HISTORIC LANDMARK COMMISSION STAFF REPORT

Love Addition and Window and Fence Replacement Case No. PLNHLC2011-00716 1533 Westmoreland Drive March 1, 2012



Planning and Zoning Division Department of Community and Economic Development

Applicant: Perrin and Jill Love

Staff: Elizabeth R. Buehler (801)535-6313 elizabeth.reining@slcgov.com

Tax ID: 16-09-380-032

Current Zone: R-1/7,000

Master Plan Designation: Residential, Low Density

Council District: Council District 5 Jill Remington Love

Lot Size: .34 acres

Current Use: Single Family Home

Applicable Regulations: 21A.24.060 – R-1/7,000 21A.34.020.G

Notice

Mailed: February 16, 2012 Posted: February 17, 2012 State Web Page: February 16, 2012

Attachments:

A. PhotographsB. Submission

Request

The applicants, Perrin and Jill Love, would like to build a home addition above an existing garage, build an attached side shed to the existing garage, replace all of the existing, non-original windows, and replace the existing fence at 1533 Westmoreland Drive. The addition will add a second story to an existing garage and will be used as a master suite. The shed will be built for storage and designed to match the house. The existing aluminum windows will be replaced to match the proposed wooden windows in the proposed addition. A portion of the existing fence will be torn down for construction of the proposed addition and shed so it is proposed to build a new fence in its place. The applicant is requesting Historic Landmark Commission approval of the design of the proposed addition, side shed, and window and fence replacement.

Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Historic Landmark Commission review the application, conduct a public hearing, and approve the addition and shed design, and the window and fence replacement pursuant to the findings, analysis and conditions of approval in this staff report.

Conditions of Approval

- 1. All exterior colors and materials for the addition areas shall be designed and constructed to match the existing colors and materials of the original home.
- 2. The replacement windows and fencing material shall match the details included in this staff report.
- 3. The addition must meet all other applicable Zoning Ordinance requirements, including setbacks, maximum footprint and lot coverage. Any request for an exception to these rules shall require additional review and approvals as dictated by the Zoning Ordinance.

Vicinity Map



Project Information

Request

The applicant seeks approval of an above-garage addition, side shed, replacement windows and fence replacement at 1533 Westmoreland Place. The addition will be above an existing garage on the second floor, with a shed to the side. The addition would have the same footprint of the existing garage and will not expand the existing footprint of the house. The addition will be used for a new master suite. It will be constructed of brick, closely matching the existing brick. The addition's roof will extend the secondary roofline of the existing structure and be constructed of similar materials. The addition will be visually separated from the existing garage with a concrete cap between the two, located at the existing roofline of the existing garage.

The shed will be attached to the west wall of the existing garage. It will be constructed of similar stone, brick and roofing materials as the existing house and proposed addition.

All of the home's existing windows will be replaced to match the windows in the proposed addition. The existing windows, of double pane aluminum construction, are not original to the house, placed at the house in the 1970's. The proposed windows are wooden double pane with rails and stiles that will measure 2 5/16" thick to give a more historical look to them. The applicant plans to paint all the windows a shade of grey. (Attachment A)

A portion of the front fence must be taken down for construction of the proposed addition and side shed. Due to this, the applicant plans to tear down the remaining fence and construct a six foot (6') weathered cedar woven lattice fence in its place.

Project Details

Ordinance Requirement	Proposed	Comply
Minimum Lot Area And Lot Width:	14,810 square feet & approximately 185 feet.	LEGAL NON-
7,000 square feet, 50 feet	No change proposed.	CONFORMING
Maximum Building Height: 27'6"	Approximately 27 feet at peak	COMPLIES
measured to the midpoint of the roof.		
Minimum Front Yard Requirements:	No change.	COMPLIES
No greater than the established setback		
line of the existing building.		
Interior Side Yard : Four feet (4')(8')	28' (West) 12' (East)	COMPLIES
Rear Yard: Twenty five percent (25%)	28'	COMPLIES
of the lot depth, but not less than fifteen		
feet (15') and need not exceed thirty feet		
(30').		
Maximum Building Coverage: The	Lot size = 14,810 square feet. Coverage =	COMPLIES
surface coverage of all principal and	approximately 2,204 square feet for home and	
accessory buildings shall not exceed forty	120 square feet for shed, 16% coverage	
percent (40%) of the lot area.		

Background

The home at 1533 Westmoreland Place is a two-story minimal traditional house sided with striated brick sandstone, built circa 1940. The home is featured in the Westmoreland Place reconnaissance survey and is designated as "contributory" due to its age.

Public Participation

Public Comments

No public comments have been received at the time of this writing.

Analysis

Standards of Review

21A.34.020.G Standards For Certificate Of Appropriateness For Alteration Of A Landmark Site Or Contributing Structure: In considering an application for a certificate of appropriateness for alteration of a landmark site or contributing structure, the historic landmark commission, or the planning director, for administrative decisions, shall find that the project substantially complies with all of the following general standards that pertain to the application and that the decision is in the best interest of the city:

Standard 1: A property shall be used for its historic purpose or be used for a purpose that requires minimal change to the defining characteristics of the building and its site and environment;

Analysis: The use of the structure will not change. It was constructed as a single-family dwelling and will continue to be a single-family dwelling.

Finding: The building was constructed as a single family home, and has remained continuously in use as a single family home ever since. No change of use is proposed.

Standard 2: The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided;

Applicable Design Guidelines

8.1 Design an addition to a historic structure such that it will not destroy or obscure historically important architectural features. For example, loss of alteration of architectural details, cornices and eave lines should be avoided.

Analysis: The proposed addition will be located above an existing garage and attached to the west side of the home. The new section is lower in height than the existing primary roofline, and setback from the residence's primary front façade. The applicant is proposing to use similar brick found on the existing residence and garage. The addition will be distinguished from the existing garage with a concrete cap separating the two facades. As a result, the architectural integrity of the home will be maintained.

The proposed addition will eliminate an existing door and window on the existing western façade but neither are historically significant features.

The side shed will use brick and stone to match the existing house. To build the addition and side shed the existing wooden fence will be taken down and replaced with a new woven lattice fence six feet (6') tall and made of one by two weathered cedar with a two inch (2") spacing.

The windows to be replaced are not original to the house and are constructed of double pane aluminum. They will be replaced with Windsor Pinnacle Select wooden framed windows with rails and stiles 25/16'' painted grey to return the house to a more historical look.

Finding: Staff finds that the proposed addition and window replacement are consistent with this standard as they will not destroy or obscure historically important features of the significant home.

Standard 3: All sites, structure and objects shall be recognized as products of their own time. Alterations that have not historical basis and which seek to create a false sense of history or architecture are not allowed.

Applicable Design Guidelines

8.4 Design a new addition to be recognized as a product of its own time. An addition shall be made distinguishable from the historic building, while also remaining visually compatible with these earlier features. A change in setbacks of the addition from the historic building, a subtle

change in material, or a differentiation between historic and more current styles are all techniques that may be considered to help define a change from old to new construction.

Analysis: The design of the addition contemplates an extension of the existing secondary roof line, built in the same style with the same roofing materials. Nevertheless, the structure is distinguishable from the contributory section of the home, as the ridge line of the roof is three feet (3') lower than that of the original structure's primary roof line, twenty-four feet (24') and twenty seven feet (27') respectively. Further, the front façade of the addition is located approximately eight feet (8') behind the front façade of the home. The addition will be visually separated from the existing garage beneath it with a concrete cap, or band. Thus, the addition is visually and structurally subordinate to the original section of the home, while maintaining compatibility with the structure in style, materials and construction technique.

Finding: Staff finds that building the addition back from the front façade, and building it lower than the original roof line defines the addition as visually compatible and a product of its own time.

Standard 4: Alterations or additions that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.

Analysis: The existing garage was constructed in 1956. The proposed addition will be placed on top of the existing garage but the garage structure will not be altered. A concrete cap will visually separate the existing garage and proposed addition. The windows to be replaced are not original, placed on the home in the 1970's, and are not historically significant. The replacement windows will improve the historical look of the home.

Finding: The existing garage's structure will not be physically altered. The proposed addition will not diminish any character-defining elements of the historic building as seen from the street. The replacement windows will add to the historical character of the home.

Standard 5: Distinctive features, finishes and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a historic property shall be preserved.

Applicable Design Guidelines

6.1 Protect and maintain significant stylistic elements. Distinctive stylistic features and examples of skilled craftsmanship should be treated with sensitivity. The best preservation procedure is to maintain historic features from the outset so that intervention is not required. Protection includes maintenance through rust removal, caulking, limited paint removal and reapplication of paint.

Analysis: The roof form of the new addition will match the form of the primary building. The proposed addition and side shed will not alter distinctive sections of the home that characterize skilled craftsmanship, or style. The addition will be visible from the street, but will be set back from the front façade and lower than the primary roof line. The applicant proposes to use similar

brick and stone work as to the existing structure in the proposed addition and side shed. This will make the new addition compatible with the primary building.

The windows to be replaced do not offer distinctive stylistic features nor are examples of skilled craftsmanship. They are of aluminum construction and placed on the home in the 1970's.

Finding: The addition and window replacement will not compromise any distinctive features on the existing home. The size, scale, massing, height and location of the addition and proposed windows are compatible with the existing house.

Standard 6: Deteriorated architectural features shall be repaired rather than replaced wherever feasible. In the event replacement is necessary, the new material should match the material being replaced in composition, design, texture and other visual qualities. Repair or replacement of missing architectural features should be based on accurate duplications of features, substantiated by historic, physical or pictorial evidence rather than on conjectural designs or the availability of different architectural elements from other structures or objects.

Applicable Design Guidelines

3.1 Preserve the functional and decorative features of a historic window. Features important to the character of a window include its frame, sash, muntins, mullions, glazing, sills, heads, jambs, moldings, operation, and groupings of windows. Repair frames and sashes rather than replacing them whenever conditions permit.

Analysis: The proposal includes the replacement of all existing windows. The windows to be replaced are not original, placed on the home in the 1970s, and are made of aluminum material. The windows being proposed are wooden and more architecturally significant.

Finding: The application meets this standard, as the applicant is not proposing to remove historic materials that characterize the property or alter historic features. The windows proposed to be replaced are not original to the house and do not contribute architecturally to the structure.

Standard 7: Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used. The surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.

Applicable Design Guidelines

8.9 Minimize negative technical effects to original features when designing a new addition. Avoid construction methods, for example that would cause vibration that may damage historic foundations. New alterations also should be designed in such as way that they can be removed without destroying original materials or features.

Analysis: The proposed work does not include any treatments of historic materials.

Finding: This standard is not applicable for the project.

Standard 8: Contemporary designs for alterations and additions to existing properties shall not be discouraged when such alterations and additions do not destroy significant cultural, historical, architectural or archaeological material, and such design is compatible with the size, scale, color, material and character of the property, neighborhood or environment.

Applicable Design Guidelines

7.4 Minimize the visual impact of skylights and other rooftop devices. The addition of features such as skylights or solar panels should not be installed in a manner such that they will interrupt the plane of the historic roof. They should be lower than the ridgeline, when possible. Flat skylights that are flush with the roof plane way be considered on the rear and sides of the roof. Locating a skylight on a front roof plane is inappropriate.

8.2 Design an addition to be compatible in size and scale with the main building. Set back an addition from historically important primary facades in order to allow the original proportions and character to remain prominent. Keep the addition visually subordinate to the historic building. If it is necessary to design an addition that is taller than the historic building, set it back substantially from significant facades and use a "connector" to link it.

8.3 Place an addition at the rear of a building or set it back from the front to minimize the visual impact on the historic structure and to allow the original proportions and character to remain prominent. Locating an addition at the front of a structure is inappropriate.

8.5 Design a new addition to preserve the established massing and orientation of the historic building. For example, if the building historically had a horizontal emphasis, this orientation shall be continued in the addition.

8.6 Do not construct a new addition or alteration that will hinder one's ability to interpret the historic character of the building or structure. A new addition that creates an appearance inconsistent with the historic character of the building is inappropriate. An alteration that seeks to imply an earlier period than that of the building is inappropriate. In addition, an alteration that seeks to imply an inaccurate variation on the historic style is inappropriate. An alteration that covers historically significant features is inappropriate as well.

8.14 Keep a new addition physically and visually subordinate to the historic building. The addition shall be set back significantly from primary facades. A minimum setback of 10 feet is recommended. The addition should be consistent with the scale and character of the historic building or structure. Large additions should be separated from the historic building by using a smaller connecting element to link the two.

8.15 Roof forms shall be similar to those of the historic building. Typically, gable, hip, and shed roofs are appropriate. Flat roofs are generally inappropriate.

Analysis: The design of the addition will match the style and shape of the existing home, but will be subordinate to the main structure. Its roofline will be three feet (3') lower than the primary roof line and setback approximately eight feet (8') from the front façade. This design

makes the addition subordinate to the primary design allowing the historic portion of the home to be featured exclusively from the street. There is a clear line delineating the new from the old, and the historic mass, footprint and scale are protected. The design of the addition is compatible with the existing structure and will be located away from the primary architectural features of the historic front façade.

Finding: The addition to the home is subordinate to the original historic design of the building. The addition does not interfere with the existing primary roofline and mimics the existing design.

Standard 9: Additions or alterations to structures and objects shall be done in such a manner that if such additions or alteration were to be removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the structure would be unimpaired. The new work shall be differentiate from the old and shall be compatible in massing, size, scale and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.

Analysis: The design of the addition is such that were it removed at some future date, the existing historic portions of the building would remain. The structure will be attached above the existing garage and to the side of the main residence. It will not require the removal of primary significant historic features such as eaves, cornices or decorative architectural features. Some materials on the existing second floor exterior wall side and garage roof will be removed; nonetheless, they will be replaced with compatible material.

Finding: The proposed design will retain the integrity of the historic contributory home.

Standard 10: Certain building materials are prohibited including the following:

a. Vinyl or aluminum cladding when applied directly to an original or historic material, and

b. Any other imitation siding material designed to look like wood siding but fabricated from an imitation material or materials;

Applicable Design Guidelines

13.9 Use primary materials on a building that are similar to those used historically. Appropriate building materials include: brick, stucco, and wood. Building in brick, in sizes and colors similar to those used historically, is preferred. Jumbo or oversized brick is inappropriate. Using stone, or veneers applied with the bedding plane in a vertical position, is inappropriate. Stucco should appear similar to that used historically. Using panelized products in a manner that reveals large panel modules is inappropriate. In general, panelized and synthetic materials are inappropriate for primary structures. They may be considered on secondary buildings.

Analysis: The materials proposed in the addition will match the original materials. No inappropriate materials are proposed at this time.

Finding: No inappropriate materials are proposed at this time. The project complies with this standard.

Standard 11: Any new sign and any change in the appearance of any existing sign located on a landmark site or within the H historic preservation overlay district, which is visible from any public way or open space shall be consistent with the historic character of the landmark site or H historic preservation overlay district and shall comply with the standards outlined in part IV, <u>Chapter 21A.46</u> of this title;

Analysis: No signs are proposed.

Finding: This standard is not applicable.

Standard 12: Additional design standards adopted by the historic landmark commission and city council.

Analysis: The Historic Landmark Commission's *Design Guidelines for Residential Historic Districts in Salt Lake City* is applicable in this case.

Finding: The request is consistent with all design guidelines, as noted above.

Exhibit A: Photographs



Subject Property



Existing Garage



View of Existing Garage from West



View of Existing Garage from Rear



View of Existing Home from East



Existing Fence



Existing Windows

Exhibit B: Submissions



HLC: Major Alterations, New Construction, Relocation & Appeal of Admin. Decision

Use for substantial alteration or addition to a landmark site or contributing site; new construction of principal building; relocation; appeal of administrative decisions; and referral by planning director.

OFFICE USE ONLY Petition No. PINHICEOII- OO716 Date Received: Dec. 2,2011 Reviewed By: UBD

E. Address of Subject Property: 1533 Westmordand Driv	
Project Name: Perrin and Jill Love Remodel a	Addition
Name of Applicant: Pervin and fill Love	Phone:
Address of Applicant: 1533 Westmoveland Dive	
E-mail Address of Applicant: jill pervin & Lomcast.net	Cell/Fax: Pervin - 801-440 - 9007 Jill - 801-864 - 2726
Applicant's Interest in Subject Property:	
Name of Property Owner: Same as above	Phone:
E-mail Address of Property Owner: Same as above	Cell/Fax:
County Tax ("Sidwell #"): 16 - 09 - 380 - 032 -0000	Zoning:
Legal Description (if different than tax parcel number): Sec attack	ed sheet

Please Check Type of Application and submit associated fee

	Туре	Application Fee	Additional Fee
\checkmark	Major Alteration	\$27.69	Plus cost of first class postage
	New Construction	\$221.48	Plus cost of first class postage
	Relocation	\$221.48	Plus cost of first class postage
	Appeal of Administrative Decision*	\$221.48	Plus cost of first class postage

Notice: Additional information may be required by the project planner to ensure adequate information is provided for staff analysis. All information submitted as part of the application may be copied and made public including professional architectural or engineering drawings which will be made available to decision makers, public and any interested party.

File the complete application at:

SLC Planning D ision 451 S State, Roo a 215 PO Box 145471 Salt Lake City, UT 84114-5480 Telephone: (801) 535-7700

Signature of Property Owner Or authorized agent

SALT LAKE CITY PLANNING

November 8, 2011

Jill and Perrin Love are submitting a proposal to the Historic Landmarks Committee for an addition on their home. The home is located at 1533 Westmoreland Drive and was built in the 1940's. They would be adding above their existing garage and on the west side of the garage. Their existing garage was an addition in the 1950's.

This addition would have the same footprint of the garage and will not exceed the existing height of the house. My hope is that this new addition will read somewhat like a screened-in porch that were so often added to older homes. The shed addition to the west side of the garage would give them storage and help break up the existing brick face of the west wall and also help with the overall massing of the entire house.

Both additions would have new 4" cedar horizontal wood siding that would be stained or painted to complement the brick color. The use of the new wood siding would help preserve the historic character of the existing structure.

New windows would be used in the addition and on the front, east and west side of the existing house. The original windows were replaced in the 1970's with smoke colored glass windows with no divisions. The new windows will have horizontal dividers and help restore the house to its original look.

In trying to preserve the historic alignments that exist on the street, the addition would not be built forward of the existing footprint or higher than the existing height of the house.

Neighbors within 150+ feet of the Love property: all addresses are 84105

Jill and Perrin Love- #16-090380-032-0000 1533 Westmoreland Dr.

Linda Bult- #16-09-379-001-0000 1347 Filmore St.

Jeff Kurrus- #16-09-378-008-0000 1540 E. Westmoreland Dr.

Jen and Eric Langvardt- #16-09-380-001-0000 1525 E. Westmoreland Dr.

David and Carolyn Lebaron- #16-09-380-030-0000 1526 E. 1300 S.

Janet Warburton- #16-09-380-003-0000 1544 E. Westmoreland Dr.

Westmoreland LLC, Ken and Shauna Rasmusson - #16-09-378-001-0000 1321 S.1500 E.

Corey and Ellie Roach- #16-09-380-004-0000 1548 E. 1300 S.

Wayne and Colette Moorehead- #16-09-380-014-0000 1543 E. Sherman Ave

John and Roni Thomas- #16-09-380-015-0000 1551 E. Sherman Ave

Charles and Stephanie Watts- #16-16-126-006-0000 1352 S. Filmore St.

Steven Horton- #16-09-378-006-0000 1344 S. Filmore St.

Wasatch Hollow Community Chair John Bennion- 801-583-5180 [16-09-380-030-0000] LEBARON, DAVID & CAROLYN; TRS ET AL 965 GARDEN DR SAN JOSE, CA 95126

[16-09-380-003-0000] WARBURTON, JANET R 1544 E 1300 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1742

[16-09-380-006-0000] PETERSON, MARY E 1562 E 1300 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1742

[16-09-380-009-0000] PAYNE, ROBYN S 1572 E 1300 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1742

[16-09-378-002-0000] GRAY, AL W & SUSAN M; JT 1325 S 1500 E SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2724

[16-09-378-004-0000] RIFFO-JENSON, LORENA & JENSON, KEN; JT 1347 S 1500 E SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2724

[16-09-378-006-0000] HORTON, STEVEN C 1344 S FILMORE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2706

[16-16-126-006-0000] WATTS, CHARLES W & STEPHANIE 1352 S FILMORE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2706

[16-16-126-008-0000] MACPHERSON, JANE E & DAVID M; JT 1370 S FILMORE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2706

[16-16-127-007-0000] DURHAM, MATTHEW M & PINGREE, MARY M; JT 1358 S GLENMARE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2708 [16-16-127-008-0000] JD DEVELOPMENT INC 1800 LUCKY JOHN DR PARK CITY, UT 84060

[16-09-380-004-0000] ROACH, COREY W & ELLIE; JT 1548 E 1300 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1742

[16-09-380-007-0000] HARVARD HOMES LLC 1564 E 1300 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1742

[16-09-380-010-0000] LINSCHOTEN, CHRIS D & GLADYS (JT) 1576 E 1300 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1742

[16-09-357-037-0000] KNOOP, KARLA D 1326 S 1500 E SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2725

[16-16-126-001-0000] WALD, FRED O. & BETH H. 1353 S 1500 E SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2724

[16-09-379-001-0000] BULT, LINDA 1347 S FILMORE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2705

[16-16-127-002-0000] DRYSDALE, CHRIS W & KRISTIN A; JT 1353 S FILMORE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2705

[16-09-379-002-0000] BAIN, GWEN; TR 1344 S GLENMARE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2708

[16-09-357-017-0000] HARVARD PLUM LLC 1468 E HARVARD AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1918 [16-09-377-003-0000] BOARD OF EDUCATION SALT LAKE CITY SCHOOL DIST 440 E 100 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84111-1898

[16-09-380-005-0000] DAVIS, ROGER D 1552 E 1300 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1742

[16-09-380-008-0000] NIELSEN, ALICIA F 1568 E 1300 S SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1742

[16-09-357-036-0000] VILLA, MARIA 1320 S 1500 E SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2725

[16-09-378-003-0000] MCLEESE, KAREN L 1337 S 1500 E SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2724

[16-16-126-002-0000] STRASSER, JODI & JOHN C; JT 3655 S 2210 E SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84109-4314

[16-16-127-001-0000] JONES, BRENDA LEE; TR 1351 S FILMORE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2705

[16-16-126-007-0000] GEORGESON, NIKE M; TR 1360 S FILMORE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2706

[16-16-127-006-0000] HAWKSWORTH, ANN 1350 S GLENMARE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2708

[16-09-380-014-0000] MOOREHEAD, WAYNE & COLETTE; JT 1543 E SHERMAN AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2719 [16-09-380-015-0000] THOMAS, JOHN H JR & RONI; JT 1551 E SHERMAN AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2719

[16-09-380-018-0000] COVEY, JOHN M & TRACI O; JT 1577 E SHERMAN AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2719

[16-09-380-032-0000] LOVE, PERRIN R & JILL R; JT 1533 E WESTMORELAND DR SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105

[16-16-127-003-0000] ENGEMAN, H KEN 1435 E YALE AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-1614

[16-09-377-003-0000] Residents 1567 E 1300 S Salt Lake City, UT 84105

[16-09-378-001-0000] Residents 1516 E WESTMORELAND DR Salt Lake City, UT 84105-2723

[16-09-380-030-0000] Residents 1530 E 1300 S Salt Lake City, UT 84105-1742

[16-16-127-003-0000] Residents 1363 S FILMORE ST Salt Lake City, UT 84105-2705 [16-09-380-016-0000] PODOLSKY, NANO B 1555 E SHERMAN AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2719

[16-09-380-019-0000] FREDMAN, STUART 1579 E SHERMAN AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2719

[16-09-378-005-0000] KURRUS, JEFFREY A & LUNT, MARGARET S; JT 1540 E WESTMORELAND DR SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105

[16-09-357-017-0000] Residents 1304 S 1500 E Salt Lake City, UT 84105

[16-09-377-003-0000] Residents 1571 E 1300 S Salt Lake City, UT 84105-1741

[16-09-378-003-0000] Residents 1341 S 1500 E Salt Lake City, UT 84105-2724

[16-16-126-001-0000] Residents 1351 S 1500 E Salt Lake City, UT 84105-2724

[16-16-127-008-0000] Residents 1366 S GLENMARE ST Salt Lake City, UT 84105-2708 [16-09-380-017-0000] CHAMBERLAIN, WILL & LINDA; JT 1569 E SHERMAN AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-2719

[16-09-380-001-0000] LANGVARDT, CHRIS E & JENNIFER M; JT 1525 E WESTMORELAND DR SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105

[16-09-378-001-0000] WESTMORELAND LLC 1334 E WILSON AVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84105-3739

[16-09-357-017-0000] Residents 1496 E 1300 S Salt Lake City, UT 84105-1945

[16-09-378-001-0000] Residents 1321 S 1500 E Salt Lake City, UT 84105-2724

[16-09-380-030-0000] Residents 1526 E 1300 S Salt Lake City, UT 84105-1742

[16-16-126-002-0000] Residents 1361 S 1500 E Salt Lake City, UT 84105-2724



SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION

Buzz Center

451 South State Street, Room 215 Phone: (801) 535-7700 P.O. Box 145471 Fax: (801) 535-7750 Salt Lake City, Utah 84114

Date: Dec 02, 2011

HISTORIC LANDMARK COMMISSION

1533 WESTMORELAND DRIVE SALT LAKE CITY, UT

Project Name: PERRIN & JILL LOVE REMODEL & ADDITION

Project Address: 1533 WESTMORELAND

PLNHLC2011-00716

Detailed Description:

					Amount		
Description	Qty Dept	C Ctr Obj	Obj	Invoice	Paid	Due	
Invoice Number: 912835							
Postage	121	06	00600	1890	\$53.24		
Filing Fee (1	06	00900	1485	\$27.69		
		Total f	or invoice	912835	\$80.93		\$80.93
	Total for	PLNHI	.C2011-00	0716	\$80.93		\$80.93

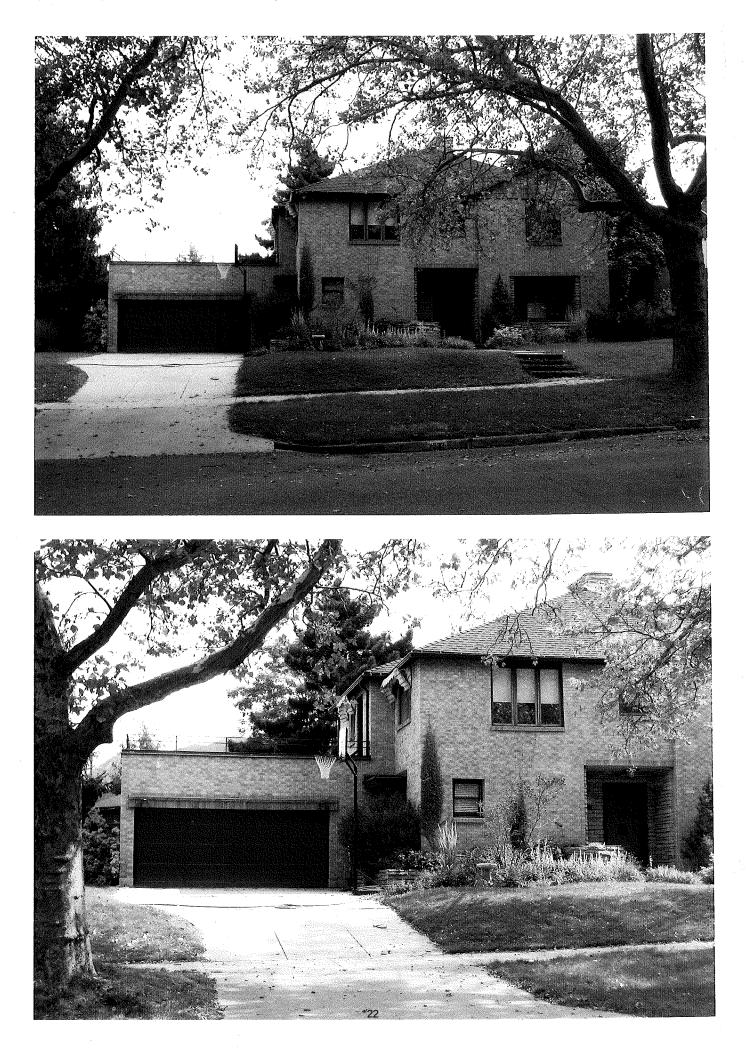
OFFICE USE ONLY Intake By: OM1515

CAP ID # PLNHLC2011-00716 Total Due: \$80.93 Salt Lake City Treasurer

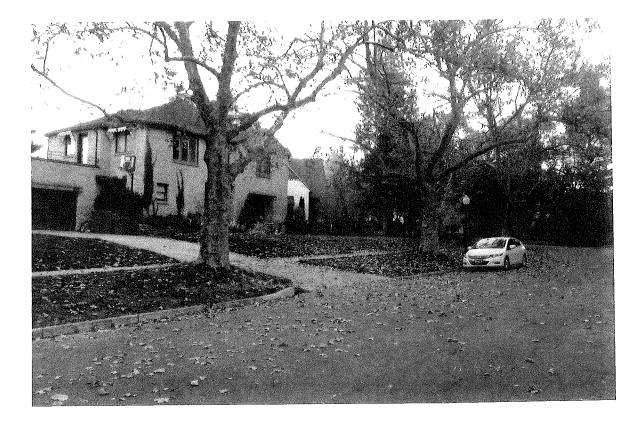
Rcpt# 1248210 PL PLNHLC2011-00716 CK \$80.69 12/5/2011

www.slcpermits.tomCity Treasurer

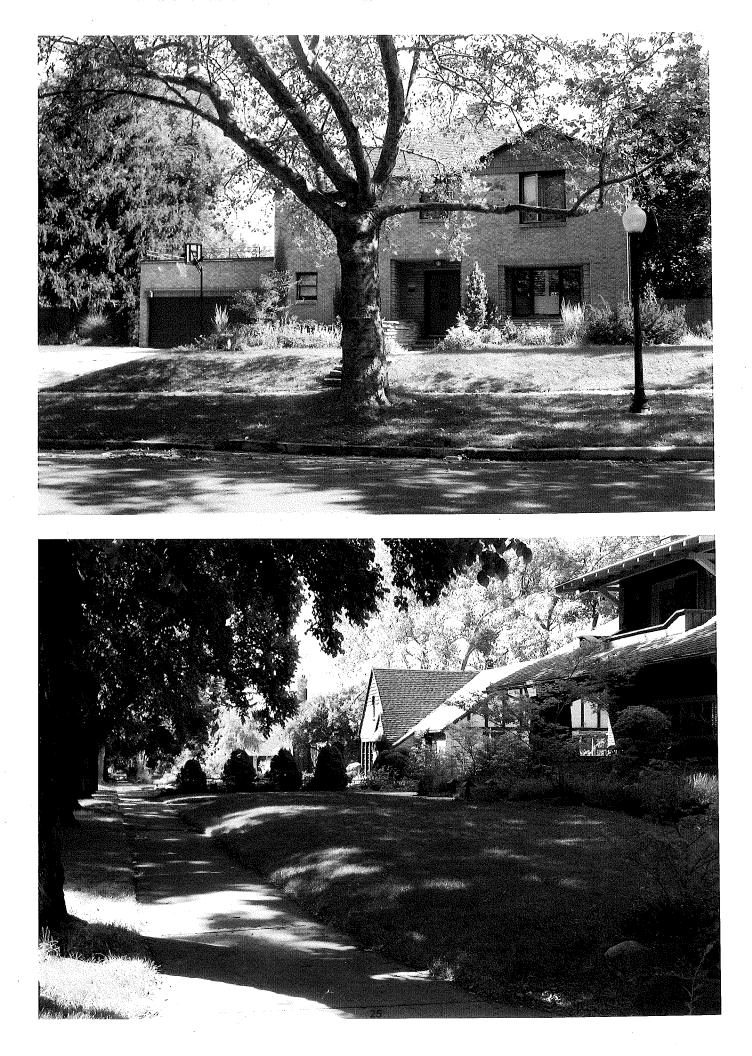
Rcpt# 1248209 PL FLNHLC2011-00716 CSH \$0.24 12/5/2011















GRANIEE'S ADDRESS POPULY LOVE 1533 EAST WESTMORELAND DRIVE SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84105 APO2101 03/24/98 2:20 PM 11-00 MAMCY WORKMAM RECORDER, SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH ASSOCIATED TITLE REC BY:V ASHBY , DEPUTY - WI

215122

0302101

WARRANTY DEED

		•
ANITA LORAYNE BEACH	AKA ANITA L. BEACH	grantor
of SALT LAKE	County of SATL LAKE	State of
UT	hereby CONVEY(S) AND WARRANT(S) TO	
PERRIN ROBERT LOVE AND	JILL REMINGTON LOVE HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT TENANTS	grantee
of SALT LAKE	County of SALT LAKE	State of Utah
for the sum of TEN I	OOLLARS AND OTHER GOOD AND VALUABLE CONSIDERATION	DOLLARS
the following descri	ibed tract of land in Salt Lake	County,
State of Utah, to-wi	it:	
ALL OF LOT 16, BLOCK THEREOF ON FILE AND	X 1, WESTMORELAND PLACE, ACCORDING TO THE OFFICIAL OF RECORD IN THE SALT LAKE COUNTY RECORDER'S OFFI	DPLAT ICE.
TOGETHER WITH:		
THENCE SOUTH 37.0 FI	SUBDIVISION; THENCE NORTH 37.0 FEET; THENCE EAST (SET; THENCE 67.0 FEET AT THE POINT OF BEGINNING.	
SUBJECT TO EASEMENT AND GENERAL PROPERT	IS, RESTRICTIONS AND RIGHTS OF WAY CURRENTLY OF RI IY TAXES FOR THE YEAR 1998 AND THEREAFTER.	ECORD,
WIINESS the hand Signed in the pr	d(s) of said grantor(s) this March 20, 1998 resence of	
	andre Loraynes	Beach
	ANDIA LORAYNE BEACH 	·
STATE OF UTAH	.)	
COUNTY OF SALT LAKE) ss. ₂₇	

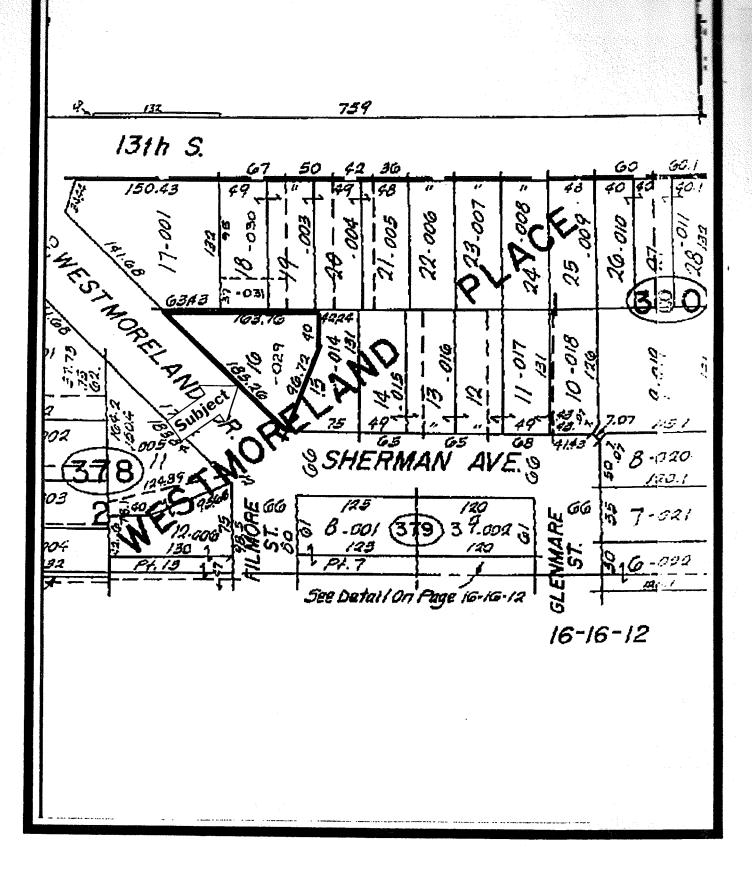
PER			
	BRIN ROBERT LOVE AND J	ILL REMINGTON LOVE HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT TENANTS	grantee
of	SALT LAKE	County of SALT LAKE	State of Utał
for	the sum of TEN D	OLLARS AND OTHER GOOD AND VALUABLE CONSIDERATION	DOLLARS
the	e following describ	ed tract of land in Salt Lake	County
Sta	te of Utah, to-wit	:	
ALL THE	OF LOT 16, BLOCK REOF ON FILE AND (1, WESTMORELAND PLACE, ACCORDING TO THE OFFICIAL OF RECORD IN THE SALT LAKE COUNTY RECORDER'S OFFI	PLAT CE.
TOG	ETHER WITH:		
ARE WES	DESCRIBED AS FOLI	SALT LAKE COUNTY RECORDER. THE BOUNDERIES OF SAU LOWS: BEGINNING AT THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF LOT 18 JEDIVISION; THENCE NORTH 37.0 FEET; THENCE EAST 6 ET; THENCE 67.0 FEET AT THE POINT OF BEGINNING.	BLOCK 1,
	WITINESS the hand Signed in the pre	(s) of said grantor (s) this March 20, 1998 esence of ANTRA LORAYNE BEACH ANTRA L. BEACH	Stath
	4		
	TE OF UTAH NTY OF <u>SALT LAKE</u>)) SS.)	
COU On befor the	NTY OF <u>SALT LAKE</u> March ore me, <u>ANITA LOR</u> signer (s) of the)) ss.) 20, 1998 <u>AYNE BEACH AKA ANITA L. BEACH</u> e foregoing instrument, who being by me duly swom hat SHE executed the same.	

215122 62 CINDY RENTMEISTER

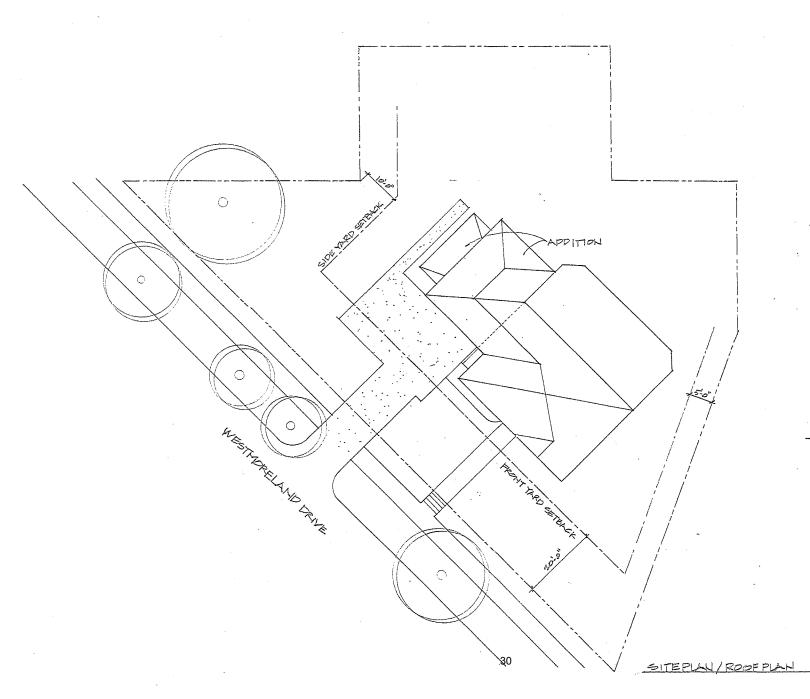
0902

(WD Rev.6-87)

BK 7 9 1 9 PG 0 9 9 3

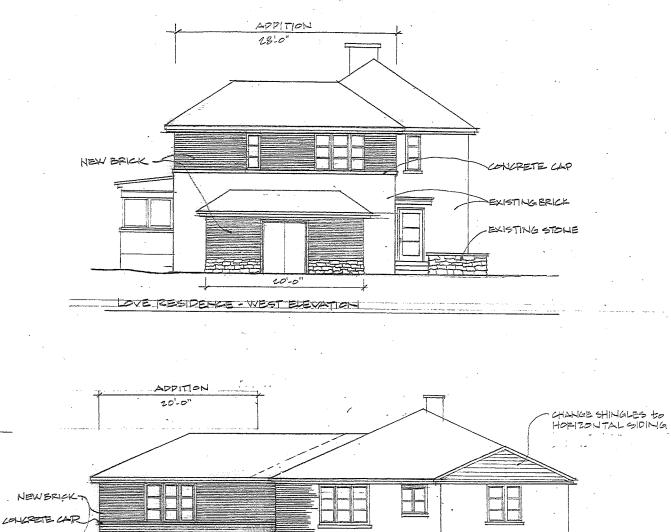


Plat Map



LOVE REMODEL MA ADDITION EXISTING SITE - .34 ACRES EXISTING FOOTPRINT - 2,2405.F. NEWFOOTPRINT - 1209.F. % of LOTCOVERAGE - 16%

1/16=1-0'



APPITION 11-10-11

EXISTING CARAGE 11-0

NEW STONE-

ہ= 0

5

20'-0' EXISTING GAZAGE

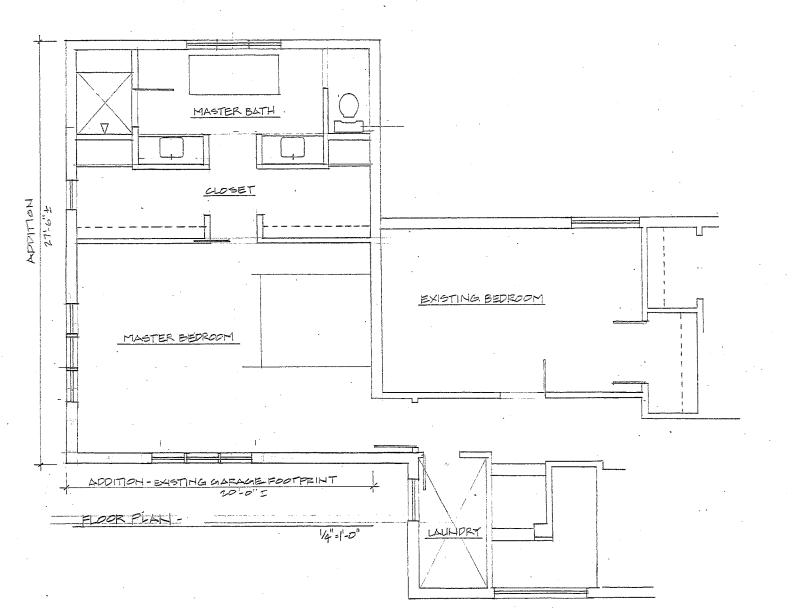
ADDITION

24'.6"

LEXISTING STONE LAVE RESIDENCE - SOUTH ELEVATION

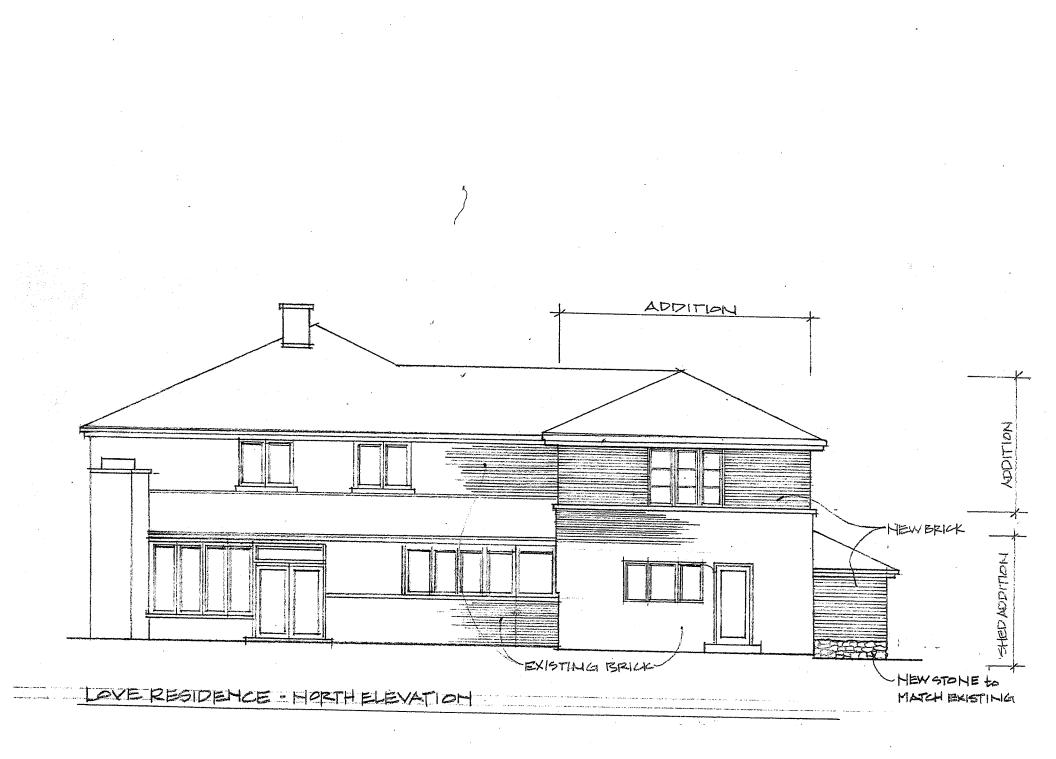
EXISTING BRISK

-



32

·



Elizabeth,

I'm the architect that is assisting Jill and Perrin Love on their home addition. Jill forwarded the questions you had about the project to me and I will try to answer them. I would also like to drop off some material samples to you on thursday between 12:00 and 3:00 if possible. Please let me know what would work for your schedule.

1. The existing fence will be taken down and a new one will replace it. The fence would hit the side addition about 5' in. It will have a gate and we would like it to be a woven lattice made of 1x2 weathered cedar with a 2" spacing and about 6' tall. I would like the side addition to be seen from the street. I think it helps balance that side of the house and will help tie the top addition to the house.

2. I will be dropping off a sample of the existing brick, the color for the siding and information on the window type and color of the windows.

3. We would like to use a window from Windsor. It is from their Select series and the rail and stile on these windows is 2 5/16" and they also have an option for a push out casement. Both of these features help create a more historical look.

4. The additions roof material will match the existing roofing material.

When I drop off the material samples to you I would be happy to address any other questions you might have about the Love project.

Thank you,

Louise Hill





PINNACLE Pleal THE NEWEST PRODUCT LINE FROM WINDSOR WINDOWS & DOORS

WWW.WINDSORWINDOWS.COM



PINNACLE SELECT

IT'S THE WINDOW YOU'VE BEEN WAITING FOR. Pinnacle Select is an elite line of new casement and awning windows constructed from enhanced components for unsurpassed performance. Features include push-out functionality, wide stiles and rails, thick sash, impressive DP ratings and available in pine, alder or fir construction. We've built in so much performance, stability, style and efficiency, even the most particular homeowner will enjoy peace of mind. It's the perfect window for the perfect home.

FEATURES & BENEFITS

BENEFITS PROVIDED ON PINNACLE SELECT PRODUCTS

- 1. Select windows are constructed with 2-5/16" wide stiles and rails that add structural stability and provide a more massive architectural appearance
- 2. A robust 2-3/16" thick sash adds dimension and strength
- 3. Mortise and tenon sash joints are fastened with screws for strength and stability
- 4. Select casements and awnings are available in larger sizes
 - -Venting casements are available up to 3078 and 3678 frame sizes
 - Venting awnings are available up to a 6060 frame size
- 5. Select casements and awnings are available in two styles
 - Operating (standard crank)
 - Push-out
- 6. Retractable screens are available on both Select operating and push-out products. The pull-bar, cartridge case and frame of the screen are produced from the same wood species as the window
- 7. Full-width extension jambs are standard on Select units

FEATURES OF PUSH-OUT UNITS

- 8. Push-out hardware consists of easy-to-operate lever with cam rollers and keepers. This mechanism provides a multipoint locking system that is standard
- 9. Push-outs are equipped with adjustable friction hinges and lock rollers in both casements and awnings
- 10. Friction device on larger push-out awnings to maintain sash opening
- 1. All sizes of push-out casements provide an impressive DP rating of 50
- 12. The DP rating of push-out awnings ranges from 40 up to 70

FEATURES OF OPERATING UNITS

- 13. Operating casements utilize adjustable hinges
- 14. Operating casements provide an amazing DP rating of 70 (except for the 3678 which has a DP rating of 50)
- 15. The DP rating of the operating awnings is 50 for all sizes





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OPTIONS & ACCESSORIES

38 [4]

WOOD SPECIES





Douglas Fir

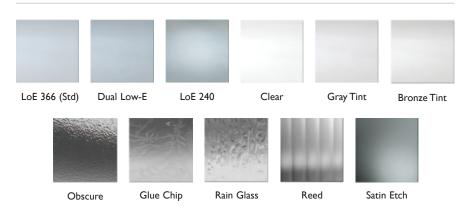
Clear Select Pine

Natural Alder

HARDWARE



GLASS





SCREENS

Windsor's standard BetterVue screen material provides improved visibility, airflow and insect resistance.

Operating units are available with a standard screen or a retractable screen option. Standard screens are pressure mounted to fit within the frame of the window and are easily installed and removed.

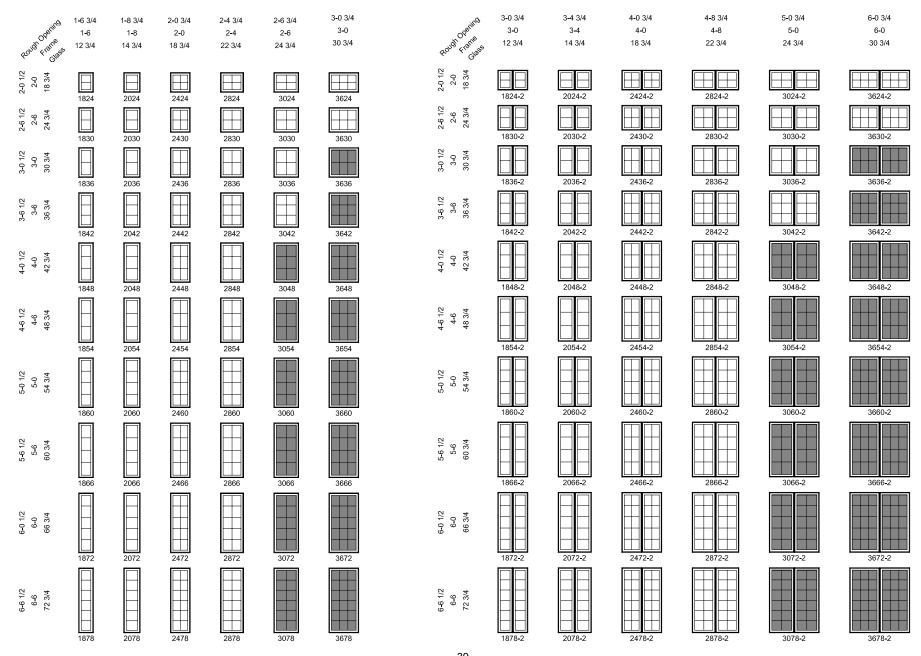
available with a retractable screen.

Retractable screens are available in pine, alder and fir wood species and have a solid wood pull at the bottom of the screen for easy operation. These spring-loaded units pull down from the top and lock into place at the sill. All interior tracks and covers come standard with species matched wood veneer.

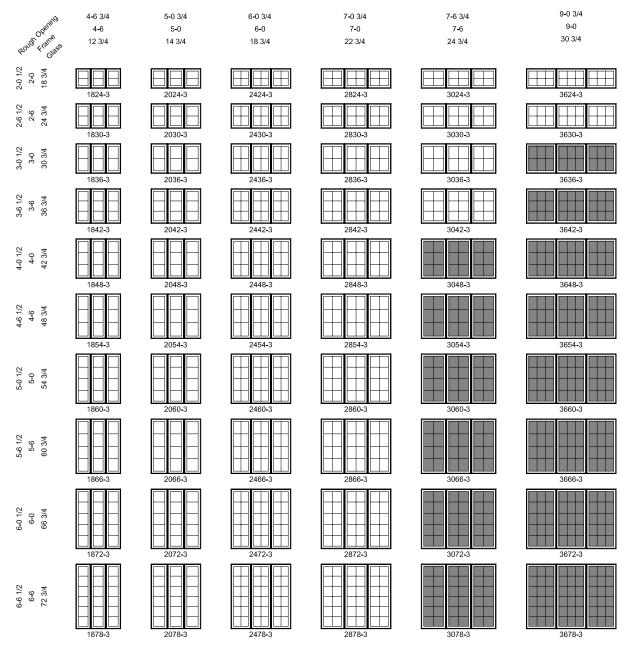
Push-out casements and awnings are

BetterVue[®] As compared to (Standard) conventional screen material

CASEMENT ELEVATIONS

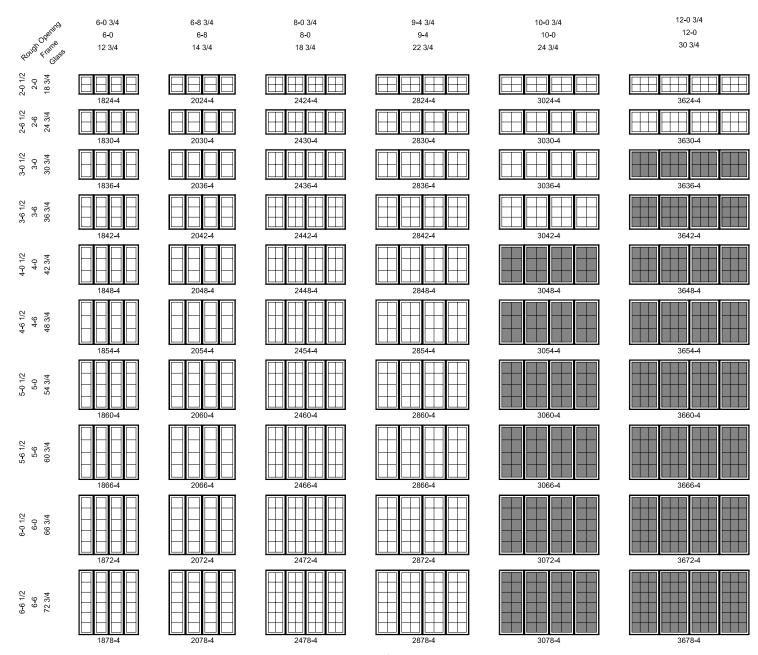


CASEMENT ELEVATIONS



40 [6]

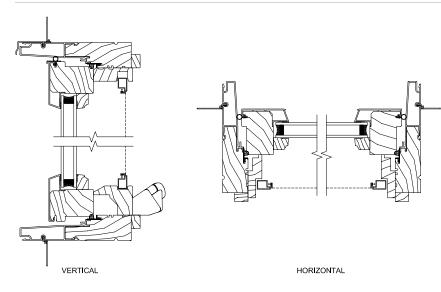
CASEMENT ELEVATIONS



41 [7]

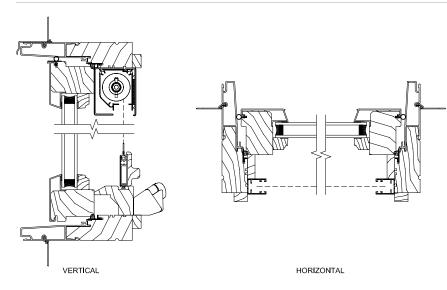
TECHNICAL DRAWINGS - CASEMENT

OPERATING WITH STANDARD SCREEN

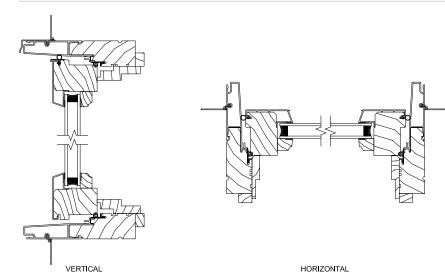


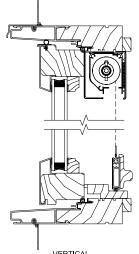
OPERATING WITH RETRACTABLE SCREEN

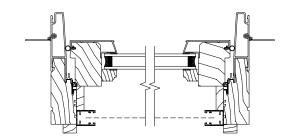
PUSH-OUT WITH RETRACTABLE SCREEN



PUSH-OUT WITH NO SCREEN





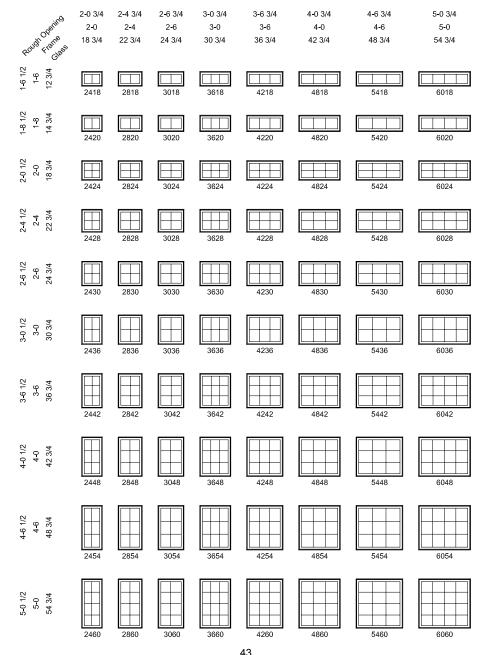


VERTICAL

HORIZONTAL

42 [8]

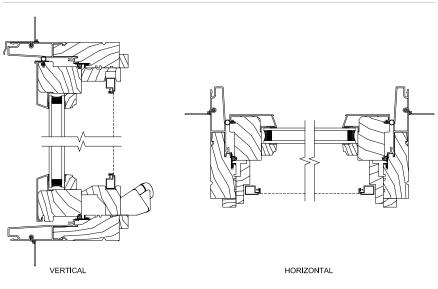
AWNING ELEVATIONS



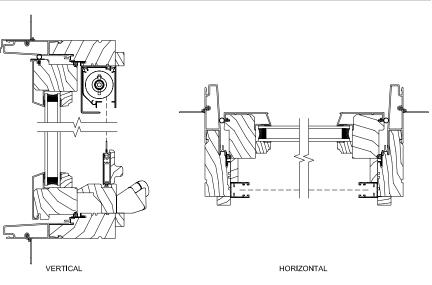
43 [9]

TECHNICAL DRAWINGS - AWNING

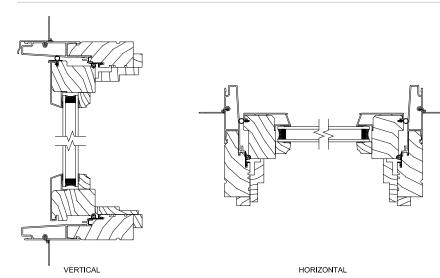
OPERATING WITH STANDARD SCREEN



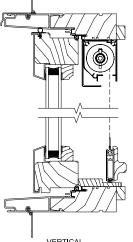
OPERATING WITH RETRACTABLE SCREEN

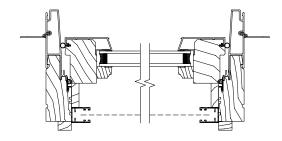


PUSH-OUT WITH NO SCREEN



PUSH-OUT WITH RETRACTABLE SCREEN





VERTICAL

HORIZONTAL

44 [| 0]

NFRC VALUES

		NFR	C Unit Valu	es				
Glass		U-V	alue	SH	GC	v	Fading	
Туре	Grille Type	Air	Argon	Air	Argon	Air	Argon	Trans
	Sele	ct Casement	t (Operating	g & Push-C	ut)			
	None	0.47		0.51		0.53		
Clear	3/4" Profiled Innergrille	0.47	NA	0.46	NA	0.48	NA	74%
	7/8" WDL	0.47	1	0.46	1	0.48	1	
	None	0.35	0.32	0.19	0.18	0.42	0.42	
LoE 366	3/4" Profiled Innergrille	0.35	0.32	0.17	0.17	0.38	0.38	43%
	7/8" WDL	0.35	0.32	0.17	0.17	0.38	0.38	

The National Fenestration Rating Council has established ratings to certify the energy performance of windows and doors. Pinnacle Select products glazed with Windsor Standard LoE 366 glass provides impressive ratings in all four categories that are measured: U-value, Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC), Visible Light Transmission (VLT) and Fading Transmission.

I) The U-value is the rate of heat flow through a given structure. This value is expressed as Btu/hr/ft²/°F. This value indicates how well an insulated glass unit keeps heat in the building. The lower the U-value, the less heat is transmitted through the glazing material.

Fran

		NFRO	C Unit Value	es				
Glass		U-V	alue	SH	IGC	v	Fading	
Туре	Grille Type	Air	Argon	Air	Argon	Air	Argon	Trans
Select Awning (Operating & Push-Out)								
	None	0.48		0.51	NA	0.53	NA	
Clear	3/4" Profiled Innergrille	0.48	NA	0.46		0.48		74%
	7/8" WDL	0.48 0.4	0.46	1	0.48	1		
	None	0.36	0.32	0.19	0.18	0.42	0.42	
LoE 366	3/4" Profiled Innergrille	0.36	0.32	0.17	0.17	0.38	0.38	43%
	7/8" WDL	0.36	0.32	0.17	0.17	0.38	0.38	1

2) The Solar Heat Gain Coefficient is the fraction of incident solar radiation which enters a building as heat. It is based on the sum of the solar energy transmittance plus the inwardly flowing fraction of absorbed solar energy. The lower the number, the better the glazing is at blocking solar heat.

3) The Visible Light Transmittance measures the percentage of light transmitted through the glass. The visual spectrum ranges from 380-780 nanometers. This percentage will provide a comparison of how much visible light passes through a pane of glass. The more light transmitted, the higher the number, and the less light transmitted, the lower the number.

DP RATINGS

		NFR	C Unit Valu	es				
Glass		U-V	/alue	SHGC		v	LT	Fading
Туре	Grille Type	Grille Type Air Argon Air		Argon	Air Argon		Trans	
		Select C	asement Pi	icture				
	None	0.48		0.60	NA	0.63	NA	
Clear	3/4" Profiled Innergrille	0.48	NA	0.54		0.56		74%
	7/8" WDL	0.48		0.54		0.56		
	None	0.33	0.29	0.22	0.21	0.50	0.50	
LoE 366	3/4" Profiled Innergrille	0.33	0.29	0.20	0.19	0.44	0.44	43%
	7/8" WDL	0.33	0.29	0.20	0.19	0.44	0.44	1

4) Fading Transmission is the measurement that determines how energy from the sun causes fading damage. Energy from the sun can be categorized into three types: ultraviolet (300-380 nm), visible (380-780 nm) and near infrared radiation (780-2,500 nm). Fading damage occurs from both UV and visible light in the spectral range from 300 to 700 nm. The lower the Fading Transmission number, the better the glass is at protecting against fading.

	Design Pressure Values						
		Oper	ating C	asemen	t		
Frame		18	20	24	28	30	36
Size				Width			
24		70	70	70	70	70	70
30		70	70	70	70	70	70
36		70	70	70	70	70	70
42		70	70	70	70	70	70
48	Height	70	70	70	70	70	70
54	Hei	70	70	70	70	70	70
60		70	70	70	70	70	70
66		70	70	70	70	70	70
72		70	70	70	70	70	70
78		70	70	70	70	70	50

	Design Pressure Values								
		Pusł	n-Out C	asemen	t				
Frame		18 20 24 28 30							
Size				Width					
24		50	50	50	50	50	50		
30		50	50	50	50	50	50		
36		50	50	50	50	50	50		
42		50	50	50	50	50	50		
48	Height	50	50	50	50	50	50		
54	Hei	50	50	50	50	50	50		
60		50	50	50	50	50	50		
66		50	50	50	50	50	50		
72		50	50	50	50	50	50		
78		50	50	50	50	50	50		

	Design Pressure Values									
			Оре	erating A	Awning					
Frame		24	28	30	36	42	48	54	60	
Size					Width					
18		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
20		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
24		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
28		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
30	Height	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
36	Hei	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
42		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
48		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
54		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
60		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	

Destine Dessent Malers									
	Design Pressure Values								
			Pus	sh-Out A	Awning				
Frame	24 28 30 36 42 48 54 60							60	
Size					Width				
18		70	70	70	70	70	70	40	40
20		70	70	70	70	70	70	40	40
24		70	70	70	70	70	70	40	40
28		70	70	70	70	70	70	40	40
30	Height	70	70	70	70	70	70	40	40
36	Hei	70	70	70	70	70	70	40	40
42		40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
48		40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
54		40	40	40	40	40	45 ⁴⁰	40	40
60		40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40

				De	sign Pr	essure \	/alues					
Casement Picture & Transom												
Frame		18	20	24	28	30	36	42	48	54	60	72
Size Width												
12		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
14		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
16		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
18		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
20		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
24		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
30	¥	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
36	Height	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
42	Ĩ	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
48		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
54		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	50	50	50
60		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	50	50	50
66		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	45	40	35
72		70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	40	40	35
78		70	70	70	70	70	50	50	50	40	40	30

The Design Pressure of a window or door is referred to as the DP rating. This is a measurement of the structural performance of the unit. The industry standard specifies that the structural windload should be one-and-a-half times greater than what is necessary to withstand the structure's anticipated wind and weather conditions. Pinnacle Select products provide some of the most impressive DP ratings in the industry.





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#5300035 7/2011

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Custom Colors also available

WINDSOR FEATURE CLAD COLOR PROGRAM

PAINT SPECIFICATION

SOUTH FLORIDA WEATHERING:

Color Retention Gloss Retention Erosion Resistance Chalk Resistance

ACCELERATED TESTING:

Salt Spray Humidity COMPLIANT SYSTEM:

AAMA 2605

10 yrs - Fade = 5 Delta E
10 yrs - 50% retention
10 yrs - 10% loss
10 yrs - Chalk = 8

4,000 hours 4,000 hours 70% Kynar 500® /Hylar 5000® This paint system offers long-life with good looks and superior chalk and fade resistance regardless of your project location. Factory applied and oven-cured, 70% PVDF resin-based paints contain full strength Kynar 500° or Hylar 5000° resin that blocks the damaging ultraviolet rays of the sun and repels general air pollution. It will not whiten or pit when exposed to dew, fog, rain or acid rain. 70% PVDF paint will protect your project against harmful elements that exist in many environments. 70% PVDF paint meets AAMA 2605 specifications. Our 7 standard colors are also available in a 2605 finish through this program.

CARE & CLEANING

PVDF factory applied heat-cured painted finishes are durable and very colorfast. The Kynar 500°/Hylar 5000° based products that meet AAMA 2605 specifications retain their color and gloss level for many years. However, to assure that they retain their original beauty, even these highly durable finishes should be cleaned occasionally. When selecting a cleaning solution, use mild soap solutions and avoid using strong acid or alkali cleaners as they may damage the finish.

APPLICATOR SPECIFICATION

The level of quality and appearance of organic spray finishes is dependent on the applicator. When specifying your finish, the introduction of one or more of the following statements from the CSI Specification Format, Division 8, Article 2.06 FINISHES will assist in achieving a higher level of quality.

Specify on projects where the organic coating covers a finished material area of greater than 1,000 sq. ft.

- Applicator will run (and keep on file) test panels that process with the project for the sole purpose of conducting and verifying tests that demonstrate AAMA 2605 compliance. Such panels shall be retained on file for at least one year from finish application and be available for submission prior to project completion with test results clearly defined.
- Applicator will maintain on file quality control records which substantiate mil readings, gloss and color match. Bake temperature tapes shall be included.

General items to consider for a project specification

- Applicator will achieve color match that is within 2-Delta-E of master chip on all runs/releases and match will be verified only by use of a Spectrophotometer. All material will be monitored as finishing is completed by the applicator to assure color match.
- Applicator will use Bake Strips/Temperature Tapes during the finish application process on each release/run of material to assure quality standards are met relative to proper bake temperature.
- Applicator will have In-House Color Match computers to assure releases, rework, or other phased requirements have proper color match and consistency.
- Applicator will only utilize a High-Pressure Spray Alodine Pre-Treat Process which places a minimum 45 mg of chrome phosphate on the aluminum substrate.
- Applicator will be fully EPA compliant with a full recovery system which extracts over 95% of VOC's from the atmosphere.
- Applicator will have their own fully certified Field Service crew to supply field service repair should such be required.

Windsor is proud to partner with Linetec for our feature and custom colors.



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Example of Proposed Replacement Fence

