
2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489	D. Proof Of Service: Proof of service of the notice and order shall be certified at the time of service by a written declaration under penalty of perjury executed by the persons effecting service, declaring the time, date, and manner in which service was made. The declaration, together with any receipt card returned in acknowledgment of receipt by certified mail or commercial courier service shall be affixed to the copy of the notice and order retained by the building official.
2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498	E. Recording Of Certificate: If compliance is not had with the order within the time specified therein, and no appeal has been properly and timely filed, the building official shall file in the office of the county recorder a certificate describing the property and certifying (i) that the building is a dangerous building and (ii) that the owner has been so notified. If the actions ordered are completed after filing of this certificate or the building official shall file a new certificate with the county recorder certifying that the building has been demolished or all required corrections have been made so that the building is no longer dangerous, whichever is appropriate.
2499 2500	18.48.060: NOTICE TO VACATE: RESERVED
2501 2502	A. Form Of Notice: Every notice to vacate shall, in addition to being served as provided in Section 18.48.050, be posted on the exterior of the building and shall be in

2503 substantially the following form:

2504	DO NOT ENTER
2505	UNSAFE TO OCCUPY
2506	It is a misdemeanor to occupy this building, or to remove or deface this notice.
2507	Building Official
2508	of
2509	Salt Lake City
2510 2511 2512	B. Compliance With Notice To Vacate: No person shall remain or enter any building which has been so posted, except that entry may be made to repair or board. No person shall remove or deface any such notice after it is posted.
2513	
2514	18.48.070: <u>RESERVED</u> EXTENSION OF TIME TO PERFORM WORK:
2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522	Upon a timely written request by the owner setting forth the requested reasons for an extension of time, the building official or designee may grant an extension of time, not to exceed one hundred twenty (120) days from the deadline set forth in the original notice and order, within which to complete said repair, vacation, or boarding, if the building official determines that such an extension of time will not create or perpetuate a situation imminently dangerous to life or property. The building official's authority to extend time is limited to the physical repair, vacation, or boarding of the premises and will not in any way affect the time to appeal the notice and order.
2523 2524	18.48.080: APPEALS:
2525 2526	A. Hearing Appeals: <u>Appeals of a notice and order issued pursuant to this chapter</u> shall be taken in accordance with Chapter 18.12 <u>Timely written appeals of notice and orders or</u>
2520	any action of the building official, except for an objection from an itemized statement of costs,
2528	shall be heard and decided by the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board.
2529	B. Form Of Notice: Any person entitled to service under Section 18.48.050 may
2530	appeal from any notice and order or any action of the building official under this code by filing at
2531	the office of the building official a written appeal containing:
2532	1. A heading containing the words: "Before the housing advisory and appeals
2533	board";
2534	2. A caption reading: "Appeal of," giving the names of all
2535	appellants participating in the appeal;
2536	3. A brief statement setting forth the legal interest of each of the appellants in
2537	the building or the land involved in the notice and order;

2538 A brief statement in ordinary and concise language of the specific order or 2539 action protested, together with any material facts claimed to support the contentions of 2540 the appellant; 2541 - A brief statement in ordinary and concise language of the relief sought and 5 2542 the reasons why it is claimed the protested order or action should be reversed, modified or otherwise set aside; 2543 2544 6. The signatures of all parties named as appellants and their official mailing 2545 addresses: and 2546 7. The verification (by declaration under penalty of perjury) of at least one 2547 appellant as to the truth of the matters stated in the appeal. 2548 Time To File An Appeal: The appeal must be filed within thirty (30) days from C. 2549 the date of the issuance of the notice and order described herein, except as provided in 2550 Subsection D. 2551 Ð.--Time To File An Appeal For An Imminently Dangerous Building: If the building 2552 or structure is in such condition as to make it immediately dangerous to the life, limb, property or 2553 safety of the public or adjacent property and is ordered vacated and is posted in accordance with 2554 Section 18.48.060, such appeal shall be filed as soon as reasonably practical from the date of the 2555 issuance of the notice and order of the building official. 2556 Transmittal Of Appeal: Upon receipt of any appeal filed pursuant to this section, E. 2557 the building official shall transmit the appeal to the members of the Housing Advisory and 2558 Appeals Board for scheduling of a meeting within thirty (30) days of receipt of a timely appeal. 2559 Scheduling Hearing: As soon as practicable after receiving the written appeal, the F. 2560 Housing Advisory and Appeals board shall fix a date, time and place for the hearing of the 2561 appeal by the board. Such date shall not be less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days 2562 from the date the appeal was filed with the building official, unless extraordinary circumstances 2563 are present. Written notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given at least ten (10) 2564 days prior to the date of the hearing to each appellant by the secretary of the board either by 2565 causing a copy of such notice to be delivered to the appellant personally or by mailing a copy 2566 thereof, postage prepaid, addressed to the appellant at the address shown on the appeal. 2567 Failure To Timely Appeal: Failure of any person to file a timely appeal in G. 2568 accordance with the provisions of this code shall constitute a waiver of the right to an 2569 administrative hearing and adjudication of the notice and order or any portion thereof. 2570 - Issues Considered On Appeal: Only those matters or issues specifically raised by H. 2571 the appellant shall be considered in the hearing of the appeal. 2572 Stays Pending Appeal: Except for vacation or boarding orders made pursuant to I. 2573 Section 18.48.050, enforcement of any notice and order of the building official issued under this 2574 Dangerous Building Code shall be stayed during the pendency of an appeal therefrom which is 2575 properly and timely filed.

2576 2577 2578 2579 2580 2581 2582	J. Authority To Hear And Evaluate Appeal: The Housing Advisory and Appeals Board shall have the authority to hear and evaluate evidence related to the building official's decision and determine whether the decision was arbitrary and capricious or illegal. The Housing Advisory and Appeals Board has no authority relative to interpretation of the administrative provisions of this code nor is the board empowered to waive requirements of this code. After the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board makes a final determination, they shall issue a written determination.
2583 2584 2585	K. Appeal To Utah District Court: After issuance of a final written determination by the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board, the decision may be appealed to the Utah District Court, Third Judicial District within thirty (30) days from the issuance of the decision.
2586	
2587	18.48.090: CITY'S ABATEMENT OF PROPERTY:
2588 2589 2590 2591 2592 2593	If the property owner does not comply with the <u>notice and order issued pursuant to this chapter</u> within the time specified in the notice and order and no appeal has been properly and timely filed , the building official or designees may cause the building to be repaired, vacated, or <u>temporarily</u> boarded to the extent necessary to correct the conditions which render the building dangerous as set forth in the notice and order. Any such repair, vacation, or boarding shall be completed and the cost thereof paid and recovered as set forth in this <u>chapter</u> code.
2594	
2595	18.48.100: RECOVERY OF COSTS:
2596 2597 2598 2599 2600	A. Permitted Recovery Oof Costs: If the building official or designee causes the repair, vacation, or boarding of a building pursuant to a notice issued under <u>this chapterSection</u> 18.48.050, and after the property owner received at least 10 days' notice in which to complete the repair, vacation or boarding and failed to do so, the division may collect the cost of that abatement, by filing a property tax lien, as set forth in this section.
2601 2602 2603 2604 2605 2606 2607	B. Itemized Statement $\Theta_0 f$ Costs: Upon completion of the repair, vacation, or boarding work, the building official or designee shall prepare an itemized statement of costs and mail it to the property owner by certified mail <u>or reputable mail tracking service that is capable of confirming delivery</u> , demanding payment within thirty (30) days of the date the statement is post marked. The administrative fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule to cover the city's administrative expenses in contracting for the repair, boarding, or other abatement costs shall be included in the statement of costs.
2608 2609	C. Form <u>Oof</u> Itemized Statement <u>Oof</u> Costs: The itemized statement of costs shall <u>include</u> :
2610	1. Include:
2611	a. The address of the property at issue;
2612 2613	<u>2.b.</u> An itemized list of all expenses incurred by the division, including administrative costs;

2614 A demand for payment; and <u>3.e.</u> 2615 4.d. The address where payment is to be made; 2616 5.2. NotifyNotification t-the property owner: 2617 That failure to timely pay the expenses described in the itemized statement may result in a lien on the property in accordance with this chapter and Utah Code 2618 Section 10-11-4 or its successor; 2619 2620 Notification tThat the property owner may file a written objection to all or 6.b. 2621 part of the statement within twenty (20) days of the date the statement is postmarked; and 2622 Where the property owner may file the objection, including the name of 7.c. 2623 the office and the mailing address. 2624 Delivery Oof Statement Oof Costs: The itemized statement of costs described in D. 2625 Subsection C shall be deemed delivered when mailed by certified mail or reputable mail tracking 2626 service that is capable of confirming delivery addressed to the last known address of the property 2627 owner, according to the records of the county recorder. 2628 Objection T to Statement O of Costs: A property owner may appeal the statement E. 2629 of costs to the fines hearing officer, only as to the issue of whether the costs were actually 2630 incurred, pursuant to Section 18.12.050. If the property owner files a timely written objection, the 2631 division will schedule a hearing and will mail or deliver to the property owner prior to the 2632 hearing a notice stating the date, time, and location of the hearing. A fines hearing officer, 2633 appointed pursuant to Section 21A.06.090, shall preside at the hearing and consider the property 2634 owner's objection as set forth in Subsection F. 2635 Objection Hearing: At the hearing described in Subsection E, after the property F. 2636 owner presents the objection to the hearing officer, the fines hearing officer shall review and 2637 determine the cost of abatement incurred by the division in abating the property, including 2638 administrative costs. The property owner must pay any amount the fines hearing officer 2639 determines is due and owing to the Salt Lake City Treasurer at the address provided in the 2640 statement of costs within thirty (30) days of the date of the hearing. 2641 F.G. Failure Tto Object Oor Pay: If the property owner fails to make payment of the 2642 amount set forth in the itemized statement within thirty (30) days of the date of the mailing of 2643 that statement, or to file a timely objection, then the division may certify the past due costs and 2644 expenses to the Salt Lake County Treasurer. 2645 G.H. Failure Tto Pay Aafter Objection Hearing: If the property owner files a timely 2646 objection but fails to make payment of any amount ordered by the fines hearing officerfound due 2647 and owing under Subsection F within thirty (30) days of the date of the hearing, the inspector 2648 may certify the past due costs and expense to the Salt Lake County Treasurer. 2649 Lien Oon Property: After entry by the Salt Lake County Treasurer treasurer of the H.I. 2650 county, as set forth in Subsections FG and GH, the amount entered shall have the force and 2651 effect of a valid judgment of the district court, is a lien on the property, and shall be collected by

the <u>Salt Lake County T</u>treasurer-of the county in which the property is located at the time of the payment of general taxes.

<u>I.J.</u> Release Oof Lien: Upon payment of the amount set forth in the itemized
 statement of costs or otherwise determined due and owing by the <u>fines</u> hearing officer-in
 <u>Subsections E and F</u>, the judgment is satisfied, the lien is released from the property, and receipt
 shall be acknowledged upon the general tax receipt issued by the treasurer.

2658

2659 18.48.110: APPLICABILITY OF BUILDING CODE:

2660 All buildings or structures which are required to be repaired under the provisions of this

2661 <u>chaptercode</u> shall be subject to the provisions of the <u>applicable construction codes adopted</u>

2662 <u>pursuant to Section 18.04.040</u><u>International Building Code, or its successor section</u>.

2663

2664 18.48.120: PUBLIC NUISANCES:

A. Declaration A<u>a</u>nd Abatement O<u>o</u>f Public Nuisances: All buildings or structures or portions thereof which are determined after inspection by the building official to be dangerous as defined in this code are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be abated by repair, vacation, or boarding in accordance with the procedures specified herein.

B. Boarded <u>or Vacant Building Aas Public Nuisance: Any structure that is vacant or</u> which has been boarded for over two (2) years may be declared to be a public nuisance <u>upon a</u> <u>determination that the structure isas</u> detrimental to the safety <u>orand</u> public welfare of the residents and property values of this city.

2673

2674 ARTICLE II. BOARDING OR TEMPORARILY SECURING BUILDINGS

2675

2676 18.48.200: SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY:

2677 The provisions of this article apply to any person or entity who is ordered to board a building

2678 under Article I and any person or entity who voluntarily boards a building.

2679

2680 18.48.205: BOARDING PERMIT<u>REGISTRATION</u>:

A. <u>PermitRegistration</u> Required: <u>A permit-Registration</u> is required to board a building. In the case where the city causes the boarding work to be done pursuant to Section 18.48.245, the city <u>will register the property on which the building is located and will bill the</u> <u>record owner the yearly registration fee pursuant to Section 18.48.215</u> is not required to obtain a <u>boarding permit</u>. In the case where the building official causes temporary boarding work to be <u>done pursuant to Section 18.48.090 and the building is boarded for more than 45 days, the</u> <u>provisions of this Article II shall apply.</u>

2688 2689 2690	B. Form Of PermitRegistration Process: Registration of a property on which a boarded structure shall be located must be donePermits for boarding a building must be applied for on a form provided by the building official or designee. The form shall specify the following:	
2691	1. The address of the structure to be boarded or temporarily secured;	
2692	2. The type of building;	
2693	3. For residential structures, the number of dwelling units;	
2694 2695	4. For nonresidential buildings, the number of square feet of all building faces at ground level;	
2696 2697 2698	5. The name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized to act as an agent for the owner for performing the owner's obligations under this article, who lives within forty (40) miles of Salt Lake City; and	
2699 2700	6. Whether the property has the required external water source for landscaping, if landscaping is required.	
2701		
2702	18.48.210: INITIAL FEESNOTICE OF REGISTRATION:	
2703 2704 2705 2706 2707 2708 2709 2710 2711	For the first year of any boarding, at the time of filing the application, the applicant shall pay the fees shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule for each structure. Upon registration the city may record with the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office a notice of registration. The recordation of a notice of registration shall not be deemed an encumbrance on the property but shall merely place interested parties on notice that the cost of City abatement activities conducted pursuant to Section 18.48.245 may be outstanding and recoverable as a lien on the property in accordance with Section 18.48.100. Once the building official determines that the property is no longer subject to registration then a notice of deregistration shall be recorded. Recordation of the notice of deregistration shall have the effect of canceling the recorded notice of registration.	
2712		
2713	18.48.215: YEARLY <u>REGISTRATION</u> FEES:	
2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719	A. Annual Fee: <u>Upon registration and on</u> On or before each yearly anniversary of the <u>date the property was registered pursuant to this articleissuance of a boarding permit</u> , a property owner desiring to maintain a boarded building shall pay the annual boarding <u>registration</u> fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. <u>Properties that are defined as a</u> <u>"contributing structure" or "landmark site" pursuant to Section 21A.34.020 shall be subject to a higher registration fee.</u>	
2720 2721 2722 2723	B. Late <u>PenaltyFee</u> : A late fee <u>penalty</u> of twenty five dollars (\$25.00) as set forth in the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule shall be assessed by the city for each thirty (30) days <u>period</u> , or any portion thereof, in which the annual fees have not been paid up to amounts allowed by state law.	

C. Failure <u>Tto RegisterObtain Permit</u>: Boarding a building before
 <u>registeringobtaining a permit</u> pursuant to this article shall result in a fine of up to twenty five
 percent (25%) of the boarding <u>registrationapplication</u> fee specified in the Salt Lake City
 consolidated fee schedule.

D. Collection Oof Fees: If the property owner fails to pay either the initial boarding fees or the annual boarding registration fees, the city may take legal action to collect any amounts owed.

2731

2732 18.48.220: POSTING OF BOARDED OR CLOSED TO OCCUPANCY BUILDINGS:

Whenever a building is boarded or closed to occupancy, the city shall be authorized to install a sign to be mounted on the exterior of the building. The sign shall state that the building is closed to occupancy and that it is unlawful for any unauthorized person to enter the building. The sign shall also provide phone numbers to call if people are seen on the property or if doors or

- 2737 windows are unsecured.
- 2738

2739 18.48.225: METHOD OF SECURING BUILDINGS:

2740 All buildings shall be boarded in the following manner:

A. Securing Opening: All openings in the structure on the first floor, other openings easily accessible from the ground, and openings with broken glass, shall be secured either by erecting a single one-half inch (1/2") thick layer of plywood sheathing or similar material, not to include chipboard/OSB, covering over all exterior openings, overlapping the opening on every edge by three inches (3"), affixed along the edges by nails or screws spaced every six inches (6").

2746 Alternatives to Securing Openings: Alternately, the openings may be secured by Β. 2747 conventional wood frame construction. The frames shall use wood studs of a size not less than 2748 two inches by four inches (2" x 4") (nominal dimension) placed not more than twenty four inches 2749 (24") apart on center. The frame stud shall have the four inch (4") sides or the wide dimension perpendicular to the face of the wall. Each side of the frame shall be covered with plywood 2750 2751 sheathing or similar material of at least one-half inch (1/2") thickness or equivalent lumber nailed over the opening by using nails or screws spaced every six inches (6") on the outside 2752 2753 edges and every twelve inches (12") along intermediate stud supports; and

C. Exterior Doors: Exterior doors shall be secured by a strong non-glass door
adequately locked to preclude entry of unauthorized persons, or shall be covered as an opening
described in Subsection A or B of this section or successor sections.

2757

2758 18.48.230: LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE:

Existing landscaping and lawn on the property shall be maintained in the manner otherwise required by Chapters 9.16 and 21A.48.

2761	
2762	18.48.235: EXTERIOR MAINTENANCE:
2763 2764 2765 2766 2767	A. Exterior Oof Building: The exterior of a boarded building shall be maintained as required by relevant requirements set forth in Section 18.50.140 of this title. In particular, exterior walls and surfaces shall be properly maintained and severely weathered, peeling, or unpainted wood and damaged siding and roofing shall be replaced or repaired with similar materials and colors.
2768 2769 2770 2771	B. Salvage Permit Required: Doors, windows, special glass, fixtures, fittings, pipes, railings, posts, panels, boards, lumber, stones, bricks, marble, or similar materials within the interior of a boarded building shall not be salvaged except upon the issuance of a permit as provided in Section 18.64.070-of this title.
2772 2773 2774	C. Enforcement of Exterior Maintenance Requirements: If the owner of a boarded building fails to maintain the building and its premises as required by this section and Section 18.64.045 of this title, the city may take appropriate legal action to enforce such requirements.
2775	
2776	18.48.240: SNOW AND ICE REMOVAL:
2777 2778	Snow and ice must be removed from public sidewalk areas surrounding the boarded property in the manner indicated in Section 14.20.070-of this code.
2779	
2780	18.48.245: CITY MAINTENANCE OF PROPERTY:
2781 2782 2783 2784 2785	A. Notice: If the building official or the building official's designee determines that a boarded building and/or property is not being maintained, the building official or the building official's designee shall <u>issue a notice and order pursuant to Section 18.24.040</u> send a notice to the property owner and/or the property owner's agent requiring compliance with the building maintenance standards as required in city code.
2786 2787 2788 2789	B. Failure to Comply with Notice: If the building official or designee determines that the property owner has failed to comply with the notice <u>and order</u> , the city may cause the work to be done by a contractor hired by the city <u>and the city may recover its abatement costs in accordance with the process set forth in Section 18.48.100</u> .
2790	C. City's Recovery Of Costs: The city shall bill the property owner:
2791 2792 2793	1. The administrative fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule to cover the city's administrative expenses in contracting for the building maintenance; and
2794 2795	2. The actual cost of building maintenance billed to the city by the city's contractor.
2796	

2797 18.48.250: CITY MAINTENANCE OF LANDSCAPING:

If the building official or the building official's designee determines that the landscaping on the
property surrounding a boarded building is not being maintained as required by city code, the
building official or the building official's designee shall follow the notice of violation and
corrective measures procedures as detailed in Sections 9.16.050 and 9.16.060.

- 2802
- 2803 18.48.255: VIOLATIONS:

A. It is unlawful for the building owner to fail to maintain the boarded building or ensure the building remains vacated after the property has been abated by either the city or the building owner. Each day a violation occurs shall be a separate offense.

B. Violations of the provisions of this chapter are punishable <u>in accordance with</u>
 <u>Chapter 18.24</u>by imposing a civil penalty as provided in Section 21A.20.010 et seq., of this code.

- 2809
- 2810 18.48.260: BUILDING INSPECTIONS REQUIRED:

Whenever a property owner, manager, or tenant intends to clean, repair, renovate, reopen or reoccupy a building that has been boarded, the building is to be inspected by the building official or designee and a permit must be issued by building services or its successor prior to the building owner, manager, or tenant initiating any of the above actions. Any person conducting any work on a building that has been boarded or closed to occupancy must have a valid building permit at all times.

2817

2818 SECTION 11. <u>Amending the text of *Salt Lake City Code* Chapter 18.50.</u> That Chapter

- 2819 18.50 of the Salt Lake City Code (Technical Building Specifications: Existing Residential
- 2820 Housing) is hereby amended as follows:
- 2821
- 2822 CHAPTER 18.50
- 2823 EXISTING RESIDENTIAL HOUSING
- 2824
- 2825 18.50.010: TITLE:

This chapter shall be known as the SALT LAKE CITY EXISTING RESIDENTIAL HOUSING
ORDINANCE and is referred to herein as "this chapter".

- 2027 ORDINATION
- 2828

2829 18.50.020: PURPOSE AND SCOPE:

2830 Purpose: The purpose of this chapter is to provide for the health, safety, comfort, A. 2831 convenience and aesthetics of Salt Lake City and its present and future inhabitants and 2832 businesses, to protect the tax base, and to protect property values within the city, as provided by 2833 sSection 10-9a-102, of the Utah Code Annotated, or its successor section, and other applicable 2834 state statutes. This purpose shall be accomplished by regulating the maintenance, repair and 2835 remodeling of residential buildings specified in this chapter existing as of the date of enactment 2836 hereof by: 2837 Establishing minimum housing standards for all buildings or portions 1. 2838 thereof used, or designed or intended to be used, for human habitation; 2839 2. Establishing minimum standards for safety from fire and other hazards; 2840 3. Promoting maintenance and improvement of structures by applying 2841 standards of this chapter to renovations. This chapter allows distinctions in the application of standards based on the year a structure was built, as long as a reasonable 2842 2843 level of safety is achieved; 2844 Avoiding the closure or abandonment of housing and the displacement of 4. 2845 occupants where such can be done without sacrificing the public health, safety and 2846 welfare: 2847 Providing for the administration, enforcement and penalties for this 5. 2848 chapter.

2849 B. Scope:

28501.Application <u>Fto</u> Existing Buildings: This chapter encompasses fire safety2851and structural integrity of existing residential buildings. Within the structures, the scope2852includes equipment and facilities for light, ventilation, heating, sanitation, protection2853from the elements, space requirements, and for safe and sanitary maintenance.

28542.Owner Occupied Versus Rental Properties: Except as specified in2855subsection B3 of this section, the standards of this chapter apply to the interior and2856exterior of all buildings, dwelling units and premises which are occupied on a rental2857basis. For buildings or dwelling units which are occupied solely by the owner and the2858owner's family, all the requirements defined as imminent danger or hazardous condition2859situations, and those affecting the exterior of the building and premises shall apply. Other2860interior standards do not apply to owner occupied dwelling units.

- 2861
- 3. Condominiums: Repealed.

2862<u>2.4.</u> Application <u>Tto</u> Remodeling <u>Oo</u>f Existing Residential Buildings: This2863chapter shall apply to remodeling or renovation of all residential buildings existing as of2864the date of enactment hereof as follows:

2865a. This chapter applies regardless of tenancy, regardless of the2866valuation of the renovations, and regardless of the date of such remodeling or2867renovation, unless otherwise noted in this chapter.

2868 2869 2870 2871 2872 2873 2874 2875	b. Those buildings or portions thereof which conform with all applicable laws in effect at the time of their construction or whose fire resistive integrity and fire extinguishing systems have been adequately maintained and improved to accommodate any increase in occupant load, alteration or addition, or any change in occupancy may continue in accordance with the standards in effect at that time. This chapter shall not lessen such requirements for residential buildings which were constructed in compliance with the code in effect at the time of construction.
2876 2877 2878 2879	<u>be</u> . The requirements of this chapter are minimums. During a renovation or remodeling project, whenever conditions exist which allow such work to comply with the <u>codes adopted in Section 18.04.040</u> , <u>such codes</u> standard of the UBC, UPC or UMC these codes shall apply.
2880 2881 2882 2883 2884	<u>cd</u> . When a construction standard is omitted from this chapter, the applicable standard shall be the <u>state construction codes adopted and UBC, UMC</u> or UPC in effect at the time the building was constructed <u>or at the time the</u> relevant electrical, mechanical, or plumbing element was installed, whichever is <u>later</u> .
2885 2886 2887	<u>de</u> . When the purpose of the renovation is to create new dwelling units, the <u>codes adopted in Section 18.04.040</u> UBC rather than this chapter shall apply.
2888 2889 2890 2891 2892	<u>3.5.</u> Application Fto New Construction: From the date of adoption hereof, newly constructed buildings must comply with the <u>codes adopted pursuant to Section</u> <u>18.04.040</u> eurrently adopted UBC. All additions to an existing building envelope shall comply with the <u>codes adopted pursuant to Section 18.04.040</u> most recently adopted edition of the UBC.
2893 2894 2895	6. Dangerous Buildings: Residential buildings subject to section 302 of the UCADB shall be governed by the UCADB and not by this chapter. If any conflict exists between this chapter and the UCADB, the UCADB shall control.
2896 2897 2898	<u>4.7.</u> Change Θ_0 f Use: Any building undergoing a change which intensifies the use, as defined in the UBC and the uniform code for building conservation, shall comply with the provisions of the codes adopted pursuant to Section 18.04.040UBC.
2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905	<u>5.8.</u> Permits Required: Except as provided in this subsection, no building or structure regulated by this chapter shall be erected, constructed, enlarged, altered, moved, removed, converted, or demolished unless a separate permit for each building or structure has first been obtained from the building official. Except where required by state law, permits are not required for <u>those items identified in Section 105.2 of the International Building Code and International Residential Code</u> , or as otherwise directed by the <u>building official</u> .
2906 2907	 a. Floor covering installation; b. Interior and exterior painting;

2908	c. Attaching interior finish wall coverings and similar interior finish work;
2909 2910	d. Replacement of glazing except where safety glazing is required by the UBC;
2911	e. Patching wall surfaces;
2912	f. Installation of countertops and cabinets;
2913	g. Replacement of interior and exterior light fixtures;
2914	h. Replacement of electrical wall outlets and switches;
2915 2916	i. Replacement of kitchen or bathroom sinks, toilets or bidets where the trap and trap arm are not replaced or extended;
2917 2918	j. Replacement of faucets, washers and traps (when the trap is replaced with like installation and the trap arm and the existing vents and drain lines are not disturbed);
2919 2920	k. Repair of irrigation pipelines where the backflow preventers exist or are not being replaced;
2921	1. Replacement of filters, belts and motors in mechanical systems;
2922 2923	m. Installation of battery operated smoke detectors or one 120-volt smoke detector;
2924	n. Replacement of sidewalks on private property;
2925	o. Replacement of ventilation fans;
2926	p. Seasonal weatherization, as long as it does not prevent emergency egress.
2927	C. Violations: It is unlawful for any person to:
2928 2929 2930	1. Erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert, or demolish, equip, use, occupy or maintain any building or structure or cause or permit the same to be done in violation of this chapter;
2931	2. Fail to obey a notice and order issued pursuant to this chapter;
2932 2933	3. Occupy, or rent for occupancy, a building that has been closed to occupancy; or
2934 2935 2936	4. Fail to obey an interpretation, decision or requirement of the <u>board of</u> <u>appeals and examiners</u> housing advisory and appeals board within thirty (30) days, unless otherwise noted.
2937	
2938	18.50.030: DEFINITIONS:

A. Construction <u>Oo</u>f Terms: For the purpose of this chapter, certain terms, phrases, words, and their derivations shall be construed as specified in this section. Words used in the singular include the plural, and words used in the plural include the singular.

B. Whole Includes Part: Whenever the words "apartment house", "building",
"dormitory", "dwelling unit", "habitable room", "hotel", "housing unit" or "structure" are used in
this chapter such words shall be construed as if followed by the words "or any portion thereof",
except for owner occupied areas as specified in subsection 18.50.020B2 of this chapter.

2946 C. Referenced Documents: References to codes, ordinances, chapters, sections, or 2947 subsections shall include any successor to such code, ordinance, chapter, section, or subsection 2948 that has been adopted by the city.

2949 D. Defined Terms:

ADDITION: An increase in floor area or height of a building or structure outside of the existing
 building envelope.

2952 ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING OFFICER: A member of the building services and licensing

2953 staff who has been authorized by HAAB to conduct administrative hearings to establish a repair

agreement between the property owner and the building official to resolve the property's

- 2955 deficiencies as defined by this code.
- AGENT: Any person, firm, partnership, association, joint venture, corporation, or other entitywho acts for or on behalf of others.
- APARTMENT HOUSE: Any building which contains three (3) or more dwelling units otherwise
 subject to this code.
- 2960 APPROVED: As to a given material, mode of construction or repair, piece of equipment or
- 2961 device means approved by the building official as the result of investigation and/or tests

2962 conducted by the building official, or by reason of accepted principles or tests by recognized

- 2963 authorities or technical or scientific organizations.
- ATTIC: That portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and
 the ceiling or roof above.
- BASEMENT: A floor level, any part of which is more than four4 feet (4') below grade for more
 than fifty percent (50%) of the total perimeter or more than eight8 feet (8') below grade at any
 point as floor and grade are defined in the UBC.
- BATHROOM: A room containing at least one of each of the following fixtures: sink, toilet, andtub or shower. It may also include a bidet.
- 2971 BEDROOM: Any space designed or used for sleeping.
- 2972 BOARDING HOUSE (or ROOMING HOUSE): A building other than a hotel or motel, with
- 2973 three (3) or more bedrooms where direct or indirect compensation for lodging and/or kitchen
- 2974 facilities, not located in guestrooms, or meals are provided for boarders and/or roomers not
- 2975 related to the head of the household by marriage, adoption or blood. Rentals must be on at least a
- 2976 monthly basis. The same as defined in Title 21A.

- 2977 BUILDING: Any structure which is used, designed or intended to be used for human habitation.
- BUILDING CLOSURE, CLOSED TO ENTRY, OR CLOSED TO UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY:
 A building which has been closed to occupancy.
- BUILDING ENVELOPE: The space defined by existing floors, exterior walls, roof, basement
 and attic, but not including attached garages.
- BUILDING INSPECTOR: A person designated by the building official to make inspections ofbuildings and properties covered by this chapter.
- 2984 **BUILDING OFFICIAL:** The officer or other designated authority charged with the 2985 administration and enforcement of this chapter, or the officer's designee.
- 2986 **BUILDING SERVICES AND LICENSING:** The office of the city charged with the administration of the city's building and housing ordinances.
- 2988 CEILING HEIGHT: The vertical distance from the finished floor to finished ceiling or to the 2989 lowest point of the ceiling framing members. Where <u>projectionsobstructions</u> other than lighting 2990 fixtures exist below the ceiling, the height shall be measured from the <u>projectionobstruction</u> to 2991 the finished floor.
- 2992 CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY: A certificate issued by the building official authorizing2993 occupancy of a building.
- 2994 CITATION DEADLINE: The date identified in the second notice of violation, including any
 2995 authorized extension of time.
- 2996 COMMON ROOM: A room available in congregate housing for the shared use of occupants of
 2997 two (2) or more housing units. This does not include common corridors and exit passages, but
 2998 does include kitchens and game rooms.
- 2999 CONDOMINIUM: Property or portions thereof conforming to the definition set forth in section
 3000 57-8-3, of the Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended, or its successor.
- CONGREGATE HOUSING: Any building which contains facilities for living, sleeping and
 sanitation, as required by this chapter, and may include facilities for eating and cooking, for
 occupancy by other than a family. Congregate housing includes SROs, convents, monasteries,
 dormitories, boarding and rooming houses, hostels, fraternity and sorority houses, but does not
 include shelters, jails, hospitals, nursing homes, hotels or lodging houses.
- 3006 COOKING FACILITY: At a minimum, a range with stove top and oven, or alternatively, a 3007 nonportable cooktop and oven, and a sink.
- 3008 CORRIDOR: A hallway that serves more than one dwelling unit.

3009 COURT: A space, open and unobstructed to the sky, located at or above grade level and bounded
 3010 on three (3) or more sides by walls of a building.

- 3011 CROSS CONNECTION: Any connection or arrangement, physical or otherwise, between a
- 3012 potable water supply system and any plumbing fixture or any tank, receptacle, equipment or

- 3013 device, through which unclean or polluted water or other substances may contaminate such
- 3014 potable water supply system.
- 3015 **DWELLING UNIT:** Any building or a portion thereof which contains living facilities, including
- 3016 provisions for sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation, as required by this chapter.
- 3017 EFFICIENCY DWELLING UNIT: A dwelling unit containing only one habitable room with a3018 bath and/or kitchen in the unit.
- 3019 EXISTING: In existence prior to adoption hereof.
- 3020 EXITWAY: A continuous and unobstructed means of egress to a public way and includes any
- 3021 intervening aisles, doorways, gates, corridors, exterior exit balconies, ramps, stairways,
- 3022 smokeproof enclosures, horizontal exits, exit passageways, <u>and exit access rampscourts and</u>
- 3023 yards as these terms are defined in the <u>International Building Code</u>UBC.
- 3024 FAMILY: The same as defined in $\pm \underline{T}$ itle 21A-of this code.

FIRE RESISTANCE OR FIRE RESISTIVE CONSTRUCTION: Construction that resists thespread of fire, as specified in the UBC.

- 3027 FIRST NOTICE: The initial notice informing the person cited that a housing violation exists.
- 3028 FLOOR AREA COMPUTATION: The floor area of a habitable room excluding closets,
- 3029 cabinets, bathrooms, and kitchens when such kitchens are separated from the habitable room by3030 walls or other partitions.
- GARAGE: A building or portion thereof designed, used, or intended to be used for parking or
 storage of a motor vehicle containing flammable or combustible liquids or gas in its tank.
- 3033 GLAZING: Light transmitting glass or plastic installed in windows, doors and skylights,
 3034 including safety glass, but not including glass block.
- 3035 HAAB: The city's housing advisory and appeals board created pursuant to title 2, chapter 2.21 of
 3036 this code.
- HABITABLE ROOM: A room in a building for living, sleeping, eating or cooking. Bathrooms,
 toilet rooms, closets, halls, storage or utility space, and similar areas are not habitable rooms.
- HALL: A space used for circulating between the rooms of a building within an individualdwelling unit.
- 3041 HAZARDOUS CONDITION: A condition in a residential building or dwelling unit where
- 3042 failure of a structural, electrical, mechanical or plumbing component system or systems is likely
- 3043 to occur <u>reasonably soonwithin the next ninety six (96) hours</u> but which has not yet occurred or
- 3044 which is not serious enough to be considered an "imminent danger". "Hazardous conditions"
- 3045 consist of any of the following:
- 30461.All of the conditions listed under the definition of "imminent danger" if3047those conditions can be repaired with safelyty while all or the affected part of the3048building or unit remains occupied; or

3049 3050	2. "Imminent danger" conditions which have been partially secured pursuant to <u>Section 18.24.030.Esubsection 18.50.060B2b of this chapter</u> ;
3051 3052	3. Improper, missing, misused or malfunctioning electrical service or disconnect devices;
3053 3054	4. Cracked, displaced or missing foundations resulting in settlement and structural damage;
3055	5. Defective or deteriorated flooring or floor supports;
3056 3057	6. Flooring or floor supports of insufficient size to carry imposed loads with safety;
3058 3059 3060 3061	7. Members of walls, partitions or other vertical supports that crack, split, lean, list or buckle due to defective material or deterioration where failure is likely to occur reasonably soon within the next ninety six (96) hours but is not likely to occur immediately;
3062 3063	8. Members of walls, partitions or other vertical supports that are of insufficient size to carry imposed loads with safety;
3064 3065	9. Members of ceilings, roofs, ceiling and roof supports, or other horizontal or vertical members which sag, split or buckle due to defective material or deterioration;
3066 3067	10. Inoperable toilet, bathroom sink, or bathtub or shower in a dwelling unit or congregate housing unit;
3068 3069	11. Lack of or inoperable kitchen sink in a dwelling unit or congregate housing unit;
3070 3071 3072	12. Fireplaces or chimneys which are of insufficient size or strength to carry imposed loads with safety such that failure is likely to occur <u>reasonably soon</u> within the next ninety six (96) hours but is not likely to occur immediately;
3073 3074	13. Except as defined under "imminent danger" below, conditions that reduce the width, height or area of a required emergency exitway or required escape window;
3075 3076	14. All buildings or portions thereof which are not provided with the operable fire extinguishing systems or equipment required by city codes;
3077 3078	15. Buildings or portions thereof occupied for living, sleeping, cooking or dining purposes which were not designed or intended to be used for such occupancies;
3079 3080	16. Lack of a kitchen area equipped with a working stove, oven, sink and refrigerator unless specified otherwise by this code.
3081 3082 3083 3083 3084 3085	HISTORIC BUILDING: Any building or structure which has been designated for preservation by Salt Lake City pursuant to \underline{tT} itle 21A of this code or its successor, or has been listed on the National Register of Historic Places or on the Utah State Register of Historic Places, or is a contributory structure located in an historic district designated pursuant to \underline{tT} itle 21A-of this code.

3086 3087		g containing guestrooms intended or designed to be used, rented, or hired which are occupied for sleeping purposes by guests on a daily basis.
3088 3089	HOTEL/MOTEL RO lodging on a daily or	OM: A room or combination of rooms (suite) offered as a single unit for weekly basis.
3090 3091 3092 3093 3094 3095 3096	structural, electrical, i immediate death or so "imminent danger" an completed immediate building or unit befor	ER: A condition in a building or dwelling unit subject to this chapter where mechanical or plumbing systems have failed so that they may cause erious injury to the building's occupants or the public. Conditions of re those that are so severe and dangerous that either repairs cannot be ely or it is appropriate to have the residents or other occupants leave the re the repairs have begun. "Imminent danger" consists of any of the imilarly serious conditions:
3097	1.	Failed or missing foundations, beams, columns, floor systems;
3098 3099	2. members whi	Members of ceilings, roofs, ceiling and roof supports, or other horizontal ch sag, split or buckle and failure is likely to occur at any moment;
3100 3101	3. supports or ot	Broken water lines causing flooding which is undermining structural herwise endangering the building's integrity;
3102	4.	Leaking gas;
3103 3104	5. building;	Missing flues or vent connectors resulting in exhaust gases entering the
3105 3106	6. April;	Lack of adequate heating facilities during the months of October through
3107	7.	Overload of main and branch electrical distribution systems;
3108 3109	8. producing ele	Exposed electrical wires, fuses and electrical current breakers capable of ctrical shock or fire and readily accessible to the occupants or the public;
3110 3111	9. may collapse	Stairs and stair components that cannot carry the loads intended and which if so loaded;
3112	10.	Contaminated water systems;
3113	11.	A complete absence of toilet facilities;
3114 3115	12. of a failure of	A complete lack of water supply or sewage disposal facilities, as a result a building's or dwelling unit's system and not a city system failure;
3116 3117 3118		Blocked emergency egress halls, corridors and/or doors, including or storage of materials in stairways, corridors, doors or windows, or other ch blocks the means of egress.
3119 3120		presence of insects, rodents or other pests in or around a building in hay be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the occupants.

- KITCHEN: A space or room used, designed or intended to be used for the preparation of food,which includes permanently installed cooking facilities.
- 3123 LISTED AND LISTING: Terms referring to equipment and materials which are shown in a list

3124 published by an approved testing agency qualified and equipped for experimental testing and

- 3125 maintaining an adequate periodic inspection of current productions. The listing states that the
- 3126 material or equipment complies with accepted national standards which are approved, or
- 3127 standards which have been evaluated for conformity with approved standards.
- 3128 MAINTENANCE: The repair, replacement and refinishing of any component of an existing
- 3129 structure, but does not include alteration or modification to the existing weight bearing structural 3130 components.
- 3131 MINOR DEFICIENCIES: A structural, electrical, mechanical or plumbing code violation that is
- 3132 minor in nature and is less severe or dangerous than a "substandard condition". "Minor
- 3133 deficiencies" include the following, and other similarly minor conditions:
- 1. Interior finish wall coverings missing or in disrepair;
- 3135 2. Lack of paint;
- 3136 3. Dripping or leaking kitchen or bathroom faucets;
- 31374.Soffit and fascia trim of which no more than twenty percent (20%) is3138weathered, missing, or loose.
- 3141 MULTIPLE-FAMILY STRUCTURE: A residential building containing three (3) or more
- 3142 dwelling units.
- 3143 NEC: The edition of the national electrical code currently adopted by the city.
- 3144 NOTICE AND ORDER: A document which:
- 3145 <u>1. Provides notice of the existence of a condition covered by this chapter;</u>
- 3146 2. Orders certain actions by the owner or owner's designee; and
- 3147 <u>3. Specifies subsequent processes.</u>
- 3148 NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE: A written notice informing the person cited that the violation has
- 3149 been cured.
- 3150 NOTIFIED PARTY: The person or persons to whom a notice and order is issued.
- 3151 OCCUPANT: A person occupying or having possession of a dwelling unit.
- 3152 OPENING: An exterior glazed opening capable of being closed to the weather, consisting of a
- 3153 window, a glazed door, or an openable glazed skylight, which opens upon a roof, yard, court,
- 3154 street, alley or recess from a court.

- 3155 OWNER: Any person, individual, firm, corporation, associate, joint venture or partnership and
- 3156 its agents or assigns who has title or interest in any building, with or without accompanying
- 3157 actual possession, and including any person who as agent or executor, administrator, trustee or
- 3158 guardian of an estate has charge, care or control of any building.
- 3159 PATTERN OF CIRCULATION: Any area in a room or group of rooms where the occupant is
- 3160 likely to walk because of the location of doors, fixtures or furniture placement when size of room
- 3161 restricts furniture placement. Fixtures, pipes and ducts projecting from the ceiling which are
- 3162 located near the middle of the room are within the pattern of circulation.
- 3163 PERSON: Any individual, firm, corporation, association, joint venture or partnership and its
 3164 agents or assigns.
- 3165 PERSON CITED: The owner, owner's agent, tenant or occupant of any building or land or part
- 3166 thereof and any architect, builder, contractor, agent or other person who participates in, assists,
- 3167 directs or creates any situation that is contrary to the requirements of this chapter, and who
- 3168 received the notice of violation and is being held responsible for the violation.
- 3169 PLUMBING SYSTEM: Any potable water distribution piping, and any drainage piping within
- 3170 or below any building, including all plumbing fixtures, traps, vents and devices appurtenant to
- 3171 such water distribution or drainage piping and including potable water treating or using
- 3172 equipment, and any lawn sprinkling system.
- 3173 PREMISES: A lot, plot or parcel of land including the buildings or structures thereon.
- 3174 PUBLIC WAY: Any street, alley or similar parcel of land essentially unobstructed from the
- 3175 ground to the sky which is deeded, dedicated, or otherwise permanently appropriated to the
- 3176 public for public use and which has a clear width of not less than ten feet (10').
- 3177 RESIDENTIAL BUILDING: The portions of a building that contain dwelling units.
- 3178 RISE: The vertical portion of a stair step.
- 3179 ROOMING HOUSE: A building or group of attached or detached buildings containing in
- 3180 combination at least three (3) lodging units for occupancy on at least a monthly basis, with or
- 3181 without board, as distinguished from hotels and motels in which rentals are generally for a daily
- 3182 or weekly period and occupancy is by transients.
- RUN: The horizontal portion of a stair step, measured from the leading edge of the stair tread to a point directly beneath the leading edge of the step directly above.
- 3185 SRO (SINGLE ROOM OCCUPANCY): A congregate housing where the dwelling units have
- 3186 one combined sleeping and living room and may include a kitchen and/or a separate private
- 3187 bathroom.
- 3188 SAFETY: The condition of being safe from causing harm, injury or loss.
- 3189 SECOND NOTICE: The notice informing the person cited of the date that civil fines will begin
- 3190 to accrue if the housing violation is not corrected.

- 3191 SECURED BUILDING: A building where all windows and doors are intact and lockable against3192 unauthorized entry.
- 3193 SLOPING CEILING: Any ceiling with a slope greater than one- half inch (1/2") per foot.
- 3194 SMOKE DETECTOR: An approved device which senses visible or invisible particles of3195 combustion.
- 3196 SPACE, COMMON: "Common space" means shared areas available for use by the occupants of3197 the building.
- 3198 SPACE, PRIVATE: "Private space" means the portion of a dwelling unit which is for the3199 exclusive use of the occupants of the unit.
- 3200 **STORY:** That portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the 3201 upper surface of the floor next above or the bottom surface of the roof structure.

3202 STRUCTURE: Anything that is built or constructed for residential occupancy, or attached to a 3203 building for residential occupancy.

- SUBSTANDARD CONDITION: A structural, electrical, mechanical or plumbing system
 condition in a residential building or dwelling unit which violates applicable codes but with
 maintenance or repair can be made fully safe and which does not amount to an "imminent
 danger" or a "hazardous condition". "Substandard conditions" include the following as well as
 any violations of the standards in this chapter which have not been included in the categories of
 "imminent danger", "hazardous condition" or "minor deficiency":
- 32101.Deteriorated or inadequate foundations with cracking and evidence of3211settlement;
- 3212 2.

3223

3213 3. Members of walls, partitions or other vertical supports that split, lean, list 3214 or buckle due to defective material or deterioration;

Defective or deteriorated flooring or floor supports;

- 32154.Members of ceilings, roofs, ceiling and roof supports, or other members3216that are of insufficient size to carry live and dead loads with safety;
- 32175.Soffit and fascia trim more than twenty percent (20%) of which is3218weathered, missing or loose;
- 3219 6. Missing, decayed, buckling or worn out roof covering;
- 3220 7. Roof having more than two (2) layers of shingle type roof covering;
- 32218.Fireplaces or chimneys which list, bulge or settle, due to defective3222material or deterioration;
 - 9. Parapet wall or parapet cap bricks that are loose or missing;
- 322410.Stair risers, treads, jacks, stringers or supports that are cracked or3225otherwise deteriorated or missing;

3226 3227 3228 3229	11. Plumbing which was not installed in accordance with the adopted plumbing code in effect at the time of installation or with generally accepted construction practices, has not been maintained in good condition, or is not free of cross connections or siphonage;
3230	12. Continuous running water in a toilet, bathroom sink or kitchen sink;
3231 3232	13. Lack of hot or cold running water to plumbing fixtures in a dwelling unit or congregate housing structure;
3233 3234 3235	14. Mechanical equipment which was not installed in accordance with codes in effect at the time of installation, or with generally accepted construction practices, or which has not been maintained in good and safe condition;
3236	15. Inoperable heating systems during the months of May through September;
3237 3238 3239	16. Inoperable air conditioning systems, when the building is supplied with such a system and lacks other adequate forms of ventilation and the air conditioning system fails to keep the air temperature below eighty five degrees Fahrenheit (85°F);
3240	17. Damaged or missing heat ducts or missing heat duct registers;
3241 3242 3243	18. Electrical wiring which was not installed in accordance with codes in effect at the time of installation or with generally accepted construction practices, has not been maintained in good condition, or is not being used in a safe manner;
3244	19. Missing light fixtures, switches and outlet and switch cover plates;
3245 3246	20. Overcurrent situations such as those caused by the use of electrical extension cords and multiple light fixtures;
3247 3248	21. Lack of the minimum natural light and ventilation required by this chapter;
3249	22. Room and space dimensions less than that required by this chapter;
3250 3251	23. Dampness of habitable rooms as evidenced by condensation or mold on ceilings, walls or floors;
3252	24. Deteriorated, crumbling or loose plaster or stucco;
3253 3254	25. Deteriorated or ineffective waterproofing of exterior walls, roof, foundation or floors, including broken windows or doors;
3255	26. Deteriorated or lack of weather protection for exterior wall coverings;
3256	27. Broken, rotted, split or buckled exterior wall coverings or roof coverings;
3257 3258	28. Wood has been installed within six6 inches (6") of earth which is not naturally decay resistant, treated wood or wood protected by an approved barrier;
3259 3260	29. Infestation of insects, vermin or rodents as determined by the Salt Lake Valley health department;

- 326130.Lack of garbage and rubbish storage and removal facilities as determined3262by the Salt Lake Valley health department regulations;
- 3263 31. Those premises on which an accumulation of weeds, vegetation, junk,
 3264 dead organic matter, debris, garbage, offal, rat harborages, stagnant water, and similar
 3265 materials or conditions constitute a violation of the Salt Lake Valley health department
 3266 regulations;
- 3267 32. Any building, device, apparatus, equipment, combustible materials or 3268 vegetation which, in the opinion of the chief of fire department or building official, is in 3269 such a condition as to cause a fire or explosion or provide a ready fuel to augment the 3270 spread and intensity of fire or explosion arising from any cause;
- 3271 33.
 - 3. Any fire resistive requirement of this chapter which is not met;
- 327234.Drainage of water from roofs or yards in a manner that creates flooding or3273damage to a structure;
- 327435. Any equipment or apparatus that causes excessive noise, pollution, odor or3275light as defined by the Salt Lake City code or Salt Lake Valley health regulations;
- 3276 36. Guardrails or handrails in common areas that are missing or cannot 3277 support required loads.
- TOILET ROOM: A room which contains a toilet. It may also contain a sink, but does not containa tub or shower.
- 3280 UBC: The edition of the uniform building code currently adopted by the city.
- 3281 UCADB: The edition of the uniform code for the abatement of dangerous buildings currently
 3282 adopted by the city.
- 3283 UFC: The edition of the uniform fire code currently adopted by the city.
- 3284 UMC: The edition of the uniform mechanical code currently adopted by the city.
- 3285 UPC: The edition of the uniform plumbing code currently adopted by the city.
- 3286 UNFIT FOR HUMAN OCCUPANCY: A condition of premises which has been found by the
- building official to be an "imminent danger" or "hazardous condition" situation as defined by this
 chapter, or which fails to meet the sanitation requirements of the Salt Lake Valley health
- 3289 department.
- 3290 VENTILATION, NATURAL: "Natural ventilation" means any openable exterior door, window3291 or skylight which opens upon a roof, yard, court, street or alley.
- 3292 YARD: <u>As defined in Title 21AAn open space</u>, other than a court, unoccupied by any structure
 3293 on the lot on which a building is situated, unobstructed from the ground to the sky.
- 3294
- 3295 18.50.040: AUTHORITY:

A. Enforcement: The building official is authorized to enforce all the provisions of
 this chapter. The building official may issue and deliver <u>enforcement orderscitations</u> under
 authority provided by state law.

B. Interpretation: The building official may render interpretations of this chapter and adopt and enforce rules and supplemental regulations <u>pursuant to adopted state construction</u> codes to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, rules and regulations shall conform to the intent and purpose of this chapter, and shall be made available in writing for public inspection upon request.

C. Alternate Materials Aand Methods Oof Construction: This chapter is not intended
 to exclude any method of structural design or repair not specifically provided for in this chapter
 or applicable adopted state construction codes the UBC. The building official may approve any
 alternate material or method of construction conforming to the applicable adopted state
 construction codes alternate design and methods of construction section of the UBC.

3309

3310 18.50.050: RIGHT OF ENTRY:

3311 Inspection: Whenever it is necessary to make an inspection to enforce any A. 3312 provisions of this chapter, or whenever the building official has reasonable cause to believe a 3313 code violation exists in any building or upon any premises which makes such building or 3314 premises unsafe, dangerous or hazardous, the building official may, upon obtaining permission 3315 of the owner or other person having charge or control of the premises or dwelling unit, or upon 3316 obtaining a warrant, enter a residential property or premises to inspect it or to perform the duties imposed by this chapter. If such building or premises is occupied, the building official shall first 3317 3318 present proper credentials and request entry. If such building or premises is unoccupied, the 3319 building official shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other persons having 3320 charge or control of the building or premises and request entry. If such entry is refused, the 3321 building official shall have recourse to every remedy provided by law to secure entry. The 3322 building official shall establish written policies which outline owner notification procedures for 3323 regular inspections and establish handling of owner notification for tenant reports of unsafe, 3324 dangerous and hazardous conditions.

B. Unoccupied Dwelling Unit: If an unoccupied dwelling unit is open and unattended and the owner or other person having charge or control of the building or premises cannot be located after reasonable effort, the building official or building official's designee may enter the building. The building official shall issue a notice and order <u>pursuant to Section</u> <u>18.24.040</u> that the dwelling unit be immediately secured or boarded against the entry of unauthorized persons.

C. Inspection Notification: In imminent danger or hazardous condition situations, or when authorization to enter has not previously been granted by a tenant, the owner shall give the tenant a minimum of twenty four (24) hours' notification of an inspection of the tenant's premises by the building official.

3335 D. Violations: Whenever the building official has inspected a building and found
 3336 violations of this chapter, the building official has the authority to commence action to cause the

3337 3338 3339 3340 3341 3342	repair, rehabilitation or vacation of the building. The building official shall issue a notice and order to the owner(s) of the building, which shall list all violations, giving the section number and a detailed description of each, and classified by severity according to the following categories: imminent danger, hazardous condition, substandard condition, and minor deficiency situations. For each violation, or category of violation, the notice and order shall state the following, described in sections 18.50.060 through 18.50.090 of this chapter:
3343	1. The corrective action necessary for the violation(s);
3344	2. A time frame for compliance;
3345	3. The appeals and administrative hearing officer process; and
3346 3347	4. Specific remedies the city may reasonably expect to take if the violations are not corrected.
3348	
3349	18.50.060: <u>RESERVED</u> IMMINENT DANGER SITUATIONS:
3350 3351	A. Determination: If the building official determines that an imminent danger exists, the building official shall take the actions specified in this section.
3352 3353	B. Notice And Order: The building official shall issue a notice and order containing the following:
3354 3355	1. A notice listing the building's or unit's violations and the reason(s) that the building official determines that such conditions constitute an imminent danger;
3356	2. An order requiring:
3357	a. Immediate vacation of the building or dwelling unit, or
3358 3359 3360	b. The closure of that portion or system if the building official determines that a portion or system of the building or unit can be closed or otherwise secured so that the rest of the building or unit remains occupiable; and
3361 3362	3. An explanation of the appeal rights and processes specified in subsection E of this section.
3363 3364 3365 3366 3367	C. Delivery Of Notice And Order: Notices and orders issued pursuant to this section shall be posted on the building entrance doors and on the entrance doors of all dwelling units affected by the notice and order. The notice and order shall also be mailed to the owner or the owner's designated agent by both certified mail, return receipt requested, and ordinary first class mail, postage prepaid, or shall be delivered by hand.
3368 3369 3370 3371	D. Notified Party Actions: Within twenty four (24) hours after the issuance of the notice and order, the notified party shall take out all required permits and cause the building or dwelling unit to be either repaired or, if repairs cannot be or are not completed within twenty four (24) hours, secured from entry as required by other portions of this code.
3372	E. Expedited Appeal:

3373	1. If the notified party disagrees with the notice and order and files an appeal
3373 3374	in writing within seven (7) days of the issuance of the notice and order, the appeal shall
3375	be heard before an HAAB panel within two (2) days of receipt of the appeal.
5575	be heard before an mAAB parter within two (2) days of fecerpt of the appear.
3376	2. The HAAB panel shall issue a written decision within two (2) days of the
3377	hearing.
3378	3. If the notified party is dissatisfied with the HAAB panel decision, the
3379	notified party may appeal by filing a written notice with the mayor within seven (7) days
3380	of the HAAB decision.
3381	4. The mayor or the mayor's designee shall consider the appeal on the record
3382	made before HAAB and the written appeal. The mayor or the mayor's designee may
3383	accept additional evidence only if the evidence was improperly rejected by HAAB. The
3384	mayor or the mayor's designee may, at their discretion, consider the appeal based solely
3385	on the written materials or materials presented at a publicly conducted hearing.
5505	on the written materials of materials presented at a publicity conducted hearing.
3386	5. The appeal shall be considered, and the mayor or the mayor's designee
3387	shall issue a final decision within twelve (12) days of the receipt of the appeal.
3388	6. The filing of an appeal shall not stay the requirements of the notice and
3389	order.
2200	
3390	F. City Remedies: If the notified party fails to repair or secure the property,
3391	the city may take all appropriate remedies authorized by law including, the imposition of
3392	civil fines, obtaining any necessary authorization to enter the property to secure it from
3393	occupancy or, if the property conditions represent a threat to the public, abating the
3394	deficiency as a public nuisance or taking other appropriate actions.
3395	
3396	18.50.070: RESERVEDHAZARDOUS CONDITION SITUATIONS:
3397	A. Determination: If the building inspector determines that a hazardous condition
3398	exists, the building inspector shall take the actions specified in this section.
3399	B. Notice And Order: The building inspector shall issue a notice and order
3400	containing the following:
5400	containing the following.
3401	1. A notice listing the building's or unit's violations and the reason(s) that the
3402	building inspector determines that such conditions constitute a hazardous condition;
3403	2. An order requiring the notified party to:
2404	
3404	a. Take out all necessary permits and repair the hazardous condition
3405	within three (3) days, or
3406	b. Close the building or required portions thereof to occupancy within
3407	three (3) days;
2100	2 An apple of the appendix of the second sights and successive second in the second se
3408	3. An explanation of the appeal rights and processes specified in subsection
3409	E of this section.

3410	C. Delivery Of Notice And Order: Notices and orders issued pursuant to this section
3411	shall be posted on the building entrance doors and on the entrance doors of all dwelling units
3412	affected by the notice and order. The notice and order shall also be mailed to the owner or the
3413	owner's designated agent by both certified mail, return receipt requested, and ordinary first class
3414	mail, postage prepaid, or shall be delivered by hand.
3415	D. Notified Party Actions: Within three (3) days after the issuance of the notice and
3416	order, the notified party shall take out all required permits and cause the building or dwelling
3417	unit to be either repaired or vacated and secured from entry as required by other portions of this
3418	code. The building official may extend the time for completing the required work to six (6) days
3419	from the date of issuance of the notice and order provided the required permits are taken out
3420	within three (3) days of the date of issuance of said notice and order.
3421	E. Appeal:
3422	1. If the notified party disagrees with the notice and order, the notified party
3423	may appeal in writing within fourteen (14) days of the issuance of the notice and order.
3424	The appeal shall be heard before an HAAB panel within thirty (30) days of receipt of the
3425	appeal.
3426	2. Appeals under this subsection shall stay the enforcement of those items
3427	appealed on the notice and order.
3428	3. The HAAB panel shall issue a written decision within seven (7) days of
3429	the hearing.
3430	4. If the notified party is dissatisfied with the HAAB panel decision, the
3431	notified party may appeal by filing a written notice with the mayor within seven (7) days
3432	of the HAAB decision.
3433	5. The mayor or the mayor's designee shall consider the appeal on the record
3434	made before HAAB and the written appeal. The mayor or the mayor's designee may
3435	accept additional evidence only if the evidence was improperly rejected by HAAB. The
3436	mayor or the mayor's designee may, at their discretion, consider the appeal based solely
3437	on the written materials or materials presented at a publicly conducted hearing.
3438	6. The appeal shall be considered, and the mayor or the mayor's designee
3439	shall issue a final decision within twelve (12) days of the receipt of the appeal.
3440	F. City Remedies: If the notified party fails to repair or secure the property as
3441	required, the city may take all appropriate remedies authorized by law including, the imposition
3442	of civil fines, closing all or a portion of the building, obtaining any necessary authorization to
3443	enter the property to secure it from occupancy or, if the property conditions represent a threat to
3444	the public, abating the deficiency as a public nuisance or taking other appropriate actions.
3445	
3446	18.50.080: <u>RESERVED</u> SUBSTANDARD CONDITION SITUATIONS:
3447	A. Determination: If the building inspector determines that a substandard condition
3448	exists, the building inspector may take the actions specified in this section.
	=

3449 3450	B. Notice And Order: The building inspector may issue a notice and order containing the following:
3451 3452	1. A notice listing the building's or unit's violations and the reason(s) that the building inspector determines that such conditions constitute a substandard condition;
3453	2. An order requiring the notified party to:
3454 3455	a. Take out all necessary permits and repair the substandard condition within the times specified, or
3456 3457	b. Close the building or required portions thereof to occupancy within thirty (30) days;
3458 3459	3. An explanation of the appeal rights and processes specified in subsection E of this section.
3460 3461 3462 3463 3464 3465	C. Delivery Of Notice And Order: Notices and orders issued pursuant to this subsection shall be posted on the building entrance doors and in the common areas of the building. Notices and orders issued to vacate the premises shall be posted on all building entrance doors, common areas and on individual dwelling units. The notice and order shall also be mailed to the owner or the owner's designated agent by both certified mail, return receipt requested, and ordinary first class mail, postage prepaid, or may be delivered by hand.
3466 3467 3468 3469 3470	D. Notified Party Actions: The notified party shall take out all required permits and cause the building or dwelling unit to be either repaired or secured from entry as required by other portions of this code within the times specified in the notice and order. If the building official determines that work is progressing appropriately and an extension is necessary, the building official may extend the times for completion of any work.
3471	E. Appeal And Administrative Hearing:
3472 3473 3474 3475	1. If the notified party disagrees with the notice and order, the notified party may appeal in writing within thirty (30) days of the issuance of the notice and order. The appeal shall be heard before an HAAB panel within forty five (45) days of receipt of the appeal.
3476 3477 3478	2. Appeals of notice and order for substandard conditions shall be first considered by an administrative hearing officer pursuant to section 18.50.120 of this chapter.
3479 3480	3. The HAAB panel shall issue a written decision within fourteen (14) days of the hearing.
3481 3482 3483	4. If the notified party is dissatisfied with the HAAB panel decision, the notified party may appeal by filing a written notice with the mayor within fourteen (14) days of the HAAB decision.
3484 3485 3486	5. The mayor or the mayor's designee shall consider the appeal on the record made before HAAB and the written appeal. The mayor or the mayor's designee may accept additional evidence only if the evidence was improperly rejected by HAAB. The

3487	mayor or the mayor's designee may, at their discretion, consider the appeal based solely
3488	on the written materials or materials presented at a publicly conducted hearing.
3489	6. The appeal shall be considered, and the mayor or the mayor's designee
3490	shall issue a final decision within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the appeal.
3491	7. Appeals under this subsection shall stay the enforcement of those items
3492	appealed on the notice and order.
3493	F. City Remedies: If the notified party fails to repair or secure the property as
3494	required, the city may take all appropriate remedies authorized by law including, the
3495	imposition of civil fines, closing all or a portion of the building or securing any necessary
3496	authorization to enter the property to make repairs.
3497	
3498	18.50.090: MINOR DEFICIENCY NOTIFICATIONSITUATIONS:
3499	A. Determination: If the building inspector determines that a minor deficiency exists,
3500	the building inspector may take the actions specified in this section.
3501	B. Citations: Citations may be issued for minor deficiencies. However, such citations
3502	shall be for the owner's information only and shall have no further legal force or effect. When a
3503	notice and order is issued pursuant to Section 18.50.100, minor deficiencies may be included
3504	under "for owner's information only". If a property inspection reveals only minor deficiencies,
3505	the building inspector may mail a letter to the owner informing the owner of such minor
3506	deficiencies.
3507	C. Delivery Of Notice And Order: The notice and order shall be mailed to the owner
3508	or the owner's designated agent by both certified mail, return receipt requested, and ordinary first
3509	class mail, postage prepaid, or shall be delivered by hand. If delivery of the notice and order by
3510	mail or hand delivery is not made, the notice and order shall be posted on the building entrance
3511	doors and on the entrance doors of all dwelling units affected by the notice and order.
3512	D. Notified Party Actions: The notified party shall take out all required permits and
3513	cause the building or dwelling unit to be either repaired or secured from entry as required by
3514	other portions of this code within the times specified in the notice and order. If the building
3515	official determines that work is progressing appropriately and an extension is necessary, the
3516	building official may extend the times for completion of any work.
3517	E. Appeal And Administrative Consideration: The appeal and administrative hearing
3518	officer processes shall be as specified in subsections 18.50.080E and F of this chapter.
3519	F. City Remedies: If the notified party fails to make the repairs required, or fails to
3520	reach an agreement acceptable to the city for remediation, the city may record a notice of
3521	deficiency with the Salt Lake County recorder's office specifying the deficiencies.
3522	
3523	18.50.100: ENFORCEMENT:

3524 Determination: If the building inspector determines that a violation of this chapter A. exists, the building inspector may take the actions specified in this section. In addition to any 3525 3526 other remedies authorized by law or in this chapter, if the notified party fails to repair or secure 3527 the property in question, the city may pursue any one or more of the following additional 3528 remedies: 3529 1. Notice Of Deficiency: The supervisor of housing enforcement may record 3530 with the Salt Lake County recorder's office a notice of any condition provided in sections 3531 18.50.060 through 18.50.090 of this chapter. The notice shall be mailed to all notified 3532 parties. 3533 Criminal Action: Violations of the provisions of sections 18.50.060 $\frac{2}{2}$ 3534 through 18.50.080 of this chapter may be punishable as a class B misdemeanor upon 3535 conviction. 3536 3. Civil Action: Violations of sections 18.50.060 through 18.50.080 of this 3537 chapter may also be enforced by injunction, mandamus, abatement, civil fines or any 3538 other appropriate action in law or equity. 3539 Β. Civil fines may be imposed according to the following procedures: Warning 3540 Notice 3541 1. Notice: 3542 -If the housing building inspector finds that any provision of this chapter is being a. 3543 violated, the housing inspector shall provide a written notice to the responsible partyproperty 3544 owner and to any other person determined to be responsible for such violation. The written 3545 notice shall indicate the nature of the violation and order the action necessary to correct it. 3546 Additional written notices may be provided at the housing inspector's discretion. 3547 -The written notice shall state what action the housing inspector intends to take if 3548 the violation is not corrected. The written notice shall include information regarding the 3549 established warning period for the indicated violations and shall serve to start any warning 3550 periods provided in this chapter the time period in which the violations must be corrected, which 3551 will be based on their severity. 3552 Delivery of Notice: 2. 3553 -Such written notice issued by the housing inspector shall be deemed sufficient and c. 3554 complete when served upon the responsible party as followsperson cited: 3555 Personally by the inspector or his or her representative; or by a.(1)3556 mailing, postage prepaid, by certified mail, return receipt requested or any 3557 reputable mail tracking service that is capable of confirming delivery, addressed 3558 to the responsible partyperson cited at the last known address appearing on the records of the county recorder; and 3559 3560 b.(2)By posting notice on the property where said violation(s) occurs. 3561 3.d. In cases when delay in enforcement would seriously threaten the effective 3562 enforcement of this chapter, or pose a danger to the public health, safety or welfare, the

3563 3564	housing inspector need not issue a warning noticemay seek enforcement without prior written notice by invoking any of the fines or remedies authorized in this chapter.
3565 3566 3567 3568 3569	e. If the violation remains uncured within five (5) days after the expiration of the warning period, a second notice of violation shall be delivered by mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the person cited at the last known address appearing on the records of the county recorder. The second notice shall identify the date on which the civil fines shall begin to accrue.
3570 3571 3572 3573	C. Notice and Order: If, after issuance of the warning notice (if required), the violations have not been corrected by the time period stated in the notice, the building inspector may issue a notice and order pursuant to Section 18.24.040. The notice and order need not provide any additional correction period and may impose fines beginning on the date it is issued.
3574 3575 3576 3577	<u>D.2.</u> <u>Remedies Amount Of Fine</u> : <u>Upon issuance of a notice and order, the building</u> inspector may pursue any remedies allowed by Sections 18.24.030 and 18.24.050, except that <u>c</u> Civil fines shall accrue as <u>set forth in the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule specific to</u> the violations of this chapter.follows:
3578 3579 3580	a. Substandard condition violations: Twenty five dollars (\$25.00) per day. If more than ten (10) substandard condition violations exist, the daily fines shall double.
3581 3582	b. Hazardous condition violations: Fifty dollars (\$50.00) each per day.
3583 3584	c. Imminent danger violations: Seventy five dollars (\$75.00) each per day.
3585 3586	d. Failure to obey an interpretation, decision or requirement of the housing advisory and appeals board: Twenty five dollars (\$25.00) per day.
3587 3588 3589	<u>E.3.</u> Daily Violations: Each day a violation continues after the <u>issuance of the notice</u> and order (or cure deadline stated therein, if applicable)eitation deadline shall give rise to a separate civil fine.
3590 3591 3592	<u>F.4.</u> Compliance: Accumulation of fines for violations, but not the obligation for payment of fines already accrued, shall stop upon correction of the violation(s) once confirmed through an inspection requested pursuant to Subsection 18.24.040.A.3.
3593 3594 3595 3596 3597	<u>G.5.</u> Recurring Violations: In the case where a violation, which had been corrected, reoccurs <u>at the property</u> within six (6) months of the initial correction <u>and is due to the actions or inactions of the same responsible party as the prior violation</u> , the city <u>maywill</u> begin enforcement of said recurring violation and <u>impose</u> fines will begin accruing after a ten (10) day warning period.
3598	6. Appearance Before A Hearing Officer:
3599 3600 3601	a. Right To Appear: Any person cited may appear before a hearing officer to appeal the amount of the fine imposed. However, no party may appear before a hearing officer until violations identified have been corrected and a

3602	notice of compliance has been issued. Appeals to the hearing officer contesting
3603	the amount of the fine imposed must be filed within thirty (30) days from the date
3604	of the notice of compliance.
3605	b. Defense: The burden to prove any defense shall be upon the person
3606	raising such defense.
3607	e. Responsibility: Commencement of any action to remove or reduce
3608	fines shall not relieve the responsibility of any person cited to cure the violation or
3609	to make payment of subsequently accrued civil fines nor shall it require the city to
3610	reissue any of the notices required by this chapter.
3611	7. Appeal Of Administrative Decision: The decision of the housing inspector
3612	regarding the existence of the housing violation shall be deemed an administrative
3613	decision which may be appealed to the housing advisory and appeals board within thirty
3614	(30) days of the date of the first notice.
3615	8. Hearing Officer Duties:
3616	a. The mayor, or his/her designee, shall appoint such hearing officer
3617	as the mayor, or his/her designee, deems appropriate to consider matters relating
3618	to the violation of this chapter. The hearing officer shall have the authority to hear
3619	evidence relating to mitigating circumstances and to make such equitable
3620	adjustments as he/she deems appropriate, as set forth below:
3621	(1) The hearing officer may adjust, reduce or eliminate fines or
3622	create payment plans relating to fines accrued by the person cited. In the
3623	administration of this duty, the hearing officer may reduce or eliminate
3624	fines based upon any circumstance or other equitable consideration the
3625	hearing officer finds to be applicable. In cases where the administrative
3626	process has not been followed by the division, the hearing officer has the
3627	authority to reduce or eliminate fines.
3628	(2) Payment plans may be created by the hearing officer.
3629	Although the hearing officer has the ultimate authority in establishing the
3630	payment schedule, the minimum payment schedule provided by the
3631	department of community and neighborhoods should be followed.
3632	9. Dismissal Criteria:
3633	a. If the hearing officer finds that no violation occurred and/or a
3634	violation occurred but one or more of the defenses set forth in this section is
3635	applicable, the hearing officer may dismiss the notice of violation. Such defenses
3636	include:
3637	(1) At the time of the receipt of the notice of violation,
3638	compliance would have violated the criminal laws of the state of Utah;
3639	(2) Compliance with the subject ordinances would have
3640	presented an imminent and irreparable injury to persons or property.

3641	10. Acceptance Of Hearing Officer Decision: If the hearing officer finds that a
3642	violation of this chapter occurred and no applicable defense exists, the hearing officer
3643	may, in the interest of justice and on behalf of the city, enter into an agreement for the
3644	timely or periodic payment of the applicable fine. The person cited has fourteen (14) days
3645	in which to accept the decision of the hearing officer. If the person cited does not accept
3646	the decision of the hearing officer, an agreement to modify the fine, or set up a payment
3647	schedule, the decision of the hearing officer is void and the city will attempt to collect the
3648	original amount of the fine.
3649	11. Abatement For Correction And Payment:
3650	a. Civil fines may be partially abated after the violation is cured and
3651	at the discretion of the hearing officer if any of the following conditions exist:
3652	(1) Strict compliance with the notice and order would have
3653	caused an imminent and irreparable injury to persons or property.
3654	(2) The violation and inability to cure were both caused by a
3655	force majeure event such as war, act of nature, strike or civil disturbance.
3656	(3) A change in the actual ownership of the property was
3657	recorded with the Salt Lake County recorder's office after the first or
3658	second notice was issued and the new owner is not related by blood,
3659	marriage or common ownership to the prior owner.
3660	(4) Such other mitigating circumstances as may be approved
3661	by the city attorney or designee.
3662	b. If the hearing officer finds that the noticed violation occurred and
3663	no applicable defense applies, the hearing officer may, in the interest of justice
3664	and on behalf of the city, enter into an agreement for the delayed or periodic
3665	payment of the applicable fine.
3666	c. Once a payment schedule has been developed by the hearing
3667	officer, and agreed to by the person cited, failure to submit any two (2) payments
3668	as scheduled will require payment of the entire amount of the original fine
3669	immediately.
3670	
3671	18.50.110: APPELLATE PROCESS DETAILS:
3672	A. Filing Of Appeals: Appeals of enforcement of this chapter shall be taken in
3673	accordance with Chapter 18.12. submitted on an appeal form provided by the building official.
3674	The appellant shall state the specific order or action protested and a statement of the relief
3675	sought, along with the reasons why the order or action should be reversed, modified or otherwise
3676	set aside.
3677	B. Failure To Appeal: Failure of any person to file an appeal in accordance with the
3678	provisions of this section shall constitute a waiver of the person's right to an appeal.

3679 3680 3681 3682 3683 3684 3685 3685	<u>B.C.</u> Inspection Θ_0 f \mp the Premises: Before any hearing is held by the board of appeals and examiners the board maya HAAB panel, the panel shall inspect the building or premises involved. Prior notice of such inspection shall be given to the <u>responsible</u> notified party filing the appeal, who may be present at such inspection. Upon completion of the inspection, the chairperson of the panel shall state for the record the material facts observed at the inspection, which facts shall be read at the initiation of the hearing. Failure of the <u>responsible</u> notified party to provide access without good cause as determined by the building official shall not constitute a reason for the hearing to be postponed and the appeal denied.
3687 3688	D. Written Notice: Written notice of the time and place of panel hearings shall be mailed to the appellant in accordance with procedures adopted by HAAB.
3689 3690 3691 3692	E. Appeals Hearing: Any notified party may appear personally or authorize a designee to act in their behalf. The city and any notified party may call and examine witnesses on any relevant matter, introduce documentary and physical evidence, and cross examine opposing witnesses. Any relevant evidence shall be admitted.
3693 3694 3695 3696	F. Record: A record of the entire proceeding of all appellate hearings under this section shall be made by tape recording, or by any other means of permanent recording determined to be appropriate by HAAB. The record shall be retained on file in accordance with the city's record retention schedule.
3697	
3698	18.50.120: <u>RESERVED</u> ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING OFFICER PROCEDURES:
3699 3700 3701	A. The administrative hearing officer shall hear cases deemed to be of substandard condition or minor deficiency situations. Review by the administrative hearing officer is not a provision of hazardous condition appeals, which go directly before a HAAB panel.
3702 3703	B. Each appeal shall first be reviewed by the administrative hearing officer no later than thirty (30) days from the date of filing of a written appeal.
3704 3705 3706 3707 3708	C. The administrative hearing officer shall inspect the property and review the notice and order to determine if it is accurate and attempt to develop, in consultation with the appellant, possible methods of complying with the code consistent with the purposes of this chapter. The administrative hearing officer may prepare a stipulated agreement for signature by the appellant and the city.
3709 3710 3711 3712	D. The administrative hearing officer shall maintain complete and permanent records of all inspections and decisions. Resolutions of disputed issues, agreeable to the administrative hearing officer and the property owner, shall be presented at the next meeting of HAAB for its consent or modification.
3713	
3714	18.50.130: APPROVAL FOR OCCUPANCY:
3715 3716 3717	Following the correction of the deficiencies and prior to persons reoccupying any residential building or dwelling unit after it has been closed to occupancy, the <u>building</u> <u>officialhousing/zoning officer</u> shall issue an approval for occupancy. If a notice of deficiency has

- been filed with the Salt Lake County recorder's office pursuant to section 18.50.100 of this
 chapter, a release of the notice shall be recorded with that office.
- 3720

3721 18.50.140: EXTERIOR STANDARDS:

A. Structural Repair: All roofs, floors, walls, chimneys, foundations, and other
structural components shall be repaired when they no longer retain their structural integrity.
Loose bricks in chimneys shall be repaired and missing chimney caps shall be replaced.

B. Exterior Surfaces: Exposed materials that require weather protection and exterior surfaces that are deteriorating shall be repaired to the extent necessary to stop damage from cold, wind, water, or dampness. The roof covering and flashing shall form an impervious membrane.

C. Drainage: All surface water shall drain away from the structure unless any
potential adverse effect of the runoff is mitigated to the reasonable satisfaction of the building
official.

D. Windows <u>Aand Doors</u>: Windows that are required by this chapter for light and ventilation shall be fully glazed. Window openings not required to meet light, ventilation, and egress standards may be sealed with opaque materials or removed. Broken or missing doors, door frames, windows, and window sashes shall be replaced or repaired.

E. Appendages: All awnings, fire escapes, exhaust ducts and similar appendages
shall be maintained in good repair and be properly anchored.

F. House Addressing: All residential buildings shall display a street number in a prominent location on the street side of the building in such a position that the number is easily visible to approaching emergency vehicles. The numerals shall be <u>in accordance with the codes</u> <u>adopted in Section 18.04.040</u> no less than three inches (3") in height and shall be of a contrasting color to the background to which they are attached. Each individual unit within any multiplefamily structure shall display a prominent identification number, not less than two inches (2") in height, which is easily visible.

G. Exterior Walkways: All sidewalks, walkways, stairs, driveways, parking spaces
and similar areas shall be kept in a proper state of repair, and maintained free from hazardous
conditions.

3747

3748 18.50.150: INTERIOR STANDARDS:

A. Showers/Tubs: Showers shall be finished to a height of seventy<u>70</u> inches (70")
above the fixture drain outlet with nonabsorbent material. Freestanding tubs with shower risers
may utilize a shower curtain that totally encloses all sides of the tub.

B. Floor Coverings: All floor and stair coverings shall be maintained in a secure and
substantially intact manner. This standard does not apply to area or throw rugs within dwelling
units.

3755 C. Walls And Ceilings: All walls and ceilings shall be maintained so that they are
 3756 secure and intact. Surfaces shall be painted or covered with wallpaper or panelling.

D. Finishes, Washable Surfaces: In kitchens and bathrooms of congregate housing and SROs, floors and walls within fifteen<u>15</u> inches (15") of sinks, bidets, showers, toilets, and tubs shall be finished with a nonporous material that is not adversely affected by moisture.

E. Operable Fixtures <u>Aa</u>nd Equipment: All fixtures, appliances, and equipment
required by this code shall be maintained in safe and operable condition.

3762

3763 18.50.160: DOORS, TRIM AND HARDWARE:

A. All doors, trim and hardware shall be kept in good working condition.

B. Exterior doors which are required for ingress and egress shall have locks which are keyed from the exterior and are operable from the interior without the use of a key or other special equipment or knowledge. Original locks in historic buildings are not required to be replaced if in good working condition.

C. Hinges for out swinging doors shall be equipped with nonremovable hinge pins or
a mechanical interlock to preclude removal of the door from the exterior by removing the hinge
pins.

3772

3773 18.50.170: ENVIRONMENTAL OR SANITARY STANDARDS:

A. All premises shall be maintained clean, safe, sanitary and free from an accumulation of rubbish. Every occupant of a structure shall keep that part of the structure and exterior property which such occupant occupies, controls or uses in a clean and sanitary condition. Every owner of a structure containing a boarding and rooming house, fraternity and sorority house, dormitory, SRO or multiple-family dwelling units shall maintain, in a clean and sanitary condition, the shared or public areas of the structure and exterior property.

B. Garbage and refuse storage and removal shall meet the requirements of the Salt
Lake <u>CountyValley</u> health department regulations.

3782 C. There shall be no insect or rodent infestation in violation of the Salt Lake
 3783 <u>CountyValley</u> health department regulations.

3784D.Asbestos, regardless of the date of installation, shall meet the requirements of the3785Salt Lake CountyValley health department regulations.

E. A room in which a toilet is located shall be separated from food preparation or storage rooms by a tightfitting door.

3788

3789 18.50.180: SPACE AND OCCUPANCY STANDARDS:

A. Ceiling Heights:

3791 Habitable Rooms: The minimum ceiling height for all habitable rooms 1. 3792 shall be as set forth in the construction codes adopted in Section 18.04.040seven feet six 3793 inches (7'6"), except for kitchens, which may be seven feet zero inches (7'0"). This height 3794 may be six6 feet four4 inches (6'4") when the requirements of this chapter for emergency 3795 egress, light and ventilation are met and a one hundred twenty (120) volt electrical 3796 powered smoke detector and carbon monoxide detector areis installed pursuant to the 3797 construction codes adopted in Section 18.04.040in the room. The only exception is that a 3798 smoke detector is not required in a kitchen. ProjectionsObstructions shall be allowed to 3799 six5 feet 10zero inches (6'0") when the projection obstruction is not in the pattern of 3800 circulation and projections obstructions are not greater than twenty percent (20%) of the floor area of the room. 3801

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3803
2. Nonhabitable Rooms Except Bathrooms: All nonhabitable rooms, except
bathrooms, shall have no minimum ceiling height requirement.

3804 3. Bathrooms Aand Toilet Rooms: Bathrooms and toilet rooms shall have a 3805 minimum ceiling height of six6 feet 0zero inches (6'0") with no projections below the six 3806 foot (6') minimum. Obstructions shall be allowed to 5 feet 10 inches. The bathroom 3807 ceiling height at the back of a sink, toilet or tub without shower may be sloped to a 3808 minimum height of 5five feet 0zero inches (5'0") at the wall when the ceiling height is no 3809 less than 6six feet 0zero inches (6'0") at a point 2two feet 0zero inches (2'0") from the 3810 wall adjacent to the bathroom plumbing fixture.

38114.Sloping Ceilings: In any room with a sloping ceiling, at least one-half3812(1/2) the floor area shall have a minimum ceiling height as required by this section. No3813portion of the room with a ceiling height below 5 five feet 0 zero inches (5'0") may be3814used in the floor area computation.

38155.Corridors: A minimum ceiling height of six6 feet 4 inches (6'4") shall be3816required in corridors so long as there are a smoke detector and carbon monoxide detector3817installed pursuant to the construction codes adopted in Section 18.04.040. Obstructions3818shall be allowed to 5 feet 10 inches when the obstruction is not in the pattern of3819circulation and obstructions are not greater than 20% of the floor area of the corridor.

3820 B. Room And Corridor Size:

38211.Floor Area Aand Room Dimensions: Floor area and room dimensions3822shall be as set forth in the construction codes adopted in Section 18.04.040.Dwelling3823units shall have at least one habitable room with not less than one hundred twenty (120)3824square feet of floor area. Habitable rooms other than a kitchen shall have an area not less3825than seventy (70) square feet and shall not be less than seven feet (7') in length or width.

38262.Sleeping Room Dimensions: Every room used for sleeping shall have at3827least seventy (70) square feet of floor area equal to the amounts required by the3828construction codes adopted pursuant to Section 18.04.040. Where more than two (2)3829persons occupy a room used for sleeping, the required floor area shall be increased at the3830rate of fifty (50) square feet for each occupant in excess of two (2).

3831 Corridors: The minimum width of corridors shall be 36thirty six inches 3. 3832 (36"). In dwelling units constructed prior to 1983, a minimum corridor width of 28thirty inches (30") shall be permitted. 3833 3834 С. Special Dwellings: 3835 Efficiency Dwelling Units: An efficiency dwelling unit shall: 1. 3836 Have a living room of at least one hundred ninety (190) square feet a. 3837 of floor area equal to the amounts required by the construction codes adopted 3838 pursuant to Section 18.04.040. An additional one hundred (100) square feet of floor area shall be provided for each occupant in excess of two (2); 3839 3840 b. Have a closet; 3841 c. Have a kitchen sink and cooking and refrigeration facilities, each having a clear working space of at least thirty inches (30") in front of the fixture 3842 3843 or appliance; d. 3844 Have a bathroom containing a toilet, sink and bathtub or shower. 3845 2. Congregate Housing: Except for Shared Housing as defined in Title 21A, 3846 Hindividual units in congregate housing shall have at least one room with not less than seventy (70) square feet of floor area per occupant. When individual rooms are less than 3847 one hundred twenty (120) square feet, a separate common room shall be provided of at 3848 3849 least one hundred twenty (120) square feet for each ten (10) units, with a minimum of one common room per floor. When separate rooms are not provided with cooking 3850 facilities, the common room may be a common kitchen with a floor area as defined by the 3851 3852 floor area computation. 3853 D. Cooking Facilities: 3854 Cooking Facilities Iin Dwelling Units: Each dwelling unit shall have a 1. kitchen that supplies: 3855 3856 A range with stove top and oven, or in the alternative, a a. nonportable cooktop and oven. Hot plates, pans, and similar units shall not be 3857 considered as cooking facilities. All cooking appliances shall be maintained in 3858 3859 good working condition. 3860 An approved sink, with a minimum dimension of twelve inches by b. twelve inches by four inches (12" x 12" x 4") deep. 3861 3862 c. A minimum of four (4) square feet of counter space. 3863 d. A refrigerator. 3864 2. Cooking Facilities Ffor Individual Units Iin Congregate Housing: As long 3865 as such cooking facilities do not encroach into the required floor area, required cooking facilities may be supplied in individual units, provided all of the following items are 3866 3867 supplied:

3868 3869 3870 3871	a. A range with stove top and oven, or in the alternative, a nonportable cooktop and oven. Hot plates, pans, and similar units shall not be considered as cooking facilities and are not allowed. Portable cooking devices are not allowed in individual rooms;
3872 3873	b. An approved sink, with a minimum dimension of twelve inches by twelve inches by four inches (12" x 12" x 4") deep;
3874	c. A minimum of four (4) square feet of counter space;
3875	d. A refrigerator.
3876 3877 3878 3879 3880 3881 3882 3883	3. Common Kitchens <u>Lin</u> Congregate Housing: When cooking facilities are not provided within individual units, congregate housing shall have a common kitchen area which shall contain the following minimum facilities: a sink for each twenty (20) tenants or portion thereof, a range for each twenty (20) tenants or portion thereof, and a refrigerator for each ten (10) tenants or portion thereof. The minimum kitchen area shall be one hundred twenty (120) square feet based on the floor area computation for the first ten (10) occupants or portion thereof, and an additional thirty (30) square feet for each additional ten (10) persons or portion thereof.
3884 3885 3886 3887	E. Window Size Alterations: When window size modifications are necessary to meet light, ventilation or emergency egress, the window shall meet the most currently adopted uniform building code standard.
3888	18.50.190: LIGHT AND VENTILATION:
3889	A. Natural Light <u>Iin Habitable Rooms</u> :
3890 3891 3892 3893 3894 3895 3896	1. Every habitable room shall have at least one window facing directly to the outdoors to provide natural light. The minimum total window area shall equal one-twentieth (1/20) or more of the floor area of the room, with a minimum of three and one-half (31/2) square feet. Special purpose rooms such as home theaters and film processing rooms shall not be subject to this requirement. Kitchens may be provided with artificial light, which shall be a minimum of 1.5 watts incandescent or 0.8 watts fluorescent per square foot of the room.
3897 3898	2. The glazed area of an exterior door may be used for purposes of computing window size for natural light.
3899 3900 3901 3902 3903	3. For the purpose of meeting light or ventilation requirements, as well as emergency egress, a room may be considered as a portion of an adjoining room when one-half $(1/2)$ of the area of the common wall is open and unobstructed and provides an opening of not less than one-tenth $(1/10)$ of the floor area of the interior room or twenty five (25) square feet, whichever is greater.
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3904	B. Ventilation:

3906 3907	a. Except as provided in subsection B1b of this section, all habitable rooms shall be provided with natural ventilation by means of openings to the
3908	exterior which have the capability of being closed to the weather. Total openings
3909	shall have an area at least one-twentieth $(1/20)$ of the floor area of the room or
3910	three and one-half $(31/2)$ square feet, whichever is greater.
3911	b. A mechanical ventilation system shall be allowed in lieu of
3912	openings for natural ventilation. Such system shall create a positive pressure in
3913	the room and the air intake shall be connected directly to the outside and be
3914	capable of two (2) air exchanges per hour. In kitchens, the ventilation system may
3915	create negative pressure. The air intake/exhaust source shall be located at least
3916	three feet $(3')$ above any opening which is within ten feet $(10')$ of the air
3917	intake/exhaust.
3918	c. Exterior doors may be used to meet natural ventilation
3919	requirements.
3920	2. Bathrooms, Laundry Rooms, And Other Nonhabitable Areas:
3921	a. Except as provided in subsection B2b of this section, all bathrooms
3922	and laundry rooms shall be provided with natural ventilation by means of
3923	openings to the exterior which have the capability of being closed to the weather.
3924	Such openings shall have a total area not less than one-twentieth $(1/20)$ of the
3925	floor area of the room, with a minimum of one and one-half $(11/2)$ square feet.
3926	b. A mechanical exhaust system connected directly to the outside
3927	shall be allowed in lieu of natural ventilation. The system shall be capable of
3928	providing five (5) air exchanges per hour. The exhaust air shall discharge at least
3929	three feet (3') above or ten feet (10') away from any air intake source. Toilet
3930	rooms may be ventilated with an approved recirculation fan or similar device
3931	designed to remove odors from the air.
3932	c. Mechanical or convection venting of bathrooms into the attic shall
3933	be acceptable. Recirculating fans may be used in toilet rooms only. Bathrooms
3934	with tubs or showers shall have a convection or mechanical exhaust system.
3935	d. Bathrooms constructed prior to 1970, which are vented with
3936	convection vent openings extending to the outside shall meet the ventilation
3937	requirement as long as the walls, ceiling and floor are not adversely affected by
3938	moisture.
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3940	18.50.200: FIRE SAFETY; EGRESS:
3941	A. Fire Safety: No hazard of fire or explosion shall be created or allowed to exist in
3942	any building, premises, equipment or apparatus.
3943	B. Exit Aand Emergency Egress:

39441. Every existing dwelling unit shall have a safe, continuous and3945unobstructed means of egress of a minimum ceiling height of six feet four inches (6'4")3946and a minimum egress width of 28 inches as per this code. Obstructions shall be allowed3947to 5 feet 10 inches when the obstruction is not in the pattern of circulation and3948obstructions are not greater than 20% of the floor area of the exitway. The exitway shall3949be kept in a proper state of repair and maintained free of hazardous conditions and3950obstructions.

3951 2. Every sleeping room located below the fourth story shall have at least one 3952 openable window or exterior door approved for emergency egress or rescue. Every egress 3953 window shall comply with the construction codes adopted in Section 18.04.040, unless 3954 the size of the opening under such codes is not feasible then tThe opening shall have a 3955 minimum of three and one-half (31/2) square feet of openable space and clear opening 3956 dimensions of at least twenty inches (20") in one dimension and twenty twofour inches 3957 (2224") in the other dimension. The escape window must open directly into a yard or exit 3958 court, or into a public street or alley. When windows are provided as a means of 3959 emergency egress or rescue, they shall have a finished sill height of not more than forty eight inches (48"). If the distance from the floor to the windowsill is more than forty eight 3960 3961 inches (48"), a permanent ladder or platform attached to the wall or floor may be installed 3962 to meet the maximum height requirement. The ladder or platform must be approved by 3963 the city.

3964a.Exception 1. Where two (2) approved emergency exit doors3965leading from the sleeping room to separate exitways exist and minimum light and3966ventilation requirements are met, this subsection does not apply. Emergency exit3967doors shall open directly to a yard or court, or may exit through no more than one3968adjoining room which has a door that leads directly to a yard or court.

3969b.Exception 2. Where minimum light and ventilation and emergency3970egress requirements are met, there is no minimum sill height requirement in3971sleeping rooms of dwelling units constructed before 1968, which has not been3972altered from the original construction.

3973 Exception 3. Sleeping rooms that fail to meet the sill height, 3974 window size or net openable area for the emergency egress provisions of this code 3975 may have their emergency egress deficiencies remedied, provided the rooms meet 3976 the required natural light and ventilation requirements of the housing code, by the 3977 installation of a smoke detector in each of the deficient sleeping rooms and in the 3978 hall or space immediately adjacent to and leading into the sleeping room or area. 3979 The smoke detectors shall be wired directly to the house electrical system and be 3980 provided with a battery backup.

39813.For windows that are below grade, a window well shall run parallel to the3982width of the window and extend at least eighteen inches (18") out from the exterior face3983of the building. When the distance from the top of the window well to its bottom exceeds3984forty eight inches (48"), it shall be equipped with an approved permanently affixed ladder3985or stairs that are accessible with the window in the fully open position. Grates are

- 3986permitted over window wells when hinged away from the structure and not weighing3987over fifteen (15) pounds per section of the grate.
- 39884.Bars, grills, grates or similar devices may be installed on emergency3989escapes or rescue windows or doors, provided such devices are equipped with approved3990release mechanisms which are operable from the inside of the grate without the use of a3991key or special knowledge or effort.
- C. Stairs <u>Aand Handrails</u>: Stairs and rails shall meet the requirements of the means
 of egress section of the <u>applicable adopted state construction code</u> UBC or its successor with the
 following modifications:
- 39951. If there are four (4) or more risers, a handrail shall be required. Two (2)3996handrails shall be required when the width of the stairs is forty eight inches (48") or3997more. Stairways less than forty eight inches (48") in width or stairways serving one3998individual dwelling unit in group R, division 1 or 3 occupancy, or a group R, division 33999congregate residence may have one handrail. Handrails are not required for monumental4000stairs.
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- 40043.Stairs shall have a maximum riser height of eightnine inches (98") and a4005minimum step run of eightnine inches (89"). Existing stair flights may have a maximum4006variation in rise and run of two inches (2") at the top and bottom of the flight. A4007maximum of one inch (1") variation of rise and run shall be allowed for all intermediate4008risers and treads. Stairs shall be level and shall comply with life safety standards as4009defined herein.
- 40104.Windinger, circular and spiral stairs may run to narrow to a point. The run4011shall measure 8 inches (12 inches from the narrow point)shall comply with the UBC.
- 40125.There shall be no minimum rise or run requirement nor maximum4013variation in the rise and run for stairs leading only to mechanical, storage, utility, and4014nonhabitable rooms in any residential structure and laundry rooms in individual dwelling4015units provided the stairs are structurally sound.
- 40166.Steps shall be maintained in a safe manner. Missing steps, steps which are4017deteriorated to the point that a foothold is difficult to maintain, staircases which have4018missing boards, and/or staircases which contain boards that have lost their structural4019integrity shall be repaired to a safe condition.
- 40207.Interior and exterior stairs shall have a minimum headroom height of six4021feet four inches (6'4") so long as there are electrical powered smoke detectors installed4022pursuant to the construction codes adopted in Section 18.04.040, except for stairs to4023mechanical or storage rooms, utility and nonhabitable rooms in any residential structure4024and laundry rooms in individual dwelling units, which have no minimum headroom4025height. Within stairways obstructions shall be allowed to 5 feet 10 inches when the

4026 obstruction is not in the pattern of circulation and obstructions are not greater than 20% 4027 of the floor area of the stairway. 4028 Stairs in the interior or exterior of an existing building where stair jacks 8. 4029 are replaced or more than fifty percent (50%) of the tread or risers are replaced shall meet 4030 the requirements of the applicable adopted state construction codeUBC, except that the 4031 minimum stair width shall be thirty inches (30") and the minimum headroom height shall be fivesix feet four inches (6'4"). 4032 4033 If because of the configuration of the horizontal and vertical distances an 9____ 4034 alternate stair configuration is more practical than the UBC requirement, or if HAAB 4035 finds that the stair rhythm is safe, HAAB may allow other configurations which are less uniform but achieve comparable safety, regardless of subsections C3 and C4 of this 4036 4037 section. 4038 9.10. A stair tread, stair support, stair riser, landing or railing which is either 4039 missing or so severely in disrepair or damaged that it cannot support its intended live and 4040 dead loads shall be repaired. 4041 10.11. Interior stair landings shall have a minimum width of twenty-eightthirty 4042 inches (2830'') and a minimum length in the direction of travel of thirty inches (30''). 4043 D. Guardrails: 4044 1. Guardrails shall be required for all balconies, porches, patios and open 4045 stairs more than thirty inches (30") above or below grade. Guardrails shall also be 4046 required for any grade change more than thirty inches (30") next to a walking surface. 4047 Guardrails shall not be less than forty two inches (42") in height, except for guardrails 4048 serving private dwelling units, which shall have a minimum height of thirty six inches 4049 (36"). Guardrails may have a minimum height of thirty six inches (36") if the building was built before 1970. Guardrails having a height less than thirty six inches (36") shall be 4050 4051 allowed if they were installed as part of the building's original construction and are not a 4052 replacement. For structures which are on the historic register or are contributory 4053 structures located within one of the city's historic districts, height of existing and 4054 replacement guardrails may be determined based upon standards adopted by the city's 4055 historic landmark committee. 4056 Guardrails shall have intermediate rails or an ornamental pattern such that 2. 4057 there is no open area in excess of four inches (4") in diameter. The diameter of such open 4058 space may be nine inches (9") for buildings built before 1985, and six inches (6") for those built between 1985 and 1991. 4059 4060 E. Smoke Detector Requirements: 4061 1. When smoke detectors are required in dwelling units by the applicable 4062 adopted state construction codeUBC, the detectors shall be mounted on the ceiling or 4063 wall at a point centrally located in the hallway or area giving access to rooms used for 4064 sleeping. In efficiency dwelling units, the detector shall be centrally located on the ceiling 4065 or wall of the main room or sleeping room.

40662.Where sleeping rooms are on an upper level, the detector shall be placed at4067the ceiling or wall directly above the stairway immediately outside the bedrooms. Wall4068mounted detectors shall be a minimum of four inches (4") and maximum of twelve inches4069(12") from the ceiling, but no detector shall be mounted within twelve inches (12") of any4070corner formed by the meeting of walls, ceilings or beams unless manufacturer's listing4071specifies otherwise. When activated, the detector shall provide an alarm in the dwelling4072unit.

40733. When one or more sleeping rooms are added to or created within a4074structure, smoke detectors shall be installed in compliance with the manufacturer's listing4075and shall receive their primary power from the building wiring in compliance with the4076applicable adopted state construction codeUBC.

40774.All habitable rooms having a ceiling height of less than seven feet six4078inches (7'6") shall have installed a one hundred twenty (120) volt electrical powered4079smoke detector.

4080 F. Fire Resistive Separations: Walls or ceilings separating dwelling units from each 4081 other and from hazardous uses shall be maintained in their original condition with all penetrations sealed or covered with an approved material. These separations include walls and 4082 4083 ceilings separating a garage from a dwelling unit or common area and walls and ceilings 4084 separating furnace rooms in structures containing three (3) or more dwelling units. When fifty 4085 percent (50%) or more of a wall or ceiling is removed for any reason, the entire wall or ceiling 4086 shall be reconstructed to meet the requirements of the applicable adopted state construction 4087 codeUBC for one hour occupancy separation.

- 4088
- 4089 18.50.210: PLUMBING:
- 4090 A. Minimum Requirements:
- 40911.Unless provided otherwise in this chapter, plumbing, piping and fixtures4092shall be in accordance with the code in effect at the time of installation.

40932.Plumbing, piping and fixtures shall have no leaks and shall be maintained4094in good condition. All waste lines shall be connected to an approved sewer system.

- 40953. The minimum plumbing fixtures required for dwelling units are a4096bathroom sink, toilet, tub or shower, and kitchen sink.
- 40974.Cold running water shall be plumbed to each toilet. Hot and cold running4098water plumbed to each bathroom sink, tub, shower and kitchen sink.
- 40995. Every sink, tub and shower shall be provided with hot water and cold4100water in the temperature ranges required by the codes adopted pursuant to Section410118.04.040 of at least one hundred ten degrees Fahrenheit (110°F) and with cold water.
- 41026.A space without obstruction from floor to ceiling of not less than twelve4103inches (12") shall be in front of all toilets. Toilets shall be located in a space without

4104obstruction from floor to ceiling of not less than twenty two inches (22") in width. No4105encroachments of these dimensions are permitted.

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7. Where vents do not exist for plumbing fixtures meeting the applicable codes in effect at the time of their installation, vents need not be installed when the plumbing fixture or trap and trap arm is replaced providing the sewer line is not altered.

B. Water Heaters: Water heaters <u>shall comply with the construction codes adopted in</u>
Section 18.04.040 or the construction code in effect at the time of installationand boilers shall

- 4111 have a listed combination temperature and pressure relief valve and relief valve discharge pipe.
- All new installations of water heaters and boilers, when located above a finished space, shall
 include a safe pan with an UPC approved drain piped to an approved drainage system. Existing
- 4114 water heaters and boilers shall have a temperature and pressure relief valve. The valve shall have
- 4115 a listed discharge pipe which discharges no nearer than six inches (6") to the floor and no further
- 4116 than two feet (2') from the floor. A temperature and pressure relief valve shall be required for 4117 water besters only when a water bester was designed for such valve.
- 4117 water heaters only when a water heater was designed for such valve.

4118 Cross Connections: In order to protect against contamination of the water supply C. 4119 through cross connections, all water inlets for plumbing fixtures shall be located above the flood 4120 level rim of the fixture as defined in the UPC. Hoses or handheld shower heads shall not be 4121 attached in any manner that would permit water contamination during reverse pressure. Water 4122 supply pipes provided with an approved backflow preventer or antisiphon device as regulated in 4123 the UPC shall be permitted. Handheld shower heads shall be permitted when provided with a 4124 permanently mounted holder attached to the wall or shower pipe, or when an antisiphon device is 4125 installed. Water faucet outlets below the overflow rim of the fixture shall be permitted until the 4126 faucet is replaced. A new fixture shall not be installed where it would create a cross connection.

- 4127 D. Drains:
- 41281.Drain traps shall meet standards of the applicable adopted state4129construction codeUPC. Existing traps shall be allowed as originally designed. If the trap4130has been modified it shall be replaced with an approved trap, and a vent shall be added as4131required by the applicable adopted state construction codeUPC.
- 41322.All open entrapped sewer lines and outlets shall be capped with an4133approved cap.
- 4134 E. Fixture Requirements: Every kitchen sink, tub, shower and toilet shall be 4135 provided with a minimum of fifteenthirty (3015) psi of water pressure.
- F. Bathrooms <u>In</u> Rental Dwelling Units: Each rental dwelling unit shall have a
 bathroom within the dwelling unit. Every toilet and bathtub or shower required by this code shall
 be in a room which will afford privacy to the occupant.
- 4139 G. Congregate Housing:
- 41401.The minimum plumbing fixtures required for congregate housing are a4141sink, toilet, and tub or shower for each ten (10) occupants or portion thereof and a kitchen4142sink. Bathrooms shall have installed a door with privacy lock.

- 4143 2. Congregate housing that does not provide private toilets, sinks, bathtubs or 4144 showers shall have on each floor, accessible from a public corridor, at least one toilet, one 4145 sink, and one bathtub with shower or one separate shower for each ten (10) occupants or 4146 portion thereof. For each additional ten (10) occupants, or portion thereof, an additional 4147 one toilet, one sink and one bathtub or shower accessible from a public corridor shall be 4148 provided.
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- 4150 18.50.220: MECHANICAL:
- 4151 A. Mechanical Equipment:

Existing Installations: Mechanical systems lawfully in existence at the
time of the adoption of this code may have their use, maintenance or repair continued if
the use, maintenance or repair is in accordance with the original design and location and
no hazard to life, health or property has been created by such mechanical system.

- 4156 2. Compliance: All mechanical equipment shall be in accordance with the code in effect at the time of installation.
- 41583.Maintenance: All mechanical equipment shall be properly maintained and4159shall be operated in a safe manner.
- 4160 B. Heating:

Temperature: Heating shall be provided by a permanently installed heating
system capable of heating all habitable rooms and bathrooms to a minimum of sixty eight
degrees (68°), which shall be measured in the center of the room at a height of three feet
(3') from the floor.

- 41652.Air Return: A return air duct which serves more than one dwelling unit4166shall not be permitted. A duplex or multiple dwelling unit legally constructed before 19704167may have an existing common air return continued if the furnace was original4168installation. Existing common air return installations shall be allowed to continue when a4169listed smoke detector fan shutoff is installed in the return air duct of all units constructed4170before 1985. Common air returns shall not be allowed in buildings constructed after41711985.
- 4172 3. Fuel Burning Appliances:
- 4173a. Except for direct vented appliances, gas furnaces and gas water4174heaters shall not be permitted in bedrooms, in bathrooms or in closets accessed4175only from a bedroom or a bathroom. Existing furnace rooms with access only4176through an existing bedroom may continue to exist when a one hundred twenty4177(120) volt smoke detector is installed in the bedroom and relayed to a smoke4178detector installed in the furnace room. All combustion air is to be supplied from4179outside air.

4180 4181 4182	b. Gas shutoff valves are required on all gas appliances. Shutoff valves shall be installed in accordance with the <u>applicable adopted state</u> <u>construction codeUMC</u> .
4183 4184 4185 4186 4187	c. All fireplaces, wood burning stoves, and all other appliances producing combustible gas byproducts shall be connected to an operating chimney or approved flue. All flues and vents shall be installed in compliance with EPA requirements and the requirements of the <u>applicable adopted state</u> <u>construction codeUMC</u> in effect at the time of installation.
4188 4189 4190	d. All fuel burning appliances shall be provided with combustion air per the requirements of their listing and with the <u>applicable adopted state</u> <u>construction codeUPC and UMC</u> in effect at the time of their installation.
4191 4192	e. All fuel burning appliances shall be provided with listed clearances and maintained in good working condition and in accordance with their listing.
4193 4194	f. All ventilation fans shall be installed according to their listing and maintained in good working condition.
4195 4196	g. All ducts and vents shall be maintained according to original installation requirements.
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4198	18.50.230: ELECTRICAL:
4199 4200 4201 4202 4203	A. Safety: All electrical equipment, wiring and appliances shall be properly installed, maintained and used in a safe manner. Unless provided otherwise in this chapter, all electrical wiring and equipment shall be in accordance with the electrical code in effect at the time of installation. All conductors shall be protected by fuses or circuit breakers that are adequately sized.
4204 4205	B. Electrical Equipment: Electrical equipment shall not exceed the load capacity of the service and branch circuits shall have adequately sized circuit breakers or fuses.
4206 4207	C. Facilities Required: The following electric facilities must be furnished at a minimum and must be operable:
4208 4209 4210 4211 4212	1. Service: The minimum main service to any dwelling unit shall be sixty (60) amperes. Existing dwelling units with electrical services less than sixty (60) amps per dwelling unit which have no special electrical service loads, such as air conditioners, ranges, heating units and clothes dryers may continue to be operated without upgrading the service.
4213 4214 4215	2. Branch Circuits: Circuits supplying air conditioners, ranges, cooktops, stoves and heating appliances shall meet the requirements of the NEC. Branch circuits shall not be overfused.
4216 4217	3. Receptacles: Every habitable room shall contain at least two (2) electrical receptacles or one electrical light fixture and one electrical receptacle. Grounding type

4218 4219 4220	nongro	icles shall only be used when connected to a grounding system. Existing bunding type receptacles may be replaced with grounding type receptacles where ed by a ground fault circuit interrupter.
4221	D.	Upgrading Facilities:
4222 4223	require	1. Service: When remodeling work is done, the service must be upgraded if ed by the NEC.
4224 4225	are bei	2. Circuits: When new circuits, outlets, switches, wiring and service panels ng installed, the installation shall meet the requirements of the NEC.
4226 4227	upgrad	3. Receptacles: Wiring, receptacles and switches may be replaced without ing so long as circuits are not overloaded.
4228	E.	Lighting:
4229 4230 4231	room, : light fi	1. Dwelling Units: Every toilet room, bathroom, laundry room, furnace interior stairway and hall shall contain at least one permanently mounted electric xture.
4232		2. Apartments, SROs A <u>a</u> nd Congregate Housing:
4233 4234 4235 4236 4237 4238 4239		a. Lighting in the common areas shall be as follows: Aisles, passageways, stairwells, corridors, exitways and recesses related to and within the building complex shall be illuminated with a minimum of a forty (40) watt light bulb or equivalent for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area; provided, that the spacing between lights shall not be greater than thirty feet (30'). Structures containing three (3) dwelling units or less shall not be required to provide exit lighting when no lighting outlet has been previously provided.
4240 4241		b. Every furnace room shall contain at least one electric lighting fixture.
4242 4243 4244 4245		c. Open parking lots and carports shall be provided with a minimum of one foot-candle of light on the parking surface during the hours of darkness. Lighting devices shall be protected by weather resistant covers and shall not cast glare on neighboring properties.
4246	F.	General:
4247 4248	covers	1. All electrical panels, boxes, outlets and lighting fixtures shall have proper
4249 4250	their li	2. Flexible cords, as defined in the NEC, shall be used only according to sting and shall not be installed as permanent wiring or strung across exitways.
4251		
4252	18.50.240: EN	ERGY CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS:

4253 A. Upgrading: Existing residential units shall be upgraded whenever any of the 4254 following events occur:

- 42551.Whenever wallboard, plaster or other finish material is removed which4256exposes wall cavities of foundations, exterior walls, floors or ceilings, these spaces shall4257be insulated to the degree it is practical. Where attic and crawl space areas are insulated,4258the space shall be ventilated as per the currently adopted applicable state construction4259codeUBC.
- 4260 2. Where insulation increases the accumulation of snow, and the snow load
 4261 capacity of the roof structure is exceeded, the roof members shall be upgraded to
 4262 withstand the additional loads.
- 3. When access is available to foundations of existing structures, foundations
 shall be insulated to the standard required by the applicable Utah energy code when
 remodeling of the structure is initiated.
- 42664.When boarded structures are renovated for reoccupancy, the structure shall4267be insulated to the following standards when wall, ceiling, roof or floor cavities are open4268or accessible: wall, R-11; ceilings and roofs, R-32; floors, R-7. Thermal resistance "R"4269shall have the meaning as defined in the Utah energy code.
- 42705.When new habitable space is created within an existing building envelope,4271all such spaces shall be insulated to the current Utah energy code standards.
- 42726.All replacement windows shall be double pane. Replacement glass for4273structures which are on the historic register or are contributory structures located within4274one of the city's historic districts may be determined based upon standards adopted by the4275city's historic landmark committee. Replacement metal windows shall have a thermal4276break. Single pane replacement glass may be installed on windows not designed to accept4277double pane glass.
- 4278
- 7. All exterior door replacements shall be weather stripped.
- 42798.New mechanical equipment installed shall meet a minimum of eighty4280percent (80%) efficiency.
- 42819. Except for the other applicable requirements of this chapter, when a new4282addition is made to an existing residential structure, only the addition shall be made to4283comply with current Utah energy code standards.
- 4284 B. Exterior Door <u>Aa</u>nd Window Seals:
- 42851.Exterior doors and windows shall be weathertight. If broken, all panes4286shall be replaced with glazing in compliance with the <u>applicable adopted state</u>4287construction codesUBC.
- 4288 2. All doors and windows shall be properly caulked and weatherproofed.
- 4289

- 4290 SECTION 12. Repealing the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.52. That Chapter 4291 18.52 of the Salt Lake City Code (Technical Building Specifications: Mechanical Regulations) is 4292 hereby repealed in its entirety as follows: 4293 4294 CHAPTER 18.52 4295 **MECHANICAL REGULATIONS** 4296 4297 18.52.010: DEFINITIONS: 4298 For the purpose of this title: 4299 ENERGY USING EQUIPMENT: That which is designed, constructed, erected or altered to 4300 operate by the use of fuel and/or power and shall include any devices and appurtenances or 4301 appliances, materials, ducts, pipes, piping, venting, gas piping, valves, fittings, fans, blowers and 4302 burners necessary to the performance of such functions that shall create comfort heating and/or 4303 cooling or power for work services. 4304 MECHANICAL SYSTEM: Means and shall include, but not be limited to, any heating, comfort 4305 cooling, ventilation and refrigeration systems, or energy using equipment. 4306 4307 18.52.020: UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE ADOPTED: 4308 The edition of the uniform mechanical code, as adopted by the Utah uniform building code 4309 commission, is adopted by Salt Lake City as an ordinance, rules and regulations of Salt Lake 4310 City subject to the amendments and exceptions thereto as hereinafter set out, one copy of which 4311 code shall be filed for use and examination by the public in the office of the city recorder. 4312 Hereafter all references in this code to the uniform mechanical code shall mean the said edition 4313 adopted by the Utah uniform building code commission. 4314 18.52.040: MANUAL ON RECOMMENDED GOOD PRACTICES ADOPTED: 4315 4316 "Recommended Good Practices For Gas Piping Appliance Installation, And Venting", Mountain 4317 Fuel Supply Company, revision of June 1980, is adopted by Salt Lake City as an ordinance, rules 4318 and regulations of the city, subject to the amendments and exceptions thereto as hereinafter set 4319 out, three (3) copies of which code have been filed for use and examination by the public in the office of the city recorder. 4320 4321 4322 18.52.050: MECHANICAL PERMIT FEES:
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4323 4324 4325 4326 4327	A. Any person desiring a permit required by this code shall, at the time of filing an application therefor, pay the fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule to the city treasurer before the permit is valid. The basic fee for each permit requiring inspection is shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. In addition, the fee for each individual specialty item is shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
4328	
4329	SECTION 13. Repealing the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.56. That Chapter
4330	18.56 of the Salt Lake City Code (Technical Building Specifications: Plumbing Regulations) is
4331	hereby repealed in its entirety as follows:
4332 4333	CHAPTER 18.56 PLUMBING REGULATIONS
4334	
4335	18.56.010: UNIFORM PLUMBING CODE ADOPTED:
4336 4337 4338 4339 4340	The uniform plumbing code, 1988 edition, published by the International Association Of Plumbing And Mechanical Officials as a code in book form, three (3) copies of which have been filed for use and examination by the public in the office of the city recorder, is hereby adopted, except as such code may be altered or modified by the provisions of the ordinances of Salt Lake City.
4341	
4342	18.56.020: PLUMBING SYSTEM DEFINED:
4343 4344 4345 4346 4347 4348	"Plumbing system" means all potable water supply and distribution pipes, all plumbing fixtures and traps, all drainage and vent pipes, and all building drains and appurtenances within the property lines of the premises except: a) fixed lawn sprinkler systems beyond backflow prevention devices, and b) building sewers and private wastewater disposal systems three feet (3') or more beyond the outside walls of buildings. Included also are potable water treating or using equipment and water heaters.
4349	
4350	18.56.030: WATER SUPPLY PORTION OF PLUMBING SYSTEM:
4351 4352 4353 4354	The water supply portion of the plumbing system shall be considered to extend from the meter box (or the property line in the absence of a meter) to and throughout the building, terminating at an approved backflow prevention device or devices serving fixed lawn sprinklers. Included also are fire prevention and firefighting piping and equipment.
4355	
4356	18.56.040: PLUMBING PERMIT FEES:

4357 4358 4359 4360	A. Before a permit shall be valid, permit fees shall be paid to the city treasurer. The basic fee for each permit requiring inspection is shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. In addition, the fee for each individual specialty item is shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
4361 4362	B. Fees for fire extinguishing systems shall be paid to the city treasurer as shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.
4363	
4364	18.56.050: HOT WATER CAPACITY FOR RESIDENTIAL UNITS:
4365 4366 4367 4368 4369 4370	All single family residences which have central water heating units shall deliver a minimum capacity of thirty (30) gallons of one hundred forty degree Fahrenheit (140°F) water. Multiple units shall have a central water heating unit which shall deliver a minimum capacity of thirty (30) gallons of one hundred forty degree Fahrenheit (140°F) water per residential unit, when a central water heating unit is installed.
4371	18.56.060: LOW FLUSH TOILETS; REQUIRED FOR BUILDING PERMIT:
4372 4373 4374 4375 4376 4377 4378 4379	After the effective date hereof, no building permits shall be issued for new construction or remodeling of hotels, motels, apartment houses, dwellings or other structures which have toilets or water closets which use more than four (4) gallons of water per flush. Any toilets or water closets installed prior to said effective date shall meet the standards of this section when replaced. All fixtures installed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be of a design such that the walls of the toilet or water closet bowl are thoroughly washed and contents discharged with each flush.
4380	18.56.070: LOW FLUSH TOILETS; ON WATERSHED PROPERTY:
4381 4382 4383 4384 4385 4385	After January 1, 1982, any toilets installed prior to the effective date hereof which are located on watersheds in Salt Lake County, or canyons contiguous to these watersheds, shall be replaced with toilets or water closets which meet the standards for new construction or remodeling specified in section 2-5-29 of the revised ordinances of Salt Lake County, 1965, or its successor, as amended.
4387	18.56.080: FLOOR DRAINS; DUAL FLANGE AND SAFE PANS REQUIRED:
4388 4389 4390	All floor drains, area drains and indirect waste receptors installed on any floor level other than slab on grade shall have a dual flange and safe pans installed, with a minimum of thirty six inches (36") square of approved material, unless they are part of an original pour of concrete.
4391	18 56 100, SOVENT DI LIMDING SYSTEMS.
4392	18.56.100: SOVENT PLUMBING SYSTEMS:

4393	"Sovent" is an engineered drainage plumbing system that does not meet conventional code
4394	requirements as found in the uniform plumbing code, 1988 edition, as adopted by section
4395	18.56.010 of this chapter, or its successor section. The system is based on the combined
4396	hydraulic/pneumatic flow and performance characteristics of drainage plumbing products, and
4397	will be allowed for use in the city under the following provisions:
4398	A. Certification: The proprietor(s) of the engineered system shall certify that the
4399	plans meet the design requirements and shall also certify at the completion of the installation that
4400	they have inspected the system and that the system complies with the approved plans;
4401	B. Submittal Of Calculations: Submit hydraulic and pneumatic calculations for the
4402	proposed system before a permit is obtained;
4403	C. Offsets: A double offset shall be installed in the stack on floor levels where no
4404	fixture or branch connections are made;
4405	D. Deaerator Fitting: A deaerator fitting shall be located as close as possible to the
4406	base of the stack. No branch or fixture connections are permitted on this system downstream
4407	from the deaerator fitting. A full size bottom pressure relief line shall connect the deaerator
4408	fitting to the building drain at least ten (10) pipe diameters downstream from the base of the
4409	stack through a wye fitting rolled above the centerline. The full size bottom pressure relief line
4410	shall be provided with an accessible upper terminal cleanout;
4411	E. Prohibited Attachments: Pumpout, blowout, garbage disposal, clothes washing
4412	machine, or outlets from grease traps are prohibited in this system;
4413	F. Cleanouts: Accessible cleanouts shall be provided in all horizontal drains.
4414	Cleanouts shall be provided for each aggregate change of direction exceeding one hundred thirty
4415	five degrees (135°);
4416	G. Conventional Plumbing: Vents from conventional plumbing and pressure
4417	equalizing line vents from a sovent system shall not connect to the sovent stack below other
4418	drainage fittings;
4419	H. Future Alterations: No alteration may be made without prior written permission
4420	from the division of building and housing services, and no provisions for future openings will be
4421	permitted on this system. This system shall be properly identified on each installation site. All
4422	buildings of B-2 occupancies with more than eight thousand (8,000) square feet per floor shall
4423	provide at least one 4-inch waste stack and one 4-inch vent stack for any alteration or additions.
4424	
4425	18.56.105: MISCELLANEOUS PLUMBING REQUIREMENTS:
4426	A. Overflow roof drains shall not be connected to the primary roof drain lines.
4427	B. Overflow roof drains shall drain to a point where they can be easily seen for early
4428	problem detection.
4429	C. Fill valves for fire sprinkler storage tanks shall be equipped with an approved air
4429	gap on reduced pressure backflow preventer.
0677	Sup on reduced pressure odeknow preventer.

4431 4432	D. Safe pan drains shall be no smaller than one and one-half inches (11/2") unless first approved by the administrative authority.
4433	E. Trough drains are prohibited unless first approved by the administrative authority.
4434 4435 4436	F. Drainage for gravity dump washers shall be by direct hookup to the building drain or to a sealed sump connected to the building drain. There shall be a floor drain immediately downstream of each gravity dump washer hookup.
4437	
4438	18.56.110: UNSANITARY CONSTRUCTION AND CONDITIONS:
4439 4440 4441	Any portion of a plumbing system or any construction or work regulated by this title found or determined to be unsanitary, as defined in this title, or otherwise a menace to life, health or property, is hereby declared to be a public nuisance.
4442	
4443	SECTION 14. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.64. That Chapter
4444	18.64 of the Salt Lake City Code (Additional Regulations: Demolition) shall be, and hereby is
4445	amended as follows:
4446 4447	CHAPTER 18.64 DEMOLITION
4448	
4449	18.64.005: PURPOSE AND INTENT:
4450	A. The purpose of the provisions in this chapter is to:
4451 4452	1. Promote the public welfare by maintaining the integrity and continuity of the urban fabric and economic vitality;
4453 4454	2. Provide an orderly and predictable process for demolition of buildings and structures when appropriate;
4455	3. Ensure demolition occurs safely;
4456	4. Protect utilities and other infrastructure from damage during demolition;
4457 4458 4459	5. Provide for enforcement of timely completion of demolition and for improvement of property following demolition to ensure the site is not detrimental to the use and enjoyment of surrounding property;
4460 4461	6. Provide for enforcement and maintenance of property to avoid purposeful demolition by neglect; and
4462	7. Encourage preservation of the city's housing stock where appropriate.

B. A primary intent of the city council with respect to this chapter is to promote responsible re-use of existing housing stock where practical and provide an orderly process for demolition where it is not practical or cost efficient to rebuild/reuse. Accordingly, the council finds that it is in the public interest to require existing buildings to be maintained in a manner that does not constitute a public nuisance until replaced by new construction, except as otherwise permitted by this code.

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- 4470 18.64.010: PERMIT REQUIRED:

4471 It is unlawful to demolish any building or structure in the city, or cause the same to be

4472 demolished, without first obtaining a permit for demolition of each such building or structure

- 4473 from the city building official as provided in this chapter.
- 4474
- 4475 18.64.020: APPLICATION FOR PERMIT:

4476 To obtain a permit for demolition, an applicant shall submit an application in writing on a form4477 furnished by the building official for that purpose. Each application shall:

- 4478 A. Identify and describe the type of work to be performed under the permit;
- B. State the address of the structure or building to be demolished;

C. Describe the building or structure to be demolished including the type of use, type
of building construction, size and square footage, number of stories, and number of residential
dwelling units (if any);

4483 D. Indicate the method and location of demolished material disposal;

E. Identify the approximate date of commencement and completion of demolition;

- 4485 F. Indicate if fences, barricades, scaffolds or other protections are required by any 4486 city code for the demolition and, if so, their proposed location and compliance;
- 4487 G. State whether fill material will be required to restore the site to level grade after 4488 demolition and, if required, the approximate amount of fill material;
- H. If the building or structure to be demolished contains any dwelling units, statewhether any of the dwelling units are presently occupied; and
- I. State the proposed use of the premises following demolition. If new construction
 is proposed following demolition, state the anticipated start date and whether any development
 applications have been submitted to and/or approved by the city.
- J. Affirm that the property will comply with the landscaping requirements for the
 zoning district that the property is located in as required under the provisions of Chapter 21A.48.
- 4496
- 4497 18.64.030: FEES AND SIGNATURE:

A. The permit application shall be signed by the party or the party's authorized agent
requesting the permit. A signature on the permit application constitutes a certification by the
signee that the information contained in the application is true and correct.

4501 B. The fee for a demolition permit application shall be as shown on the Salt Lake 4502 City consolidated fee schedule.

4503 C. An additional fee for the cost of inspecting the property to determine compliance 4504 with the requirements of this chapter and to assure the property is kept free of weeds and junk 4505 materials shall be collected in the amount shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule.

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4507 18.64.040: ISSUANCE OF DEMOLITION PERMIT:

- A. A demolition permit may be issued only upon completion of an application in
 accordance with Section 18.64.020 herein; or the chief building official or fire marshal orders
 immediate demolition:
- 4511 1. Due to an emergency as provided in Chapter 18.64, Article II of this title; 4512 or
- 45132.Because the premises have been damaged beyond repair because of a4514natural disaster, fire, or other similar event; or
- 45153. The chief building official or fire marshal authorizes immediate4516demolition because clearing of land is necessary to remove a nuisance as defined in this4517code or Section 76-10-801 et seq., Utah Code or its successor.
- B. If proposed demolition involves a landmark site, a contributing structure, or a
 structure located in the H Historic Preservation Overlay District, as provided in Section
 21A.34.020 of this code, or its successor, a demolition permit shall be issued only upon
 compliance with applicable provisions of that section or its successor.
- 4522
- 4523 18.64.045: DEMOLITION BY NEGLECT:
- The owner of a boarded building shall maintain the exterior of the building as provided in Sections 18.48.2535 and 18.50.140, "Exterior Maintenance", of this title or its successor.
- 4526

4527 18.64.050: RESIDENTIAL DEMOLITION NOTICE

A. If the structure for which a demolition permit is sought contains one or more
dwelling units, whether or not occupied, upon issuance of a demolition permit, the building
official shall cause to be recorded against title to such real property in the official records of Salt
Lake County a notice that contains the following-information:

4532 1. Information about the demolished property as required by the city,4533 including the number of dwelling units and respective number of bedrooms, and the amount of

rent charged in the year prior to the demolition, and the level of affordability if the rent is abelow market rate.

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2. Notice that the future development of the property may have specific
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4540 18.64.070: PREDEMOLITION SALVAGE PERMITS:

A. A predemolition salvage permit shall be required for removal of doors, windows,
special glass, fixtures, fittings, pipes, railings, posts, panels, boards, lumber, stones, bricks,
marble, or similar materials on the exterior or interior of any building prior to demolition of the
structure. A predemolition salvage permit may be issued only contemporaneously with, or after,
city approval of:

- 45461.A building permit for new construction on the premises following4547demolition, or
- 4548 2. A demolition permit.

4549 B. A predemolition salvage permit fee shall be as shown on the Salt Lake City 4550 consolidated fee schedule.

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4552 18.64.080: EXPIRATION; DILIGENCE:

A demolition permit shall expire forty five (45) calendar days from the date of issuance, unless a completion date allowing more time is requested and approved by the building official at the time of application. A demolition permit may be renewed upon request prior to expiration with approval of the building official for one-half (1/2) of the original permit fee, provided continuous progress is being made. If a permit is allowed to expire without prior renewal, any subsequent request for reinstatement shall be accompanied by a reinstatement fee equal to the original demolition permit fee.

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4561 18.64.090: QUALIFICATIONS TO DO WORK:

A. It shall be unlawful for demolition work permitted under this chapter to be
 performed except by a wrecking and demolition contractor having a general contractor or
 demolition license in good standing issued by the Division of Occupational and Professional
 Licensing in the Utah Department of Commerce.

4566 B. Salvage work under a predemolition salvage permit may be done without a 4567 contractor's license provided all other applicable conditions of this chapter are met.

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4569 18.64.100: DEMOLITION REQUIREMENTS:

4570 A. Prior to the commencement of any demolition or moving, the permittee shall plug 4571 all sewer laterals at or near sidewalk lines as staked out by the department of public utilities. No 4572 excavation shall be covered until such plugging is approved by the department or by the building 4573 official. The permittee shall further ensure all utility services to the structure and/or premises 4574 have been shut off and meters removed prior to commencement of demolition work.

B. When the applicant indicates the demolition will require more than thirty (30) days to complete, and where required by the building official for the safety of the public, the applicant shall also provide plans to fence the demolition site so that it is inaccessible to unauthorized persons in a manner acceptable to the building official. The building official may waive the fencing requirement if it is determined that fencing would be inappropriate or unnecessary to protect safety or health.

C. A permit for demolition shall require that all materials comprising part of the existing structure(s), including the foundation and footings, be removed from the site. Unless otherwise approved under a building permit for redevelopment of the site, the depression caused by the removal of such debris shall be filled back and compacted to the original grade, as approved by the building official, with fill material excluding detrimental amounts of organic material or large dimension nonorganic material.

4587 Permitted demolition work, including filling and leveling back to grade and D. 4588 removal of required pedestrian walkways and fences, shall be completed within the permit period 4589 unless the building official finds that any part of the foundation of building or site will form an 4590 integral part of a new structure to be erected on the same site for which plans have already been 4591 approved by the building services and licensing division. In such event, the building official may 4592 approve plans for appropriate adjustments to the completion time and may impose reasonable 4593 conditions including the posting of a bond, erection of fences, securing, or similar preventions to 4594 ensure the site does not create a hazard after the demolition is completed.

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4596 18.64.110: RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER ORDINANCE:

4597 Provisions of this chapter shall be subordinate to any contrary specific provisions of Title 21A,

4598 Chapter 21A.34 of this code, dealing with demolition in historic districts, or its successor.

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- 4600 18.64.120: VIOLATIONS:

4601 A. It is unlawful for the owner of a building or structure to violate the provisions of 4602 this chapter. Each day a violation occurs shall be a separate offense.

B. Violation of the provisions of this chapter <u>shall be punishable in accordance with</u>
 <u>Chapter 18.24</u> is punishable as a class B misdemeanor or by imposing a civil penalty as provided
 in Section 21A.20.010 et seq., of this code.

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4607 ARTICLE II. EMERGENCY DEMOLITION

 4611 emergency situation shall be as provided by this article. 4612 4613 18.64.140: EMERGENCY DEMOLITIONS APPLICABILITY: 4614 A. If the building official determines that the walls or roof of a building or struct 4615 are collapsing, either in whole or in part, or in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way 4616 fall on other structures, property, or public rights of way, are a public nuisance, or create a 4617 danger to persons who may enter the property, or create a danger of fire, the building official 4618 may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. <u>A notice at 4619 order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section 4620 18.24.040.</u> 4621 B. If the city's fire marshal determines that a building or structure that has been 4622 affected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, the 4623 the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this 4624 article. A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in 4625 accordance with Section 18.24.040. 4626 C. If the building official or fire marshal declares an emergency demolition the 4627 requirements of Section 21A.34.020.F, or its successor, shall not apply. 4628 4629 18.64.150: <u>RESERVEDEMERGENCY DEMOLITION:</u> 4630 If the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of 4630 article and order fire an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of 4630 the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of 4630 the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of 4630 the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of 4630 the chief building official declares an emergency the notification and hearing provisions of 4630 the chief building of	4608	
 4611 emergency situation shall be as provided by this article. 4612 4613 18.64.140: EMERGENCY DEMOLITIONS APPLICABILITY: 4614 AIf the building official determines that the walls or roof of a building or struct are collapsing, either in whole or in part, or in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way. 4614 AIf the building official determines that the walls or roof of a building of struct are collapsing, either in whole or in part, or in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way. 4616 file on other structures, property, or public rights of way, are a public nuisance, est create a danger to persons who may enter the property, or create a danger of fire, the building official may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. A notice A order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section 18.24.040. 4621 BIf the city's fire marshal determines that a building or structure that has been affected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, the 4623 the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this 4624 article. A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in 4625 accordance with Section 18.24.040. 4626 CIf the building official or fire marshal declares an emergency demolition the 4627 requirements of Section 21A.34.020.F, or its successor, shall not apply. 4628 4629 18.64.150: <u>RESERVEDEMERGENCY DEMOLITION:</u> 4630 If the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of 4631 section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorize 4632 immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this 4636 chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in 4635 <	4609	18.64.130: PURPOSE:
 4613 18.64.140: EMERGENCY DEMOLITIONS APPLICABILITY: 4614 AIf the building official determines that the walls or roof of a building or struct 4615 are collapsing, either in whole or in part, or in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way 4616 fall on other structures, property, or public rights of way, are a public nuisance, or create a 4617 danger to persons who may enter the property, or create a danger of fire, the building official 4618 may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. A notice a 4619 order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section 4620 18.24.040. 4621 BIf the city's fire marshal determines that a building or structure that has been 4622 affected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, the 4623 the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this 4624 article. A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in 4625 accordance with Section 18.24.040. 4626 CIf the building official or fire marshal declares an emergency demolition the 4629 requirements of Section 21A.34.020.F, or its successor, shall not apply. 4628 4629 18.64.150: <u>RESERVEDEMERGENCY DEMOLITION:</u> 4630 If the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of 4631 section this chapter, or its successor, shall not apply. 4632 4636 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION: 		Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, the process for demolishing buildings in an emergency situation shall be as provided by this article.
 AIf the building official determines that the walls or roof of a building or struct are collapsing, either in whole or in part, or in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way fall on other structures, property, or public rights of way, <u>are a public nuisance</u>, or create a danger to persons who may enter the property, or create a danger of fire, the building official may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. <u>A notice a</u> order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section 18.24.040. BIf the city's fire marshal determines that a building or structure that has been affected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, the the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section 18.24.040. CIf the building official or fire marshal declares an emergency demolition the requirements of Section 21A.34.020.F, or its successor, shall not apply. He the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorize immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in writing. 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION: 	4612	
 are collapsing, either in whole or in part, or in imminent danger of collapsing in such a way fall on other structures, property, or public rights of way, <u>are a public nuisance</u>, or create a danger to persons who may enter the property, or create a danger of fire, the building official may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. <u>A notice a diffected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. <u>A notice a diffected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, the the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section 18.24.040.</u></u> <u>B. If the city's fire marshal determines that a building or structure that has been affected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, the the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section 18.24.040.</u> <u>C. If the building official or fire marshal declares an emergency demolition the requirements of Section 21A.34.020.F, or its successor, shall not apply.</u> He chief building official declares an emergeney, the notification and hearing provisions of section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorize immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergeney declaration in writing. 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION: 	4613	18.64.140: EMERGENCY DEMOLITIONS APPLICABILITY:
 affected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, the the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section 18.24.040. C. If the building official or fire marshal declares an emergency demolition the requirements of Section 21A.34.020.F, or its successor, shall not apply. 18.64.150: <u>RESERVEDEMERGENCY DEMOLITION:</u> If the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorize immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in writing. 4636 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION: 	4615 4616 4617 4618 4619	danger to persons who may enter the property, or create a danger of fire, the building official may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. <u>A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in accordance with Section</u>
 4627 requirements of Section 21A.34.020.F, or its successor, shall not apply. 4628 4629 18.64.150: <u>RESERVEDEMERGENCY DEMOLITION:</u> 4630 If the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorize immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in writing. 4636 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION: 	4622 4623 4624	affected by fire presents an impermissible danger to persons who may enter the property, then the fire marshal may issue an order that the building should be demolished pursuant to this article. A notice and order reflecting this determination shall be issued and delivered in
 18.64.150: <u>RESERVEDEMERGENCY DEMOLITION:</u> If the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorized immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in writing. 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION: 		
 4630 If the chief building official declares an emergency, the notification and hearing provisions of section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorize immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in writing. 4636 4636 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION: 	4628	
 4631 section this chapter, or its successor, shall be waived and the building official may authorize 4632 immediate demolition of any structure that meets the standards of Section 18.64.140 of this 4633 chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in 4634 writing. 4635 4636 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION: 	4629	18.64.150: <u>RESERVED</u> EMERGENCY DEMOLITION:
4636 18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION:	4631 4632 4633	chapter or its successor. The chief building official must make an emergency declaration in
	4635	
4637 A. <u>Permitted Recovery of Costs: If the building official or designee causes the</u>	4636	18.64.160: BILL FOR COSTS; COLLECTION:
 the property owner received at least 10 days' notice in which to complete demolition and fai to do so, the division may collect the city's abatement costs which shall include the cost of the demolition contractor, costs of any environmental testing or environmental controls over demolition materials, and a reasonable amount to pay the costs of city personnel involved in demolition, by filing a property tax lien, as set forth in this section. Upon the completion of a 	4638 4639 4640 4641 4642 4643	emergency demolition of a building pursuant to a notice issued under Section 18.64.140, after the property owner received at least 10 days' notice in which to complete demolition and failed to do so, the division may collect the city's abatement costs which shall include the cost of the

4645	city's costs of demolition which shall include the cost of the demolition contractor and a
4646	reasonable amount to pay the costs of city personnel involved in the demolition.
4647	D Itamized Statement of Costa Unan completion of the domalitien mode the
4648	B. <u>Itemized Statement of Costs: Upon completion of the demolition work, the</u>
	building official or designee shall prepare an itemized statement of costs and mail it to the
4649	property owner by certified mail or using any reputable mail tracking service that is capable of
4650	confirming delivery, demanding payment within thirty (30) days of the date the statement is post
4651	<u>marked.</u> If the bill is not paid within thirty (30) days, the city may take legal action to collect the bill.
4652	0111.
4653	C. Form of Itemized Statement of Costs: The itemized statement of costs shall
4654	include:
4655	1. The address of the property at issue;
4656	2. An itemized list of all expenses incurred by the division, including
4657	administrative costs;
4658	3. A demand for payment;
4659	4. The address where payment is to be made;
4660	5. Notification that failure to timely pay the expenses described in the
4661	itemized statement may result in a lien on the property in accordance with this chapter
4662	and Utah Code Section 10-11-4 or its successor;
4663	6. Notification that the property owner may file a written objection to all or
4664	part of the statement within 20 days of the date the statement is postmarked; and
4665	7. Where the property owner may file the objection, including the name of
4666	the office and the mailing address.
4667	D. Delivery of Statement of Costs: The itemized statement of costs described in
4668	Subsection C shall be deemed delivered when mailed by certified mail or by any reputable mail
4669	tracking service that is capable of confirming delivery addressed to the last known address of the
4670	property owner, according to the records of the county recorder.
4671	E. Objection to Statement of Costs: A property owner may appeal the statement of
4672	costs to the fines hearing officer pursuant to Section 18.12.050.
4673	F. Failure to Object or Pay: If the property owner fails to make payment of the
4674	amount set forth in the itemized statement within 30 days of the date of the mailing of that
4675	statement, or to file a timely objection, then the division may certify the past due costs and
4676	expenses to the Salt Lake County Treasurer.
4677	G. Failure to Pay After Objection Hearing: If the property owner files a timely
4678	objection but fails to make payment of any amount ordered by the fines hearing officer, the
4679	inspector may certify the past due costs and expense to the Salt Lake County Treasurer.
4680	H. Lien on Property: After entry by the Salt Lake County Treasurer, as set forth in
4681	Subsections F and G, the amount entered shall have the force and effect of a valid judgment of
4682	the district court, is a lien on the property, and shall be collected by the Salt Lake County
4683	Treasurer at the time of the payment of general taxes.
4684	I. Release of Lien: Upon payment of the amount set forth in the itemized statement
4685	of costs or otherwise determined due and owing by the fines hearing officer, the judgment is
4686	satisfied, the lien is released from the property, and receipt shall be acknowledged upon the
4687	general tax receipt issued by the county.

4688	
4689	SECTION 15. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Section 18.68.160. That Section
4690	18.68.160 of the Salt Lake City Code (Additional Regulations: Floodplain Hazard Protection:
4691	Mandatory and Prohibitionary Nature of Chapter) shall be, and hereby is amended as follows:
4692	18.68.160: MANDATORY AND PROHIBITIONARY NATURE OF CHAPTER:
4693	A. Violations: It is unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to intentionally
4694	perform any act prohibited by this chapter or to intentionally fail to perform any act or comply
4695	with any requirement of this chapter or to aid or abet therein, or to fail or refuse to comply with
4696	any valid order called by the specified officials responsible to administer the provisions of this
4697	chapter. No permits shall be issued to any applicant during the time he/she shall fail to correct
4698	defective work or noncomplying work or violation exists after written notice by the official
4699 4700	responsible for the permit or their designee. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.
4700	provisions of this chapter shan be deemed gunty of a misdemeanor.
4701	B. Fines And Penalties: Upon conviction for such violations of this chapter, such
4702	party, if a person, shall be punishable as provided in section 1.12.050 of this code, or its
4703	successor. If such party is a corporation, association, partnership or governmental
4704	instrumentality, such party may be subject to a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars
4705	(\$2,000.00) and/or imprisonment of not more than six (6) months.
4706	
4707	SECTION 15. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.76. That Chapter
4708	18.76 of the Salt Lake City Code (Additional Regulations: Mobile Home Parks) shall be, and
4709	hereby is amended as follows:
4710	
4710 4711	CHAPTER 18.76 MOBILE HOME PARKS
4/11	WODILE HOWLE FARKS
4712	
4713	18.76.010: DEFINITIONS:
1,15	

- 4714 For the purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:
- 4715 CABANA: A room enclosure erected or constructed adjacent to a mobile home for residential
- 4716 use by the occupant of the mobile home.
- 4717 DEPENDENT RECREATIONAL VEHICLE: A unit other than a self- contained unit.

- 4718 HOOKUP: The arrangement and connection of parts, circuits and materials employed in the
- 4719 connections required between the mobile home or recreational vehicle utility outlets and inlets
- and the park service connections that make the mobile home or recreational vehicle operational.
- 4721 MOBILE HOME: A factory assembled structure or structures equipped with the necessary
- 4722 service connections and constructed to be readily mobile as a unit or units on its own running
- 4723 gear, and designed to be used as a dwelling unit without a permanent foundation.
- 4724 MOBILE HOME PARK: A contiguous parcel of land which, after having the approval of the 4725 city planning commission, is used for the accommodation of occupied mobile homes.
- 4726 MOBILE HOME SPACE OR LOT: A designated portion of a mobile home park designed for
 4727 the accommodation of one mobile home and its accessory buildings or structures for the
- 4728 exclusive use of the occupants.
- 4729 MOBILE HOME STAND OR PAD: That part of the mobile home space which has been4730 prepared and reserved for the placement of one mobile home.
- 4731 MOTOR HOME: A self-propelled vehicular unit primarily designed as a temporary dwelling for4732 travel, recreational and vacation use.
- 4733 PARK DRAINAGE SYSTEM: The entire system of drainage piping used to convey sewage and
- 4734 other wastes from the mobile home or recreational vehicle drainage outlet connection, at the
 4735 mobile home or recreational vehicle site, to the property line connection with the sewer lateral
- 4736 from the main line sewer.
- 4737 PARK PLUMBING SYSTEM: Means and includes, but is not limited to, the park drainage and4738 water supply systems within the park property lines.
- 4739 PARK WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM: All of the water supply piping within the park, and shall
- 4740 extend from the water meter to the mobile home or recreational vehicle water supply system, and
- 4741 shall include main and branch service lines, fixtures, devices, piping in service buildings, and
- 4742 appurtenances thereto.
- 4743 RAMADA: Any freestanding roof or shade structure installed or erected above an occupied4744 mobile home or any portion thereof.
- 4745 RECREATIONAL VEHICLE: A vehicular unit, other than a mobile home, primarily designed
- 4746 as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreational and vacational use, which is either self-propelled
- 4747 or is mounted on or pulled by another vehicle, including, but not limited to, a travel trailer, a
- 4748 camp trailer, a truck camper, or a motor home.
- RECREATIONAL VEHICLE PARK: A site, lot, tract or parcel of land upon which one or more
 recreational vehicles are parked for temporary use as living quarters.
- 4751 RECREATIONAL VEHICLE SPACE: A plot of ground within a recreational vehicle park to4752 accommodate one recreational vehicle.
- 4753 RECREATIONAL VEHICLE STAND OR PAD: That part of the recreational vehicle space4754 which has been prepared and reserved for the placement of one recreational vehicle.

4755 SELF-CONTAINED RECREATIONAL VEHICLE: A unit which:

- 4756 A. Can operate independent of connections to external sewer, water and electrical4757 systems; and
- 4758 B. Has a toilet and holding tank for liquid waste; and
- C. Contains water storage facilities and may contain a lavatory, kitchen sink and/or
 bath facilities connected to the holding tank; provided, however, that all facilities shall be in
 sound operating condition, and further provided that it may be connected to external electric,
 water and sewer systems.
- SERVICE BUILDING: A building housing separate toilet and bathing facilities for men and
 women and which may also have laundry facilities, flushing rim sink, and other facilities as may
 be required by this title, and which shall be apart from the facilities within the mobile home or
 recreational vehicle.
- 4767 SEWER CONNECTION: All pipes, fittings and appurtenances installed to carry sewage from
 4768 the mobile home or recreational vehicle drain outlet to the inlet provided in the park drainage
 4769 system.
- 4770 SEWER RISER PIPE: That portion of the park sewer lateral which extends vertically to the 4771 ground elevation and terminates at each mobile or recreational vehicle space.
- 4772 TRAVEL TRAILER: A vehicular, portable unit, mounted on wheels, not requiring a special4773 highway movement permit when drawn by a motorized vehicle, and:
- A. Designed as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreational and vacation use; and
- 4775 B. When factory equipped for the road, having a body width of not more than eight 4776 feet (8') and a body length of not more than thirty two feet (32').
- WATER CONNECTION: All pipes, fittings and appurtenances from the water riser pipeconnection to the water inlet connection of the mobile home or recreational vehicle.
- WATER RISER PIPE: That portion of the park water supply system which extends vertically to
 the ground elevation and terminates at a designated point at each mobile home or recreational
 vehicle space.
- 4782
- 4783 18.76.020: <u>RESERVED</u>COMPLIANCE WITH ZONING PROVISIONS:
- 4784 The appeals hearing officer may permit the use of land in any district for a mobile home park
 4785 provided that in all cases there is compliance with the conditions in title 21A of this code. (Ord.
- 4786 8-12, 2012)
- 4787
- 4788 18.76.030: PERMITS, LICENSE AND COMPLIANCE REQUIRED:

4789 4790 4791	It is unlawful for any person to construct, maintain or operate a mobile home or recreational vehicle park within the limits of the city unless such person complies with this title and all other pertinent provisions of this code, and first obtains approval, permits and licenses as required.
4792	
4793	18.76.040: <u>RESERVED</u> EXISTING PARKS:
4794 4795 4796	Mobile home and recreational vehicle parks legally existing at the time of the effective date of the ordinance codified herein may continue to operate on the same basis as under nonconforming uses, as set forth in the current Salt Lake City zoning ordinance.
4797	
4798	18.76.050: CONSTRUCTION PERMITS REQUIRED; FEES:
4799 4800	Mobile home park construction permits required by the division shall be issued to properly licensed contractors as follows:
4801 4802 4803	A. A general building permit fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule, to be issued for pads, patio slabs, metal sheds (sheds to be installed by mobile home occupant), curb, gutter, drives, piers, sidewalks, fence or wall, per mobile home space;
4804 4805	B. Electric meter stands or pedestals at the rate shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule;
4806 4807	C. The park plumbing system, including sewer and water risers, shall require the fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule, for each space;
4808 4809	D. All permanent buildings, swimming pools, etc., shall have permit fees assessed at the regular and normal fee schedule;
4810 4811	E. Fire hydrants within the property lines shall require a permit fee shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule, for each hydrant.
4812	
4813	18.76.060: <u>RESERVED</u> PERMIT REQUIRED BEFORE COMMENCING WORK:
4814 4815 4816	Application for required permits shall be made by a duly licensed contractor and fees paid to the city treasurer before any work commences. A double fee permit shall be assessed if any work commences without first obtaining the required permit or permits.
4817	
4818	18.76.070: <u>RESERVED</u> PLANS AND LOT PLACEMENT:
4819 4820 4821 4822	The location of the mobile home lot limits on the grounds shall be the same as shown on the approved plans. The degree of accuracy obtained by working with a scale on the plan and then a tape on the ground is acceptable. Mobile home lot markers shall be the responsibility of the mobile home park operator.
4823	

- 4824 18.76.080: LOT MARKERS:
- 4825 The limits of each mobile home lot in a mobile home park shall be clearly marked on the ground 4826 by permanent flush stakes, markers, or other suitable means.
- 4827

4828 18.76.090: <u>RESERVED</u>PERMANENT BUILDING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION:

- 4829 Every building, except a mobile home accessory building, shall be designed and constructed in
 4830 accordance with this title.
- 4831
- 4832 18.76.100: ADDITIONS AND REMODELING OF PARKS:
- 4833 Existing mobile home and recreational vehicle parks may be enlarged or remodeled provided the 4834 addition or remodel conforms to all the provisions of this title.
- 4835

4836 18.76.110: <u>RESERVED</u>ACCESSORY BUILDINGS; PERMIT AND PLAN REQUIREMENTS:

- 4837 Prior to the installation of accessory buildings or structures in a mobile home lot, within a mobile
- 4838 home park, two (2) copies of a completely dimensioned plot plan drawn to scale and in
- 4839 accordance with the approved development plan shall be submitted to the division and a permit
- 4840 obtained. The plot plan shall show the size and location of the mobile home, the identification
- 4841 number, and the dimensions of the approved lot space, the dimension and location of the
- 4842 proposed structure, and its dimensional relation to immediate mobile homes and/or structures.
- 4843

4844 18.76.120: <u>RESERVED</u>ACCESSORY BUILDINGS; CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS:

- 4845 A. Standards Applicable: Every accessory building or structure, including, but not
 4846 limited to, cabanas, ramadas, awnings, patio covers and carports, shall be constructed in
 4847 accordance with the provisions of the latest ANSI standard A119.3. No building nor any portion
 4848 of any building shall be supported in any manner by a mobile home.
- 4849 B. Exception: Roof structures such as patio covers and awnings used as temporary
 4850 shelter adjacent to a mobile home may be attached to the side of a mobile home, provided they
 4851 project not more than ten feet (10') from the side of the mobile home and have at least the upper
 4852 one-half (1/2) of the perimeter open or screened, with the remaining construction of nonbearing
 4853 enclosing walls.
- 4854
- 4855 18.76.130: <u>RESERVED</u>CARPORTS, RAMADAS AND COVERED PATIOS:
- 4856 Attached carports or ramadas shall be completely open except for necessary structural supports.
- 4857 Covered patios and similar structures may be enclosed, provided the construction conforms to
- 4858 the requirements of the latest ANSI standard A119.3, except as provided in this title.

4859	
4860	18.76.140: <u>RESERVED</u> RECREATIONAL VEHICLE AREA APPROVED WHEN:
4861 4862 4863	Where the mobile home park has direct access to a major highway, the appeals hearing officer may approve the use of a portion of the park as a recreational vehicle park, provided the same design standards are maintained.
4864	
4865	18.76.150: UNDERGROUNDING OF UTILITIES:
4866	The complete distribution system or collection system of any utility shall be underground.
4867	
4868	18.76.160: SEWER CONNECTIONS AND FEES:
4869 4870 4871 4872	All present and normally assessed applicable fees set forth in the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule shall be paid prior to occupancy of any mobile home, including those fees due to the engineering department for sewer lateral connection from the property line to the sewer main line in the street.
4873	
4874	18.76.170: STREET SURFACING REQUIREMENTS:
4875 4876 4877 4878	All streets shall be provided with a smooth, hard and dense surface which shall be durable and well drained under normal use and weather conditions. The surface shall be maintained free of cracks and holes, and its edges shall be protected by suitable means to prevent traveling and shifting of the base.
4879	
4880	18.76.180: STREETLIGHTS:
4881 4882 4883	Lighting shall be designed to produce a minimum of 0.1 foot- candle throughout the street system. Potentially hazardous locations, such as major street intersections and steps or stepped ramps, shall be individually illuminated with a minimum of 0.3 foot-candle.
4884	
4885	18.76.190: LANDSCAPING:
4886 4887 4888	Portions of a mobile home lot or recreational vehicle space not occupied by a mobile home or recreational vehicle or accessory buildings or structures shall be landscaped or treated in such a manner as to eliminate dust, weeds, debris and accumulation of rubbish.
4889	
4890	18.76.200: UNLAWFUL AND HAZARDOUS USES:

4891 No person shall use, permit, or cause to be used for occupancy or storage purposes in a mobile

- 4892 home park a mobile home which is structurally unsound, which constitutes a hazard, or which
- 4893 does not protect its occupants against the elements. <u>All mobile homes are subject to Chapter</u>
 4894 18.50.
- +09+ <u>10</u>
- 4895

4896 18.76.210: VIOLATION; NOTICE TO DISCONTINUE:

Whenever any mobile home is being used contrary to the provisions of this chapter, the division
may pursue such enforcement methods as permitted by this titleorder such use discontinued and
the mobile home to be removed, relocated, or otherwise made to conform with the provisions of
this title by notice served on any person responsible for the illegal use.

- 4901
- 4902 18.76.220: ENFORCEMENT OF PROVISIONS:
- 4903 The division is hereby designated and authorized as the officers charged with the enforcement of4904 this chapter.
- 4905

4906 SECTION 16. <u>Amending the text of *Salt Lake City Code* Chapter 18.80.</u> That Chapter

- 4907 18.80 of the Salt Lake City Code (Additional Regulations: Parking Lot Construction) shall be,
- 4908 and hereby is repealed in its entirety as follows:
- 4909
- 4910 CHAPTER 18.80
- 4911 PARKING LOT CONSTRUCTION
- 4912
- 4913 18.80.010: PARKING LOT DEFINED:
- 4914 "Parking lot" means an open area other than a street used for the parking of more than four (4)
- 4915 automobiles, and available for public use, whether free, for compensation, or as an
- 4916 accommodation for clients or customers.
- 4917
- 4918 18.80.020: PERMIT; REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION; ISSUANCE CONDITIONS:
- 4919 No parking lot or parking area shall be constructed without first obtaining a permit authorizing
- 4920 such construction. No permit shall be issued without first securing the recommendations of the
- 4921 city transportation engineer and no permit shall be issued until the applicant has complied with
- 4922 the provisions of this chapter.

4923	
4924	18.80.030: WALLS, SCREENING AND BUMPER CURB REQUIREMENTS:
4925 4926 4927 4928 4929 4930	The parking lot shall be provided with attractive walls, guardrails or screening shrubbery, at least along the street side, to limit points of ingress and egress, to prevent encroachment of parked vehicles on any sidewalk, and to improve the general appearance and, where necessary, with a bumper curb parallel with the inside of the wall or guardrail at such distance that the wheels of the motor vehicles in the parking lot are stopped prior to the motor vehicle's contact with the wall or guardrail.
4931	
4932	18.80.040: DRIVEWAY RESTRICTIONS:
4933 4934 4935	Driveways must not exceed thirty feet (30') in width where they cross the sidewalk; adjacent driveways must be separated by an island at least twelve feet (12') in width; and driveways must be at least ten feet (10') from the property line of any intersecting street.
4936	
4937	18.80.050: BUILDINGS FOR ATTENDANTS:
4938 4939 4940 4941 4942	Attendant buildings must be located far enough from the entrance to prevent congestion at the sidewalk, and must be constructed so as not to detract from the appearance of the surrounding neighborhood. Every operator of a parking lot, before constructing or reconstructing, or locating or relocating an attendant building, shall secure the approval of the city transportation engineer and the city planning director.
4943	
4944	18.80.060: SURFACING OF PARKING AREA:
4945	Ground surfaces of the parking area shall be paved or hard surfaced.
4946	
4947	18.80.070: LIGHTING FACILITIES; REQUIRED WHEN:
4948 4949 4950 4951 4952	Parking lots which are operated and open to use during the hours of darkness after one hour after sunset shall be provided with lights and lighting facilities that will provide 0.03 watt per square foot with incandescent light source, or 0.01 watt per square foot with either mercury vapor or fluorescent light source, but in no event less than 0.2 foot candle average maintained illumination on the entire parking lot surface and an average ratio of six to one (6:1).
4953	
4954	18.80.080: LIGHTING FACILITIES; PERMIT AND PLAN REQUIRED:
4955 4956 4957	Before installing the lighting facilities required by section 18.80.070 of this chapter, or its successor, and before altering or adding to any lighting facilities presently existing, the operator of a parking lot shall first make application to the building official for a permit, and shall submit

4958 4959 4960 4961	with such application a detailed plan for such facilities. If it shall be found that the installation will conform to the requirements of this chapter and the electrical code, a permit shall be issued upon payment of the fee required by the electrical code covering work in commercial and industrial property.
4962	
4963	18.80.090: CAR CAPACITY AND MANEUVERING:
4964 4965 4966	The maximum car capacity indicated on the application shall be reasonable, and the arrangement of parking facilities shall not necessitate the backing of cars onto adjoining public sidewalks, parkways, roadways or thoroughfares in conducting parking and unparking operations.
4967	
4968	18.80.100: CLEANUP OF WASTE AND LITTER:
4969 4970 4971 4972	Every operator of a "parking lot", as defined in this chapter, whether such operator is owner, lessee, representative or agent, shall keep such parking lot in a clean condition at all times, free from all kinds of refuse and waste material. It shall be sufficient compliance with this section to clear the parking lot from refuse and waste material once each day.
4973	
4974	18.80.110: ENFORCEMENT OF PROVISIONS:
4975 4976 4977	It shall be the duty of the building official to enforce the provisions of this chapter with respect to lighting facilities. It shall be the duty of the board of health to enforce the provisions of this chapter as to keeping the premises in a clean condition.
4978	
4979	18.80.120: FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH CHAPTER PROVISIONS:
4980 4981 4982	It is unlawful for any operator of a "parking lot", as defined in this chapter, whether such person is owner, lessee, representative or agent, to fail to comply with, or to violate any provision of this chapter.
4983	
4984	SECTION 17. Repealing the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.92. That Chapter
4985	18.92 of the Salt Lake City Code (Additional Regulations: Building Conservation Code) shall be,
4986	and hereby is repealed in its entirety as follows:
4987	
4988 4989	CHAPTER 18.92 BUILDING CONSERVATION CODE

4990	
4991 4992	18.92.010: UNIFORM CODE FOR BUILDING CONSERVATION ADOPTED BY REFERENCE:
4993 4994 4995 4996	The uniform code for building conservation, 1988 edition, is adopted by the city as the ordinances, rules and regulations of the city, subject to the amendments and exceptions thereto as hereinafter set out. Three (3) copies of the code shall be filed for use and examination by the public in the office of the city recorder.
4997	
4998	18.92.020: EXCEPTION TO SECTION 402(d) AMENDED:
4999	The exception to section 402(d) of the code is amended to read as follows:
5000 5001 5002 5003 5004 5005	Exception: Existing corridor walls, ceilings and opening protection not in compliance with the above may be continued when the corridors and common areas are protected with an approved automatic sprinkler system. Such sprinkler system may be supplied from the domestic water supply system, provided the system is of adequate pressure, capacity and sizing for the combined domestic and sprinkler requirements. When the building or floor changes occupancy, the entire floor or building must be protected with an approved automatic sprinkler system throughout.
5006	
5007	18.92.030: SECTION 403 AMENDED:
5008	Section 403 of the code is amended by deleting the following sentence:
5009 5010	Roofs, floors, walls, foundations and all structural components of buildings or structures shall be capable of resisting the forces and loads specified in chapter 23 of the building code.
5011	
5012	18.92.040: EXCEPTION ADDED TO SECTION 606(1):
5013	An exception to section 606(1) is enacted to read as follows:
5014 5015 5016	Exception: Existing nonconforming materials do not need to be surfaced with an approved fire retardant paint or finish when an automatic fire extinguishing system is installed throughout and the nonconforming materials can be substantiated as historic in character.
5017	
5018	SECTION 18. <u>Repealing the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.94.</u> That Chapter
5019	18.94 of the Salt Lake City Code (Additional Regulations: Commercial Building Benchmarking
5020	and Market Transparency) shall be, and hereby is repealed in its entirety as follows:

5021 CHAPTER 18.94 5022 COMMERCIAL BUILDING BENCHMARKING AND MARKET TRANSPARENCY

5023

5024 18.94.010: PURPOSE:

5025 The purpose of this chapter is to promote long term economic development in Salt Lake City 5026 through the enhanced energy efficiency of existing commercial buildings, and to reduce local air 5027 pollution and greenhouse gas emissions resulting from energy consumption in such buildings 5028 through increased energy efficiency, by requiring certain non-residential buildings to benchmark 5029 and report energy consumption and investigate opportunities to implement cost-effective 5030 building energy tune-ups. Promoting and recognizing efficient buildings will contribute to a 5031 cleaner environment and a more efficient use of energy resources.

5032

5033 18.94.020: SCOPE:

5034 The provisions of this chapter apply to buildings and building owners as follows:

5035 All buildings owned by the City, that are not used for residential purposes, 5036 wastewater reclamation plants, or for heavy manufacturing purposes as defined in section 5037 21A.62.040 of this Code, with three thousand (3,000) square feet or more of gross floor area; 5038 provided, however, no building with less than twenty two thousand (22,000) square feet of gross 5039 floor area shall be subject to the provisions of section 18.94.080 of this chapter.

5040 -All other governed buildings or campuses of buildings that are not used for <u>B.</u> 5041 residential purposes within Salt Lake City's geographic boundaries, where at least one of the 5042 buildings is comprised of at least twenty five thousand (25,000) square feet of gross floor area. 5043 To the extent a governed building contains elements or uses that are not included within the 5044 definition of a governed building under this chapter, the square footage of gross floor area of 5045 such elements or uses shall be excluded from the square footage of gross floor area of such 5046 building and shall not be considered a part of the governed building for purposes of this chapter.

- 5047 C. Exemptions:
- 5048

5049

- Governed buildings that are new construction and the Certificate of Occupation was issued less than two (2) years prior to the applicable deadlines; or
- 5050 Governed buildings that do not have a Certificate of Occupation or $\frac{2}{2}$ 5051 temporary Certificate of Occupation for all twelve (12) months of the calendar year being 5052 benchmarked; or
- 5053 - Governed buildings where a full demolition permit has been issued for the 3. 5054 prior calendar year, provided that demolition work has commenced, some energy-related 5055 systems have been compromised, and legal occupancy is no longer possible at some point 5056 during the calendar year being benchmarked; or
- 5057 Governed buildings, including individual buildings or structures, that do 5058 not receive utility services; or

5059 5060 5061 5062 5063 5064 5065	5. Any of the following: a property or building that is not assessed ad valorem real property taxes by Salt Lake County, houses of worship, apartments, agricultural storage facilities and greenhouses, buildings used for heavy manufacturing purposes as defined in section 21A.62.040 of this Code, oil and gas production facilities, buildings that contain movie/television/radio production studios, soundstages, broadcast antennae, data center, or trading floor that together exceed ten percent (10%) of gross floor area.
5066 5067	D. Governed buildings do not include properties owned by State or Federal government.
5068	
5069	18.94.030: DEFINITIONS:
5070 5071	BASE BUILDING SYSTEMS: A building assembly made up of various components that serve a specific function and that are controlled and operated by the owner or designee, including:
5072	A. The building envelope;
5073	B. The HVAC (heating ventilating and air conditioning) systems;
5074	C. Conveying systems;
5075	D. Electrical and lighting systems;
5076	E. Domestic hot water systems.
5077 5078 5079 5080 5081	BENCHMARK: To track and report the total energy consumed for a governed building for the previous calendar year and other descriptive information for such building as captured by the benchmarking tool. Total energy consumption may not include separately metered uses that are not integral to building operations, such as broadcast antennas and electric vehicle charging stations.
5082	BENCHMARKING SUBMISSION: A subset of:
5083	A. Information input into the benchmarking tool; and
5084	B. Benchmarking information generated by the benchmarking tool.
5085 5086 5087	BENCHMARKING TOOL: The Energy Star portfolio manager or any replacement tool adopted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and any substantially similar tool approved by the Director.
5088	BUILDING ID NUMBER: The identification number that is unique to a governed building.
5089 5090 5091 5092 5093	BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: A computer-based system that monitors and controls a building's mechanical and electrical equipment, such as HVAC, lighting, power, fire, and security systems, including an energy management system, incorporating interior temperature sensors and a central processing unit and controls, which are used to monitor and control gas, steam and oil usage, as applicable.

5094 5095 5096 5097	CAMPUS: A collection of two (2) or more buildings where at least one of the buildings has at least twenty five thousand (25,000) square feet of gross floor area or more and that act as a single cohesive property with a single shared primary function, and are generally owned and operated by the same party.
5098 5099 5100	CITY PROPERTY: All buildings owned by the City, that are not used for residential purposes, wastewater reclamation plants, or for heavy manufacturing purposes as defined in section 21A.62.040 of this Code.
5101	DEPARTMENT: The Salt Lake City Department of Sustainability.
5102	DIRECTOR: The Director of the Salt Lake City Department of Sustainability.
5103 5104 5105	ENERGY STAR PORTFOLIO MANAGER: The tool developed and maintained by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to track and assess the relative energy performance of buildings nationwide.
5106 5107	ENERGY STAR SCORE: The 1 - 100 numeric rating generated by the Energy Star portfolio manager tool.
5108	FINANCIAL HARDSHIP: A property that:
5109 5110	A. Had arrears of property taxes or water or wastewater charges that resulted in the property's inclusion, within the prior two (2) years, on the City's annual tax lien sale list; or
5111 5112	B. Has a court appointed receiver in control of the property due to financial distress; or
5113	C. Is owned by a financial institution through default by the borrower; or
5114	D. Has been acquired by a deed in lieu of foreclosure; or
5115	E. Has a senior mortgage subject to a notice of default.
5116 5117	GOVERNED BUILDING: All stand-alone and enclosed buildings used or occupied for a commercial use, including:
5118	A. Banking/financial services;
5119	B. Stand-alone data centers;
5120	C. Education (including K - 12, daycare, pre- school, vocational school);
5121 5122	D. Entertainment/public assembly (including convention centers, gyms, movie theaters, performing arts, meeting halls, recreation centers);
5123 5124	E. Food sales and services (including restaurants, supermarkets, grocery stores, convenience stores);
5125 5126	F. Healthcare (including hospitals, medical offices, senior care communities, assisted living and nursing care);
5127	G. Lodging (including hotels, motels);

- 5128 H. Mixed use: 5129 I. -Offices: 5130 J. Retail (including retail goods establishments, retail service establishments, 5131 department stores, mass merchandising stores, specialty stores, enclosed retail malls and 5132 shopping centers); 5133 Technology/science (including data centers and research facilities); <u>K.</u> 5134 L. Warehouses, distribution, and package delivery facilities. 5135 GROSS FLOOR AREA: All gross floor area, which is the area included within the exterior walls 5136 of a building or portion thereof, including mezzanines, enclosed interior balconies, enclosed 5137 porches, basement floor area, penthouses, attic space having headroom of seven feet (7') or more, 5138 and interior connected floor area devoted to accessory uses. Gross floor area does not include 5139 balconies, patios, crawl spaces, courts, convertible indoor/outdoor space, parking or loading 5140 areas, and covered walkways. 5141 HEAVY MANUFACTURING: The same as defined in section 21A.62.040 of this Code. 5142 OCCUPANCY: The physical occupancy of a unit or space by an occupant or a tenant. 5143 **OWNER:** Any of the following: 5144 A. An individual or entity possessing title to a governed property; 5145 The net lessee in the case of a property subject to a triple net lease with a single B.___ 5146 tenant: 5147 The Board of Managers in the case of a nonresidential condominium; <u>C.</u> 5148 An agent or party duly authorized to act on behalf of the owner. D. 5149 PERSISTENT COMMISSIONING: An ongoing process of comparing data obtained through the 5150 building management system with analytic models; identifying problematic sensors, controls and 5151 equipment; and resolving operating problems, optimizing energy use and identifying retrofits for 5152 existing buildings. 5153 SHARED BENCHMARKING INFORMATION: Any descriptive information identifying 5154 governed buildings with Energy Star scores above 50, and any portions of the submitted 5155
- 5155 benchmarking information that owner elects to be posted publicly on the department's website.
- 5156 SUBMITTED BENCHMARKING INFORMATION: Whole-building information generated by
- 5157 the benchmarking tool and descriptive information about the governed building and its
- 5158 operational characteristics, which is submitted to the department. The information shall be
- 5159 limited to:
- 5160 A. Descriptive information:
- 5161 1. Property address;
- 5162 2. Primary use type;

5163	3.	Gross floor area	;		
5164	B. Ou	utput information:			
5165	1.	-	onsumption (kWh);		
5166	2.	Site natural gas	consumption (therms);		
5167	3.	Site energy use	intensity (site EUI);		
5168	4.	Weather normal	ized source energy use	intensity (source E	UI);
5169	5.	Total annual gre	enhouse gas emissions	;;	
5170	6.	Water use per g	ross square foot (if ava	ilable);	
5171	7.	The Energy Star	score, where available	e; and	
5172 5173	C. Co manager.	omparable informatio	n based on updates/rev	isions to Energy Sta	ir portfolio
5174 5175	-	• • •	ng or holding possession ned building pursuant t	-	
5176 5177 5178 5179	evaluates base bu performance. Thi	ilding systems and id s includes planning, i	ponsored retro-commi entifies improvements nvestigation, and docu wility and/or its base b	to achieve optimal mentation to optimi	building ze operation,
5180 5181 5182		at a tune-up evaluatio	A report certified by t n was conducted throu	1 1	
5183 5184 5185	provide tune-up e		vidual or entity approv who possesses other so by this chapter.		
5186					
5187 5188		MARY OF BUILDIN LIANCE DATES:	G ENERGY PERFOR	MANCE REQUIR	EMENTS AND
5189	-				
	Properties	Submitted Benchmarking Information Due	Shared Benchmarking Information Made Publicly Available	Date When First Tune-Up Evaluation Report Must Be Filed	Frequency Of Tune-Up Evaluation
	City property	May 1, 2018	Sept. 1, 2018	May 1, 2020	Prior to Dec. 31 of every

fifth year

	Governed building (50,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area or larger)	May 1, 2019	Sept. 1, 2020	May 1, 2021	Prior to Dec. 31 of every fifth year
	Governed building (25,000 to 49,999 sq. ft. of gross floor area)	May 1, 2020	Sept. 1, 2021	May 1, 2022	Prior to Dec. 31 of every fifth year
5190					
5191	18.94.050: BENCI	HMARKING AND	BENCHMARKI	NG SUBMISSION REQ	UIRED:
5192 5193		verned buildings and year according to the		hall be benchmarked ar ule:	mually for the
5194 5195		Each City prope	erty shall be bench	nmarked no later than M	ay 1, 2018, and
5196 5197 5198				oss floor area of fifty th er than May 1, 2019, an	
5199 5200 5201	(25,000) to	forty nine thousand	nine hundred nin	oss floor area of twenty tety nine (49,999) squar ery May 1 thereafter.	
5202	B. Below is a summary table of the first benchmarking submission compliance dates:				
5203	-				
	Properties			Benchmarking Submis Building Owner	ssion By
	City property			May 1, 2018	
	Governed buildin area or larger)	g (50,000 square fee	et of gross floor	May 1, 2019	
	Governed buildin gross floor area)	g (25,000 to 49,999	square feet of	May 1, 2020	
5204					
5205	C. Ber	chmarking shall be	performed and/or	verified by the owner.	
5206 5207 5208	D. Bef quality checker fur incorrect informati	nctions available wit	marking submissi hin the benchmar	on the owner shall run a king tool, and shall corr	all automated data rect all missing or

5209	E. If the current owner receives notification from the City that any information
5210	reported as part of the benchmarking submission is inaccurate or incomplete, the information so
5211	reported shall be amended in the benchmarking tool by the owner and the owner shall provide an
5212	updated benchmarking submission to the Director within sixty (60) days of the notification.
5213	F. Exceptions:
5214	1. Governed buildings whose average occupancy throughout the calendar
5215	year for which benchmarking is required is less than sixty percent (60%); or
5216	2. Governed buildings under financial hardship; or
5217	3. Due to special circumstances unique to the applicant's facility and not
5218	based on a condition caused by actions of the applicant, strict compliance with provisions
5219	of this chapter would cause undue hardship or would not be in the public interest; or
5220	4. An owner is unable to benchmark due to the failure of either a utility
5221	provider or a tenant (or both) to report the information necessary for the owner to
5222	complete any benchmarking submittal requirement.
5223	G. For properties qualifying for these exceptions, the owner shall file documentation,
5224	in such form and with such certifications as required by the Director, with the department in the
5225	year prior to the due date for the benchmarking submission, establishing that the governed
5226	building qualifies for such an exception.
5227	H. A randomly selected subset of benchmarking submission not to exceed ten
5228	percent (10%) of the total benchmarking submissions completed in a given year may be subject
5229	to verification by the City. Such reviews shall be conducted in a way so as to preserve the
5230	anonymity of individual properties and shall be conducted at no cost to the owner.
5231	I. An owner may make a claim of confidentiality for any submitted benchmarking
5232	information pursuant to the limitations under State law.
5233	
5234	18.94.060: BUILDING ENERGY PERFORMANCE TRANSPARENCY:
5235	A. The City shall make accessible to the public the shared benchmarking information
5236	for the previous calendar year.
5237	1. For each governed building with a gross floor area of fifty thousand
5238	(50,000) square feet or more, on or about September 1, 2020, and on or about each
5239	September 1 thereafter.
5240	2. For each governed building with a gross floor area of twenty five thousand
5241	(25,000) to forty nine thousand nine hundred ninety nine (49,999) square feet, on or
5242	about September 1, 2021, and each September 1 thereafter.
5243	B. The department may, upon request, make available the submitted benchmarking
5244	information for the previous calendar year for an individual City property or governed building.
5245	

5246 18.94.070: PROVIDING BENCHMARKING INFORMATION TO THE PROPERTY 5247 OWNER:

5248 A. Each tenant occupying a governed building shall, within sixty (60) days of a 5249 request by the owner and in a form to be determined by the Director, provide all information that 5250 cannot otherwise be acquired by the owner and that is needed by the owner to comply with the

- 5251 requirements of this chapter.
- 5252

5253 18.94.080: TUNE-UP EVALUATIONS REQUIRED:

5254 A. Required: Tune-up evaluations are required for governed buildings and City 5255 properties that are eligible for participation in a utility-sponsored tune-up incentive program, as 5256 determined by the utility offering the incentive program and that have an Energy Star score of 49 5257 and below. Implementation of tune-up measures in addition to evaluations is encouraged but not 5258 required.

5259 B. Report: The owner shall conduct a tune-up evaluation of the base building

5260 systems of a qualifying governed building and file a tune-up evaluation report prior to December

5261 <u>31 of the year in which the tune-up evaluation is being performed. The initial reporting year shall</u>

5262 be determined by the last digit of the property's tax ID number as illustrated below, and

subsequent tune-up evaluation shall be completed and tune-up evaluation reports filed every fifth
 year thereafter:

Last Digit Of Tax ID Number	50,000 Square Feet And Above Of Gross Floor Area	25,000 To 49,999 Square Feet Of Gross Floor Area
Last Digit Of Tax ID	50,000 Square Feet And Above Of	· · ·
Number	Gross Floor Area	Gross Floor Area
θ	2021	2022
1	2021	2022
2	2022	2023
3	2022	2023
4	2023	2024
5	2023	2024
6	2024	2025
7	2024	2025
8	2025	2026
9	2025	2026

5265

5266C.Report Submission: The owner shall submit the tune-up evaluation report to the5267City.

5268	D.	Exceptions: Tune-up evaluations are not required if any of the following are met:
5269		1. If the governed building is less than five (5) years old; or
5270		2. If a registered design professional or tune-up professional certifies that:
5271		a. The governed building has an Energy Star score of 50 or above for
5272		the year prior to the first tune-up due date or for at least two (2) of the three (3)
5273		years preceding the due date of the governed building's tune-up evaluation report.
5274		b. There is no Energy Star rating for the building type and owner
5275		submits documentation that the property's energy performance is better than the
5276		energy performance of an average building of its type for two (2) of the three (3)
5277		years preceding the due date of the governed building's tune-up report.
5278		c. The governed building has received certification under the most
5279		recent LEED 2009 rating system for existing buildings or operation and
5280		maintenance, or existing buildings version 4 rating system or future iterations of
5281		LEED published by the U.S. Green Building Council or other substantially
5282		similar rating systems for existing buildings, for at least two (2) of the three (3)
5283		years preceding the due date for the governed building's tune-up evaluation
5284		reports.
5285		d. The governed building has performed a tune-up evaluation within
5286		the past five (5) years prior to the tune-up evaluation due date.
5287		3. If the governed building has a persistent commissioning program in place.
5288		For properties qualifying for these exceptions, the owner shall file documentation,
5289		in such form and with such certifications as required by the Director, with the
5290		department in the year prior to the due date for the tune-up report, establishing
5291		that the governed building qualifies for such an exception.
5292		Verification: A randomly-selected subset of tune-up evaluation reports not to
5293	exceed ten pe	ercent (10%) of the total tune-up evaluation reports completed in a given year may
5294	be subject to	verification by the City. Such reviews shall be conducted in a way so as to preserve
5295	the anonymit	y of individual properties and shall be conducted at no cost to the owner.
5296		
5297	18.94.090: N	OTIFICATION:
5298	<u>A.</u>	Between January 1 and March 1 of each year during which an owner is required
5299		penchmarking submission, the Director shall notify these owners of their obligation
5300		reformance for the previous calendar year through whatever means the Director
5301	so chooses.	
5302		
5303	18.94.100: V	IOLATIONS AND ENFORCEMENT:

5304 5305 5306 5307 5308 5309	A. If the Director determines that an owner has failed to comply with the requirements of this chapter or the owner submits incomplete or false information, the Director may issue up to three (3) written notices of noncompliance to the owner, allowing owner to cure such noncompliance within ninety (90) days after each notice of violation. After the third written notice of violation, the Director may impose a fine of up to five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per violation thereafter not exceeding a total of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) annually.
5310	
5311	18.94.110: APPEALS PROCESS:
5312 5313 5314 5315	A. Any owner affected by the Director's determination related to that owner's property regarding enforcement of this chapter may request, within thirty (30) days of owner's written notification of the Director's determination, in writing filed with the department, an appeal hearing before the Board of Appeals and Examiners, established under this title.
5316	
5317	SECTION 18. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.95. That Chapter
5318	18.95 of the Salt Lake City Code (Additional Regulations: Use of LEED Standards in City
5319	Funded Construction) shall be, and hereby is amended as follows:
5320 5321 5322	CHAPTER 18.95 USE OF LEED STANDARDS IN CITY FUNDED CONSTRUCTION
5323	18.95.010: PURPOSE:
5324 5325 5326 5327 5328	The purpose of this chapter is to promote development consistent with sound environmental practices by requiring, subject to <u>sSections</u> 18.95.040, 18.95.050, and 18.95.120 of this chapter, that applicable building projects constructed with city construction funds obtain, at a minimum: a) "silver" for city owned and operated buildings, or b) "certified" for private building projects that receive city funds. These designations shall be from the "USGBC" as defined herein.
5329	
5330	18.95.020: DEFINITIONS:

5331 As used in this chapter:

5332 APPLICABLE BUILDING PROJECT: The construction or major renovation of a commercial,

5333 multi-family residential, or municipal building that will contain more than ten thousand (10,000)

square feet of occupied space when the design contract for such project commences on or after

- 5335 November 17, 2006.
- 5336 BOARD: The board of appeals and examiners created under chapter 18.12 of this title,
- 5337 hereinafter called "board".

5338 BUILDING OFFICIAL: The director of the division of building services or the designee of the 5339 director.

- 5340 CERTIFIED: The level of compliance with the leadership in energy and environmental design
- 5341 (LEED) standards designated as "certified" by the United States Green Building Council
- 5342 (USGBC).
- 5343 CHIEF PROCUREMENT OFFICER: The city employee designated pursuant to <u>sSubsection</u>
- 5344 3.24.040A of this code or that employee's designee pursuant to sSection 3.24.050 of this code, or 5345 any successor to those sections.
- 5346 CITY CONSTRUCTION FUNDS: Funds that are authorized to be used for construction by the 5347 city council for use by any person or city department in order to construct an applicable building 5348 project, including, without limitation, loans, grants, and tax rebates. However, this term shall not 5349 apply to the funds of the library or redevelopment agency.
- 5350 CITY ENGINEER: The city employee designated pursuant to <u>sSection 2.08.080</u> of this code or
- that employee's designee pursuant to \underline{sS} ection 3.24.050 of this code, or any successor to those sections.
- 5353 LEED STANDARD: The leadership in energy and environmental design (LEED) green building
- rating system for new construction and major renovations (LEED-NC) as adopted in November 2002 and revised in November 2005, the LEED green building rating system for commercial
- 2002 and revised in November 2005, the LEED green building rating system for commercial
 interiors (LEED-CI) as adopted in November 2002, or the LEED green building rating system
- 5350 interiors (LEED-CI) as adopted in November 2002, of the LEED green building rating system 5357 for existing buildings upgrades, operations and maintenance (LEED-EB) as adopted in October
- 5358 2004 and updated in July 2005.
- 5359 MAJOR RENOVATION: Work that demolishes space down to the shell structure and rebuilds it 5360 with new walls, ceilings, floors and systems, when such work affects more than twenty five 5361 percent (25%) of the building's square footage, and the affected space is at least ten thousand 5362 (10,000) square feet or larger.
- 5363 SILVER: The level of compliance with LEED standards designated as "silver" by the USGBC.
- 5364 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE: A determination of good faith efforts to comply as further 5365 described in <u>sSection 18.95.110-of this chapter</u>.
- 5366 TEMPORARY STRUCTURE: Any proposed building that is intended to be in existence for five 5367 (5) years or less or any existing building that at the time it was constructed was intended to be in 5368 existence for five (5) years or less.
- 5369 USGBC: The organization known as the United States green building council.
- 5370
- 5371 18.95.030: APPLICATION:
- 5372 Whenever city construction funds are used for an applicable building project, such project shall
- at a minimum obtain a silver certification by the USGBC in the case of a city owned building
- 5374 project or certified certification in the case of all other projects, subject to the exceptions,
- 5375 waivers, and determinations of substantial compliance provided for in this chapter.

5376

5377 18.95.040: EXCEPTIONS:

5378 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply if the building official and either the chief 5379 procurement officer or the city engineer jointly determine in writing that any of the following 5380 circumstances exist:

A. The applicable building project will serve a specialized, limited function, such as a pump station, garage, storage building, equipment area, or other similar area, or a singlefamily residence;

B. The applicable building project is intended to be a temporary structure;

5385 C. The useful life of the applicable building project does not justify whatever 5386 additional expense would be incurred to increase the building's long term efficiency;

5387 D. The application of LEED standard factors will increase construction costs beyond 5388 the funding capacity for the project, or will require that the project's scope of work or 5389 programmatic needs be diminished to meet budget constraints;

E. The use of LEED standard factors will create an impediment to construction due to conflicts of laws, building code requirements, federal or state grant funding requirements, or other similar requirements;

5393 F. LEED factors are not reasonably attainable due to the nature of the facilities or the 5394 schedule for construction; or

5395 G. LEED certification will violate any other federal, state or local law, including, 5396 without limitation, other sections of this code.

5397 If an exception is granted, the developer must agree to integrate green building practices into the 5398 design and construction of the project to the maximum extent possible and feasible. A 5399 determination that an exception does not apply may be appealed in accordance with Chapter 5400 10 12 and a local state of the sta

5400 <u>18.12</u>to the board. Such appeal must be submitted in writing to the board within thirty (30) days 5401 of the determination.

5402

5403 18.95.050: WAIVERS:

5404 The denial of an exception pursuant to <u>sS</u>ection 18.95.040 of this chapter does not preclude an 5405 application for waiver pursuant to this section. The board shall have the authority to grant a 5406 waiver from the requirements of this chapter only if it makes the following findings in writing:

5407A.Literal enforcement of this chapter would cause unreasonable hardship for the5408applicant that is not necessary to carry out the general purpose of this chapter;

5409 B. There are special circumstances attached to the project that do not generally apply 5410 to other projects that are subject to this chapter;

5411 C. The waiver would not have a substantially negative effect on the master plans, 5412 policies, and resolutions of the city and would not be contrary to the purposes of this chapter;

- 5413 D. Any asserted economic hardship is not self-imposed; and
- 5414 E. The spirit of this chapter will be observed and substantial justice done.
- 5415

5416 18.95.060: APPEAL OF CITY DECISIONS:

5417 Appeals of decisions by the building official or enforcement officials pursuant to this chapter

5418 shall be taken in accordance with Chapter 18.12. Any private sector developer who is denied an

5419 exception, or a determination of substantial compliance, or who is assessed a penalty by the

5420 building official and either the chief procurement officer or the city engineer, may appeal such

- 5421 decision in writing to the board within thirty (30) days of the decision and shall state the basis to
- 5422 support the relief sought. The board shall review the circumstances of the appeal and shall issue
- 5423 a written determination of the receipt of the appeal within thirty (30) days consistent with the
- 5424 requirements of this section.
- 5425

5426 18.95.070: <u>RESERVED</u>APPEAL OF BOARD DECISIONS:

- 5427 Any private sector developer denied a waiver by the board or denied an exception, or
- 5428 determination of substantial compliance, or who has had financial penalties imposed on appeal to

5429 the board under this chapter may appeal such decision by the board in writing to the mayor or the

- 5430 mayor's designee within thirty (30) days of the decision and shall state the basis to support the
- 5431 relief sought. The mayor or the mayor's designee shall review the circumstances of the appeal
- 5432 and shall issue a written determination within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the appeal
- 5433 consistent with the requirements of this section.
- 5434
- 5435 18.95.080: REQUIRED DEPOSIT:
- 5436 All private sector developers, excluding nonprofit developers, who receive city funds for
- 5437 applicable building projects shall submit a ten thousand dollar (\$10,000.00) "good faith" deposit
- 5438 with the city which shall be refunded upon the building project receiving the applicable level of
- 5439 LEED certification or after a determination of substantial compliance.
- 5440
- 5441 18.95.090: PROOF OF REGISTRATION:
- 5442 Within thirty (30) days from receiving notice that the city will fund an applicable building
- 5443 project, all private sector developers shall submit written proof that said project is registered with
- 5444 the USGBC. City funds will not be dispersed until the required deposit under sSection 18.95.080
- 5445 of this chapter and the proof of registration under this section are received by the city.

5446

5447 18.95.100: REQUEST FOR EXTENSION:

5448 If a project is not LEED certified or has not been granted a determination of substantial

5449 compliance within one year after a temporary certificate of occupancy is issued by the city, then

a private sector developer must file a written application with the city for an extension to obtain

5451 LEED certification. Said application must be filed with the city no later than three hundred

5452 ninety five (395) days after the date on which the certificate of occupancy was issued by the city.

- 5453 The city may grant a one year extension pursuant to this section and any additional extensions as 5454 may be necessary so long as a private sector developer is actively pursuing LEED certification.
- 5455 Extensions pursuant to this section shall begin on the date granted by the city.
- 5456

5457 18.95.110: REQUEST FOR SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE:

5458 Receipt of LEED certification from the USGBC shall be conclusive evidence of the level of 5459 certification stated therein. If certification is not received from the USGBC or is not at the level

5460 required by this chapter, a private sector developer may request that the city issue a

5461 determination that the project has substantially complied with this chapter upon a reasonable

5462 demonstration that such project as constructed is consistent with the intent of this chapter and

5463 that strict enforcement of this chapter would create an unreasonable burden in light of the needs

5464 of such project, the ability of the project owner to control cost increases, and other relevant

5465 circumstances. The request for determination of substantial compliance must contain the 5466 following information:

5467 A. Final LEED certification application, documentation, and response from the 5468 USGBC;

5469 B. An explanation of the efforts and accomplishments made by the private sector 5470 developer to achieve compliance with this chapter;

5471 C. An explanation of the practical or economic infeasibility of implementing certain 5472 high performance building design or construction techniques that, if implemented, would 5473 otherwise have likely resulted in certification; and

5474 D.

Any other supporting documents the private sector developer wishes to submit.

5475

5476 18.95.120: DETERMINATION OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE:

5477 The building official and either the chief procurement officer or the city engineer shall review 5478 within sixty (60) days of receipt of a request for determination of substantial compliance and 5479 shall approve or deny the request based on the good faith efforts of the private sector developer 5480 to comply with this chapter. In making a determination of the good faith efforts, review of the 5481 request shall include whether the private sector developer has established the following:

5482A.That reasonable, appropriate, and ongoing efforts to comply with this chapter5483were taken; and

B. That compliance would otherwise have been obtained but for the practical or
economic infeasibility of implementing high performance building design or construction
techniques.

5487 In making any such determination, cost increases due solely to aesthetic elements shall not 5488 constitute any part of a demonstration of unreasonable burden. A determination of substantial

5489 compliance pursuant to this section shall satisfy <u>sSection 18.95.030 of this chapter</u>.

5490 If the request for determination of substantial compliance is denied, the private sector developer 5491 will be deemed to have not satisfied sSection 18.95.030 of this chapter and shall forfeit the "good

faith" deposit under sSection 18.95.080 of this chapter and may be assessed an additional penalty

5493 up to the amount originally funded by the city. Any penalty assessed shall be offset by the "good

- 5494 faith" deposit.
- 5495
- 5496 18.95.130: PENALTY:

Any private sector developer who fails to: a) comply with this chapter, b) apply for an extension
pursuant to <u>sS</u>ection 18.95.100 of this chapter, or c) receive a determination of substantial
compliance, shall forfeit the "good faith" deposit to the city to cover the cost and inconvenience

5500 to the city. An additional penalty may be assessed based on a direct analysis of possible LEED 5501 design credits. Given that a total of twenty six (26) LEED design credits are required for

5502 certification, the additional penalty shall be based on the following considerations:

A. If the city determines that a project could have reasonably received 21-25 LEED credits, then the private sector developer shall pay the city up to twenty five percent (25%) of the amount originally funded.

B. If the city determines that a project could have reasonably received 16-20 LEED credits, then the private sector developer shall pay the city up to fifty percent (50%) of the amount originally funded.

5509 C. If the city determines that a project could have reasonably received 6-15 LEED 5510 credits, then the private sector developer shall pay the city up to seventy five percent (75%) of 5511 the amount originally funded.

5512 D. If the city determines that a project could have reasonably received 0-5 LEED 5513 credits, then the private sector developer shall pay the city up to one hundred percent (100%) of 5514 the amount originally funded.

5515 Failure to pay a penalty within ninety (90) days of written notice from the city shall result in a 5516 lien against the project.

5517

5518 18.95.140: RULE MAKING AUTHORIZATION:

5519 The building official and either the chief procurement officer or the city engineer are authorized 5520 to issue administrative rules under this chapter.

5521	
5522	18.95.150: ADMINISTRATIVE INTERPRETATIONS:
5523 5524 5525 5526	Pursuant to the authority granted under <u>sS</u> ubsection $18.0850.040$ <u>KB</u> of this title, the building official may render interpretations of this chapter. Such interpretations shall conform with the intent and purpose of this chapter, and shall be made available in writing for public inspection upon request.
5527	
5528	18.95.160: LIMITATIONS:
5529 5530 5531 5532 5533	Nothing required under this chapter shall supersede any federal, state or local law, including, without limitation, other provisions of this code; or any contract, grant, or other funding requirement; or other standards or restrictions that may otherwise apply to an applicable building project. This chapter shall not apply whenever its application would disadvantage the city in obtaining federal funds.
5534	
5535	SECTION 19. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Chapter 18.96. That Chapter
5536	18.96 of the Salt Lake City Code (Additional Regulations: Fit Premises) shall be, and hereby is
5537	amended as follows:
5538	
5539 5540	CHAPTER 18.96 FIT PREMISES
5541	
5542	18.96.010: TITLE:
5543	This chapter may be referred to as the SALT LAKE CITY FIT PREMISES ORDINANCE.
5544	
5545	18.96.020: EXCLUSIONS FROM APPLICATION OF CHAPTER:
5546	The following arrangements are not governed by this chapter:
5547 5548	A. Residence at a detention, medical, geriatric, educational, counseling, or religious institution;
5549 5550	B. Occupancy under a contract of sale of a dwelling unit if the occupant is the purchaser;
5551 5552	C. Occupancy by a member of a fraternal or social organization in a building operated for the benefit of the organization;

D. Transient occupancy in a hotel, or motel (or lodgings subject to Utah code section 554 59-12-301); except that single room occupancy units ("SRO") shall be governed by this chapter. 555 "SRO" means an existing housing unit with one combined sleeping and living room of at least 556 seventy (70) square feet, but of not more than two hundred twenty (220) square feet, where the 557 usual tenancy or occupancy of the same unit by the same person or persons is for a period of 558 longer than one week. Such units may include a kitchen and a private bath; and

- 5559 E. Occupancy by an owner of a condominium unit.
- 5560

5561 18.96.030: IDENTIFICATION OF OWNER AND AGENTS:

A. A property owner, or any person authorized to enter into an oral or written rental agreement on the property owner's behalf, shall disclose to the tenant in writing at or before the commencement of the tenancy the name, address and telephone number of:

5565

1. The owner or person authorized to manage the premises; and

55662.A local person authorized to act for and on behalf of the owner for the5567purpose of receiving notices and demands, and performing the property owner's5568obligations under this chapter and the rental agreement if the owner or manager reside5569outside of Salt Lake City.

B. A person who enters into a rental agreement <u>as "landlord", "property manager" or</u>
 <u>the like</u>, and fails to comply with the requirements of this section becomes an agent of the
 property owner for the purposes of:

5573

1. Receipt of notices under this chapter; and

55742.Performing the obligations of the property owner under this chapter and5575under the rental agreement.

5576 C. The information required to be furnished by this section shall be kept current. 5577 This section is enforceable against any successor property owner, owner, or manager.

5578 D. Every rental property with more than one unit rented without a written agreement 5579 shall have a notice posted in a conspicuous place with the name, address and telephone number 5580 of the owner or manager and local agent as required by subsection A of this section.

5581

5582 18.96.040: PROPERTY OWNER TO DELIVER POSSESSION OF DWELLING UNIT:

A. A copy of the lease or rental agreement, rules and regulations, an inventory of the condition of the premises, a list of all appliances and furnishings and a summary of this chapter shall be given to each tenant at the time the rental agreement is entered into. The summary shall be prepared by the city for the purpose of fairly setting forth the material provisions of this chapter and shall include information about mediation resources in the Salt Lake City area and shall encourage property owners and tenants to take advantage of mediation services. The property owner shall secure and retain the tenant's signed acknowledgment that the foregoing

documents have been provided to the tenant. Such acknowledgment shall be returned to the
 property owner no later than three (3) days after the tenant takes possession of the dwelling unit.

5592 Before entering into a rental agreement, the property owner shall disclose to the tenant any 5593 current notice by a utility provider to terminate water, gas, electrical or other utility service to the 5594 dwelling unit or to common areas of the building, the proposed date of termination, and any 5595 current uncorrected building or health code violation included in a deficiency list or notice from 5596 the <u>Salt Lake City building and housing servicesdivision</u> or any other government entity.

B. By explicit written agreement, a property owner and a tenant may establish a procedure whereby the tenant notifies the property owner of needed repairs, makes those repairs and deducts the cost of the repairs from the rent due and owing.

5600 C. A property owner may allocate any duties to the tenant by explicit written 5601 agreement. Such agreement must be clear and specific, boxed, in bold type or underlined.

5602

18.96.050: PROPERTY OWNER TO MAINTAIN THE PREMISES AND EACH DWELLINGUNIT:

5605 A property owner shall:

- A. Comply with the requirements of applicable building, housing and health codes and city ordinances and not rent the premises unless they are safe, sanitary, and fit for human occupancy;
- 5609 B. Maintain the structural integrity of the building;
- 5610 C. Maintain floors in compliance with safe load bearing requirements;
- 5611 D. Provide exits, emergency egress, and light and ventilation in compliance with 5612 applicable codes;
- 5613 E. Maintain stairways, porches, walkways and fire escapes in sound condition;
- 5614 F. Provide smoke detectors and fire extinguisher as required by code;
- 5615 G. Provide operable sinks, toilets, tubs and/or showers;
- 5616 H. Provide heating facilities as required by code;
- 5617 I. Provide kitchen facilities as required;
- 5618 J. Provide running water;
- 5619 K. Provide adequate hall and stairway lighting;
- 5620 L. Maintain floors, walls and ceilings in good condition;
- 5621 M. Supply window screens where required by code;

N. Maintain foundation, masonry, chimneys, water heater and furnace in goodworking condition;

5624 O. Prevent the accumulation of stagnant water in the interior of any premises;

P. Maintain in good and safe working order and condition all electrical, plumbing,
sanitary, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and other facilities and appliances supplied by the
property owner as required by applicable codes;

5628Q.Provide and maintain appropriate garbage receptacles and arrange for timely5629garbage removal as required by code;

R. Supply electricity, and hot water at all times and heat during at least the months of October through April and as weather conditions might otherwise reasonably warrant, except where the dwelling unit is so constructed that electricity, heat or hot water is within the exclusive control of the tenant and supplied by a direct public utility connection;

5634 S. Once proof of pest infestation has been established, be responsible for initiation of 5635 pest control measures. In no instance shall a property owner be required to apply pesticides 5636 contrary to label directions;

5637 T. Not interrupt or disconnect utility service;

5638 U. Provide adequate locks to exterior doors and furnish keys to tenants as required 5639 by applicable codes;

5640 V. Maintain the dwelling unit in a reasonably insulated and weather tight condition 5641 as required by the building and housing and Utah state energy conservation codes;

- 5642 W. Provide for and protect each tenant's peaceful enjoyment of the premises;
- 5643 X. Ensure that repairs, decorations, alterations, or improvements, or exhibiting the 5644 dwelling unit shall not unreasonably interfere with the tenants' right to quiet enjoyment of the 5645 premises;
- 5646 Y. Provide a mailbox; and

5647Z.Provide separate meters for each tenant for gas and electricity or include charges5648for utility services in the rent.

5649

5650 18.96.060: TENANT TO MAINTAIN DWELLING UNIT:

5651 A tenant shall:

A. Comply with all appropriate requirements of the rental agreement and applicable provisions of building, housing and health codes;

5654B.Maintain the premises occupied in a clean and safe condition and not5655unreasonably burden any common area;

Dispose of all garbage and other waste in a clean and safe manner and avoid

5657 leaving garbage or litter in hallways, porches, patios and other common areas; 5658 D. Maintain all plumbing fixtures in as sanitary a condition as the fixtures permit and 5659 avoid obstructing sinks, toilets, tubs, showers and other plumbing drains; 5660 E. Use all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, and other facilities and appliances 5661 in a reasonable manner: 5662 F. Not destroy, deface, damage, impair or remove any part of the premises or knowingly permit any person to do so; 5663 5664 G. Promptly inform the property owner of any defective conditions or problems at 5665 the premises; 5666 H. Not interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the residential rental unit of another 5667 renter; Upon vacation, restore the premises to their initial condition except for reasonable 5668 I. 5669 wear and tear or conditions caused by the property owner; 5670 J. Be current on all payments required by the rental agreement and this chapter; 5671 K. Not increase the number of occupants above that specified in the rental agreement 5672 without written permission of the owners; 5673 L. Not modify or paint the premises without the express written permission of the 5674 property owner/agent; 5675 M. Dispose of oil, car batteries, and other hazardous waste materials away from the 5676 rental premises, and in a manner prescribed by federal and local laws; and 5677 N. Not require the owner to correct or remedy any condition caused by the renter, the renter's family or the renter's guests or invites by inappropriate use of the property during the 5678 5679 rental term or any extension of it. 5680 5681 18.96.070: RULES AND REGULATIONS: A property owner may adopt rules or regulations concerning the tenant's use and occupancy of 5682 5683 the premises which become a part of the rental agreement if they apply to all tenants in the 5684 premises in a nondiscriminatory manner, do not conflict with the lease, state law or city 5685 ordinance, and are provided to the tenant before the tenant enters into the rental agreement.

5686 Rules, regulations or lease terms can, by agreement between the parties, be more favorable to the 5687 tenant than allowed by state law or city ordinance but cannot be more restrictive. Rules may be

5688 modified from time to time by the property owner. However, no rule adopted after the

5689 commencement of any rental agreement shall substantially modify the existing terms, conditions

5690 or rules without written consent of the tenant.

5691

5656

C.

5692 18.96.080: ACCESS:

A. A tenant shall not unreasonably withhold consent to the property owner to enter into the dwelling unit in order to make necessary or agreed repairs, decorations, alterations, or improvements; or exhibit the dwelling unit to prospective purchasers, tenants, or work people.

5696 B. A property owner may enter the dwelling unit without consent of the tenant in 5697 case of emergency.

5698 C. Except in case of emergency the property owner shall give the tenant at least
5699 twenty four (24) hours' notice of plans to enter and may enter only between eight o'clock (8:00)
5700 A.M. and ten o'clock (10:00) P.M.

- 5701 D. A property owner has no other right of access except:
- 5702 1. Pursuant to court order;

57032.To make repairs requested by the tenant pursuant to sSections 18.96.1105704and 18.96.120 of this chapter;

- 5705 <u>3.</u> To make repairs ordered by the division pursuant to this title; or
- 5706 <u>4.3.</u> If the tenant has abandoned the premises as defined in <u>sSection 78B-36-</u> 5707 <u>81412(3)</u>, Utah Code <u>Annotated</u>, or any successor provision.
- 5708

5709 18.96.090: <u>RESERVED</u>PROPERTY OWNER AND TENANT REMEDIES FOR ABUSE OF 5710 ACCESS:

5711A.If the tenant refuses to allow lawful access, the property owner may obtain5712injunctive relief to compel access, or terminate the rental agreement and commence an eviction

action. In either case, the property owner may recover actual damages and reasonable attorney
 fees.

5715 B. If the property owner makes an unlawful entry or makes repeated demands for 5716 entry which harass the tenant, the tenant may obtain injunctive relief to prevent the recurrence of 5717 the conduct or terminate the rental agreement and vacate the premises. In either case, the tenant 5718 may recover the lesser of the actual damages or damages equal to one month's rent and 5719 reasonable attorney fees.

- 5720

5721 18.96.100: <u>RESERVED</u>FAILURE TO DELIVER POSSESSION:

5722 If the property owner fails to deliver possession of the dwelling unit to the tenant as promised in

5723 the rental agreement, rent abates until possession is delivered. Alternatively, the tenant may

5724 terminate the rental agreement by written notice to the property owner and recover all prepaid

5725 rent and security deposits and actual damages.

5726

5727 18.96.110: REPAIR OF SPECIFIED FAILURES:

5728 In the event of the failures specified below, which are not due to the unavailability of utility

5729 <u>service</u>, the property owner shall take reasonable steps to begin repairing the failures

5730 promptly within the following specified time periods after receipt of written notice of the failure

- 5731 delivered in accordance with Section 18.50.100 to the person identified in subsection
- 5732 18.96.030A2 of this chapter, and shall remedy such failurecomplete the repairs within the period
- 5733 set forth in the notice and order issued by the inspector reasonable diligence:

A.	Inoperable toilet	24 hours
B.	Tub, shower or kitchen and bathroom sink with inoperable drain or no hot or cold water	4 8 hours
C.	Inoperable refrigerator or cooking range or stove	4 8 hours
D.	Nonfunctioning heating (during a period where heat is reasonably necessary) or electrical system	24 hours
E.	Inoperable electric fixture	72 hours
F.	Broken exterior door or inoperable or missing exterior door lock	4 8 hours
G.	Broken window with missing glass	96 hours
H.	Inoperable exterior lighting	96 hours
I.	Broken stair or balustrade	24 hours
J.	Inoperable or missing smoke detector required by code	2 4 hours
K.	Inoperable required fire sprinkler system (if smoke detectors are not present or operating)	2 4 hours
L.	Inoperable required fire sprinkler system (if smoke detectors are installed and operable)	96 hours
M.	Broken or leaking water pipes causing an imminent threat to life, safety or health	24 hours
N.	Other broken or leaking water pipes	72 hours
О.	Disconnection of electrical, water or natural gas service caused by property owner	24 hours

5735	The division shall establish repair period standards based on the severity of the failures identified
5736	<u>above.</u> The tenant shall grant the property owner reasonable access to perform the repairs
5737	required in this section.
5738	
5739	18.96.120: <u>VIOLATIONSTENANT REPAIR AND DEDUCT</u> :
5740 5741 5742	<u>Violations of this chapter shall be enforced pursuant to Sections 18.50.100 and 18.50.110.</u> <u>property owner fails to begin making the repairs required by section 18.96.110 of this chapter,</u> <u>within the specified times, and the tenant is current on all rent and other payments to the property</u>
5743	owner, the tenant may cause the repairs to be made subject to the following provisions:
5744 5745 5746 5747 5748	A. Critical Repairs: If the repairs involve an inoperable toilet, lack of heat during a period for which heat is required, broken or leaking water pipes posing an immediate threat to life, safety or health or a complete lack of running water or disconnected gas, electric or water service, the tenant may, upon the expiration of the notice period specified in section 18.96.110 of this chapter, cause the necessary repairs to be made.
5749 5750	1. In making such repairs the tenant must use a licensed contractor if such a licensed contractor is required by applicable building or housing codes.
5751 5752 5753	2. If a licensed contractor is required for the work, the tenant shall make reasonable efforts to obtain two (2) bids for the work and, if bids are obtained, shall contract for the work to be done by the lowest bidder.
5754 5755 5756 5757 5758 5759	B. Noncritical Repairs: If the required repairs are not critical repairs subject to the provisions of subsection A of this section, the tenant, after the expiration of the notice time required by section 18.96.110 of this chapter, shall give the property owner or property owner's agent identified in section 18.96.030 of this chapter a second written notice of intent to repair and deduct. This second notice shall be either delivered and served personally upon the property owner or agent or sent by both certified and regular mail.
5760 5761 5762 5763	1. The second notice shall state the nature of the problem, the date the tenant sent the first notice required by section 18.96.110 of this chapter, and the intention of the tenant to cause the repairs to be done and to deduct the cost from the rent if the property owner does not make the repairs.
5764 5765 5766 5767	2. The property owner shall begin making the required repairs within forty eight (48) hours after the hand delivery of the second notice or by the end of the second calendar day after the date of mailing of the second notice and complete the repairs with reasonable diligence.
5768 5769	3. If the property owner has not begun the required repairs within the time specified in subsection B2 of this section, the tenant may cause the repairs to be made.
5770 5771	4. In making such repairs the tenant must use a licensed contractor if such a licensed contractor is required by applicable building or housing codes.

5772 5773 5774	5. If a licensed contractor is required for the work, the tenant shall make reasonable efforts to obtain two (2) bids for the work, and, if bids are obtained, shall contract for the work with the low bidder.
5775 5776	6. If a licensed contractor is not required for the work, the tenant may do the work on his or her own or contract for the work to be done at a reasonable cost.
5777 5778 5779 5780	C. Deductible Amount: For any repairs made pursuant to this section, the tenant may deduct from future rent the actual and reasonable cost of the repairs performed up to a maximum deduction of four hundred dollars (\$400.00); provided however, tenant shall furnish all original paid receipts to the property owner.
5781 5782 5783 5784	D. Nontermination: The property owner may not terminate the tenant's tenancy for the tenant's deduction of rent for repairs made pursuant to this section nor may the property owner terminate the tenancy until the tenant's costs, not to exceed four hundred dollars (\$400.00), for repairs made under this section have been offset by deducted rent.
5785 5786 5787	E. Tenant Caused Damages: The repair and deduct provisions of this section shall not be applicable to any damages caused or repairs necessitated by actions of the tenant or the tenant's invited guests or other occupants of the dwelling unit.
5788	
5789	18.96.130: RETALIATORY CONDUCT PROHIBITED:
5790 5791 5792	A. Except as provided in this section and section 57-22-4, Utah Code Annotated, a property owner may not terminate a rental agreement or bring or threaten to bring an eviction action because the tenant has in good faith:
5793 5794 5795	1. Complained of code violations at the premises to a governmental agency, elected representative or public official charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building, housing, health or similar code;
5796 5797	2. Complained of a building, housing, health or similar code violation or an illegal property owner practice to a community organization or the news media;
5798 5799	3. Sought the assistance of a community organization or the news media to remedy code violation or illegal property owner practice;
5800 5801 5802	4. Requested the property owner to make repairs to the premises as required by this chapter, a building or health code, other regulation, or the residential rental agreement;
5803	5. Become a member of a tenants' union or similar organization;
5804 5805	6. Testified in any court or administrative proceeding concerning the condition of the premises; or
5806	7. Exercised any right or remedy provided by law.
5807	

- 5808 SECTION 20. <u>Amending the text of *Salt Lake City Code* Chapter 21A.20.</u> That Chapter
- 5809 21A.20 of the Salt Lake City Code (Zoning: Enforcement) shall be, and hereby is amended as
- 5810 follows:
- 5811 21A.20.010: <u>RESERVED</u>DEFINED TERMS:
- In this chapter, the words, terms, phrases and their derivatives shall have the meanings as stated
 and defined in this chapter.
- 5814 CITATION DEADLINE: The date identified in the second notice of violation described in 5815 subsection 21A.20.030E of this chapter.
- 5816 CIVIL ENFORCEMENT OFFICER: An employee of Salt Lake City's Division of Building
- 5817 Services, or of the successor Salt Lake City division authorized to perform civil enforcement
- 5818 functions, or any duly authorized agent, representative or designee.
- 5819 DIVISION: Salt Lake City's Division of Building Services, or the successor Salt Lake City
- 5820 division authorized to perform civil enforcement functions.
- 5821 FIRST NOTICE: The initial notice informing the person cited that a zoning violation exists.
- 5822 NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE: A written notice informing the person cited that the violation has
 5823 been cured.
- 5824 PERSON CITED: The property owner, property owner's agent, tenant or occupant of any
- 5825 building or land or part thereof and any architect, builder, contractor, agent or other person who
- 5826 participates in, assists, directs or creates any situation that is contrary to the requirements of this
- 5827 title, and who received the notice of violation and is being held responsible for the violation.
- 5828 PROPERTY OWNER: Any person who, alone or jointly or severally with others, holds legal
 5829 title to the property at issue.
- 5830 SECOND NOTICE: The notice informing the person cited of the date that civil fines will begin
 5831 to accrue if the zoning violation is not corrected.
- 5832
- 5833 21A.20.020: COMPLAINTS REGARDING VIOLATIONS:
- 5834 A Civil Enforcement Officer may investigate any complaint alleging a violation of this title and 5835 take such action as is warranted in accordance with the procedures set forth in this chapter.
- 5836
- 5837 21A.20.030: PROCEDURES UPON DISCOVERY OF VIOLATIONS:
- 5838A.If the Civil Enforcement Officer finds that any provision of this title is being5839violated, the Civil Enforcement Officer may provide a written warning notice to the property5840owner and any other person determined to be responsible for such violation. The written notice

shall indicate the nature of the violation and order the action necessary to correct it. Additional
written notices may be provided at the Civil Enforcement Officer's discretion.

B. The written <u>warning</u> notice shall state what action the <u>building services</u> division intends to take if the violation is not corrected. The written notice shall include information regarding the established warning period for the indicated violations and shall serve to start any warning periods provided in this chapter.

5847 C. Such written <u>warning</u> notice issued by the Civil Enforcement Officer, <u>if issued</u>, 5848 shall be deemed sufficient and complete <u>delivered</u> when:

- 58491.A copy of the written notice is posted on the property where said violation(s)5850occur, and
- 5851 2. The written notice is either:

5852a.Mailed certified mail or using any reputable mail tracking service that is5853capable of confirming delivery commercial courier service to the property owner at the5854last known address appearing on the records of the County Recorder and any other person5855determined to be responsible for such violation, at their last known address, or

5856b.Personally served upon the property owner and any other person5857determined to be responsible for such violation.

5858 D. In cases when delay in enforcement would seriously threaten the effective 5859 enforcement of this title, or pose a danger to the public health, safety or welfare, the Civil 5860 Enforcement Officer may seek enforcement without <u>issuing a warning notice and may proceed</u> 5861 <u>directly to issuing a notice and order as set forth in Subpart Eprior written notice by invoking any</u> 5862 of the civil fines or remedies authorized in section 21A.20.060 of this chapter.

5863 Upon discovery of a violation of this title, or iIf the violation remains E. 5864 uncorrecteduncured within five (5) business days of theafter expiration of the warning period set 5865 forth in the warning notice, if issued, described in subsections A through C of this section, a 5866 second notice of violation shall be delivered by mailing, postage prepaid, addressed to the person 5867 cited at the last known address appearing on the records of the County Recorder. The second 5868 notice shall identify the citation deadline and state that the civil fines set forth in section 5869 21A.20.040 of this chapter will begin to accrue if the violations are not remedied by that date. the 5870 Civil Enforcement Official may issue a notice and order.

5871	1. The written notice and order shall state:
5872	a. The name and address, if known, of the responsible party;
5873	b. The date and location of each violation;
5874	c. The code sections violated;
5875	d. That the violations must be corrected;
5876	e. Provide a specific date by which the enforcement official orders
5877	that the violations be corrected by;

5878	f. The amount of the civil fine to accrue for each violation, or other
5879	enforcement action that the enforcement official intends to pursue, if the violation
5880	is not corrected by the date specified;
5881	g. Identification of the right to and procedure to appeal; and
5882	h. The signature of the enforcement official.
5883	
5884	2. The enforcement official shall serve the notice and order on the
5885	responsible party by:
5886	a. Posting a copy of the written notice and order on the noncompliant
5887	property, and
5888	b. By mailing the notice and order through certified mail or reputable
5889	mail tracking service that is capable of confirming delivery. If the responsible
5890	party is the property owner of record, then mailing shall be to the last known
5891	address appearing on the records of the Salt Lake County Recorder. If the
5892	responsible party is any other person or entity other than the owner of record, then
5893	mailing shall be to the last known address of the responsible party on file with the
5894	<u>city.</u>
5895	c. Notwithstanding the foregoing, personal service upon the
5896	responsible party shall be sufficient to meet the notice and order service
5897	requirements of this Subsection 21A.20.030.E.2.b.
5898	
5899	F. Following the issuance of a notice and order, any responsible party shall correct
5900	the violations specified in the notice and order. Upon correction of the violations specified in the
5901	notice and order, the responsible party shall contact the enforcement official identified in the
5902	notice and order to request an inspection of the property.
5903	
5904	G. If one or more violations are not corrected by the deadline specified in the notice
5905	and order, civil fines shall accrue at the rate set forth in Section 21A.20.040. Accumulation of
5906	civil fines for violations, but not the obligation for payment of civil fines already accrued, shall
5907	stop upon correction of the violation(s) once confirmed through an inspection requested pursuant
5908	to Subsection E.
5909	
5910	H. The responsible party shall have the right to contest the notice and order at an
5911	administrative hearing in accordance with Chapter 21A.16. Failure to timely request an
5912	administrative hearing and pay the administrative hearing fee set forth in the Salt Lake City
5913	consolidated fee schedule shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing and a waiver of the
5914	right to appeal.
5915	
5916	I. Upon expiration of the citation period set forth in a notice and order, and where
5917	the violation(s) remain uncorrected, the city may record on the noncompliant property with the
5918	Salt Lake County Recorder's Office a notice of noncompliance. The recordation of a notice of
5919	noncompliance shall not be deemed an encumbrance on the noncompliant property but shall
5920	merely place interested parties on notice of any continuing violation of this title at the
5921	noncompliant property. If a notice of noncompliance has been recorded and the enforcement
5922	official later determines that all violations identified in the notice of noncompliance have been

5923 5924 5925 5926 5927 5928 5929 5930	compl notice	ted, the enforcement official shall issue a notice of compliance by recording the notice of iance on the property with the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office. Recordation of the of compliance shall have the effect of canceling the recorded notice of noncompliance. J. If the city files an action for injunctive relief seeking abatement of one or more ions and the district court authorizes the abatement of one or more violations and the city costs and the costs are not paid, a lien or garnishment may be placed to recover the costs ay be considered an encumbrance on the property.
5931		
5932	21A.2	0.040: CIVIL FINES:
5933 5934 5935 5936 5937 5938 5939 5940 5941 5942 5943 5944 5945 5944 5945 5946 5947 5948	А. В. <u>С.</u>	<u>General:</u> If the violations are not corrected by the citation deadline, civil fines shall accrue at twenty five dollars ($$25.00$) $$50$ a day per violation for those properties legally used for purposes that are solely residential uses, and one hundred dollars ($$2100.00$) a day per violation for those properties used for purposes that are not residential uses. Affordable housing incentives per 21A.52.050: If the violation(s) are not corrected by the citation deadline, civil fines shall accrue at the rate set in the Consolidated Fee Schedule per day per violation. If the violation(s) include renting an affordable rental unit in excess of the approved rental rate then an additional monthly fine shall accrue that is the difference between the market rate of the unit and the approved rental rate that is agreed to by the applicant at the time of appropriateness pursuant to Section 21A.34.020: For development or any building activity on properties subject to Section 21A.34.020 without a certificate of appropriateness, if such violation is not corrected by the citation deadline, civil fines shall accrue at \$50 per day, except that the fine for full or partial demolition of a contributing structure or landmark site without a certificate of appropriateness shall be \$250 per day.
5949		
5950	21A.2	0.050: DAILY VIOLATIONS:
5951 5952 5953	and gi	day a violation continues after the citation deadline shall be considered a separate offense ve rise to a separate civil fine. Accumulation of civil fines for violations, but not the tion for payment of civil fines already accrued, shall stop upon correction of the violation.

- 5954
- 5955 21A.20.060: COMPLIANCE:

5956 The City may use such lawful means as are available to obtain compliance with the provisions of 5957 this title and to collect the civil fines that accrue as a result of the violation of the provisions of 5958 this title, including a legal action to obtain one or more of the following: an injunction, an order 5959 of mandamus, an order requiring the property owner or occupant to abate the violations, an order 5960 permitting the City to enter the property to abate the violations, and a judgment in the amount of 5961 the civil fines accrued for the violation, including costs and attorney fees. <u>The city has sole</u> 5962 discretion over which remedy or combination of remedies it may choose to pursue.

5963 Violations of the provisions of this title or failure to comply with any of its requirements are 5964 punishable as a Class <u>BC</u> misdemeanor upon conviction.

5965

5966 21A.20.070: RECURRING VIOLATIONS:

5967 In the case where a violation, which had been corrected, reoccurs at the same property within six 5968 (6) months of the initial correction and is due to the actions or inactions of the same person or 5969 property owner as the prior violation(s), the building services division may begin enforcement of 5970 said recurring violation by sending by certified mail or reputable mail tracking service that is 5971 capable of confirming delivery a Nnotice and Oorder in the form described in subsection 5972 21A.20.030.EB of this chapter. Civil fines set forth in section 21A.020.040 of this chapter will 5973 begin accruing, if the violation is not remedied within $\frac{10}{10}$ calendar days of the citation 5974 deadline contained in that notice.

5975

5976 21A.20.080: APPEALING CIVIL FINES TO A FINES HEARING OFFICER:

5977 A. Powers Aand Duties Oof Fines Hearing Officer: The Fines Hearing Officer, 5978 appointed pursuant to sSection 21A.06.090 of this title, may hear and decide appeals of civil 5979 fines imposed pursuant to this chapter. As set forth in this section, the Fines Hearing Officer may 5980 reduce civil fines and approve civil fine payment schedules.

B. Right <u>Fto</u> Appear: Any person receiving a notice of violation may appear before a Fines Hearing Officer to appeal the amount of the civil fine imposed by submitting a civil fine appeal on a form provided by the <u>building services</u> division. However, no party may appear before a Fines Hearing Officer until violations identified have been corrected and a notice of compliance has been issued. Appeals to a Fines Hearing Officer contesting the amount of the civil fine imposed, must be filed within thirty (30) days from the date of the notice of compliance.

5988 C. Responsibility: Commencement of any action to remove or reduce civil fines shall 5989 not relieve the responsibility of any person cited to <u>correctcure</u> the violation or make payment of 5990 subsequently accrued civil fines nor shall it require the <u>C</u>ity to reissue any of the notices 5991 required by this chapter.

5992 D. Reduction Oof Civil Fine: Civil fines may be reduced at the discretion of the 5993 Fines Hearing Officer after the violation is <u>corrected</u> and if any of the following conditions 5994 exist:

- 59951. The violation pertains to landscaping, in which case the time for payment5996and correction of landscaping violations may be abated from October 15 through the next5997April 1, or such other times as caused by weather conditions adverse to successful5998landscaping;
- 59992.Strict compliance with the notice and order would have caused an6000imminent and irreparable injury to persons or property;

- 60013.The violation and inability to curecorrect the same were both caused by a6002force majeure event such as war, act of nature, strike or civil disturbance;
- 60034.A change in the actual ownership of the property was recorded with the6004Salt Lake County Recorder's Office after the first or second notice was issued and the6005new property owner is not related by blood, marriage or common ownership to the prior6006owner; or
- 60075.Such other mitigating circumstances as determined by the Fines Hearing6008Officer.

E. Payment Schedule: At the request of a person subject to civil fines governed by
this chapter, the Fines Hearing Officer may approve a payment schedule for the delayed or
periodic payment of the applicable civil fine to accommodate the person's unique circumstances
or ability to pay.

6013 F. Failure Tto Submit Payment <u>Oo</u>n Payment Schedule: If a payment schedule has 6014 been developed by the Fines Hearing Officer, the failure by a person owing civil fines to submit 6015 any two (2) payments as scheduled shall cause the entire amount of the original civil fine to 6016 become immediately due.

6017

6018 21A.20.090: NOTICE OF CITY'S INTENT TO ABATE ZONING VIOLATIONS:

6019 A. If the City obtains a court order permitting entry on the property for the purpose 6020 of abating zoning violations, the <u>building services</u> division shall provide written notice of that 6021 order to the property owner of record at the address on file with the County Recorder.

B. The notice shall: 1) identify the property owner of record according to the records of the County Recorder, 2) describe the property and the violations the court order permits the <u>building services</u> division to enter the property to abate, 3) attach a copy of the court order, and (4) inform the property owner when the abatement is scheduled to occur, and 4) provide the property owner thirty (30) days from the date the notice is served to abate the violations the court order permits the division to enter the property to abate.

6028C.Notice may be delivered in person, or by certified mail, or by reputable mail6029tracking service that is capable of confirming delivery commercial courier service, if mailed to6030the last known address of the property owner according to the records of the County Recorder.

D. If the zoning violations are not corrected by the property owner within thirty (30)
 days of the date the notice is served, then the division may employ any necessary assistance to
 enter the property and abate the zoning violations, as permitted by the court order.

6034

6035 21A.20.100: COLLECTION OF THE COSTS OF ABATEMENT:

6036 A. If the <u>building services</u> division or an agent <u>there</u> of the division enters a property 6037 to abate a violation pursuant to a court order, as set forth in <u>sSection 21A.20.090</u> of this chapter,

6038 the <u>building services</u> division may collect the cost of that abatement, by filing a <u>Pproperty</u> T_{tax} 6039 lien, as set forth in this section.

6040 Upon completion of abatement work, the building services division shall prepare B. 6041 an itemized statement of costs and mail it to the property owner by certified mail or by any 6042 reputable mail tracking service that is capable of confirming delivery, demanding payment 6043 within thirty (30) days of the date the statement is post marked. 6044 C. The itemized statement of costs shall: 6045 1. Include: 6046 The address of the property at issue; a. 6047 An itemized list of all expenses incurred by the building services b. division, including administrative costs; 6048 6049 c. A demand for payment; and 6050 d. The address where payment is to be made; 6051 2. Notify the property owner: 6052 That failure to timely pay the expenses described in the itemized statement may result in a lien on the property in accordance with this chapter and 6053 Utah Code section 10-11-4 or its successor; 6054 That the property owner may file a written objection to all or part 6055 b. 6056 of the statement within twenty (20) days of the date the statement is postmarked; 6057 and 6058 Where the property owner may file the objection, including the c. name of the office and the mailing address. 6059 6060 D. The itemized statement of costs described in subsection C of this section shall be 6061 deemed delivered when mailed by certified mail or by any reputable mail tracking service that is 6062 capable of confirming delivery addressed to the last known address of the property owner, according to the records of the County Recorder. 6063 6064 E. If the property owner files a timely objection, the building services division will 6065 schedule a hearing in accordance with title 52, chapter 4 of the Utah Code (Open and Public Meetings Act), and will mail or deliver to the property owner prior to the hearing a notice stating 6066 6067 the date, time, and location of the hearing. 6068 F. At the hearing described in subsection E of this section, a Fines Hearing Officer 6069 shall review and determine the actual cost of abatement incurred by the building services 6070 division in abating the property, including administrative costs. The property owner must pay any amount the Fines Hearing Officer determines is due and owing to the Salt Lake City 6071 6072 Treasurer at the address provided in the statement of costs within thirty (30) days of the date of

6073 the hearing.

6074 G. If the property owner fails to make payment of the amount set forth in the 6075 itemized statement within thirty (30) days of the date of the mailing of that statement, or to file a 6076 timely objection, then the <u>building services</u> division may certify the past due costs and expenses 6077 to the Salt Lake County Treasurer and the Treasurer will proceed as set forth in Utah Code 6078 section 10-11-4 or its successor.

H. If the property owner files a timely objection but fails to make payment of any
amount found due and owing under subsection F of this section within thirty (30) days of the
date of the hearing, the <u>building services</u> division may certify the past due costs and expense to
the Salt Lake County Treasurer and the Treasurer will proceed as set forth in Utah Code section
10-11-4.

I. After entry by the Treasurer of the County, as set forth in subsections G and H of this section the amount entered shall be a nonrecurring notice charge as defined in Utah Code 11-6086 60-102, is a lien on the property, and shall be collected by the Salt Lake County Treasurer at the time of the payment of general taxes.

6088J.Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter to the contrary, where the6089property owner presents evidence demonstrating financial hardship to the satisfaction of the6090<u>building services</u> division, the <u>building services</u> division may waive some or all administrative6091fees and the actual costs incurred in abating the property if the property abated is the property6092owner's principal place of residence.

6093

- 6094 SECTION 21. <u>Amending the Text of Salt Lake City Code Section 21A.62.040.</u> That Section
- 6095 21A.62.040 of the Salt Lake City Code (Zoning: Definitions: Definitions of Terms), shall be and
- 6096 hereby is amended as follows:

0077 a. Adding the definition of CITATION DEADLINE. That the definition of	6097	a.	Adding the definition of "CITATION DEADLINE."	That the definition of
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- 6098 "CITATION DEADLINE" be added and inserted into the list of definitions in
- 6099 alphabetical order to read as follows:

6100 <u>CITATION DEADLINE: the date identified in the notice and order to correct the</u> 6101 <u>violation(s) identified therein.</u>

- b. Adding the definition of "CIVIL ENFORCEMENT OFFICER." That the definition
- 6103 of "CIVIL ENFORCEMENT OFFICER" be added and inserted into the list of
- 6104 definitions in alphabetical order to read as follows:

6105	CIVIL ENFORCEMENT OFFICER: an employee of Salt Lake City's Division of
6106	Building Services, or successor division, authorized to perform civil enforcement
6107	functions, or any duly authorized agent, representative, or designee.
6108	c. Adding the definition of "NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE." That the definition of
6109	"NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE" be added and inserted into the list of definitions in
6110	alphabetical order to read as follows:
6111	NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE: a written notice informing the person cited that the
6112	violation has been corrected.
6113	d. Adding the definition of "PERSON CITED." That the definition of "PERSON
6114	CITED" be added and inserted into the list of definitions in alphabetical order to read
6115	as follows:
6116	PERSON CITED: the property owner, property owner's agent, tenant or occupant of any
6117	building or land or part thereof and any architect, builder, contractor, agent or other
6118	person who participates in, assists, directs or creates any situation that is contrary to the
6119	requirements of this title, and who received the notice of violation and is being held
6120	responsible for the violation.
6121	e. Adding the definition of "PROPERTY OWNER." That the definition of
6122	"PROPERTY OWNER" be added and inserted into the list of definitions in
6123	alphabetical order to read as follows:
6124	PROPERTTY OWNER: any person who, alone or jointly or severally with others, holds
6125	legal title to the property at issue.
6126	
6127	SECTION 22. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Section 2.07.020. That Section
6128	2.07.020 of the Salt Lake City Code is hereby amended to eliminate the "Housing advisory and
6129	appeals board" therefrom as follows:
6130	2.07.020: CITY BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS NAMED:

- 6131 For the purpose of this chapter the term "city board" or "board" means the following city boards,
- 6132 commissions, councils, and committees:
- 6133 Accessibility and disability commission
- 6134 Airport board
- 6135 Board of appeals and examiners
- 6136 Business advisory board
- 6137 Citizens' compensation advisory committee
- 6138 City and county building conservancy and use committee
- 6139 Community development and capital improvement programs advisory board
- 6140 Community recovery committee
- 6141 Fire code board of appeals
- 6142 Golf enterprise fund advisory board
- 6143 Historic landmark commission
- 6144 Housing advisory and appeals board
- 6145 Housing trust fund advisory board
- 6146 Human rights commission
- 6147 Library board
- 6148 Parks, natural lands, trails, and urban forestry advisory board
- 6149 Planning commission
- 6150 Public utilities advisory committee
- 6151 Racial equity in policing commission
- 6152 Salt Lake art design board
- 6153 Salt Lake City arts council board
- 6154 Salt Lake City sister cities board
- 6155 Transportation advisory board
- 6156

6157	SECTION 23. <u>Repealing Salt Lake City Code Chapter 2.21.</u> That Chapter 2.21 of the Salt
6158	Lake City Code (Housing Advisory and Appeals Board) shall be, and hereby is repealed in its
6159	entirety as follows:
6160	2.21.010: GENERAL PROVISIONS:
6161 6162	The provisions of chapter 2.07 of this title shall apply to the housing advisory and appeals board except as otherwise set forth in this chapter. (Ord. 67-13, 2013)
6163	
6164	2.21.020: CREATION AND MEMBERSHIP:
6165	A. The city creates a housing advisory and appeals board ("HAAB").
6166 6167 6168	B. HAAB shall be comprised of ten (10) members from among the qualified electors of the city in a manner providing balanced geographical, professional, neighborhood and community representation.
6169 6170	C. The HAAB chair or vice chair may not be elected to serve consecutive terms in the same office. The secretary of HAAB shall be designated by the building official.
6171 6172	D. The expiration of terms shall be staggered with no more than three (3) terms expiring in any one year. Expiration of terms shall be on December 31.
6173	
6174	2.21.030: POWERS AND AUTHORITY:
6175	HAAB shall have the power and authority to:
6176	A. Apply the provisions of Title 5, Chapter 5.14 and Title 18, Chapter 18.50 of this code;
6177 6178	B. Hear and decide appeals as specified in Title 5, Chapter 5.14 and Title 18, Chapter 18.50 of this code;
6179 6180 6181 6182	C. Modify the impact of specific provisions of Title 5, Chapter 5.14 and Title 18, Chapter 18.50 of this code, where strict compliance with the provisions is economically or structurally impracticable and any approved alternative substantially accomplishes the purpose and intent of the requirement deviated from;
6183	D. Conduct housing impact hearings pursuant to Title 18, Chapter 18.64 of this code;
6184 6185	E. Recommend new procedures to the building official and new ordinances regarding housing to the city council; and
6186	F. Hear and decide appeals as specified in Title 18, Chapter 18.48 of this code.
6187	

- 6188 2.21.040: HAAB PANELS:
- 6189 Unless otherwise determined appropriate by the chair, HAAB may exercise any of its
- 6190 responsibilities under title 5, chapter 5.14, or title 18, chapter 18.50 of this code in panels of five
- 6191 (5) voting members appointed by the chair. (Ord. 65-15, 2015)
- 6192
- 6193 SECTION 24. <u>Amending the text of *Salt Lake City Code* Section 2.80.040.</u> That Section
- 6194 2.80.040 of the Salt Lake City Code (Housing Trust Fund Advisory Board: Fund Created) shall
- 6195 be, and hereby is amended as follows:

3.

- 6196 2.80.040: FUND CREATED:
- 6197 There is created a restricted account within the general fund, to be designated as the "Salt Lake
- 6198 City housing trust fund" (the "fund"). The fund shall be accounted for separately within the
- 6199 general fund, and the fund shall be used exclusively to assist with affordable and special
- 6200 needs housing in the city. No expenditures shall be made from the fund without approval of the
- 6201 city council.
- A. There shall be deposited into the fund all monies received by the city, regardless
 of source, which are dedicated to affordable housing and special needs housing including, but not
 limited to, the following:
- 6205 1. Grants, loan repayments, bonuses, entitlements, mitigation fees,
 6206 forfeitures, donations, redevelopment tax increment income, and all other monies
 6207 dedicated to affordable and special needs housing received by the city from federal, state,
 6208 or local governments;
- 62092.Real property contributed to or acquired by the city under other ordinances6210for the purposes of preserving, developing, or restoring affordable housing;
- 6211
- Monies appropriated to the fund by the council; and
- 62124.Contributions made specifically for this purpose from other public or6213private sources.
- 62145.CDBG, ESG, and HOPWA monies only as designated by the city's6215community development advisory board and approved by the mayor and city6216council, and HOME monies only as designated by the city's housing trust fund advisory6217and appeals-board and approved by the mayor and city council.
- B. The monies in the fund shall be invested by the city treasurer in accordance with the usual procedures for such special accounts. All interest or other earnings derived from fund monies shall be deposited in the fund.

6221

6222	SECTION 25. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Subsection 5.14.120.B.2. That		
6223	Subsection 5.14.120.B.2 of the Salt Lake City Code (Rental Dwellings: Enforcement) shall be,		
6224	and hereby is amended as follows:		
6225	5.14.120: ENFORCEMENT:		
6226	B.	Civil penalties may be imposed according to the following procedures:	
6227	2.	Amount Of Penalty: Civil penalties shall accrue as follows:	
6228 6229 6230		a. Violations of the self-certification standards established by the City: Fifty dollars (\$50.00) per violation per day. If more than ten (10) violations exist, the daily penalties shall double.	
6231 6232 6233		 Failure to obey an interpretation, decision or requirement of the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board: Twenty five dollars (\$25.00) per violation per day. 	
6234	SECTION 26. Amending the text of Salt Lake City Code Subsection 5.14.120.B.6. That		
6235	Subsection 5.14.120.B.6 of the Salt Lake City Code (Rental Dwellings: Enforcement) shall be,		
6236	and hereby is amended as follows:		
6237	5.14.120: ENI	FORCEMENT:	
6238	В.	Civil penalties may be imposed according to the following procedures:	
6239	6.	Appeals:	
6240		a. Appeals Contesting $\underline{T}_{\underline{t}}$ the Existence $\underline{\Theta}_{\underline{0}}f \underline{A}_{\underline{a}}$ Violation:	
6241 6242 6243 6244		 Appeals contesting the existence of the violation must be <u>done in</u> <u>accordance with Section 18.12.030</u>filed with the Housing Advisory and <u>Appeals Board pursuant to section 5.14.125 of this chapter within thirty</u> (30) days from the date the original notice of violation was issued. 	
6245 6246 6247 6248		b. Appeals Contesting <u>Fthe Amount Oof</u> <u>Fthe Penalties Imposed: any person</u> receiving a notice of violation may appeal the civil fines imposed, but not the basis therefor (which must be done pursuant to Subsection 5.14.120.B.6.a), in accordance with Section 18.12.050.	
6249 6250 6251 6252 6253		(1) The Mayor, or his/her designee, shall appoint such Hearing Officer as the Mayor, or his/her designee, deems appropriate to consider matters relating to the violation of this chapter. The Hearing Officer shall have the authority to hear evidence, reduce or eliminate penalty amounts, and to make such equitable adjustments as he/she deems appropriate.	

6254 6255 6256 6257	(2) Any person receiving a notice of violation may appear before a Hearing Officer to appeal the amount of the penalty imposed. However, no party may appear before a Hearing Officer until violations identified have been corrected and a notice of compliance has been issued.	
6258 6259	(3) The Hearing Officer shall maintain complete and permanent records of all inspections and decisions.	
6260 6261	(4) The burden to prove any defense shall be upon the person raising such defense.	
6262 6263 6264 6265	(5) Commencement of any action to remove or reduce penalties shall not relieve the responsibility of any person cited to make payment of subsequently accrued civil penalties nor shall it require the City to reissue any of the notices required by this chapter.	
6266 6267 6268 6269 6270 6271 6272	(6) The Hearing Officer may adjust, reduce or eliminate penalties or create payment plans relating to penalties accrued by the person cited. In the administration of this duty, the Hearing Officer may reduce or eliminate penalties based upon any circumstance or other equitable consideration the Hearing Officer finds to be applicable. In cases where the administrative process has not been followed by the division, the Hearing Officer has the authority to reduce or eliminate penalties.	
6273 6274 6275 6276 6277 6278 6279	(7) Payment plans may be created by the Hearing Officer. Although the Hearing Officer has the ultimate authority in establishing the payment schedule, the minimum payment schedule provided by the Department of Community and Neighborhoods should be followed. Once a payment schedule has been developed by the Hearing Officer, and agreed to by the person cited, failure to submit any two (2) payments as scheduled will require payment of the entire amount of the original penalty immediately.	
6280	SECTION 27. Repealing Salt Lake City Code Section 5.14.125. That Section 5.14.125 of	
6281	the Salt Lake City Code (Housing Advisory and Appeals Board Appellate Process Details) shall	
6282	be, and hereby is repealed in its entirety as follows:	
6283 6284	5.14.125: HOUSING ADVISORY AND APPEALS BOARD APPELLATE PROCESS DETAILS:	
6285 6286 6287 6288	A. Filing Of Appeals: Appeals shall be submitted on an appeal form provided by the building official. The appellant shall state the specific order or action protested and a statement of the relief sought, along with the reasons why the order or action should be reversed, modified or otherwise set aside.	
6289 6290	B. Failure To Appeal: Failure of any person to file an appeal in accordance with the provisions of this section shall constitute a waiver of the person's right to an appeal.	

6291 6292 6293 6294	C. Inspection Of The Premises: Before any hearing is held by a Housing Advisory and Appeals Board panel, the panel shall inspect the building or premises involved. Prior notice of such inspection shall be given to the notified party filing the appeal, who may be present at such inspection. Upon completion of the inspection, the Chairperson of the panel shall state for			
6295 6296 6297 6298	the record the material facts observed at the inspection, which facts shall be read at the initiation of the hearing. Failure of the notified party to provide access without good cause as determined by the building official shall not constitute a reason for the hearing to be postponed and the appeal may be denied.			
6299 6300 6301	D. Written Notice: Written notice of the time and place of panel hearings shall be mailed to the appellant in accordance with procedures adopted by the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board.			
6302 6303 6304 6305	E. Appeals Hearing: Any notified party may appear personally or authorize a designee to act in their behalf. The City and any notified party may call and examine witnesses on any relevant matter, introduce documentary and physical evidence, and cross examine opposing witnesses. Any relevant evidence shall be admitted.			
6306 6307 6308 6309	F. Record: A record of the entire proceeding of all appellate hearings under this section shall be made by tape recording, or by any other means of permanent recording determined to be appropriate by the Housing Advisory and Appeals Board. The record shall be retained on file in accordance with the City's record retention schedule.			
6310				
6311	SECTION 28. Amending the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. That the Salt			
6312	Lake City consolidated fee schedule shall be, and hereby is, amended, in pertinent part, to reflect			
6313	the fees set forth in the attached Exhibit A, and that a copy of the amended Salt Lake City			
6314	consolidated fee schedule shall be published on the official Salt Lake City website.			
6315				
6316	SECTION 29. That this ordinance shall become effective on the date of its first			
6317	publication.			
6318				
6319				
6320	Passed by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Utah this day of 2024.			
6321 6322 6323	CHAIRPERSON			

ATTEST:		
CITY RECORDER		
Transmitted to Mayor on		
Mayor's Action:	Approved.	Vetoed.
	_ 11	
	MAYO	DR
		APPROVED AS TO FORM
		Salt Lake City Attorney's Office
(SEAL)		
		Date:
Bill No of 2024.		By:
Published:		Katherine D. Pasker, Senior City Attorney
Ordinance amending Title 18 administration		

6349 6350 6351 6352	EXHIBIT A					
	COMMUNITY AND NEIGHBORHOODS (CAN)					
	Service	Fee	Additional Information	Section		
	Appeal of a Decision					
	Administrative decision to board of appeals and examiners	\$285	Add'l fee for required public notices	18.12.020		
	Boarding or Securing of Buildings					
	Boarding administrative costs	\$500	Plus actual costs	18.48.100		
	Boarding registration fee	\$14,000	Per parcel	18.48.215		
	Boarding registration fee for a contributing structure or landmark site	\$14,850	Per parcel	18.48.215		
	Late penalty for registration fee nonpayment	\$100		18.48.215		
	Other abatement administrative cost	\$129	Plus actual costs	18.48, 9.16, 21A.20		
	Enforcement					
	Violation of Title 18 (except Ch. 18.50 or Stop Work Order)	\$100		18.24.030		
	Violation of Stop Work Order	\$250		18.24.040.B		
	Violation of Ch. 18.50					
	Substandard condition	\$50		18.50.100.D		
	Hazardous condition	\$100		18.50.100.D		
	Imminent danger condition	\$250		18.50.100.D		

ATTACHMENT B: Public Process & Comments

Public Notice, Early Notice Letter, Comments

- <u>October 26, 2023</u> The Early Notice Letter was sent to recognized community organizations and all boarded building property owners of record.
- <u>October 27, 2023</u> The city website for the proposal was posted to the Planning webpage.
- January 11, 2024 Agenda posted on Planning webpage

Public Input:

The Early Notice letter was emailed to 31 Recognized Community Organizations and mailed to 169 boarded or vacant building property owners of record. This letter provided a summary of the proposal, requested input on the proposal be provided to city staff, and directed interested parties to the city website for further information. As of January 18th our office has received 2 written responses from RCOs in support of the proposal, 1 written response from a homeowner in support, and 2 phone calls from property owners objecting to the proposed increase in boarded building fees.

10/27/2023 - Ballpark Community council email in support

10/31/2023 Erika Carlsen letter in support

11/2023 Anonymous phone call objecting to increasing boarded building fees

11/8/2023 Phone call with boarded building owner Simone Tukutau 801-633-9485 comment: Please do not raise the permit fees.

11/30/2023 Granary District Alliance letter in support

Notification of proposed changes to Title 18: Construction Enforcement and Boarding Permit Fees



Dear Residents, Businesses & Property Owners:

Salt Lake City proposes ordinance changes concerning the enforcement of building construction including the maintenance of unsecured, boarded or unsafe buildings. Associated permit fees are also to be considered to be amended as follows.

- Modernize/reflect the City's existing zoning enforcement process and incorporate that same process into Title 18.
- Have the building code enforcement appeal process mirror the existing zoning code enforcement appeal process.
- Update the technical requirements of Title 18 to match current building codes and eliminate portions of Title 18 that are repetitive of building codes.
- Resolve inconsistencies with Title 21A.
- Create fines for Title 18 violations (general: \$100/day; violation of a stop work order: \$250/day; housing code violations \$50-\$200/day depending on violation).
- Increase fees associated with boarded buildings and add an enhanced fee for the boarding abatement of contributing structures to realign the actual costs of operating and administering a boarded building program into the associated boarding permit fees.

For More Information: <u>https://www.slc.gov/planning/title18-amendments</u>

Next Steps: • Notice of this application has been sent to Recognized Organizations• Notified parties are given a 45-day period to respond before a public hearing with the Planning Commission. During and following this comment period, Building Services will evaluate the proposal taking into consideration public comments and refine a recommendation for the Planning Commission. • The Planning Commission will then hold a public hearing for additional public comments and make a recommendation to City Council. • The City Council will hold another public hearing for additional public comments and make the final decision on the matter. If the council approves the request to amend Title 18, those changes will become effective upon publication.

Additional Information: The submitted application and all associated documents are a public record and available for download. To access this information, follow the instructions below*: 1. Visit citizenportal.slcgov.com and select "Check/Research Petitions" under the "Planning" tab 2. Enter the petition number (PLNPCM2023-00868) under "General Search." 3. Click the "Records Info" tab and select "Attachments." 4. Select the available attachments near the bottom of the page *Alternatively, you can scan the QR code below with your smartphone camera.

Next Noticing cycle: You will receive another mailed notice when the Planning Commission hearing for this request has been scheduled. If you have questions regarding the proposed ordinance changes or would like to provide comments, do not hesitate to get in touch with me at: Craig Weinheimer 801-535-6682 or <u>craig.weinheimer@slcgov.com</u>



From: Amy J. Hawkins Sent: Friday, October 27, 2023 12:15 PM To: Weinheimer, Craig <Craig.Weinheimer@slcgov.com> Subject: (EXTERNAL) Re: Building Services is soliciting comments for proposed Title 18 changes

Hello Craig,

The Ballpark Community Council is *very* interested in policies about vacant & boarded buildings. We have a disproportionate number of vacant and boarded buildings in our neighborhood, and we noticed that the Federal Credit Union at 1467 S. Main Street was just boarded on Wednesday. The Main Street Motel will be boarded except for one occupied room starting in November. Does that meet the definition of a boarded building? Will it accrue fines if one room is occupied out of the entire motel?

We would be interested in hearing an explanation about this new policy at our next Ballpark Community Council meeting this coming Thursday, November 2nd, at 7 PM. We will be holding a hybrid meeting, with the in person portion of the meeting taking place at Salt Lake Community College, South City Campus, Room 2-190. I can forward Zoom information about the online portion of the meeting later if that would be preferable.

Thank you for this notice,

Amy J. Hawkins, PhD Chair, Ballpark Community Council facebook.com/BallparkCC/

From:	Erika O. Carlsen
To:	Weinheimer, Craig
Subject:	(EXTERNAL) Public Comment on Title 18 Amendment
Date:	Tuesday, October 31, 2023 10:43:23 AM

Dear Mr. Weinheimer,

I am writing to you in favor of increasing fees associated with boarded buildings and any additional penalties, up to and including, demolition. I am a homeowner in the Ballpark neighborhood, where three houses on my block have been abandoned by the property owner, Gary Cash (1415 Richards Street, 1414 Richards Street, 1411 Richards Street). These houses have been **vacant and abandoned for** <u>years (17+ years for the 1415 Richards Home and 5-7 years for the properties at 1414 and 1411 Richards St.)</u>.

Collectively, our small street has experienced over 20 years of abandoned houses drawing blight, rodents, and illegal activity.

As a result of the property owner's continual neglect and refusal to sell, rent, or repair these abandon properties, SLCPD resources have been drawn upon for years to address squatting, drug use, sex work, and other illegal activities that have taken place within these houses or on these properties. These instances are taking place right near the homes where children live. For instance, over the past 48 hours, I have called SLCPD's non-emergency line twice to address illegal squatting in these abandoned houses. I believe this is an inefficient use of SLCPD's resources and it is incredibly expensive each time police officers come to address the situation.

Furthermore, while I appreciate the due diligence of code enforcement officers, it is often a "cat & mouse game" -- where the code enforcement officers do their regular checks and citations of these properties, the property owner attempts to address those citations, and then once again the properties remain outside of compliance. The current cycle is inefficient, and at worst, a waste of precious resources.

Salt Lake City staff's time and expertise are some of our City's greatest resources. The hardworking employees of SLCPD and Civil Enforcement have important jobs to do. By increasing additional penalties, *especially* on properties that have been vacant or boarded for over 5 years, I hope to decrease the blight our neighborhood has experienced for far too long.

Additionally, if possible, I hope that the City might consider increasing penalties and consider demolition of vacant properties that have experienced an unusually high number of SLCPD service calls and documented years-long instances of public nuisance and criminal activity.

I appreciate the work you do on behalf of our City, and thank you for taking the time to review this public comment. If you have any questions or would like to discuss further, I can be contacted at 801-391-2852 or by email at this address.

Sincerely, Erika Carlsen Homeowner at 1418 Richards Street



November 30th, 2023

ATTN Craig

Weinheimer

Salt Lake City Civil Enforcement 349 South 200 East room 406

PO Box 145481

Salt Lake City UT 84114-5481

RE: Letter of Support – PLNPCM2023-00868 Title 18 changes for construction enforcement and boarded buildings

Dear Mr. Weinheimer:

On behalf of The Granary District Alliance, a recognized community organization composed of business owners, developers and community members, we write in support of Salt Lake City's Building Services changes to Title 18.

The mission of the GDA is to connect Granary District businesses, residents and visitors, to promote and support the creation of a vibrant and diverse neighborhood culture and to encourage thoughtful development in the Granary District, while preserving the unique character of the neighborhood. With that being said, on November 15, 2023, The Granary District Alliance board and business owners held a healthy conversation discussing whether boarded up buildings were better than demolished buildings. Due to the fact that the GDA board is composed of business owners, developers and advocates for the neighborhood, we noticed that the developers were more inclined to prefer demolished buildings for ease and for safety concerns. Business owners within the district were more inclined to prefer boarded up buildings to ensure there is a community and a vertical neighborhood surrounding their businesses. Advocates for the neighborhood were also more inclined to have vacant, boarded up buildings showing that there are signs of life that once walked the streets of our unique neighborhood. However, everyone's main concern was safety. It was noted by a friend of the board that vacant buildings are more inclined to be used by our unsheltered population, in which many people chimed in stating that owning a building, vacant or occupied is similar to home ownership; you need to check-in on your assets and do a walkthrough daily. Given the recent history of fires in abandoned buildings in the district, we heartily support taking better measures to ensure residents, workers, surrounding properties and unsheltered citizens are kept safe in part by codifying the update to Title 18.

The Granary District Alliance continues to build community and expand our reach as a community organization. Per the meeting minutes on November 15, 2023, we had 9 attendees, not including city staff at our meeting. A vote was set forth and a unanimous vote was in support of making the changes set forth in PLNPCM2023-00868.

We support Salt Lake City's Building Services changes to Title 18, specifically increasing fees for boarded buildings and helping the GDA push for a more vibrant neighborhood. This work will improve our community and align with the goals of our organization.

Sincerely,

Britney Helmers - Granary District Alliance Chair

Tim Dwyer - Granary District Alliance Vice Chair and Granary District Business Owner at Fisher Brewing

Josh Scheurman - Granary District Alliance Board Member

Victoria Winkler - Granary District Alliance Secretary and Granary District Business Representative at INDUSTRY

Elizabeth Bradley-Wilson - Granary District Alliance Treasurer and Granary District Business Owner at Rimini Coffee