4th Avenue Pump House HLC New Construction Standards



Salt Lake City Public Utilities is proposing to construct a new pump house on the property located at 300 N. Canyon Road. The pump house is necessary to continue to provide drinking water to the community and protect the well that is on the site. The purpose of this open house is to obtain public comment on the proposed construction and to help staff identify issues. The Historic Landmark Commission is holding a work session on the proposed new construction on September 6, 2018. The Historic Landmark Commission will utilize the Standards for New Construction. Staff encourages public comments that include or reflect the adopted standards of review. For reference, the standards are provided on this document.

H. Standards For Certificate Of Appropriateness Involving New Construction Or Alteration Of A Noncontributing Structure: In considering an application for a certificate of appropriateness involving new construction, or alterations of noncontributing structures, the Historic Landmark Commission, or Planning Director when the application involves the alteration of a noncontributing structure, shall, using the adopted design guidelines as a key basis for evaluation, determine whether the project substantially complies with each of the following standards that pertain to the application to ensure that the proposed project fits into the established context in ways that respect and contribute to the evolution of Salt Lake City's architectural and cultural traditions:

1. Settlement Patterns And Neighborhood Character:

- **a. Block And Street Patterns:** The design of the project preserves and reflects the historic block, street, and alley patterns that give the district its unique character. Changes to the block and street pattern may be considered when advocated by adopted City plan.
- **b.** Lot And Site Patterns: The design of the project preserves the pattern of lot and building site sizes that create the urban character of the historic context and the block face. Changes to the lot and site pattern may be considered when advocated by an adopted City plan.
- **c. The Public Realm:** The project relates to adjacent streets and engages with sidewalks in a manner that reflects the character of the historic context and the block face. Projects should maintain the depth of yard and height of principal elevation of those existing on the block face in order to support consistency in the definition of public and semi-public spaces.
- **d. Building Placement:** Buildings are placed such that the project maintains and reflects the historic pattern of setbacks and building depth established within the historic context and the block face. Buildings should maintain the setback demonstrated by existing buildings of that type constructed in the district or site's period of significance.
- **e. Building Orientation:** The building is designed such that principal entrances and pathways are oriented such that they address the street in the pattern established in the historic context and the block face.

2. Site Access, Parking, And Services:

- **a. Site Access:** The design of the project allows for site access that is similar, in form and function, with patterns common in the historic context and the block face.
 - (1) **Pedestrian:** Safe pedestrian access is provided through architecturally highlighted entrances and walkways, consistent with patterns common in the historic context and the block face.

- **(2)Vehicular:** Vehicular access is located in the least obtrusive manner possible. Where possible, garage doors and parking should be located to the rear or to the side of the building.
- **b. Site And Building Services And Utilities:** Utilities and site/building services (such as HVAC systems, venting fans, and dumpsters) are located such that they are to the rear of the building or on the roof and screened from public spaces and public properties.

3. Landscape And Lighting:

- **a. Grading Of Land:** The site's landscape, such as grading and retaining walls, addresses the public way in a manner that reflects the character of the historic context and the block face.
- **b. Landscape Structures:** Landscape structures, such as arbors, walls, fences, address the public way in a manner that reflect to the character of the historic context and the block face.
- **c. Lighting:** Where appropriate lighting is used to enhance significant elements of the design and reflects the character of the historic context and the block face.

4. Building Form And Scale:

- **a. Character Of The Street Block:** The design of the building reflects the historic character of the street façade in terms of scale, composition, and modeling.
 - (1) **Height:** The height of the project reflects the character of the historic context and the block face. Projects taller than those existing on the block face step back their upper floors to present a base that is in scale with the historic context and the block face.
 - (2) Width: The width of the project reflects the character of the historic context and the block face. Projects wider than those existing on the block face modulate the façade to express a series of volumes in scale with the historic context and the block face.
 - **(3) Massing:** The shape, form, and proportion of buildings, reflects the character of the historic context and the block face.
 - **(4) Roof Forms:** The building incorporates roof shapes that reflect forms found in the historic context and the block face.

5. Building Character:

- **a. Façade Articulation And Proportion:** The design of the project reflects patterns of articulation and proportion established in the historic context and the block face. As appropriate, façade articulations reflect those typical of other buildings on the block face. These articulations are of similar dimension to those found elsewhere in the context, but have a depth of not less than twelve inches (12").
 - (1) **Rhythm Of Openings:** The facades are designed to reflect the rhythm of openings (doors, windows, recessed balconies, etc.) established in the historic context and the block face
 - (2) Proportion And Scale Of Openings: The facades are designed using openings (doors, windows, recessed balconies, etc.) of similar proportion and scale to that established in the historic context and the block face.
 - (3) Ratio Of Wall To Openings: Facades are designed to reflect the ratio of wall to openings (doors, windows, recessed balconies, etc.) established in the historic context and the block face.
 - **(4) Balconies, Porches, And External Stairs:** The project, as appropriate, incorporates entrances, balconies, porches, stairways, and other projections that reflect patterns established in the historic context and the block face.

6. Building Materials, Elements And Detailing:

a. Materials: Building facades, other than windows and doors, incorporate no less than eighty percent (80%) durable materials such as, but not limited to, wood, brick,

- masonry, textured or patterned concrete and/or cut stone. These materials reflect those found elsewhere in the district and/or setting in terms of scale and character.
- **b. Materials On Street-Facing Facades:** The following materials are not considered to be appropriate and are prohibited for use on facades which face a public street: vinyl siding and aluminum siding.
- **c. Windows:** Windows and other openings are incorporated in a manner that reflects patterns, materials, and detailing established in the district and/or setting.
- **d. Architectural Elements And Details:** The design of the building features architectural elements and details that reflect those characteristic of the district and/or setting.
- **7. Signage Location:** Locations for signage are provided such that they are an integral part of the site and architectural design and are complementary to the principal structure.

If you have any questions or comments, please contact Kelsey Lindquist at 801-535-7930 or kelsey.lindquist@slcgov.com.

Written comments can be submitted via email or mailed to:
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